

## ***Independent Auditor's Report***

To the Members of **POWERGRID VEMAGIRI TRANSMISSION LIMITED**

### **Report on the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements**

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of **POWERGRID VEMAGIRI TRANSMISSION LIMITED** ("the Company"), which comprise the balance sheet as at 31st March 2026, and the statement of Profit and Loss, Statement of Changes in Equity, statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of Material accounting policy information and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Ind AS and the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31st March, 2026, its Profit, Changes in Equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

#### Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the standalone financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the standalone financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have determined NIL key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

#### Information other than the financial statements and auditors' report thereon

The Company's board of directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### Emphasis of Matter

We draw attention to the following matters in the notes to the financial statements. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter's:

- a. The Company has ceased to be a Going Concern, Refer Note 15 to the financial statements.
- b. Holding Company filed an appeal in APTEL on 16.12.2016 claiming an amount of Rs.1827.94 lakhs towards the acquisition price as well as additional expenditure incurred from the date of acquisition and interest and carrying cost till the date of reimbursement APTEL in order dt 27.05.2025 has directed CERC to take suitable measures for recovery of acquisition price from M/s RECPDCL. In compliance of APTEL directions, CERC vide order dt. 07.03.2026 has ordered REC Power Development and Consultancy Limited to pay acquisition cost of Rs. 1827.94 lakh to POWERGRID and the same has been received by Holding Company in April 2026. However, additional expenditure was not allowed by CERC for which Holding Company has filed an appeal against CERC order vide petition No: DFR 0196/2026 Dt 21.04.2026, Refer Note 23 to the financial statements- Contingent Assets.
- c. As the CERC has passed an order on 07.03.2026 and directed the M/s RECPDCL to pay the amount of Rs.1827.94 lakhs to the power grid its certain that the amount is recoverable. The company has recognized revenue as other income to the extent of acquisition cost (Rs. 1827.94 lakh) during the year as per CERC vide order dt 07.03.2026, which was earlier written off to P&L during FY 2013-14.

#### Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Company in accordance with Ind AS and the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determined those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare

circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

#### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013, we give in the '**Annexure 1**', a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
2. In terms of sub section (5) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013, we give in **Annexure 2** a statement on the directions issued under the aforesaid section by the Comptroller and Auditor General of India.
3. As required by Section 143 (3) of the Act, we report that:
  - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
  - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
  - c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss, Statement of Changes in Equity and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
  - d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Ind AS Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
  - e) As per notification No. G.S.R 463(E) dated 05.06.2015, section 164(2) regarding directors' disqualification is not applicable to the company.
  - f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in '**Annexure 3**'.
  - g) As per notification No. G.S.R 463(E) dated 05.06.2015, section 197 is not applicable to the company.
  - h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
    - i. The Company does not have any pending litigations as on 31.03.2026 which would impact its Financial position.
    - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.

- iii. There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
- iv. (a) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
- (b) The management has represented, that, to the best of it's knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, no funds have been received by the company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and
- (c) Based on such audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e), as provided under (a) and (b) above, contain any material mis-statement.
- v. No dividend has been declared or paid during the year by the company.
- vi. Based on our examination which included test checks, the company has used such accounting software for maintaining its books of account which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has been operated throughout the year for all transactions recorded in the software and the audit trail feature has not been tampered with and the audit trail has been preserved by the company as per the statutory requirements for record retention.

**Place:-HYDERABAD**  
**Date: 07-05-2026**

**UDIN : 26249595XBRPGM8002**

**For BNR ASSOCIATES**  
**Chartered Accountants**  
**FRN: 000289S**  
MADHALA N V GIRISH  
KUMAR  
KUMAR  
M N V GIRISH KUMAR  
(PARTNER)

**Membership No.249595**

As referred to in our Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of the **POWERGRID VEMAGIRI TRANSMISSION LIMITED**, on the Ind AS financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2026,

We report that:

(i)

- a) The Company does not have any Property, Plant and Equipment or Right of Use assets Intangible assets. Accordingly, paragraphs 3(i)(a),3(i)(b),3(i)(c) and 3(i)(d) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, no proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made thereunder.

(ii)

- a) The Company does not have any inventory. Accordingly, paragraph 3(ii)(a) of the order is not applicable to the Company.
- b) The Company has not been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of Rs.5 Crores, in aggregate from banks on the basis of security of current assets.

(iii) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the company, the company has not made investments in, nor provided any guarantee or security or granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties during the year. Accordingly, provisions of clause 3(iii)(a), 3(iii)(b), 3(iii)(c), 3(iii)(d), 3(iii)(e) and 3(iii)(f) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.

(iv) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records, the company does not have loans, investments, guarantees, and security under section 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013. Accordingly, paragraph 3(iv) is not applicable to the company.

(v) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company has not accepted any deposits from public & no amounts have been deemed to be deposits covered under sections 73 to 76 of the Companies Act, 2013. Accordingly, clause 3(v) of the Order is not applicable.

- (vi) As per information & explanation given by the management, maintenance of cost records has not been specified by the Central Government under sub-section (1) of section 148 of the Companies Act.

(vii)

- a) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the company, the company is regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues with appropriate authorities and that there are no undisputed statutory dues including income tax outstanding as at 31<sup>st</sup> March 2026 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable. As informed provisions of the Provident Fund, employee State Insurance Act, Goods and service Tax, Sales Tax, Wealth Tax, Service Tax, Duty of Custom, Duty of excise, value added tax, Cess are not applicable to the Company.
- b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the company, there are no statutory dues referred to in sub-clause (a) that have not been deposited on account of any dispute.

- (viii) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the company, the Company has not surrendered or disclosed any transactions, previously unrecorded as income in the books of account, in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 as income during the year.

(ix)

- a) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the company, the company has not obtained any loans from financial institutions, bankers nor issued any bonds. Accordingly, Paragraph 3(ix)(a) is not applicable to the Company
- b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the company, the company has not been declared a willful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender;
- c) According to the information and explanations given to us by the management, the Company has not obtained any term loans during the year. Accordingly, clause 3(ix)(c) of the Order is not applicable.
- d) According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the balance sheet of the Company, we report that no funds raised on short term basis have been used for long term purposes by the company.
- e) The Company does not hold any investment in any subsidiary, associate or joint venture (as defined under the Act) during the year ended 31 March,2026. Accordingly, clause 3(ix)(e) is not applicable.

- f) The Company does not hold any investment in any subsidiary, associate or joint venture (as defined under the Act) during the year ended 31 March, 2026. Accordingly, clause 3(ix)(f) is not applicable.
- (x) (a) The company has not raised any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year. Accordingly, clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
- (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully, partially or optionally convertible) during the year. Accordingly, clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xi) (a) Based on examination of the books and records of the Company and according to the information and explanations given to us, no fraud by the company or any fraud on the company has been noticed or reported during the course of audit.
- (a) According to the information and explanations given to us, no report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed by the auditors in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government;
- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us by the management, no whistle-blower complaints had been received by the company.
- (xii) The company is not a Nidhi Company. Accordingly, clause 3(xii)(a), 3(xii)(b) and 3(xii)(c) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xiii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, all transactions with the related parties are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of Companies Act, where applicable and the details have been disclosed in the Ind AS financial statements, as required by the applicable Indian accounting standards;
- (xiv) (a) In our opinion and based on our examination, the company does not require to have an internal audit system. Accordingly, clause 3(xiv)(a), of the Order is not applicable.
- (a) Based on information and explanations provided to us, no internal audit had been conducted of the company. Accordingly, clause 3(xiv)(a), of the Order is not applicable.



- (xv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him and hence, provisions of Section 192 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to the Company
- (xvi) (a) In our Opinion and based on our examination, the Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 (2 of 1934). Accordingly, clause 3(xvi)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
- (a) In our Opinion and based on our examination, the Company has not conducted any Non-Banking Financial or Housing Finance activities without a valid Certificate of Registration (CoR) from the Reserve Bank of India as per the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, clause 3(xvi)(b) of the Order is not applicable.
- (b) In our Opinion and based on our examination, the Company is not a Core Investment Company (CIC) as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India. Accordingly, clause 3(xvi)(c) of the Order is not applicable.
- (c) According to the information and explanations given by the management, the Group does not have any CIC as part of the Group.
- (xvii) Based on our examination, the company has incurred cash losses in the immediately preceding financial year. Amount of cash loss in the immediately preceding financial year is Rs.0.54 lakhs.
- (xviii) There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year. Accordingly, clause 3(xviii) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xix) As explained in Note 15 to the financial statements, the company has ceased to be a going concern. On the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the records of the company, in our opinion, material uncertainty exists because of the pending litigation as on the date of the audit report and the company may not be capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date.

- (xx) Based on our examination, the provision of section 135 are not applicable on the company. Accordingly, clauses 3(xx)(a) and 3(xx)(b) of the Order are not applicable.
- (xxi) The company is not required to prepare Consolidate financial statement as the company do not have any subsidiaries, joint ventures or Associates. Hence this clause is not applicable.

Place:-HYDERABAD  
Date: 07-05-2026  
UDIN: **26249595XBRPGM8002**

**For BNR ASSOCIATES**  
**Chartered Accountants**  
**FRN: 000289S**  
**MADHALA N V** Digitally signed by MADHALA  
N V GIRISH KUMAR  
**GIRISH KUMAR** Date: 2026.05.07 18:46:40  
+05'30'  
**M N V GIRISH KUMAR**  
**(PARTNER)**  
**Membership No.249595**

**Report on the directions issued under section 143(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 given by the Comptroller & Auditor General of India In respect of audit of Annual Accounts of POWERGRID Vemagiri Transmission Limited for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2026:**

| Sl. No. | Directions                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | Auditor's Comments                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|---------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1       | Assess the fair valuation of all the investments, both quoted and unquoted, made directly by the Company or through Trusts, for Post-retirement benefits of the employees. This includes verifying valuation methodologies, ensuring consistency with Ind AS and reviewing supporting documentation. The auditor shall provide a brief note on the valuation approach, its reasonability, and compliance with applicable regulations, reporting any material deviations or misstatements.                                                                                                                                        | As the company does not have any permanent employees, the company has not made any Investments for Post-retirement benefits. Hence, reporting under this direction is not applicable.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| 2       | Whether the Company has a system in place to process all the accounting transactions through IT system? If yes, whether review of this system and controls that are significant to the Company's financial reporting process as well as cyber security has been done by Information Security Auditing Organisations empaneled by Cert-In at a minimum frequency of once in a year and material discrepancies found, if any, have been suitably reported? The implications of processing of accounting transactions outside IT system on the integrity of the accounts along with the financial implications may also be reported | The Company is having ERP system (SAP) in place for processing all accounting transactions.<br>The review of the system and controls that are significant to company's financial reporting process as well as cyber security has been done by Parent company for the all the companies in the group through Information Security Auditing Organisations empanelled by Cert-In once a year and no material discrepancies are found.<br>Based on our verification, no accounting transaction is being recorded/ processed other than through the ERP system in place.                                                     |
| 3       | Whether funds (grants/ subsidy etc.) received/ receivable for specific schemes from Central/State Government or its agencies were properly accounted for as per the applicable accounting standards or norms and whether the received funds were utilised as per its terms and conditions? Whether accounting of interest earned on grants received has been done as per terms and conditions of the Grant. List the cases of deviation.                                                                                                                                                                                         | No fund has been received from Central/State Government or its agencies.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| 4       | Whether the Company has identified the key Risk areas? If yes, whether the Company has formulated any Risk Management Policy to mitigate these risks? If yes, (a) whether the Risk Management Policy has been formulated considering global best practices? (b) whether the Company has identified its data assets and whether it has been valued appropriately?                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | The Parent company has identified the key risk areas and has formulated a risk management policy to mitigate these Risks for all the companies in the group. The said policy as represented by management, is stated to be based on global best practices, namely COSO framework.<br>The company has not identified any data assets in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework and consequently these have not been subject to valuation.                                                                                                                                                          |
| 5       | Whether the Company is complying with the Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015, and other applicable rules and regulations of SEBI, Department of Investment and Public Asset Management, Ministry of Corporate Affairs, Department of Public Enterprises, Reserve Bank of India, Telecom Regulatory Authority of India, CERT-IN, Ministry of Electronics and Information Technology and National Payments Corporation of India wherever applicable? If not, the cases of deviation may be highlighted.                                               | Based on the information and explanations given to us and audit procedures carried out by us, the company is complying with the Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, and other applicable rules and regulations of SEBI, Department of Investment and Public Asset Management, Ministry of Corporate Affairs, Department of Public Enterprises, Reserve Bank of India, Telecom Regulatory Authority of India, CERT-IN, Ministry of Electronics and Information Technology and National Payments Corporation of India wherever applicable. |

**Reporting on Sub-directions to Statutory Auditors of Power Sector entities for the year 2025-26**

| <b>Sl. No.</b> | <b>Sub-Direction</b>                                                                                                                                                   | <b>Auditor's Comments</b>                                                                           |
|----------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| (i)            | Verify whether the existing regulatory assets of the Company are supported by the tariff orders of the Electricity Regulatory Commission;                              | As there are no regulatory assets in company, reporting under this sub-direction is not applicable. |
| (ii)           | Verify whether the revenue in respect of such assets has been recognised by the Company on the basis of tariff orders issued by the Electricity Regulatory Commission; | As there are no regulatory assets in company, reporting under this sub-direction is not applicable. |
| (iii)          | State the impact of recognition/ existence of regulatory assets in the absence of tariff orders, if any;                                                               | As there are no regulatory assets in company, reporting under this sub-direction is not applicable. |
| (iv)           | State the impact of delayed/ non-recovery of regulatory assets on the financial statements of the Company;                                                             | As there are no regulatory assets in company, reporting under this sub-direction is not applicable. |
| (v)            | Examine and report upon the accuracy/ adequacy of accounting treatment/ related disclosures in this regard.                                                            | As there are no regulatory assets in company, reporting under this sub-direction is not applicable. |

**For BNR ASSOCIATES  
Chartered Accountants  
FRN: 000289S**

**MADHALA N V  
GIRISH KUMAR**

Digitally signed by MADHALA N V  
GIRISH KUMAR  
Date: 2026.05.07 18:46:59 +05'30'

Place:-HYDERABAD  
Date: 07-05-2026  
**UDIN:26249595XBRPGM8002**

**M N V Girish Kumar  
(PARTNER)  
Membership No.249595**

## ***Report on Internal Financial Controls with reference to financial statements***

### Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 (“the Act”)

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **POWERGRID VEMAGIRI TRANSMISSION LIMITED** (“the Company”) as of March 31, 2026 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

### Management’s Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company’s management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company’s policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

### Auditors’ Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company’s internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the “Guidance Note”) and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

#### Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that

1. pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company;
2. provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and
3. provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

#### Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

## Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2026, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

Place:-HYDERABAD  
Date: 07-05-2026  
**UDIN: 26249595XBRPGM8002**

**For BNR ASSOCIATES**  
**Chartered Accountants**  
**FRN: 000289S**  
MADHALA N V Digitally signed by MADHALA  
N V GIRISH KUMAR  
GIRISH KUMAR Date: 2026.05.07 18:48:40  
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**M N V GIRISH KUMAR**  
**(PARTNER)**  
**Membership.No.249595**

## Compliance Certificate

We have conducted the audit of annual accounts of M/s POWERGRID Vemagiri Transmission Limited ('The Company') for the year ended 31 March 2026 in accordance with the directions/sub-directions issued by the C&AG of India under Section 143(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 and certify that we have complied with all the Directions/Sub-directions issued to us.

For and on behalf of  
**BNR ASSOCIATES**  
**Chartered Accountants**  
**FRN: 000289S**

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Date: 2026.05.07 18:49:03 +05'30'

**M N V Girish Kumar**  
(Partner)

Membership No.: 249595

UDIN: **26249595XBRPGM8002**

Place: HYDERABAD

Date: 07-05-2026



**POWERGRID Vemagiri Transmission Limited**  
**CIN : U40300DL2011GOI217975**  
**B-9, Qutab Institutional Area, Katwaria Sarai, New Delhi, 110016**  
**Balance Sheet as at 31 March, 2026**

(₹ In Lakh)

| Particulars                                                                  | Note     | As at 31 March, 2026 | As at 31 March, 2025 |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|----------------------|----------------------|
| <b>ASSETS</b>                                                                |          |                      |                      |
| <b>Non-current assets</b>                                                    |          |                      |                      |
| <b>Current assets</b>                                                        |          |                      |                      |
| (a) Financial assets                                                         |          |                      |                      |
| (i) Cash and cash equivalents                                                | <u>4</u> | 0.11                 | 0.12                 |
|                                                                              |          | <b>0.11</b>          | <b>0.12</b>          |
|                                                                              |          |                      |                      |
| <b>Total Assets</b>                                                          |          | <b>0.11</b>          | <b>0.12</b>          |
| <b>EQUITY AND LIABILITIES</b>                                                |          |                      |                      |
| <b>Equity</b>                                                                |          |                      |                      |
| (a) Equity Share capital                                                     | <u>5</u> | 5.00                 | 5.00                 |
| (b) Other Equity                                                             | <u>6</u> | (122.13)             | (1,949.05)           |
|                                                                              |          | <b>(117.13)</b>      | <b>(1,944.05)</b>    |
| <b>Liabilities</b>                                                           |          |                      |                      |
| <b>Current liabilities</b>                                                   |          |                      |                      |
| (a) Financial liabilities                                                    |          |                      |                      |
| (i) Trade payables                                                           |          |                      |                      |
| (a) Total Outstanding dues of micro & small enterprises                      | <u>7</u> | -                    | -                    |
| (b) Total Outstanding dues of creditors other than micro & small enterprises |          | 0.66                 | 0.43                 |
| (ii) Other current financial liabilities                                     | <u>8</u> | 116.54               | 1,943.74             |
| (b) Other current liabilities                                                | <u>9</u> | 0.04                 | -                    |
|                                                                              |          | <b>117.24</b>        | <b>1,944.17</b>      |
|                                                                              |          |                      |                      |
| <b>Total Equity and Liabilities</b>                                          |          | <b>0.11</b>          | <b>0.12</b>          |

The accompanying notes (1 to 28) form an integral part of financial statements

As per our report of even date

For BNR Associates

Chartered Accountants

Firm Regn. No. 000289S

**MADHALA** Digitally signed by MADHALA N V

**N V GIRISH** GIRISH KUMAR

**KUMAR** Date: 2026.05.07 15:29:52 +05'30'

**For and on behalf of the Board of Directors**

**DILIP  
NAGESH  
ROZEKAR**

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DILIP NAGESH

ROZEKAR

Date: 2026.05.07

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**Ajay  
Kumar  
Shukla**

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Ajay Kumar

Shukla

Date: 2026.05.07

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**M N V Girish Kumar**

Partner

Mem. No. 249595

Place: Hyderabad

Date: 07 May, 2026

**Dilip Nagesh Rozekar**

Chairperson

DIN: 09806223

Place: Gurugram

Date: 07 May, 2026

**A K Shukla**

Director

DIN: 09631803

Place: Gurugram

Date: 07 May, 2026

**POWERGRID Vemagiri Transmission Limited**  
**CIN : U40300DL2011GOI217975**  
**B-9, Qutab Institutional Area, Katwaria Sarai, New Delhi, 110016**  
**Statement of Profit and Loss for the Year ended 31 March, 2026**

(₹ In Lakh)

| Particulars                                                      | Note      | For the Year ended 31 March, 2026 | For the Year ended 31 March, 2025 |
|------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Revenue From Operations                                          |           | -                                 | -                                 |
| Other Income                                                     | <u>10</u> | 1,827.94                          | -                                 |
| <b>Total Income</b>                                              |           | <b>1,827.94</b>                   | <b>-</b>                          |
| <b>EXPENSES</b>                                                  |           |                                   |                                   |
| Finance costs                                                    |           | -                                 | -                                 |
| Other expenses                                                   | <u>11</u> | 1.02                              | 0.54                              |
| <b>Total expenses</b>                                            |           | <b>1.02</b>                       | <b>0.54</b>                       |
| <b>Profit/(loss) before tax from Discontinued operations</b>     |           | <b>1,826.92</b>                   | <b>(0.54)</b>                     |
| Tax expense:                                                     |           |                                   |                                   |
| Current tax                                                      |           | -                                 | -                                 |
| Deferred tax                                                     |           | -                                 | -                                 |
| <b>Total tax expenses</b>                                        |           | <b>-</b>                          | <b>-</b>                          |
| <b>Profit/(loss) for the period from Discontinued operations</b> |           | <b>1,826.92</b>                   | <b>(0.54)</b>                     |
| Other Comprehensive Income                                       |           | -                                 | -                                 |
| <b>Total Comprehensive Income for the period</b>                 |           | <b>1,826.92</b>                   | <b>(0.54)</b>                     |
| Earnings per equity share ( Par value ₹10/- each):               |           |                                   |                                   |
| Basic (in ₹)                                                     |           | 3,653.84                          | (1.08)                            |
| Diluted (in ₹)                                                   |           | 3,653.84                          | (1.08)                            |

The accompanying notes (1 to 28) form an integral part of financial statements

As per our report of even date

For BNR Associates

Chartered Accountants

Firm Reg. No. 00007895  
MADHURAN V KUMAR  
GIRISH KUMAR  
Date: 2026.05.07 15:30:18  
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For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

**DILIP**  
**NAGESH**  
**ROZEKAR**  
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by DILIP NAGESH  
ROZEKAR  
Date: 2026.05.07  
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**Ajay**  
**Kumar**  
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by Ajay Kumar  
Shukla  
Date: 2026.05.07  
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**M N V Girish Kumar**

Partner

Mem. No. 249595

Place: Hyderabad

Date: 07 May, 2026

**Dilip Nagesh Rozekar**

Chairperson

DIN: 09806223

Place: Gurugram

Date: 07 May, 2026

**A K Shukla**

Director

DIN: 09631803

Place: Gurugram

Date: 07 May, 2026

POWERGRID Vemagiri Transmission Limited  
CIN : U40300DL2011GOI217975  
B-9, Qutab Institutional Area, Katwaria Sarai, New Delhi, 110016  
Statement of Cash Flows for the Year ended 31 March, 2026

(₹ In Lakh)

| Sl. No. | Particulars                                                | For the Year ended 31 March, 2026 | For the Year ended 31 March, 2025 |
|---------|------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| A       | CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES                        |                                   |                                   |
|         | Profit Before Tax                                          | 1,826.92                          | (0.54)                            |
|         | Adjustment for Changes in Assets and Liabilities:          |                                   |                                   |
|         | Increase/(Decrease) in Trade payables                      | 0.23                              |                                   |
|         | Increase/(Decrease) in Other current financial liabilities | (1,827.20)                        | 0.58                              |
|         | Cash generated from(Used in) operations                    | (1,826.93)                        | 0.54                              |
|         | Net Cash from Operating Activities                         | (0.01)                            | -                                 |
| B       | CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES                        | (0.01)                            | -                                 |
|         | Net Cash used in Investing Activities                      | -                                 | -                                 |
| C       | CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES                        |                                   |                                   |
|         | Net Cash used in Financing Activities                      | -                                 | -                                 |
| D       | Net change in Cash and Cash equivalents (A+B+C)            | (0.01)                            | -                                 |
| E       | Cash and Cash equivalents (Opening balance)                | 0.12                              | 0.12                              |
| F       | Cash and Cash equivalents (Closing balance)                | 0.11                              | 0.12                              |

The accompanying notes (1 to 28) form an integral part of financial statements

Further Notes

- 1 - Cash and cash equivalents consist of balances with banks.  
2 - Previous Year Figures have been re-grouped/re-arranged wherever necessary.

As per our report of even date  
For BNR Associates  
Chartered Accountants  
Firm Regd. No. 002222  
MADHALA N V GIRISH  
KUMAR  
Date: 2026.05.07  
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For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

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NAGESH ROZEKAR  
Date: 2026.05.07 12:37:57  
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Ajay Kumar  
Shukla  
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Ajay Kumar Shukla  
Date: 2026.05.07  
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M N V Girish Kumar  
Partner  
Mem. No. 249595  
Place: Hyderabad  
Date: 07 May, 2026

Dilip Nagesh Rozekar  
Chairperson  
DIN: 09806223  
Place: Gurugram  
Date: 07 May, 2026

A K Shukla  
Director  
DIN: 09631803  
Place: Gurugram  
Date: 07 May, 2026

**POWERGRID Vemagiri Transmission Limited**  
**CIN : U40300DL2011GOI217975**  
**B-9, Qutab Institutional Area, Katwaria Sarai, New Delhi, 110016**  
**Statement of Changes in Equity for the Year ended 31 March, 2026**

| <b>A. Equity Share Capital</b>  |  | <b>(₹ In Lakh)</b> |
|---------------------------------|--|--------------------|
| As at 01 April, 2025            |  | 5.00               |
| Changes in equity share capital |  | -                  |
| As at 31 March, 2026            |  | <b>5.00</b>        |
| As at 01 April, 2024            |  | 5.00               |
| Changes in equity share capital |  | -                  |
| As at 31 March, 2025            |  | <b>5.00</b>        |

| <b>B. Other Equity</b>                  |                      |            | <b>(₹ In Lakh)</b> |
|-----------------------------------------|----------------------|------------|--------------------|
| Particulars                             | Reserves and Surplus | Total      |                    |
|                                         | Retained Earnings    |            |                    |
| As at 01 April, 2025                    | (1,949.05)           | (1,949.05) |                    |
| Total Comprehensive Income for the year | 1,826.92             | 1,826.92   |                    |
| As at 31 March, 2026                    | (122.13)             | (122.13)   |                    |
| As at 01 April, 2024                    | (1,948.51)           | (1,948.51) |                    |
| Total Comprehensive Income for the year | (0.54)               | (0.54)     |                    |
| As at 31 March, 2025                    | (1,949.05)           | (1,949.05) |                    |

The accompanying notes (1 to 28) form an integral part of financial statements  
Refer to Note 6 for nature and movement of Reserve and Surplus.

As per our report of even date  
For BNR Associates  
Chartered Accountants  
Firm Regn. No. 000289S  
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GIRISH KUMAR  
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Date: 2026.05.07 15:30:56  
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For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

**DILIP  
NAGESH  
ROZEKAR**  
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by DILIP NAGESH  
ROZEKAR  
Date: 2026.05.07  
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**Ajay  
Kumar  
Shukla**  
Digitally signed  
by Ajay Kumar  
Shukla  
Date: 2026.05.07  
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**M N V Girish Kumar**  
Partner  
Mem. No. 249595  
Place: Hyderabad  
Date: 07 May, 2026

**Dilip Nagesh Rozekar**  
Chairperson  
DIN: 09806223  
Place: Gurugram  
Date: 07 May, 2026

**A K Shukla**  
Director  
DIN: 09631803  
Place: Gurugram  
Date: 07 May, 2026

## Notes to Financial Statements

### Note 1 Corporate and General Information

POWERGRID Vemagiri Transmission Limited ("the Company") is a public company domiciled and incorporated in India under the provisions of The Companies Act and a wholly owned subsidiary of Power Grid Corporation of India Limited. The registered office of the Company is situated at B-9, Qutab Institutional Area, Katwaria Sarai, New Delhi-110 016, India.

Company was incorporated on 21-04-2011 for execution of Vemagiri Transmission system allocated on Tariff Based Competitive Bidding (TBCB). CERC vide order dated 09.05.2013, 27.09.2013, 06.04.2015 inter alia stated that Vemagiri Transmission system cannot be executed in its present form. In this scenario, the company will not be able to do further any activity and ceased to be a going concern. The reasons are disclosed at Note no.15

The Company is engaged in business of Power Systems Network, construction, operation and maintenance of transmission systems and other related allied activities.

The financial statements of the company for the Year ended 31 March, 2026 were approved for issue by the Board of Directors on 07 May, 2026.

### Note 2 Material Accounting Policy Information

A summary of the material accounting policy information applied in the preparation of the financial statements are as given below. These accounting policies have been applied consistently to all periods presented in the financial statements.

#### 2.1 Basis of Preparation

##### i) Compliance with Ind AS

The financial statements are prepared in compliance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act), Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the provisions of Electricity Act, 2003, in each case, to the extent applicable and as amended thereafter.

##### ii) Basis of Measurement

The financial statements are not prepared on the assumption of the going concern. The financial statements have been prepared on accrual basis and under the historical cost convention except certain financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value (Refer Note no. 2.11 for accounting policy regarding financial instruments).

##### iii) Functional and presentation currency

The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (Rupees or ₹), which is the Company's functional and presentation currency, and all amounts are rounded to the nearest lakhs and two decimals thereof, except as stated otherwise.

##### iv) Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements requires estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Although, such estimates and assumptions are made on a reasonable and prudent basis taking into account all available information, actual results could differ from these estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an on-going basis.

Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision effects only that period or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future years (refer Note no. 3 on critical accounting estimates, assumptions and judgments).

##### v) Current and non-current classification

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/non-current classification.

An asset is current when it is:

- Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle;
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period; or

- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is current when:

- It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle;
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period; or
- There is no right at the end of the reporting period to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

Deferred tax assets/liabilities are classified as non-current.

The Company recognises twelve months period as its operating cycle.

## 2.2 Property, Plant and Equipment

### Initial Recognition and Measurement

Property, Plant and Equipment is initially measured at cost of acquisition/construction including any costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management. After initial recognition, Property, Plant and Equipment is carried at cost less accumulated depreciation / amortisation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

In the case of commissioned assets, where final settlement of bills with contractors is yet to be effected, capitalisation is done on provisional basis subject to necessary adjustments in the year of final settlement.

Transmission system assets are considered as ready for intended use on meeting the conditions for commercial operation as stipulated in Transmission Service Agreement (TSA).

The cost of land includes provisional deposits, payments/liabilities towards compensation, rehabilitation and other expenses wherever possession of land is taken.

Expenditure on levelling, clearing and grading of land if incurred for construction of building is capitalised as part of cost of the related building.

Spares parts individually costing more than ₹10,00,000/- standby equipment and servicing equipment which meets the recognition criteria of Property, Plant and Equipment are capitalised.

### Subsequent costs

Subsequent expenditure is recognised as an increase in carrying amount of assets when it is probable that future economic benefits deriving from the cost incurred will flow to the company and cost of the item can be measured reliably.

The cost of replacing part of an item of Property, Plant & Equipment is recognised in the carrying amount of the item if it is probable that future economic benefits embodied within the part will flow to the company and its cost can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. If the cost of the replaced part or earlier inspection component is not available, the estimated cost of similar new parts/inspection component is used as an indication of what the cost of the existing part/ inspection component was when the item was acquired or inspection was carried out.

The costs of the day-to-day servicing of property, plant and equipment are recognised in the Statement of Profit & Loss as incurred.

### Derecognition

An item of Property, Plant and Equipment is derecognised on disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal.

The gain or loss arising from derecognition of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss on the date of disposal or derecognition.

### 2.3 Capital Work-In-Progress (CWIP)

Cost of material, erection charges and other expenses incurred for the construction of Property, Plant and Equipment are shown as CWIP based on progress of erection work till the date of capitalisation.

Expenditure of office, and Projects, directly attributable to construction of property, plant and equipment are identified and allocated on a systematic basis to the cost of the related assets.

Interest during construction and expenditure (net) allocated to construction as per policy above are kept as a separate item under CWIP and apportioned to the assets being capitalised in proportion to the closing balance of CWIP.

Unsettled liability for price variation/exchange rate variation in case of contracts is accounted for on estimated basis as per terms of the contracts.

### 2.4 Intangible Assets and Intangible Assets under development

Intangible assets with finite useful life that are acquired separately are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses.

Subsequent expenditure on already capitalised Intangible assets is capitalised when it increases the future economic benefits embodied in an existing asset and is amortised prospectively.

The cost of software (which is not an integral part of the related hardware) acquired for internal use and resulting in significant future economic benefits is recognised as an intangible asset when the same is ready for its use.

Afforestation charges for acquiring right-of-way for laying transmission lines are accounted for as intangible assets on the date of capitalisation of related transmission lines.

Expenditure incurred, eligible for capitalisation under the head Intangible Assets, are carried as "Intangible Assets under Development" till such assets are ready for their intended use.

An item of Intangible asset is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss when the asset is derecognised.

### 2.5 Depreciation / Amortisation

#### Property, Plant and Equipment

Depreciation/Amortisation on the items of Property, Plant and Equipment is provided on straight line method based on the useful life specified in Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013 except for the following items of property, plant and equipment on which depreciation is provided based on estimated useful life as per technical assessment considering the terms of Transmission Service Agreement entered with Long Term Transmission Customers.

| Particulars                       | Useful life |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| 1 Computers and Peripherals       | 3 Years     |
| 2 Servers and Network Components  | 5 Years     |
| 3 Buildings (RCC frame structure) | 35 Years    |
| 4 Substation Equipment            | 35 Years    |
| 5 Transmission line               | 35 Years    |

Depreciation on spares parts, standby equipment and servicing equipment which are capitalised, is provided on straight line method from the date they are available for use over the remaining useful life of the related assets of transmission business.

Residual value is considered as 5% of the Original Cost for all items of Property, Plant and Equipment in line with Companies Act, 2013 except for Computers and Peripherals and Servers and Network Components for which residual value is considered as Nil.

Property, plant and equipment costing ₹5,000/- or less, are fully depreciated in the year of acquisition.

Where the cost of depreciable property, plant and equipment has undergone a change due to price adjustment, change in duties or similar factors, the unamortised balance of such asset is depreciated prospectively.

Depreciation on additions to/deductions from Property, Plant and Equipment during the year is charged on pro-rata basis from/up to the date on which the asset is available for use/disposed.

The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation for items of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year-end and adjusted prospectively, wherever required.

#### **Right of Use Assets:**

Right of Use assets are fully depreciated from the lease commencement date on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Leasehold land is fully amortised over lease period or useful life of the related plant whichever is lower Leasehold land acquired on perpetual lease is not amortised.

#### **Intangible Assets**

Cost of software capitalised as intangible asset is amortised over the period of legal right to use or 3 years, whichever is less with Nil residual value.

Afforestation charges are amortised over thirty five years from the date of capitalisation of related transmission assets following the straight line method, with Nil Residual Value.

Amortisation on additions to/deductions from Intangible Assets during the year is charged on pro-rata basis from/up to the date on which the asset is available for use/disposed.

The amortisation period and the amortisation method for intangible assets are reviewed at each financial year-end and are accounted for as change in accounting estimates in accordance with Ind AS 8 "Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors".

### **2.6 Borrowing Costs**

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition or construction of qualifying assets are capitalised (net of income on temporary deployment of funds) as part of the cost of such assets till the assets are ready for the intended use. Qualifying assets are assets which take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which they are incurred.

### **2.7 Impairment of non-financial assets**

The carrying amounts of the Company's non-financial assets are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment considering the provisions of Ind AS 36 'Impairment of Assets'. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated.

The recoverable amount of an asset or cash-generating unit is the higher of its fair value less costs to disposal and its value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted. For the purpose of impairment testing, assets that cannot be tested individually are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or groups of assets (the "cash-generating unit", or "CGU").

An impairment loss is recognised if the carrying amount of an asset or its CGU exceeds its estimated recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognised in the statement of profit and loss. Impairment losses recognised in respect of CGUs are reduced from the carrying amounts of the assets of the CGU.

Impairment losses recognised in prior periods are assessed at each reporting date for any indications that the loss has decreased or no longer exists. An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss had been recognised.

### **2.8 Cash and cash equivalents**

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand and at bank, and deposits held at call with banks having a maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.



## 2.9 Inventories

Inventories are valued at lower of the cost, determined on weighted average basis and net realisable value.

Spare parts which do not meet the recognition criteria as Property, Plant and Equipment, including spare parts individually costing upto ₹10,00,000/- are recorded as inventories.

Surplus materials as determined by the management are held for intended use and are included in the inventory.

The diminution in the value of obsolete, unserviceable and surplus stores and spares is ascertained on review and provided for.

## 2.10 Leases

Lease is a contract that conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Company assesses whether:

- (i) the contract involves use of an identified assets,
- (ii) the customer has substantially all the economic benefits from the use of the asset through the period of the lease and
- (iii) the customer has the right to direct the use of the asset.

### i) As a Lessee

At the date of commencement of the lease, the Company recognises a right-of-use asset (ROU) and a corresponding lease liability for all lease arrangements in which it is a lessee, except for lease with a term of twelve months or less (i.e. short-term leases) and leases for which the underlying asset is of low value. For these short-term and leases for which the underlying asset is of low value, the Company recognises the lease payments on straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

Certain lease arrangements include the options to extend or terminate the lease before the end of the lease term. ROU assets and lease liabilities includes these options when it is reasonably certain that they will be exercised.

The right-of-use assets are initially recognised at cost, which comprises the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the inception date of the lease along with any initial direct costs, restoration obligations and lease incentives received.

Subsequently, the right-of-use assets is measured at cost less any accumulated depreciation, accumulated impairment losses, if any and adjusted for any remeasurement of the lease liability. The Company applies Ind AS 36 to determine whether a ROU asset is impaired and accounts for any identified impairment loss as described in the accounting policy 2.7 on "Impairment of non-financial assets".

The interest cost on lease liability is expensed in the Statement of Profit and Loss, unless eligible for capitalisation as per accounting policy 2.6 on "Borrowing costs".

Lease liability and ROU asset have been separately presented in the financial statements and lease payments have been classified as financing cash flows.

### ii) As a Lessor

A lease is classified at the inception date as a finance lease or an operating lease.

#### a) Finance leases

A lease that transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset is classified as a finance lease.

Net investment in leased assets are recorded as receivable at the lower of the fair value of the leased property and the present value of the minimum lease payments as Lease Receivables under current and non-current other financial assets.

The interest element of lease is accounted in the Statement of Profit and Loss over the lease period based on a pattern reflecting a constant periodic rate of return on the net investment.

#### b) Operating leases

An operating lease is a lease other than a finance lease. Leases in which a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases.

For operating leases, the asset is capitalised as property, plant and equipment and depreciated over its economic life. Rental income from operating lease is recognised over the term of the arrangement.

## 2.11 Financial instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

### Financial Assets

#### Classification

The Company classifies its financial assets in the following categories:

- at amortised cost,
- at fair value through other comprehensive income

The classification depends on the following:

- the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and
- the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset

#### Initial recognition and measurement

All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value plus, in the case of financial assets not recorded at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs, if any, that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. However, trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component are measured at transaction price.

#### Subsequent measurement

**Debt Instruments at Amortised cost:** Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortised cost. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at amortised cost is recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised or impaired. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest rate method.

**Debt Instruments at Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI):** Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows and for selling the financial assets, where the assets' cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest, are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI). On derecognition of the asset, cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in OCI is reclassified from the equity to profit and loss. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest rate method.

**Debt instruments at Fair value through profit or loss (FVPL):** Assets that do not meet the criteria for amortised cost or FVOCI are measured at fair value through profit or loss. Interest income and net gain or loss on a debt instrument that is subsequently measured at FVPL are recognised in statement of profit and loss and presented within other income in the period in which it arises.

#### Derecognition of financial assets

A financial asset is derecognised only when

- The right to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or
- a) The company has transferred the rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset (or) retains the contractual rights to receive the cash flows of the financial assets, but assumes a contractual obligation to pay the cash flows to one or more recipients and  
b) the company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset (or) the company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset but has transferred control of the asset.

The difference between the carrying amount and the amount of consideration received/receivable is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

#### Impairment of financial assets:

For trade receivables and contract assets, the company applies the simplified approach required by Ind AS 109 Financial Instruments, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised from initial recognition of the receivables.

For recognition of impairment loss on other financial assets and risk exposure, the company determines whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition. If credit risk has not increased significantly, 12-month Expected Credit Loss (ECL) is used to provide for impairment loss. However, if credit risk has increased significantly, lifetime ECL is used. If, in a subsequent period, credit quality of the instrument improves such that there is no longer a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, then the entity reverts to recognising impairment loss allowance based on 12-month ECL.

### **Financial Liabilities**

Financial liabilities of the Company are contractual obligation to deliver cash or another financial asset to another entity or to exchange financial assets or financial liabilities with another entity under conditions that are potentially unfavourable to the Company.

The Company's financial liabilities include loans & borrowings, trade and other payables.

### **Classification, initial recognition and measurement**

Financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value minus, in the case of financial liabilities not recorded at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the issue of financial liabilities.

### **Subsequent measurement**

After initial recognition, financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate (EIR). Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption amount is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss over the period of the borrowings using the EIR. Gains and losses are recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss when the liabilities are derecognised.

The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

### **Derecognition of financial liability**

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference between the carrying amount of a financial liability that has been extinguished or transferred to another party and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss as other income or finance cost.

### **Offsetting of financial instruments**

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset, and the net amount is reported in the Balance Sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

## **2.12 Foreign Currency Translation**

### **(a) Functional and presentation currency**

Items included in the financial statements of the Company are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates ('the functional currency'). The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (Rupees or ₹), which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

### **(b) Transactions and balances**

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded at the exchange rates prevailing on the date of the transaction. Foreign currency monetary items are translated with reference to the rates of exchange ruling on the date of the Balance Sheet. Non-Monetary items denominated in foreign currency are reported at the exchange rate ruling on the date of initial recognition of the non-monetary prepayment asset or deferred income liability, or the date that related item is recognised in the financial statements, whichever is earlier. In case the transaction is recognised in stages, then transaction date is established for each stage.

Foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the statement of profit and loss on a net basis within other gains/ (losses).

## **2.13 Income Tax**

Income tax expense represents the sum of current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in equity or other comprehensive income. In this case the tax is also recognised directly in equity or in other comprehensive income.

### **Current income tax**

The Current Tax is based on taxable profit for the year under the tax laws enacted and applicable to the reporting period in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

### **Deferred tax**

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the company's financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit and is accounted for using the Balance Sheet method. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and unused tax credits to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and unused tax credits can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each Balance Sheet date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the Balance Sheet date.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax liabilities and assets, and they relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority.

## **2.14 Revenue**

Revenue is measured based on the transaction price to which the Company expects to be entitled in a contract with a customer and excludes amounts collected on behalf of third parties. The Company recognises revenue when it transfers control of a product or service to a customer.

### **Significant Financing Component**

Where the period between the transfer of the promised goods or services to the customer and payment by the customer exceeds one year, the Company assesses the effects of significant financing component in the contract. As a consequence, the Company makes adjustment in the transaction prices for the effects of time value of money.

### **2.14.1 Revenue from Operations**

Transmission Income is accounted for based on tariff orders notified by the Electricity Regulatory Commissions.

As at each reporting date, transmission income includes an accrual for services rendered to the customers but not yet billed.

Rebates allowed to beneficiaries as early payment incentives are deducted from the amount of revenue.

The Transmission system incentive / disincentive is accounted for based on certification of availability by the respective Regional Power Committees (RPCs) and in accordance with the Transmission Service Agreement (TSA) signed by the Company along with applicable rules and regulations. Where certification by RPCs is not available, incentive/disincentive is accounted for on provisional basis as per estimate of availability by the company and differences, if any is accounted upon certification by RPCs.

### **Other Operating Revenue**

Income from Scrap generated from other than Plant, Property and Equipment is accounted for as and when sold.

### **2.14.2 Other Income**

Interest income is recognised, when no significant uncertainty as to measurability or collectability exists, on a time proportion basis taking into account the amount outstanding and the applicable interest rate, using the effective interest rate method (EIR).

Surcharge recoverable from trade receivables, liquidated damages, warranty claims and interest on advances to suppliers are recognised when no significant uncertainty as to measurability and collectability exists.

Income from Scrap generated from Plant, Property and Equipment is accounted for as and when sold.

Insurance claims for loss of profit are accounted for in the year of acceptance. Other insurance claims are accounted for based on certainty of realisation.

Revenue from rentals and operating leases is recognised on an accrual basis in accordance with the substance of the relevant agreement.

### **2.15 Dividends**

Annual dividend distribution to the shareholders is recognised as a liability in the period in which the dividends are approved by the shareholders. Any interim dividend paid is recognised on approval by Board of Directors. Dividend payable and corresponding tax on dividend distribution is recognised directly in equity.

### **2.16 Provisions and Contingencies**

#### **a) Provisions**

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted. Unwinding of the discount is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss as a finance cost. Provisions are reviewed at each Balance Sheet date and are adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

#### **b) Contingencies**

Contingent liabilities are disclosed on the basis of judgment of the management / independent experts. These are reviewed at each balance sheet date and are adjusted to reflect the current management estimate.

Contingent liabilities are disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made. Information on contingent liability is disclosed in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

Contingent assets are possible assets that arise from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company. Contingent assets are disclosed in the financial statements when inflow of economic benefits is probable on the basis of judgment of management. These are assessed continually to ensure that developments are appropriately reflected in the financial statements.

### **2.17 Share capital and Other Equity**

Ordinary shares are classified as equity.

Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

Self-insurance reserve is created @0.12% p.a. on Original Gross Block of Property, Plant and Equipment and value of inventory except ROU assets and assets covered under insurance as at the end of the year by appropriation of current year profit to mitigate future losses from un-insured risks and for taking care of contingencies in future by procurement of towers and other transmission line materials including strengthening of towers and equipment of AC substation. The Reserve created as above is shown as "Self-Insurance Reserve" under 'Other Equity'.

## **2.18 Prior Period Items**

Material prior period errors are corrected retrospectively by restating the comparative amounts for prior period presented in which the error occurred or if the error occurred before the earliest period presented, by restating the opening balance sheet.

## **2.19 Earnings per Share**

Basic earnings per share is computed using the net profit or loss for the year attributable to the shareholders and weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted earnings per share is computed using the net profit or loss for the year attributable to the shareholders and weighted average number of equity and potential equity shares outstanding during the year, except where the result would be anti-dilutive.

## **2.20 Statement of Cash Flows**

Statement of Cash flows is prepared as per indirect method prescribed in the Ind AS 7 'Statement of Cash Flows'.

## **Note 3 Critical Estimates and Judgments**

The preparation of financial statements requires the use of accounting estimates which may significantly vary from the actual results. Management also needs to exercise judgment while applying the company's accounting policies.

Estimates and judgments are periodically evaluated. They are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that may have a financial impact on the company and that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

This note provides an overview of the areas that involved a higher degree of judgment or complexity, and of items which are more likely to be materially adjusted due to estimates and assumptions turning out to be different than those originally assessed.

### **The areas involving critical estimates or judgments are:**

#### **Useful life of property, plant and equipment:**

The estimated useful life of property, plant and equipment is based on a number of factors including the effects of obsolescence, demand, competition and other economic factors (such as the stability of the industry and known technological advances) and the level of maintenance expenditures required to obtain the expected future cash flows from the asset.

The Company reviews at the end of each reporting date the useful life of plant and equipment, and are adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

#### **Provisions and contingencies:**

The assessments undertaken in recognising provisions and contingencies have been made in accordance with Ind AS 37 "Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets". The evaluation of the likelihood of the contingent events has required best judgment by management regarding the probability of exposure to potential loss. Should circumstances change following unforeseeable developments, this likelihood could alter.

#### **Income Taxes:**

Significant estimates are involved in determining the provision for current and deferred tax, including amount expected to be paid/recovered for uncertain tax positions.

| Note 4 Cash and Cash equivalents |  | (₹ In Lakh)     |                 |
|----------------------------------|--|-----------------|-----------------|
|                                  |  | As at 31 March, | As at 31 March, |
| Particulars                      |  | 2026            | 2025            |
| Balance with banks               |  |                 |                 |
| -In Current accounts             |  | 0.11            | 0.12            |
| Total                            |  | 0.11            | 0.12            |

| Particulars                                         | No. of Shares | % of holding | No. of Shares | % of holding | % Change |
|-----------------------------------------------------|---------------|--------------|---------------|--------------|----------|
| Power Grid Corporation of India Limited (Promoter)# | 50,000        | 100%         | 50,000        | 100%         | 0%       |

#Out of 50000 Equity shares (Previous year 50000 Equity shares) 6 equity shares (Previous year 6 Equity Shares) are held by nominees of M/s Power Grid Corporation of India Limited on its behalf .



**Note 6 Other Equity**

**(₹ In Lakh)**

| <b>Particulars</b>                                               | <b>As at 31 March,<br/>2026</b> | <b>As at 31<br/>March, 2025</b> |
|------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| <b>(i) Retained Earnings</b>                                     |                                 |                                 |
| Balance at the beginning of the year                             | (1,949.05)                      | (1,948.51)                      |
| Add: Additions                                                   |                                 |                                 |
| Net Profit/(Loss) for the period from discontinued<br>operations | 1,826.92                        | (0.54)                          |
| <b>Balance at the end of the year</b>                            | <b>(122.13)</b>                 | <b>(1,949.05)</b>               |
| <b>Total</b>                                                     | <b>(122.13)</b>                 | <b>(1,949.05)</b>               |

|                             |             |          |          |          |          |          |             |
|-----------------------------|-------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|-------------|
| <b>Others</b>               |             |          |          |          |          |          |             |
| Disputed                    | -           | -        | -        | -        | -        | -        | -           |
| Undisputed                  | 0.66        | -        | -        | -        | -        | -        | 0.66        |
| <b>Total</b>                | <b>0.66</b> | <b>-</b> | <b>-</b> | <b>-</b> | <b>-</b> | <b>-</b> | <b>0.66</b> |
| <b>Total Trade Payables</b> | <b>0.66</b> | <b>-</b> | <b>-</b> | <b>-</b> | <b>-</b> | <b>-</b> | <b>0.66</b> |
| <b>As at 31 March, 2025</b> |             |          |          |          |          |          |             |
| <b>MSME</b>                 |             |          |          |          |          |          |             |
| Disputed                    | -           | -        | -        | -        | -        | -        | -           |
| Undisputed                  | -           | -        | -        | -        | -        | -        | -           |
| <b>Total</b>                | <b>-</b>    | <b>-</b> | <b>-</b> | <b>-</b> | <b>-</b> | <b>-</b> | <b>-</b>    |
| <b>Others</b>               |             |          |          |          |          |          |             |
| Disputed                    | -           | -        | -        | -        | -        | -        | -           |
| Undisputed                  | 0.43        | -        | -        | -        | -        | -        | 0.43        |
| <b>Total</b>                | <b>0.43</b> | <b>-</b> | <b>-</b> | <b>-</b> | <b>-</b> | <b>-</b> | <b>0.43</b> |
| <b>Total Trade Payables</b> | <b>0.43</b> | <b>-</b> | <b>-</b> | <b>-</b> | <b>-</b> | <b>-</b> | <b>0.43</b> |

**Note 8 Other Current Financial Liabilities****(₹ In Lakh)**

| Particulars     | As at 31 March, 2026 | As at 31 March, 2025 |
|-----------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Related parties | 116.54               | 1,943.74             |
| <b>Total</b>    | <b>116.54</b>        | <b>1,943.74</b>      |

**Further Note -**

1 Disclosure with regard to Micro and Small enterprises as required under “Division II of Schedule III of The Companies Act, 2013” and “The Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006” is given in Note 17.

2 Refer Note 21. for amount payable to related parties.

**Note 9 Other current liabilities****(₹ In Lakh)**

| Particulars    | As at 31 March, 2026 | As at 31 March, 2025 |
|----------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Statutory dues | 0.04                 | -                    |
| <b>Total</b>   | <b>0.04</b>          | <b>-</b>             |

**Note 10 Other income****(₹ In Lakh)**

| <b>Particulars</b>        | <b>For the Year ended 31<br/>March, 2026</b> | <b>For the Year ended 31<br/>March, 2025</b> |
|---------------------------|----------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|
| <b>Others</b>             | -                                            | -                                            |
| Provisions written back # | 1,827.94                                     | -                                            |
| <b>Total</b>              | <b>1,827.94</b>                              | <b>-</b>                                     |

**Further Notes:**

#Provision written back during the year is the amount of acquisition cost paid by POWERGRID to M/s REC Power Development and Consultancy Limited which was included in CWIP charged off to P&L in FY 2013-14. CERC vide order dt 07.03.2026 has ordered M/s REC Power Development and Consultancy Limited for refund of acquisition price of Rs. 1827.94 lakh to POWERGRID. Refer note 23 for further details.

**Note 11 Other expenses****(₹ In Lakh)**

| Particulars                                      | For the Year ended 31<br>March, 2026 | For the Year ended 31<br>March, 2025 |
|--------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Professional charges                             | 0.54                                 | 0.06                                 |
| <b>Payments to Statutory Auditors</b>            |                                      |                                      |
| Audit Fees                                       | 0.47                                 | 0.47                                 |
| Miscellaneous expenses                           | 0.01                                 | 0.01                                 |
| <b>Charged To Statement of Profit &amp; Loss</b> | <b>1.02</b>                          | <b>0.54</b>                          |

**Note 12 Financial Risk Management**

The Company’s principal financial liabilities comprise payables to Power Grid Corporation of India Limited ( Holding Company), trade payables and other payables. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance the Company’s operations.

The Company’s principal financial assets include cash and cash equivalents.

The Company’s activities expose it to the following financial risks, namely,

- (A) Credit risk,
- (B) Liquidity risk,
- (C) Market risk.

This note presents information regarding the company’s exposure, objectives, policies and processes for measuring and managing these risks.

The management of financial risks by the Company is summarized below: -

**(A) Credit Risk:**

Credit risk is the risk that counterparty will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss. The Company is not exposed to credit risk from its operating activities as it has ceased to be a going concern and does not have any trade receivables.

A default on a financial asset is when the counterparty fails to make contractual payments within 3 years of when they fall due. This definition of default is determined considering the business environment in which the Company operates and other macro-economic factors.

Assets are written-off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery, such as a debtor declaring bankruptcy or failing to engage in a repayment plan with the Company. Where loans or receivables have been written off, the Company continues to engage in enforcement activity to attempt to recover the receivable due. Where such recoveries are made, these are recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

There are no trade receivables As At 31 March, 2026 and As At 31 March, 2025.

**(ii) Other Financial Assets (excluding trade receivables and contract asset)**

**Cash and cash equivalents**

The Company held cash and cash equivalents of ₹0.11 Lakh (Previous Year ₹0.12 Lakh). The cash and cash equivalents are held with public sector banks and do not have any significant credit risk.

**(iii) Exposure to credit risk**

| (₹ In Lakh)                                                                                        |                      |                      |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Particulars                                                                                        | As at 31 March, 2026 | As at 31 March, 2025 |
| Financial assets for which loss allowance is measured using 12 months Expected Credit Losses (ECL) |                      |                      |
| Cash and cash equivalents                                                                          | 0.11                 | 0.12                 |
| <b>Total</b>                                                                                       | <b>0.11</b>          | <b>0.12</b>          |

(iv) **Provision for expected credit losses**

(a) **Financial assets for which loss allowance is measured using 12 month expected credit losses**

The Company has assets where the counter- parties have sufficient capacity to meet the obligations and where the risk of default is very low. At initial recognition, financial assets (excluding trade receivables and unbilled revenue) are considered as having negligible credit risk and the risk has not increased from initial recognition. Therefore, no loss allowance for impairment has been recognised.

(B) **Liquidity Risk**

Liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities and the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities to meet obligations when due. As the company is ceased to going concern, the obligations of the company are being settled by Power Grid Corporation of India Limited ( Holding Company).

**Maturities of financial liabilities**

The table below analyses the Company's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on their expected maturities for all non-derivative financial liabilities.

The amount disclosed in the table is the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

| (₹ in Lakh)                                            |                      |                          |                       |                 |
|--------------------------------------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|
| <b>Contractual maturities of financial liabilities</b> | <b>Within a year</b> | <b>Between 1-5 years</b> | <b>Beyond 5 years</b> | <b>Total</b>    |
| <b>As at 31 March, 2026</b>                            |                      |                          |                       |                 |
| Borrowings (including interest outflows)               |                      |                          |                       | -               |
| Trade payables                                         | 0.66                 |                          |                       | 0.66            |
| <u>Other financial liabilities</u>                     |                      |                          |                       |                 |
| Lease liabilities                                      |                      |                          |                       | -               |
| Others                                                 | 116.54               |                          |                       | 116.54          |
| <b>Total</b>                                           | <b>117.20</b>        | <b>-</b>                 | <b>-</b>              | <b>117.20</b>   |
| <b>As at 31 March, 2025</b>                            |                      |                          |                       |                 |
| Borrowings (including interest outflows)               | -                    | -                        | -                     | -               |
| Trade payables                                         | 0.43                 |                          |                       | 0.43            |
| <u>Other financial liabilities</u>                     |                      |                          |                       |                 |
| Lease liabilities                                      |                      |                          |                       | -               |
| Others                                                 | 1,943.74             |                          |                       | 1,943.74        |
| <b>Total</b>                                           | <b>1,944.17</b>      | <b>-</b>                 | <b>-</b>              | <b>1,944.17</b> |

(C) **MARKET RISK**

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises two types of risk:

- (i) Currency risk
- (ii) Interest rate risk

(i) **Currency risk**

As on reporting date, the Company does not have any exposure to currency risk in respect of foreign currency denominated loans and borrowings and procurement of goods and services whose purchase consideration foreign currency.

(ii) **Interest rate risk**

The company has not taken any loans. Hence, the company does not have any exposure to interest rate risk.

**Note 13 Additional Regulatory Information as per Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013**

- a) There are no cases of immovable properties where title deeds are not in the name of the company.
- b) The company has no Capital Work-in Progress, hence disclosure of Aging of Capital Work in Progress is not applicable
- c) The company has no Capital Work-in Progress, hence disclosure of CWIP completion schedule is not applicable.
- d) The company has no Intangible assets under development, hence disclosure of ageing of Intangible assets under development is not applicable.
- e) The company has no Intangible assets under development, hence disclosure of development completion schedule is not applicable
- f) No proceeding has been initiated or pending against the company for holding any benami property under the Prohibition of Benami Property Transactions Act, 1988 (as amended) and rules made thereunder as at the end of the financial year.
- g) The Company is not sanctioned any working capital limit secured against current assets by any Finance Institutions.
- h) The company was not declared as a wilful defaulter by any bank or financial Institution or other lender during the financial year.
- i) The Company does not have any transactions, balances or relationship with Struck off companies.
- j) The Company does not have any Charges on the Assets of the Company.
- k) The company has complied with the number of layers prescribed under clause (87) of section 2 of the Act read with the Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017 during the financial year.

**l) Ratios**

| Ratio                              | Numerator                                                                     | Denominator                                            | Current Year | Previous Year | Variance | Reason for variance >25% |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|--------------|---------------|----------|--------------------------|
| a) Current Ratio                   | Current Assets                                                                | Current Liabilities                                    | 0.00         | 0.00          | 0%       |                          |
| b) Debt Equity Ratio               | Total Debt                                                                    | Shareholder's Equity                                   | NA           | NA            | -        | -                        |
| c) Debt Service Coverage Ratio     | Profit for the period + Depreciation and amortization expense + Finance costs | Interest & Lease Payments + Principal Repayments       | NA           | NA            | -        | -                        |
| d) Return on Equity Ratio          | Profit for the period                                                         | Average Shareholder's Equity                           | NA           | NA            | -        | -                        |
| e) Inventory turnover ratio        | Revenue from Operations                                                       | Average Inventory                                      | NA           | NA            | -        | -                        |
| f) Trade Receivable Turnover Ratio | Revenue from Operations                                                       | Average Trade Receivables (before deducting provision) | NA           | NA            | -        | -                        |



|                                 |                                                                   |                                                          |    |    |   |   |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|----|----|---|---|
| g) Trade payable turnover ratio | Gross Other Expense (-) FERV, Provisions, Loss on disposal of PPE | Average Trade payables                                   | NA | NA | - | - |
| h) Net capital turnover ratio   | Revenue from Operations                                           | Current Assets - Current Liabilities                     | NA | NA | - | - |
| i) Net profit ratio             | Profit for the period                                             | Revenue from Operations                                  | NA | NA | - | - |
| j) Return on Capital employed   | Earnings before interest and taxes                                | Tangible Net Worth + Total Debt + Deferred Tax Liability | NA | NA | - | - |
| k) Return on investment         | Income from Investment + Capital Appreciation                     | Time weighted Investments                                | NA | NA | - | - |

- m)** The company has not received/advanced or loaned or invested funds (either borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) through Intermediaries during the financial year.
- n)** The Company does not have any transaction that was not recorded in the books of accounts and has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961.
- o)** The Company has not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the financial year.

**Note 14** a) Some balances of Trade Payables shown under Liabilities include balances subject to confirmation/ reconciliation and consequential adjustments if any. However, reconciliations are carried out on ongoing basis. The management does not expect any material adjustment in the books of accounts as a result of the reconciliation.

b) In the opinion of the management, the value of any of the assets other than Property, Plant and Equipment on realization in the ordinary course of business will not be less than the value at which they are stated in the Balance Sheet.

As on the date of Balance sheet, Company does not have any Inventory or own any Property, Plant & Equipment and hence no depreciation provided in the books of accounts. Further, the company being in Loss, Deferred tax provision has not been made as the company is ceased to be a going concern.

**Note 15** Going Concern Assumption

The company was formed as SPV for execution of Vemagiri Transmission system allocated on Tariff Based Competitive Bidding (TBCB). CERC vide order dated 09.05.2013, 27.09.2013, 06.04.2015 interalia stated that Vemagiri Transmission system cannot be executed in its present form and regulatory approval is withdrawn. In this scenario, the company will not be able to do further any activity and ceased to be a going concern.

**Note 16** Disclosure as per Ind AS 115 - "Revenue from Contracts with Customer"

As the Company is not in operation, Ind AS 115 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" is not applicable. The company does not have any contract assets or contract liability as at 31 March, 2026 and 31 March, 2025.

**Note 17** Based on information available with the company, there are no suppliers/service providers who are registered as micro, small or medium enterprise under The Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 (MSMED Act, 2006). Information in respect of micro and small enterprises as required by Companies Act 2013 and MSMED Act, 2006 is given as under:

| (₹ in lakh) |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                      |                      |                      |                      |
|-------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Sr. No.     | Particulars                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | Trade Payables       |                      | Others               |                      |
|             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | As at 31 March, 2026 | As at 31 March, 2025 | As at 31 March, 2026 | As at 31 March, 2025 |
| 1           | Principal amount and interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier as at end of each accounting year:                                                                                                                                                                       |                      |                      |                      |                      |
|             | Principal                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | -                    | -                    | -                    | -                    |
|             | Interest                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | -                    | -                    | -                    | -                    |
| 2           | The amount of Interest paid by the buyer in terms of section 16 of the MSMED Act, 2006 along with the amount of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during each accounting year                                                                               | -                    | -                    | -                    | -                    |
| 3           | The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under MSMED Act, 2006                                                                | -                    | -                    | -                    | -                    |
| 4           | The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year                                                                                                                                                                                              | -                    | -                    | -                    | -                    |
| 5           | The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the MSMED Act 2006 | -                    | -                    | -                    | -                    |

**Note 18 Disclosure as per Ind AS 116 - "Leases"****a) As a Lessor - Finance Leases:**

The company does not have any lease arrangements as a lessor

**b) As a Lessee:**

The company does not have any lease arrangements as a lessee.

**Note 19 Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Expenses**

As per Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 along with Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014 read with DPE guidelines no F.No.15 (13)/2013-DPE (GM), the Company is required to spend, in every financial year, at least two per cent of the average net profits of the Company made during the three immediately preceding financial years in accordance with its CSR Policy.

Since, Company has not satisfied any of the criteria provided in Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013, the Company is not required to spend any amount for CSR activities.

**Note 20 Fair Value Measurement**

(₹ in Lakh)

| Financial Instruments by category   | As at 31 March, 2026 | As at 31 March, 2025 |
|-------------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
|                                     | Amortised cost       | Amortised cost       |
| <b>Financial Assets</b>             |                      |                      |
| Cash & cash Equivalents             | 0.11                 | 0.12                 |
| <b>Total Financial assets</b>       | <b>0.11</b>          | <b>0.12</b>          |
| <b>Financial Liabilities</b>        |                      |                      |
| Trade Payables                      | 0.66                 | 0.43                 |
| <b>Other Financial Liabilities</b>  |                      |                      |
| Other Current Financial Liabilities | 116.54               | 1,943.74             |
| <b>Total financial liabilities</b>  | <b>117.20</b>        | <b>1,944.17</b>      |

This section explains the judgements and estimates made in determining the fair values of the financial instruments that are measured at fair value and financial instruments that are measured at amortised cost and for which fair values are disclosed in the financial statements. To provide an indication about the reliability of the inputs used in determining fair value, the company has classified its financial instruments into the three levels prescribed under the accounting standard. An explanation of each level follows underneath the table.

Financial instruments that are measured at Amortised Cost:

(₹ in lakh)

| Particulars                        | Level | As at 31 March, 2026 |            | As at 31 March, 2025 |            |
|------------------------------------|-------|----------------------|------------|----------------------|------------|
|                                    |       | Carrying Amount      | Fair value | Carrying Amount      | Fair value |
| <b>Financial Liabilities</b>       |       |                      |            |                      |            |
| <b>Total financial liabilities</b> |       | -                    | -          | -                    | -          |

The carrying amounts of trade receivables, trade payables, Bank Balance, cash and cash equivalents, other current financial assets, and other current financial liabilities are considered to be the same as their fair values, due to their short-term nature.

For financial assets that are measured at fair value, the carrying amounts are equal to the fair values.

**Level 1:** Level 1 hierarchy includes financial instruments measured using quoted prices. This includes listed equity bonds which are traded in the stock exchanges, valued using the closing price as at the reporting period.

**Level 2:** The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market (for example, traded bonds) is determined using valuation techniques which maximise the use of observable market data and rely as little as possible on entity-specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in level 2.

**Level 3:** If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3. This is the case for unlisted equity securities, contingent consideration and indemnification assets included in level 3.

There are no transfers between levels 1 and 2 during the year. The company's policy is to recognise transfers into and transfers out of fair value hierarchy levels as at the end of the reporting period.

**Valuation technique used to determine fair value:**

Specific valuation techniques used to value financial instruments includes:

- the use of quoted market prices or dealer quotes for similar instruments
- the fair value of the remaining financial instruments is determined using discounted cash flow analysis.

All of the resulting fair value estimates are included in level 2.

**Note 21 Disclosure as per Ind AS 24 - "Related Party Disclosures"**

**(a) Holding Company**

| Name of entity                          | Place of business/<br>Country of incorporation | Proportion of Ownership Interest |                         |
|-----------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------|
|                                         |                                                | As at 31 March,<br>2026          | As at 31 March,<br>2025 |
| Power Grid Corporation of India Limited | India                                          | 100%                             | 100%                    |

**(b) Subsidiaries of Holding Company**

| Name of entity                                                | Place of business /<br>Country of incorporation |
|---------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|
| POWERGRID NM Transmission Limited                             | India                                           |
| POWERGRID Unchahar Transmission Limited                       | India                                           |
| POWERGRID Southern Interconnector Transmission System Limited | India                                           |
| POWERGRID Medinipur Jeerat Transmission Limited               | India                                           |
| POWERGRID Mithilanchal Transmission Limited                   | India                                           |
| POWERGRID Varanasi Transmission System Limited                | India                                           |
| POWERGRID Jawaharpur Firozabad Transmission Limited           | India                                           |
| POWERGRID Khetri Transmission System Limited                  | India                                           |
| POWERGRID Bhuj Transmission Limited                           | India                                           |
| POWERGRID Bhind Guna Transmission Limited                     | India                                           |
| POWERGRID Ajmer Phagi Transmission Limited                    | India                                           |
| POWERGRID Fatehgarh Transmission Limited                      | India                                           |
| POWERGRID Rampur Sambhal Transmission Limited                 | India                                           |
| POWERGRID Meerut Simbhavali Transmission Limited              | India                                           |
| Central Transmission Utility of India Limited                 | India                                           |
| POWERGRID Ramgarh Transmission Limited                        | India                                           |
| POWERGRID Himachal Transmission Limited                       | India                                           |
| POWERGRID Bikaner Transmission System Limited                 | India                                           |
| POWERGRID Sikar Transmission Limited                          | India                                           |
| POWERGRID Bhadla Transmission Limited                         | India                                           |
| POWERGRID Aligarh Sikar Transmission Limited                  | India                                           |
| POWERGRID Energy Services Limited                             | India                                           |
| POWERGRID Teleservices Limited                                | India                                           |
| POWERGRID Narela Transmission Limited                         | India                                           |
| POWERGRID Gomti Yamuna Transmission Limited                   | India                                           |
| POWERGRID Neemuch Transmission System Limited                 | India                                           |
| POWERGRID ER NER Transmission Limited                         | India                                           |
| POWERGRID Khavda II-B Transmission Limited*                   | India                                           |
| POWERGRID Khavda II-C Transmission Limited                    | India                                           |
| POWERGRID Khavda RE Transmission System Limited*              | India                                           |
| POWERGRID KPS2 Transmission System Limited*                   | India                                           |
| POWERGRID KPS3 Transmission Limited*                          | India                                           |
| POWERGRID ERWR Power Transmission Limited*                    | India                                           |
| POWERGRID Raipur Pool Dhamtari Transmission Limited*          | India                                           |
| POWERGRID Dharamjaigarh Transmission Limited*                 | India                                           |
| POWERGRID Bhadla Sikar Transmission Limited*                  | India                                           |
| POWERGRID Ananthpuram Kurnool Transmission Limited*           | India                                           |
| POWERGRID Bhadla III Transmission Limited#                    | India                                           |
| POWERGRID Beawar dausa Transmission Limited#                  | India                                           |
| POWERGRID Ramgarh II Transmission Limited#                    | India                                           |
| POWERGRID Bikaner Neemrana Transmission Limited#              | India                                           |
| POWERGRID Neemrana Bareilly Transmission Limited*             | India                                           |
| POWERGRID Vataman Transmission Limited                        | India                                           |
| POWERGRID Koppal Gadag Transmission Limited*                  | India                                           |

|                                                                                                                                                                       |       |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|
| POWERGRID Sikar Khetri Transmission Limited#<br>(Erstwhile Sikar Khetri Transmission Limited)                                                                         | India |
| POWERGRID Bidar Transmission limited*<br>(Erstwhile Bidar Transmission Limited)                                                                                       | India |
| POWERGRID Mandsaur Transmission Limited<br>(Erstwhile Rajasthan IV C Power Transmission Limited)                                                                      | India |
| POWERGRID Khavda IV-E2 Power Transmission Limited<br>(Erstwhile Khavda IV-E2 Power Transmission Limited)                                                              | India |
| POWERGRID Mewar Transmission Limited<br>(Erstwhile Rajasthan IV E Power Transmission Limited)                                                                         | India |
| POWERGRID Sirohi Transmission Limited<br>(Erstwhile Sirohi Transmission Limited)                                                                                      | India |
| POWERGRID Beawar-Mandsaur Transmission Limited<br>(Erstwhile Beawar - Mandsaur Transmission Limited)                                                                  | India |
| POWERGRID Khavda PS1 AND 3 Transmission Limited<br>(Erstwhile Khavda PS1 & 3 Transmission Limited)                                                                    | India |
| POWERGRID Bhadla Bikaner Transmission Limited<br>(Erstwhile Bhadla-III & Bikaner-III Transmission Limited)                                                            | India |
| POWERGRID South Olpad Transmission Limited<br>(Erstwhile South Olpad Transmission Limited)                                                                            | India |
| POWERGRID Bhadla-III Power Transmission Limited<br>(Erstwhile Bhadla III Power Transmission Limited)                                                                  | India |
| POWERGRID Kurawar Transmission Limited<br>(Erstwhile Rajasthan IV H1 Power Transmission Limited)                                                                      | India |
| POWERGRID Jam Khambhaliya Transmission Limited<br>(Erstwhile Jam Khambhaliya Transmission Limited)                                                                    | India |
| POWERGRID West Central Transmission Limited<br>(Erstwhile Khavda V-A Power Transmission Limited)                                                                      | India |
| POWERGRID Barmer I Transmission Limited<br>(Erstwhile Barmer I Transmission Limited)                                                                                  | India |
| POWERGRID Bikaner IV Transmission Limited<br>(Erstwhile Bikaner A Power Transmission Limited)                                                                         | India |
| POWERGRID Siwani Transmission Limited<br>(Erstwhile Bikaner B Power Transmission Limited)                                                                             | India |
| POWERGRID Kudankulam Transmission Limited<br>(Erstwhile Kudankulam ISTS Transmission Limited)                                                                         | India |
| POWERGRID GHIROR TRANSMISSION LIMITED<br>(Erstwhile Rajasthan IV 4A Power Transmission Limited)                                                                       | India |
| POWERGRID Koppal Gadag Augmentation Transmission Limited<br>(Erstwhile Gadag II and Koppal II Transmission Limited)                                                   | India |
| POWERGRID KPS 1 and 2 Augmentation Transmission Limited<br>(Erstwhile Khavda V-B1B2 Power Transmission Limited)                                                       | India |
| POWERGRID Bidar Augmentation Transmission Limited<br>(Erstwhile Bidar Transco Limited)                                                                                | India |
| POWERGRID Chitradurga Bellary Transmission Limited<br>(Erstwhile Chitradurga Bellary REZ Transmission Limited)                                                        | India |
| POWERGRID Fatehgarh Barmer Augmentation Transmission Limited<br>(Erstwhile Fatehgarh II And Barmer I PS Transmission Limited)                                         | India |
| POWERGRID Banaskantha Augmentation Transmission Limited<br>(Erstwhile Banaskantha Transco Limited)                                                                    | India |
| POWERGRID KURNOOL-IV TRANSMISSION LIMITED<br>(Erstwhile Kurnool-IV Transmission Limited)                                                                              | India |
| POWERGRID Sirohi Khandwa Transmission Limited<br>(Erstwhile Rajasthan V Power Transmission Limited)                                                                   | India |
| POWERGRID Kurnool-III CPETA Transmission Limited<br>(Erstwhile Kurnool III PS RE Transmission Limited)                                                                | India |
| POWERGRID Mahan Rewa Transmission Limited (Erstwhile MEL Power Transmission Limited)<br>-100% equity acquired by POWERGRID from PFC Consulting Limited on 04-Jun-2025 | India |

|                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |       |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|
| POWERGRID Davanagere Augmentation Transmission Limited (Erstwhile Davanagere Power Transmission Limited)<br>-100% equity acquired by POWERGRID from REC Power Development Consultancy Limited on 24-Sep-2025    | India |
| Vindhyachal Varanasi Transmission Limited (Erstwhile Vindhyachal Varanasi Transmission Limited)<br>-100% equity acquired by POWERGRID from PFC Consulting Limited on 16-Oct-2025                                | India |
| POWERGRID Mandsaur Augmentation Transmission Limited (Erstwhile Mandsaur I RE Transmission Limited)<br>-100% equity acquired by POWERGRID from PFC Consulting Limited on 08-Oct-2025                            | India |
| Powergrid Parli Bidar Transmission Limited (Erstwhile SR WR Power Transmission Limited)<br>-100% equity acquired by POWERGRID from REC Power Development Consultancy Limited on 17-Oct-2025                     | India |
| SR And ER Power Transmission Limited<br>-100% equity acquired by POWERGRID from PFC Consulting Limited on 03-Feb-2026                                                                                           | India |
| NES Pune East New Transmission Limited<br>-100% equity acquired by POWERGRID from PFC Consulting Limited on 12-Mar-2026                                                                                         | India |
| POWERGRID Bellary Davanagere Transmission Limited (Erstwhile Bellary Davanagere Power Transmission Limited)<br>-100% equity acquired by POWERGRID from REC Power Development Consultancy Limited on 12-Feb-2026 | India |

\*Merged with POWERGRID Khavda II-C Transmission Limited w.e.f 01.03.2026

#Merged with POWERGRID Vataman Transmission Limited w.e.f 01.03.2026

**(c) Joint Ventures of Holding company**

| Name of entity                                                                           | Place of business / Country of incorporation |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|
| Powerlinks Transmission Limited                                                          | India                                        |
| Torrent Power Grid Limited*                                                              | India                                        |
| Parbati Koldam Transmission Company Limited                                              | India                                        |
| Sikkim Power Transmission Limited<br>(Erstwhile Teestavalley Power Transmission Limited) | India                                        |
| North East Transmission Company Limited                                                  | India                                        |
| National High Power Test Laboratory Private Limited                                      | India                                        |
| Bihar Grid Company Limited                                                               | India                                        |
| Energy Efficiency Services Limited                                                       | India                                        |
| Cross Border Power Transmission Company Limited                                          | India                                        |
| RINL POWERGRID TLT Private Limited (under process of liquidation)                        | India                                        |
| Butwal-Gorakhpur Cross Border Power Transmission Limited                                 | India                                        |
| Rajasthan Power Grid Transmission Company Limited                                        | India                                        |
| Power Transmission Company Nepal Limited                                                 | Nepal                                        |

\*Ceased to be a JV company of Holding Company w.e.f 30.05.2025

**(d) Associates of Holding Company\***

| Name of entity                                                                          | Place of business/ Country of incorporation |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|
| Kala Amb Transmission Limited (erstwhile POWERGRID Kala Amb Transmission Limited)       | India                                       |
| Jabalpur Power Transmission Limited (erstwhile POWERGRID Jabalpur Transmission Limited) | India                                       |
| Warora Transmission Limited (erstwhile POWERGRID Warora Transmission Limited)           | India                                       |
| Parli Power Transmission Limited (erstwhile POWERGRID Parli Transmission Limited)       | India                                       |

\*The above Companies ceased to be the associate of Holding Company subsequent to the transfer of their Equity Shares by POWERGRID to POWERGRID Infrastructure Investment Trust on 30-12-2024.

**(e) Key Managerial Personnel**

| Name                     | Designation | Date of Appointment | Date of Cessation / Separation |
|--------------------------|-------------|---------------------|--------------------------------|
| Shri D.N. Rozekar        | Chairman    | 21-01-2026          | Continuing                     |
| Shri Ajay Kumar Shukla   | Director    | 07-06-2022          | Continuing                     |
| Smt. Kumud Wadhwa        | Director    | 01-07-2025          | Continuing                     |
| Shri Kailash Kumar Gupta | Chairperson | 10-05-2024          | 21-01-2026                     |
| Smt. Sangeeta Saxena     | Director    | 28-04-2022          | 30-06-2025                     |
|                          |             |                     |                                |

**(f) Government Related Entities**

The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Central Public Sector Undertaking (CPSU) controlled by Central Government by holding majority of shares.

The Company has no business transactions with other entities controlled by the GOI during the year ended 31.03.2026 and 31.03.2025.

**(g) Outstanding balances arising from sales/purchases of goods and services**

The following balances are outstanding at the end of the reporting period in relation to transactions with related parties:

(₹ in lakh)

| Particulars                                                   | As at 31 March, 2026 | As at 31 March, 2025 |
|---------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| <b>Amounts payable</b>                                        |                      |                      |
| <b>Power Grid Corporation of India Ltd. (Holding Company)</b> |                      |                      |
| Other Payables                                                | 116.54               | 1,943.74             |

\*Since the FY 2013-14, in which the Company has charged off CWIP to Revenue, Holding Company is making necessary provision in its Financial Statements against the receivables from the Company and investment made in the Company. The provision is reversed in FY 2025-26 to the extent of acquisition price (Rs. 1827.94 lakh) paid by POWERGRID in line with CERC order dt 07.03.2026

**(h) Transactions with related parties**

The following transactions occurred with related parties (excluding taxes):

(₹ in lakh)

| Particulars                                                   | For the Year ended 31 March, 2026 | For the Year ended 31 March, 2025 |
|---------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| <b>Power Grid Corporation of India Ltd. (Holding Company)</b> |                                   |                                   |
| Expenses of the company paid by POWERGRID                     | 0.75                              | 0.62                              |

**Note 22 Segment Information**

The Board of Directors is the company's Chief operating decision maker who monitors the operating results of its business segments separately for the purpose of making decisions about resource allocation and performance assessment. One reportable segment has been identified on the basis of product/services. The company has a single reportable segment i.e., Power transmission network for transmission system.

The operations of the company are mainly carried out within the country and therefore there is no reportable geographical segment.

**Note 23 Contingent Liabilities and contingent assets****A. Contingent Liabilities**

No contingent liability exists as on 31st March 2026. (As on 31st March 2025 is Nil)

**B. Contingent Assets**

The CERC vide its order dated 06th April 2015, had withdrawn their earlier regulatory approval given vide its order dated 13-Dec-2011 since the transmission project is not required to be implemented as there was no enough gas in the KG Basin to supply to the beneficiaries. M/s Samalkot Power Ltd(M/s SPL), and M/s Spectrum Power generation Limited ( M/s SPGL). CERC further directed that 80% of the acquisition price incurred by M/s Powergrid Vemagiri Transmission Ltd shall be reimbursed by M/s SPL and M/s SPGL to POWERGRID in proportion to the LTA granted to them. The balance 20% and the expenditure incurred by Powergrid Vemagiri Transmission Limited from the date of acquisition till the liquidation of the company shall be borne by POWERGRID. Aggrieved with the said order, M/s SPL and M/s SPGL filed an appeal in APTEL. (Appeal 128 & 171 of 2015). APTEL in order dated 27.05.2025 has erred the findings of CERC and directed CERC to take suitable measures for recovery of acquisition costs by recovery from RECTPCL or through other modes. In compliance with APTEL order, CERC has issued order dt 07.03.2026 directing RECPDCL to pay Rs. 1827.94 lakh towards the acquisition cost of Vemagiri transmission system and amount is received by Holding company on 21.04.2026. However, additional expenditure from date of acquisition and interest and carrying cost was not allowed by CERC, Holding Company has filed appeal in APTEL against CERC Order (DFR 0196/2026) . As such, it is impracticable to estimate the exact financial impact of the same.

The company has recognised revenue as other income to the extent of acquisition cost ( Rs. 1827.94 lakh) during the year as per CERC vide order dt 07.03.2026, which was earlier written off to P&L during FY 2013-14.

**Note 24 Capital management****a) Risk Management**

For the purpose of the company's capital management, equity capital includes issued equity capital and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity holders of the company. The company has ceased to be a going concern and company will not be able to do further any activity.

No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the years ended 31.03.2026 and 31.03.2025.

**Note 25 Earnings per share**

| Particulars                                                                                   | For the Year<br>ended 31<br>March, 2026 | For the Year<br>ended 31 March,<br>2025 |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|
| Basic and diluted earnings per share attributable to the equity holders of the company (in ₹) | 3,653.84                                | (1.08)                                  |
| Total Earnings attributable to the equity holders of the company (₹ in lakh)                  | 1,826.92                                | (0.54)                                  |
| Weighted average number of shares used as the denominator                                     | 50,000.00                               | 50,000.00                               |



## Note 26 Employee Benefits

The Company does not have any permanent employees. The personnel working for the company are from holding company. The employee cost (including retirement benefits such as Gratuity, leave encashment, post-retirement benefits etc.) in respect of personnel working for the company are paid by holding company. Since there are no employees in the company, the obligation as per Ind-AS 19 does not arise. Accordingly, no provision is considered necessary for any retirement benefit like gratuity, leave salary, pension etc., in the books of the company.

## Note 27 Recent Pronouncements

(i) Amendments to Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS)

On 07.05.2025 and 13.08.2025, Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") has notified the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2025 and Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Second Amendment Rules, 2025 respectively, applicable from 01.04.2025 with amendments in Ind AS 21 "The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates", Ind AS1 "Presentation of Financial Statements", Ind AS 7 "Statement of Cash Flows", Ind AS 107 "Financial Instruments Disclosures", Ind AS 12 "Income Taxes". The company has assessed that the amendments have no material impact on the accounts of the company.

(ii) New Labour codes

On 21.11.2025, the Central Government issued four separate notifications in the Official Gazette announcing implementation of four Labour Codes, viz., the Code on Wages, 2019, the Industrial Relations Code, 2020, the Code on Social Security, 2020 and the Occupational Safety, Health and Working Conditions Code, 2020 (Collectively referred to as the "New Labour Codes"). These New Labour codes replace and consolidate the 29 existing labour laws. The Ministry of Labour and Employment published draft Central Rules and FAQs to enable assessment of the financial impact due to changes in regulations. The company has assessed that the New Labour Codes have no material impact on the accounts of the company

**Note 28** a) Figures have been rounded off to nearest rupees in lakh up to two decimals.

b) Previous year figures have been regrouped/ rearranged wherever considered necessary.

### As per our report of even date

#### For BNR Associates

Chartered Accountants

Firm Regn. No. 000289S

MADHALA N V  
GIRISH KUMAR

Digitally signed by MADHALA  
N V GIRISH KUMAR  
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**M N V Girish Kumar**

Partner

Mem. No. 249595

Place: Hyderabad

Date: 07 May, 2026

### For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

DILIP  
NAGESH  
ROZEKAR

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DILIP NAGESH  
ROZEKAR  
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Ajay  
Kumar  
Shukla

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by Ajay Kumar  
Shukla  
Date: 2026.05.07  
12:39:56 +05'30'

**Dilip Nagesh Rozekar**

Chairperson

DIN: 09806223

Place: Gurugram

Date: 07 May, 2026

**A K Shukla**

Director

DIN: 09631803

Place: Gurugram

Date: 07 May, 2026