

POWERGRID UNCHAHAAR TRANSMISSION LIMITED

CIN: U65100DL2012GOI246341

Balance Sheet As at 31st March 2021

(₹ in Lakh)

| Particulars | Note No. | As at 31st March 2021 | As at 31st March 2020 |
|---|----------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| ASSETS | | | |
| NON-CURRENT ASSETS | | | |
| Property, Plant And Equipment | 4 | 5768.37 | 5945.54 |
| Intangible Assets | 5 | 6.78 | 7.00 |
| Other Non-Current Assets | 6 | 22.13 | 20.21 |
| | | 5797.28 | 5972.75 |
| CURRENT ASSETS | | | |
| Financial Assets | | | |
| Trade Receivables | 7 | 203.80 | 291.55 |
| Cash And Cash Equivalents | 8 | 107.20 | 39.82 |
| Other Current Financial Assets | 9 | 233.56 | 278.44 |
| | | 544.56 | 609.81 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | | 6341.84 | 6582.56 |
| EQUITY AND LIABILITIES | | | |
| EQUITY | | | |
| Equity Share Capital | 10 | 1296.11 | 1296.11 |
| Other Equity | 11 | 864.91 | 1148.39 |
| | | 2161.02 | 2444.50 |
| NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES | | | |
| Financial Liabilities | | | |
| Borrowings | 12 | 3481.47 | 3631.94 |
| Deferred Tax Liabilities (Net) | 13 | 433.74 | 26.04 |
| | | 3915.21 | 3657.98 |
| CURRENT LIABILITIES | | | |
| Financial Liabilities | | | |
| Trade Payables | 14 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| (i) total outstanding dues of Micro Enterprises & Small Enterprises | | 139.68 | 73.19 |
| (ii) total outstanding dues of creditors other than Micro Enterprises & Small Enterprises | | | |
| Other Current Financial Liability | 15 | 125.50 | 400.00 |
| Other Current Liabilities | 16 | 0.43 | 6.89 |
| Current Tax Liabilities (Net) | 17 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| | | 265.61 | 480.08 |
| TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES | | 6341.84 | 6582.56 |

The accompanying Notes 1 to 40 form an integral part of Financial Statements

In terms of our Report of even date

For Khanna Thaker & Co

Chartered Accountants

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

ABHINAV KHANNA
Digitally signed by
ABHINAV KHANNA
Date: 2021.05.27
18:11:23 +05'30'

(Abhinav Khanna)
Partner
Membership No.- 405987
FRN:- 001265C
Place: Lucknow

Seema Gupta
Digitally signed by
Seema Gupta
Date: 2021.05.27
17:30:16 +05'30'

Seema Gupta
Chairperson
DIN:- 06636330

Place: Gurugram

A K SINGHAL
Digitally signed by
A K SINGHAL
Date: 2021.05.27
17:30:51 +05'30'

Ashok Kumar Singhal
Director
DIN:- 08578420

Place: New Delhi

Purshottam Agarwal
Digitally signed by
Purshottam Agarwal
Date: 2021.05.27
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Purshottam Agarwal
CEO
PAN: ABWPA7859E

Place: Gurugram

AMIT GARG
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Amit Garg
Date: 2021.05.27
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Amit Garg
CFO
PAN: ACSPG1833F

Place: Gurugram

Anjana Luthra
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Anjana Luthra
Date: 2021.05.27
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Anjana Luthra
Company Secretary
PAN: ABYPL2312H

Place: New Delhi

Date: 27.05.2021

POWERGRID UNCHAHAR TRANSMISSION LIMITED
CIN: U65100DL2012GOI246341
Statement of Profit and Loss For the year ended 31st March 2021

(₹ in Lakh)

| | Particulars | Note No | For the Year ended 31 March 2021 | For the Year ended 31 March 2020 |
|------|---|---------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| | Income | | | |
| I | Revenue from operations | 18 | 2,137.48 | 2,190.87 |
| II | Other income | 19 | 41.84 | 18.87 |
| III | Total Income (I+II) | | 2,179.32 | 2,209.74 |
| IV | Expenses | | | |
| | Employee benefits expense | 20 | 347.91 | 28.07 |
| | Finance costs | 21 | 315.68 | 362.04 |
| | Depreciation and amortization expenses | 22 | 177.39 | 386.64 |
| | Other expenses | 23 | 245.43 | 72.35 |
| | Total Expenses (IV) | | 1,086.41 | 849.10 |
| V | Profit before Tax (III-IV) | | 1,092.91 | 1,360.64 |
| VI | Tax Expense | | | |
| | Current tax | | 191.03 | 237.73 |
| | Deferred Tax | | 407.70 | 158.92 |
| | Tax Expense (VI) | | 598.73 | 396.65 |
| VII | Profit for the period (V-VI) | | 494.18 | 963.99 |
| VIII | Other comprehensive income | | - | - |
| IX | Total comprehensive income for the period (VII+VIII) | | 494.18 | 963.99 |
| X | Earning Per Equity Share (Par Value ₹ 10/- each) | | | |
| | Basic (in ₹) | | 3.81 | 7.44 |
| | Diluted (in ₹) | | 3.81 | 7.44 |

The accompanying Notes 1 to 40 form an integral part of Financial Statements

In terms of our Report of even date
For Khanna Thaker & Co
Chartered Accountants

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

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ABHINAV KHANNA
Date: 2021.05.27
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(Abhinav Khanna)
Partner
Membership No.- 405987
FRN:- 001265C
Place: Lucknow

Seema Gupta Digitally signed by
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Date: 2021.05.27
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Seema Gupta
Chairperson
DIN:- 06636330

Place: Gurugram

A K SINGHAL Digitally signed by
A K SINGHAL
Date: 2021.05.27
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Ashok Kumar Singhal
Director
DIN:- 08578420

Place: New Delhi

Purshotta m Agarwal Digitally signed by
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Date: 2021.05.27
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Purshottam Agarwal
CEO
PAN: ABWPA7859E

Place: Gurugram

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Date: 2021.05.27
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Amit Garg
CFO
PAN: ACSPG1833F

Place: Gurugram

Anjana Luthra Digitally signed by
Anjana Luthra
Date: 2021.05.27 17:19:44
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Anjana Luthra
Company Secretary
PAN: ABYPL2312H

Place: New Delhi

Date: 27.05.2021

POWERGRID UNCHAHAR TRANSMISSION LIMITED
CIN: U65100DL2012GOI246341
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

(₹ in Lakh)

| Particulars | For the year ended | |
|---|--------------------|-------------------|
| | 31.03.2021 | 31.03.2020 |
| A. Cash Flow from Operating Activities: | | |
| Net profit before Tax | 1,092.91 | 1,360.64 |
| Add: Depreciation | 177.39 | 386.64 |
| Add: interest expense | 315.68 | 362.04 |
| Opertating Profit before Working Capital Changes | 1,585.98 | 2,109.32 |
| Adjsutments for Increase/Decrease in: | | |
| (Increase)/Decrease in Trade Receivables | 87.75 | 13.05 |
| (Increase)/Decrease in Other Current Financial Assets | 44.88 | 20.00 |
| (Increase)/Decrease in other non Current Assets | 5.83 | - |
| Increase/(Decrease) in Trade Payables | 66.49 | 63.09 |
| Increase/(Decrease) in Other Current Financial Liability | 0.50 | - |
| Increase/(Decrease) in Other Current Liabilities | (6.46) | 6.89 |
| Cash Generated from Operations | 1,784.97 | 2,212.35 |
| -Tax Paid | (200.00) | (250.00) |
| -Tax Refund Received | 1.22 | - |
| Net Cash (used in)/from Operating Activities | 1,586.19 | 1,962.35 |
| B. Cash Flow from investing Activities: | | |
| Property, Plant & Equipments and CWIP | - | (8.59) |
| Net Cash (used in)/from Investing Activities | - | (8.59) |
| C. Cash Flow from Financing Activities: | | |
| Repayment of Loans Borrowings | (425.47) | (600.07) |
| Interest paid during the year | (315.68) | (362.04) |
| Final Dividend paid | (129.61) | (259.22) |
| Tax on Final Dividend | - | (53.28) |
| Interim Dividend Paid | (648.05) | (550.85) |
| Tax on interim Dividend | - | (113.23) |
| Cash Flow (used in)/from Financing Activities: | (1,518.81) | (1,938.69) |
| D. Net change in Cash and Cash equivalents(A+B+C) | 67.38 | 15.07 |
| E. Cash and Cash equivalents(opening balance) | 39.82 | 24.75 |
| F. Cash and Cash equivalents(closing balance)(Note no 8) | 107.20 | 39.82 |

The accompanying Notes 1 to 40 form an integral part of Financial Statements

Note :

- Cash and Cash equivalents consist of balances with banks.
- Previous year figures have been re-grouped/re-arranged wherever necessary

In terms of our Report of even date
For Khanna Thaker & Co
Chartered Accountants

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

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ABHINAV KHANNA
Date: 2021.05.27
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(Abhinav Khanna)
Partner
Membership No.- 405987
FRN:- 001265C
Place: Lucknow

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Place: Gurugram

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Company Secretary
PAN: ABYPL2312H

Place: New Delhi

Date: 27.05.2021

POWERGRID UNCHAHAR TRANSMISSION LIMITED

CIN: U65100DL2012GOI246341

Statement of Changes in Equity for the Year ended 31st March 2021

| A. Equity Share Capital (₹ in Lakh) | |
|-------------------------------------|---------|
| As at 1st April, 2020 | 1296.11 |
| Changes in equity share capital | 0 |
| Balance at 31st March, 2021 | 1296.11 |
| As at 1st April, 2019 | 1296.11 |
| Changes in equity share capital | 0 |
| Balance at 31st March, 2020 | 1296.11 |

| B. Other Equity (₹ in Lakh) | | | |
|---|------------------------|-------------------|----------|
| Particulars | Reserves and Surplus | | Total |
| | Self Insurance Reserve | Retained Earnings | |
| Balance at 1st April, 2020 | 26.25 | 1,122.14 | 1,148.39 |
| Total Comprehensive Income for the year | - | 494.18 | 494.18 |
| Final Dividend paid (FY 2019-20) | - | (129.61) | (129.61) |
| Interim Dividend paid (FY 2020-21) | - | (648.05) | (648.05) |
| Transfer to/from retained earnings | 8.75 | (8.75) | - |
| Balance at 31st March, 2021 | 35.00 | 829.91 | 864.91 |
| Balance at 1st April, 2019 | 17.50 | 1,143.48 | 1,160.98 |
| Total Comprehensive Income for the year | - | 963.99 | 963.99 |
| Final Dividend paid (FY 2018-19) | - | (259.22) | (259.22) |
| Tax on Final Dividend (FY 2018-19) | - | (53.28) | (53.28) |
| Interim Dividend paid (FY 2019-20) | - | (550.85) | (550.85) |
| Tax on Interim Dividend (FY 2019-20) | - | (113.23) | (113.23) |
| Transfer to/from retained earnings | 8.75 | (8.75) | - |
| Balance at 31st March, 2020 | 26.25 | 1,122.14 | 1,148.39 |

The accompanying Notes 1 to 40 form an integral part of Financial Statements
Refer to Note No. 11 for nature and movement of reserve and surplus

In terms of our Report of even date
For Khanna Thaker & Co
Chartered Accountants

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

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Anjana Luthra
Company Secretary
PAN: ABYPL2312H

Place: New Delhi

Date: 27.05.2021

POWERGRID UNCHAHAR TRANSMISSION LIMITED

Note 4/Property, Plant and Equipment

(₹ in Lakh)

| Particulars | Cost | | | | | Accumulated depreciation | | | | | Net Book Value |
|------------------------------|----------------------|---------------------------|-------------|----------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|-------------|----------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| | As at 1st April,2020 | Additions during the year | Disposal | Adjustment during the year | As at 31st March 2021 | As at 1st April,2020 | Additions during the year | Disposal | Adjustment during the year | As at 31st March 2021 | As at 31st March 2021 |
| Plant & Equipment | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Transmission Line | 7292.70 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 7292.70 | 1347.16 | 177.17 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 1524.33 | 5768.37 |
| Total | 7292.70 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 7292.70 | 1347.16 | 177.17 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 1524.33 | 5768.37 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | (₹ in Lakh) |
| Particulars | As at 1st April,2019 | Additions during the year | Disposal | Adjustment during the year | As at 31st March 2020 | As at 1st April,2019 | Additions during the year | Disposal | Adjustment during the year | As at 31st March 2020 | As at 31st March 2020 |
| Plant & Equipment | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Transmission Line | 7292.70 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 7292.70 | 962.11 | 385.05 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 1347.16 | 5945.54 |
| Previous Year Total | 7292.70 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 7292.70 | 962.11 | 385.05 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 1347.16 | 5945.54 |

POWERGRID UNCHAHAR TRANSMISSION LIMITED

Note 5/Intangible Assets

(₹ in Lakh)

| Particulars | Cost | | | | | Accumulated depreciation | | | | | Net Book Value |
|-------------------------------------|----------------------|---------------------------|-------------|----------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|-------------|----------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| | As at 1st April,2020 | Additions during the year | Disposal | Adjustment during the year | As at 31st March 2021 | As at 1st April,2020 | Additions during the year | Disposal | Adjustment during the year | As at 31st March 2021 | As at 31st March 2021 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Right of Way-Afforestation Expenses | 8.59 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 8.59 | 1.59 | 0.22 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 1.81 | 6.78 |
| Total | 8.59 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 8.59 | 1.59 | 0.22 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 1.81 | 6.78 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | (₹ in Lakh) |
| Particulars | As at 1st April,2019 | Additions during the year | Disposal | Adjustment during the year | As at 31st March 2020 | As at 1st April,2019 | Additions during the year | Disposal | Adjustment during the year | As at 31st March 2020 | As at 31st March 2020 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Right of Way-Afforestation Expenses | 0.00 | 8.59 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 8.59 | 0.00 | 1.59 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 1.59 | 7.00 |
| Previous Year Total | 0.00 | 8.59 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 8.59 | 0.00 | 1.59 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 1.59 | 7.00 |

POWERGRID UNCHAHAR TRANSMISSION LIMITED

Note 6/Other non-current Assets

(Unsecured considered good unless otherwise stated)

(₹ in Lakh)

| Particulars | As at 31st March 2021 | As at 31st March 2020 |
|---|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Others | | |
| Advance tax and TDS | 450.00 | 729.27 |
| Deposit made with CDSL | 0.90 | 0.90 |
| TOTAL | 450.90 | 730.17 |
| Net off against Current Tax Liabilities | 428.77 | 709.96 |
| Closing Balance | 22.13 | 20.21 |

POWERGRID UNCHAHAR TRANSMISSION LIMITED**Note 7/Trade receivables**

(₹ in Lakh)

| Particulars | | As at 31st March 2021 | As at 31st March 2020 |
|----------------------------|--------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Trade Receivable-Unsecured | | | |
| -Considered Good | 203.80 | | 291.55 |
| -Credit Impaired | 4.20 | | 4.02 |
| | | 208.00 | 295.57 |
| Less: Loss Allowance | | 4.20 | 4.02 |
| Total | | 203.80 | 291.55 |

Refer Note 38 for disclosure as per Ind AS 115 “Revenue from Contracts with Customers”

POWERGRID UNCHAHAR TRANSMISSION LIMITED

Note 8/Cash and Cash Equivalents

(₹ in Lakh)

| Particulars | As at 31st March 2021 | As at 31st March 2020 |
|----------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Balance with banks- | | |
| -In Current accounts | 107.20 | 39.82 |
| Total | 107.20 | 39.82 |

POWERGRID UNCHAHAR TRANSMISSION LIMITED

Note 9/Other Current Financial Assets

(Unsecured considered good unless otherwise stated)

(₹ in Lakh)

| Particulars | As at 31st March 2021 | As at 31st March 2020 |
|-------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Unbilled Revenue* | 233.56 | 278.44 |
| Total | 233.56 | 278.44 |

Further notes:

*Unbilled revenue represent transmission charges and surcharge for the month of March 2021 amounting to ₹ 174.16 Lakhs and ₹ 4.78 Lakhs respectively (Previous year ₹ 183.63 lakhs and 3.86 lakhs) billed to beneficiaries in the subsequent month i.e. April 2021 and transmission incentive of ₹ 54.62 Lakhs to be billed in FY 2021-22 (previous year ₹ 90.95 lakhs). Further Refer Note no. 38 for disclosure as per Ind AS 115 "Revenue From Contract With Customers"

POWERGRID UNCHAHAR TRANSMISSION LIMITED

Note 10/Equity Share capital

(₹ in Lakh)

| Particulars | As at 31st March,2021 | As at 31st March,2020 |
|--|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Equity Share Capital | | |
| Authorised | | |
| 14000000 (Previous year 14000000) equity share of ₹ 10/- each | 1400.00 | 1400.00 |
| Issued, subscribed and paid up | | |
| 12961067 (Previous Year 12961067) equity shares of ₹ 10/-each at par fully paid up | 1296.11 | 1296.11 |
| Total | 1296.11 | 1296.11 |

Further Notes:

1) Reconciliation of Number and amount of share capital outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting period

| Particulars | For the year ended 31st March, 2021 | | For the year ended 31st March, 2020 | |
|---|-------------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------|
| | No.of Shares | Amount (₹ in Lakh) | No.of Shares | Amount (₹ in Lakh) |
| Shares outstanding at the beginning of the year | 12961067 | 1,296.11 | 12961067 | 1,296.11 |
| Addition during the year | - | - | - | - |
| Deletion during the year | - | - | - | - |
| Shares outstanding at the end of the year | 12961067 | 1,296.11 | 12961067 | 1,296.11 |

2) The Company has only one class of equity shares having a per value of ₹10/- per share.

3) The holders of equity shares are entitled to receive dividends as declared from time to time and are entitled to voting rights proportionate to their shareholding at meetings of the Shareholders.

4) Shareholders holding more than 5% equity shares of the Company

| Particulars | As at 31st March,2021 | | As at 31st March,2020 | |
|---|-----------------------|--------------|-----------------------|--------------|
| | No.of Shares | % of holding | No.of Shares | % of holding |
| Power Grid Corporation of India Limited # | 12961067 | 100% | 12961067 | 100% |

Out of 12961067 Equity Shares (Previous Year 12961067 Equity Shares), 6 Equity Shares are held by Nominees of M/s Power Grid Corporation of India Limited on its behalf.

POWERGRID UNCHAHAR TRANSMISSION LIMITED

Note 11/Other Equity

(₹ in Lakh)

| Particulars | | As at 31st March,2021 | As at 31st March,2020 |
|--------------------------------------|----------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Self Insurance Reserve* | | | |
| As per last balance sheet | 26.25 | | 17.50 |
| Addition during the year | 8.75 | | 8.75 |
| Deduction during the year | - | | - |
| Closing Balance | | 35.00 | 26.25 |
| Retained Earnings | | | |
| Balance at the beginning of the year | 1,122.14 | | 1,143.48 |
| Add : Net Profit for the period | 494.18 | | 963.99 |
| Less: Self Insurance Reserve | 8.75 | | 8.75 |
| Less: Final Dividend paid | 129.61 | | 259.22 |
| Less: Tax on Final Dividend | - | | 53.28 |
| Less: Interim Dividend paid | 648.05 | | 550.85 |
| Less: Tax on Interim Dividend | - | | 113.23 |
| Closing Balance | | 829.91 | 1,122.14 |
| Total | | 864.91 | 1,148.39 |

*Self-insurance reserve is created @ 0.12% p.a. on Original Gross Block of Property, Plant and Equipment and value of inventory except ROU assets and assets covered under insurance as at the end of the year by appropriation of current year profit to mitigate future losses from un-insured risks and for taking care of contingencies in future by procurement of towers and other transmission line materials including strengthening of towers and equipment of AC substation. The Reserve created as above is shown as "Self Insurance Reserve" under 'Other Equity'.

POWERGRID UNCHAHAR TRANSMISSION LIMITED

Note 12/ Borrowings

(₹ in Lakh)

| Description | As at 31st March,2021 | As at 31st March,2020 |
|---|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Unsecured | | |
| Loan from Power Grid Corporation of India Limited (Holding Company) | 3606.47 | 4031.94 |
| Less: Current Maturities of Long Term Loan | 125.00 | 400.00 |
| TOTAL | 3481.47 | 3631.94 |

Note: i) The Inter Corporate loan is provided by the Holding company on cost to cost basis. The various sources of Loans being extended to the company by Holding Company are Fixed Interest and floating interest rate which get reset periodically.

ii) There has been no default in repayment of loan or payment of interest thereon during the year.

iii) Based on availability of funds after considering working capital requirement for following two months, retention payment against CAPEX, if any and projected Dividend (including Dividend Distribution Tax), company is making monthly repayments of ICL.

iv) Disclosure with regard to Loans to/from related parties is given in note 31.

POWERGRID UNCHAHAR TRANSMISSION LIMITED**Note 13/Deferred tax Liability (Net)**

(₹ in Lakh)

| Particulars | As at 31st March,2021 | As at 31st March,2020 |
|---|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Deferred Tax Assets (A) | | |
| Unused Tax Credits (MAT Credit Entitlement) | 444.22 | 484.69 |
| Credit Impaired | 1.22 | 0.00 |
| Deferred Tax Liability (B) | | |
| Depreciation difference in Property Plant and Equipment (Net) | 879.18 | 510.73 |
| Net Deferred Tax (Asset)/Liability (B-A) | 433.74 | 26.04 |

Movement in Deferred Tax Asset

(₹ in Lakhs)

| Particulars | Credit Impaired | Accumulated Losses | MAT Credit Entitlement | Total |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|---------------|
| As at 1st April 2019 | - | 197.92 | 407.94 | 605.86 |
| Charged/ (Credited) to Profit or Loss | - | 197.92 | (76.75) | 121.17 |
| As at 31st March,2020 | - | - | 484.69 | 484.69 |
| Charged/ (Credited) to Profit or Loss | -1.22 | - | 40.47 | 39.25 |
| As at 31st March,2021 | 1.22 | - | 444.22 | 445.44 |

Movement in Deferred Tax Liability

(₹ in Lakhs)

| Particulars | Depreciation Difference in Property Plant and Equipment | Total |
|---------------------------------------|---|-----------------|
| As at 1st April 2019 | (472.98) | (472.98) |
| Charged/ (Credited) to Profit or Loss | 37.75 | 37.75 |
| As at 31st March,2020 | (510.73) | -510.73 |
| Charged/ (Credited) to Profit or Loss | 368.45 | 368.45 |
| As at 31st March,2021 | (879.18) | (879.18) |

Amount taken to Statement of Profit and Loss

(₹ in Lakhs)

| Particulars | For the year ended 31st March,2021 | For the year ended 31st March,2020 |
|---|--|--|
| Increase/(Decrease) in Deferred Tax Liabilities | 368.45 | 37.75 |
| (Increase)/Decrease in Deferred Tax Assets | 39.25 | 121.17 |
| Net Amount taken to Statement of Profit and Loss | 407.70 | 158.92 |

POWERGRID UNCHAHAR TRANSMISSION LIMITED

Note 14/Trade Payables

(₹ in Lakh)

| Particulars | As at 31st March,2021 | As at 31st March,2020 |
|---|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| (i) total outstanding dues of Micro & Small Enterprises | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| (ii) total outstanding dues of other than Micro & Small Enterprises | | |
| a. For Goods and Services | 0.78 | 0.86 |
| b. Payable to POWERGRID (Related Party) | 138.90 | 72.33 |
| Total | 139.68 | 73.19 |

Further Notes:

- i) Disclosure with regard to Micro and Small enterprises as required under “The Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006” is given in Note No 29.
- ii) Disclosure with regard to Outstanding balances arising from sales/purchases of goods and services with related parties is given in note 31.

POWERGRID UNCHAHAR TRANSMISSION LIMITED

Note 15/Other Current Financial Liability

(₹ in Lakh)

| Particulars | As at 31st March,2021 | As at 31st March,2020 |
|---|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Current Maturities of Long term Borrowings | | |
| Unsecured Loan from Power Grid Corporation of India Ltd., (Holding Company) | 125.00 | 400.00 |
| Others | 0.50 | 0.00 |
| Total | 125.50 | 400.00 |

Further Note:

1. There has been no default in repayment of loan or payment of interest thereon during the year.
2. Current maturity of long term borrowings have been taken from the repayment schedule as agreed by Power Grid Corporation of India Ltd. (Holding Company) and Powergrid Unchahar Transmission Limited
- 3) Disclosure with regard to Loans to/from related parties is given in note 31.

POWERGRID UNCHAHAR TRANSMISSION LIMITED**Note 16/Other current liabilities**

(₹ in Lakh)

| Particulars | As at 31st March,2021 | As at 31st March,2020 |
|--------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Statutory dues | 0.43 | 6.89 |
| Total | 0.43 | 6.89 |

POWERGRID UNCHAHAR TRANSMISSION LIMITED**Note 17/Current Tax Liabilities (Net)**

(₹ in Lakh)

| Particulars | As at 31st March,2021 | As at 31st March,2020 |
|--|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Taxation (Including interest on tax) | | |
| As per last balance sheet | 709.96 | 472.23 |
| Addition during the year | 191.03 | 237.73 |
| Amount adjusted during the year | 472.22 | 0.00 |
| Total | 428.77 | 709.96 |
| Net off against Advance tax and TDS | 428.77 | 709.96 |
| Closing Balance | 0.00 | 0.00 |

POWERGRID UNCHAHAR TRANSMISSION LIMITED**Note 18/Revenue from operations**

(₹ in Lakh)

| Particulars | For the Year ended 31 March 2021 | For the Year ended 31 March 2020 |
|-------------------------|---|---|
| Sale of Services | | |
| Transmission Charges | 2137.48 | 2190.87 |
| Total | 2137.48 | 2190.87 |

Refer Note 38 for disclosure as per Ind AS 115 “Revenue from Contracts with Customers”

POWERGRID UNCHAHAR TRANSMISSION LIMITED**Note 19/Other income**

(₹ in Lakh)

| Particulars | For the Year ended 31 March 2021 | For the Year ended 31 March 2020 |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| Surcharge | 41.09 | 18.87 |
| Provisions written back | 0.75 | 0.00 |
| Total | 41.84 | 18.87 |

POWERGRID UNCHAHAR TRANSMISSION LIMITED**Note 20/ Employee benefits expense**

(₹ in Lakh)

| Particulars | For the Year ended 31 March 2021 | For the Year ended 31 March 2020 |
|--|-------------------------------------|--|
| Payment by Power Grid Corporation of India Ltd. | | |
| Salaries wages allowances and benefits | 303.59 | 24.46 |
| Contribution to provident and other funds | 32.72 | 2.81 |
| Staff Welfare expenses (Inc.defered emp.cost) | 11.60 | 0.80 |
| Total | 347.91 | 28.07 |

Further Notes:

- i) Refer Note 26 for further disclosure regarding employee benefit expense.
- ii) Disclosure with regard to Transactions with related parties is given in note 31.

POWERGRID UNCHAHAR TRANSMISSION LIMITED

Note 21/Finance costs

(₹ in Lakh)

| Particulars | For the Year ended 31 March 2021 | For the Year ended 31 March 2020 |
|---|--|--|
| Interest and finance charges on financial liabilities at amortised cost | | |
| Interest on Loan from Power Grid Corporation of India Limited (Holding Company) | 313.92 | 361.45 |
| Interest Others | 0.29 | 0.00 |
| Other Finance charges (Custody Fees) | 1.47 | 0.59 |
| Total | 315.68 | 362.04 |

Further Notes:

i) Disclosure with regard to interest on loan from related parties is given in note 31.

POWERGRID UNCHAHAR TRANSMISSION LIMITED

Note 22/Depreciation and amortization expense

(₹ in Lakh)

| Particulars | For the Year ended 31 March 2021 | For the Year ended 31 March 2020 |
|---|--|--|
| Depreciation on Property, Plant and Equipment | 177.17 | 385.05 |
| Amortization of Intangible assets | 0.22 | 1.59 |
| Total | 177.39 | 386.64 |

Up to year ended 31st March 2020, the Company has been charging depreciation as per the rates and methodology notified by CERC Tariff Regulations. During the year ended 31st March 2021, the Company has conducted operational efficiency review of its plant and based on the technical evaluation performed, the Company has reassessed the useful life, residual value and methodology of depreciation of items of Property, Plant & Equipment (PP&E) and Intangible Assets. As per the technical evaluation, the pattern of consumption of economic benefits is assessed as straight line basis over the period of respective useful life; and estimated residual value of items of Property, Plant & Equipment (PP&E) is assessed as 5% in line with the Companies Act, 2013.

The above change in useful lives, residual value and method of depreciation is considered as change in accounting estimate and accordingly, the Company has charged the depreciation in the year ended 31st March 2021, based on revised useful lives on straight line basis prospectively. This has resulted in decrease in depreciation for the year ended 31 March 2021 by an amount of Rs. 208.12 Lakhs with corresponding increase in Profit Before Tax and also lead to overall increase in depreciation by an amount of Rs. 364.64 Lakhs over the remaining useful life of assets due to reduction in residual value

POWERGRID UNCHAHAR TRANSMISSION LIMITED**Note 23/Other expenses**

(₹ in Lakh)

| Particulars | For the Year ended 31 March 2021 | For the Year ended 31 March 2020 |
|---|--|--|
| Repair & Maintenance | | |
| Plant & Machinery | | |
| Transmission lines (Power Grid Corporation of India Ltd.) | 149.44 | 42.48 |
| System & Market Op. Charges | 3.17 | 3.07 |
| Training Expenses (Power Grid Corporation of India Ltd.) | 0.31 | 0.00 |
| Professional charges(Including TA/DA) | 0.14 | 0.28 |
| Communication expenses (Power Grid Corporation of India Ltd.) | 0.73 | 0.06 |
| A Travel & conv.exp. (Power Grid Corporation of India Ltd.) | 6.43 | 1.41 |
| Payments to Statutory Auditors | | |
| Audit Fees including GST/Service Tax | 0.94 | 0.94 |
| Tax Audit Fees | 0.12 | 0.12 |
| Short Term Lease (Power Grid Corporation of India Ltd.) | 33.48 | 3.24 |
| CERC petition & Other charges | 5.00 | 5.00 |
| Miscellaneous expenses | 0.01 | 0.01 |
| Meeting expenses (Power Grid Corporation of India Ltd.) | 15.39 | 0.95 |
| Directors Sitting Fees | 5.43 | 0.00 |
| Exp on Corporate Social Responsibility | 23.92 | 14.79 |
| Bad and Doubtful Debts | 0.92 | 0.00 |
| Total | 245.43 | 72.35 |

Further Notes:

i) Disclosure with regard to Transactions with related parties is given in note 31.

Notes to Financial Statements

1. Corporate and General Information

POWERGRID Unchahar Transmission Limited ("the Company") is a public company domiciled and incorporated in India under the provisions of Companies Act and a wholly owned subsidiary of Power Grid Corporation of India Limited. The registered office of the Company is situated at B-9, Qutab Institutional Area, Katwaria Sarai, New Delhi-110 016, India.

The company is engaged in business of Power Systems Network, construction, operation and maintenance of transmission lines and other related allied activities.

The Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended 31st March, 2021 were approved for issue by the Board of Directors on 27 May , 2021.

2. Significant Accounting Policies

A summary of the significant accounting policies applied in the preparation of the financial statements are as given below. These accounting policies have been applied consistently to all periods presented in the financial statements

2.1 Basis of Preparation

i) Compliance with Ind AS

The financial statements are prepared in compliance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act), Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 (to the extent notified), The Companies Act, 1956 and the provisions of Electricity Act, 2003, in each case, to the extent applicable and as amended thereafter.

ii) Basis of Measurement

The financial statements have been prepared on accrual basis and under the historical cost convention except certain financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value (Refer Note no. 2.11 for accounting policy regarding financial instruments).

iii) Functional and presentation currency

The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (Rupees or ₹), which is the Company's functional and presentation currency and all amounts are rounded to the nearest lakhs and two decimals thereof, except as stated otherwise.

iv) Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements requires estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Although, such estimates and assumptions are made on a reasonable and prudent basis taking into account all available information, actual results could differ from these estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future years (refer Note no. 3 on critical accounting estimates, assumptions and judgments).

v) Current and non-current classification

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/non-current classification.

An asset is current when it is:

- Expected to be realized or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle;
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- Expected to be realized within twelve months after the reporting period; or
- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is current when:

- It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle;
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period; or
- There is no unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

Deferred tax assets/liabilities are classified as non-current.

The Company recognizes twelve months period as its operating cycle.

2.2 Property, Plant and Equipment

Initial Recognition and Measurement

Property, Plant and Equipment is initially measured at cost of acquisition/construction including any costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management. After initial recognition, Property, Plant and Equipment is carried at cost less accumulated depreciation / amortisation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Property, Plant and Equipment acquired as replacement of the existing assets are capitalized and its corresponding replaced assets removed/ retired from active use are derecognized.

If the cost of the replaced part or earlier inspection component is not available, the estimated cost of similar new parts/inspection component is used as an indication of what the cost of the existing part/ inspection component was when the item was acquired or inspection was carried out.

In the case of commissioned assets, where final settlement of bills with contractors is yet to be effected, capitalization is done on provisional basis subject to necessary adjustments in the year of final settlement.

Transmission system assets are considered as ready for intended use after meeting the conditions for commercial operation as stipulated in Transmission Service Agreement (TSA) and capitalized accordingly.

The cost of land includes provisional deposits, payments/liabilities towards compensation, rehabilitation and other expenses wherever possession of land is taken.

Expenditure on leveling, clearing and grading of land is capitalized as part of cost of the related buildings.

Spares parts whose cost is ₹5,00,000/- and above, standby equipment and servicing equipment which meets the recognition criteria of Property, Plant and Equipment are capitalized.

Subsequent costs

Subsequent expenditure is recognized as an increase in carrying amount of assets when it is probable that future economic benefits deriving from the cost incurred will flow to the company and cost of the item can be measured reliably.

The cost of replacing part of an item of Property, Plant and Equipment is recognized in the carrying amount of the item if it is probable that future economic benefit embodied within the part will flow to the company and its cost can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognized. The costs of the day-to-day servicing of property, plant and equipment are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss as incurred.

Derecognition

An item of Property, Plant and Equipment is derecognized when no future economic benefits are expected from their use or upon disposal.

The gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss on the date of disposal or retirement.

2.3 Capital Work-In-Progress (CWIP)

Cost of material, erection charges and other expenses incurred for the construction of Property, Plant and Equipment are shown as CWIP based on progress of erection work till the date of capitalization.

Expenditure of office and Projects, directly attributable to construction of property, plant and equipment are identified and allocated on a systematic basis to the cost of the related assets.

Interest during construction and expenditure (net) allocated to construction as per policy above are kept as a separate item under CWIP and apportioned to the assets being capitalized in proportion to the closing balance of CWIP.

Unsettled liability for price variation/exchange rate variation in case of contracts is accounted for on estimated basis as per terms of the contracts.

2.4 Intangible Assets and Intangible Assets under development

Intangible assets are measured on initial recognition at cost. After initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses.

Subsequent expenditure on already capitalized Intangible assets is capitalised when it increases the future economic benefits embodied in an existing asset and is amortised prospectively.

The cost of software(which is not an integral part of the related hardware) acquired for internal use and resulting in significant future economic benefits is recognized as an intangible asset when the same is ready for its use.

Afforestation charges for acquiring right-of-way for laying transmission lines are accounted for as intangible assets on the date of capitalization of related transmission lines.

Expenditure on development shall be recognised as Intangible asset if it meets the eligibility criteria as per Ind AS 38 'Intangible Assets', otherwise it shall be recognised as an expense.

Expenditure incurred, eligible for capitalization under the head Intangible Assets, are carried as "Intangible Assets under Development" till such assets are ready for their intended use.

An item of Intangible asset is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss when the asset is derecognised.

2.5 Depreciation / Amortisation

Property, Plant and Equipment

Depreciation/ Amortisation on the items of Property, Plant and Equipment related to transmission business is provided on straight line method based on the useful life specified in Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013 except for the following items of property, plant and equipment on which depreciation is provided based on estimated useful life as per technical assessment and considering the terms of Transmission Service Agreement entered with Long Term Transmission Customers.

| Particulars | Useful life |
|------------------------------------|-------------|
| a. Computers and Peripherals | 3 Years |
| b. Servers and Network Components | 5 years |
| c. Buildings (RCC frame structure) | 35 years |
| d. Transmission line | 35 years |
| e. Substation Equipment | 35 years |

Depreciation on spares parts, standby equipment and servicing equipment which are capitalized, is provided on straight line method from the date they are available for use over the remaining useful life of the related assets of transmission business.

Mobile phones are charged off in the year of purchase.

Residual value is considered as 5% of the Original Cost for all items of Property, Plant and Equipment in line with Companies Act, 2013 except for Computers and Peripherals and Servers and Network Components for which residual value is considered as Nil.

Property, plant and equipment costing ₹5,000/- or less, are fully depreciated in the year of acquisition.

Where the cost of depreciable property, plant and equipment has undergone a change due to increase/decrease in long term monetary items on account of exchange rate fluctuation, price adjustment, change in duties or similar factors, the unamortized balance of such asset is depreciated prospectively.

Depreciation on additions to/deductions from Property, Plant and Equipment during the year is charged on pro-rata basis from/up to the date on which the asset is available for use/disposed.

The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation for items of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year-end and adjusted prospectively, wherever required.

Right of Use Assets:

Right of Use assets are fully depreciated from the lease commencement date on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Leasehold land is fully amortized over lease period or life of the related plant whichever is lower. Leasehold land acquired on perpetual lease is not amortized.

Intangible Assets

Cost of software capitalized as intangible asset is amortized over the period of legal right to use or 3 years, whichever is less with Nil residual value.

Afforestation charges are amortized over thirty-five years from the date of capitalization of related transmission assets following the straight line method, with Nil Residual Value.

Amortisation on additions to/deductions from Intangible Assets during the year is charged on pro-rata basis from/up to the date on which the asset is available for use/disposed.

The amortization period and the amortization method for intangible assets is reviewed at each financial year-end and are accounted for as change in accounting estimates in accordance with Ind AS 8 "Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors".

2.6 Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition or construction of qualifying assets are capitalized (net of income on temporary deployment of funds) as part of the cost of such assets till the assets are ready for the intended use. Qualifying assets are assets which take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which they are incurred.

2.7 Impairment of non-financial assets

The carrying amounts of the Company's non-financial assets are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment considering the provisions of Ind AS 36 'Impairment of Assets'. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated.

The recoverable amount of an asset or cash-generating unit is the higher of its fair value less costs to disposal and its value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted. For the purpose of impairment testing, assets that cannot be tested individually are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or groups of assets (the "cash-generating unit", or "CGU").

An impairment loss is recognized if the carrying amount of an asset or its CGU exceeds its estimated recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognized in the statement of profit and loss. Impairment losses recognized in respect of CGUs are reduced from the carrying amounts of the assets of the CGU.

Impairment losses recognized in prior periods are assessed at each reporting date for any indications that the loss has decreased or no longer exists. An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortization, if no impairment loss had been recognized.

2.8 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand and at bank, and deposits held at call with banks having a maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

2.9 Inventories

Inventories are valued at lower of the cost, determined on weighted average basis or net realizable value.

Steel scrap and conductor scrap are valued at estimated realizable value or book value, whichever is less.

Spares which do not meet the recognition criteria as Property, Plant and Equipment, including spare parts whose cost is less than ₹5,00,000/- are recorded as inventories.

Surplus materials as determined by the management are held for intended use and are included in the inventory.

The diminution in the value of obsolete, unserviceable and surplus stores and spares is ascertained on review and provided for.

2.10 Leases

Lease is a contract that conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Company assesses whether: (i) the contract involves use of an identified assets, (ii) the customer has substantially all the economic benefits from the use of the asset through the period of the lease and (iii) the customer has the right to direct the use of the asset.

i) As a Lessee

At the date of commencement of the lease, the Company recognises a right-of-use asset (ROU) and a corresponding lease liability for all lease arrangements in which it is a lessee, except for lease with a term of twelve months or less (i.e. short term leases) and leases for which the underlying asset is of low value. For these short-term and leases for which the underlying asset is of low value, the Company recognizes the lease payments on straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

Certain lease arrangements includes the options to extend or terminate the lease before the end of the lease term. ROU assets and lease liabilities includes these options when it is reasonably certain that they will be exercised.

The right-of-use assets are initially recognized at cost, which comprises the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the inception date of the lease along with any initial direct costs, restoration obligations and lease incentives received.

Subsequently, the right-of-use assets is measured at cost less any accumulated depreciation, accumulated impairment losses, if any and adjusted for any remeasurement of the lease liability. The Company applies Ind AS 36 to determine whether a ROU asset is impaired and accounts for any identified impairment loss as described in the accounting policy 2.7 on "Impairment of non-financial assets".

The lease liability is initially measured at present value of the lease payments that are not paid at that date.

The interest cost on lease liability is expensed in the Statement of Profit and Loss, unless eligible for capitalization as per accounting policy 2.6 on "Borrowing costs".

Lease liability and ROU asset have been separately presented in the financial statements and lease payments have been classified as financing cash flows.

ii) As a Lessor

A lease is classified at the inception date as a finance lease or an operating lease.

a) Finance leases

A lease that transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset is classified as a finance lease.

Net investment in leased assets is recorded at the lower of the fair value of the leased property and the present value of the minimum lease payments as Lease Receivables under current and non-current other financial assets.

The interest element of lease is accounted in the Statement of Profit and Loss over the lease period based on a pattern reflecting a constant periodic rate of return on the net investment.

b) Operating leases

An operating lease is a lease other than a finance lease. Leases in which a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases.

For operating leases, the asset is capitalized as property, plant and equipment and depreciated over its economic life. Rental income from operating lease is recognized over the term of the arrangement.

2.11 Financial instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

Financial Assets

Financial assets of the Company comprise cash and cash equivalents, bank balances, security deposit, claims recoverable etc.

Classification

The Company classifies its financial assets in the following categories:

- at amortised cost,
- at fair value through other comprehensive income

The classification depends on the following:

- the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and
- the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset

Initial recognition and measurement

All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value plus, in the case of financial assets not recorded at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs, if any, that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset.

Subsequent measurement

Debt Instruments at Amortised cost: Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortised cost. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at amortised cost is recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised or impaired. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest rate method.

Debt Instruments at Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI): Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows and for selling the financial assets, where the assets' cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest, are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI). On derecognition of the asset, cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in OCI is reclassified from the equity to profit and loss. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest rate method.

De-recognition of financial assets

A financial asset is derecognized only when

- i) The right to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or

- ii)
 - a) The company has transferred the rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset (or) retains the contractual rights to receive the cash flows of the financial assets, but assumes a contractual obligation to pay the cash flows to one or more recipients and
 - b) the company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset (or) the company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

The difference between the carrying amount and the amount of consideration received/receivable is recognised in the statement of Profit and Loss.

Impairment of financial assets:

For trade receivables and unbilled revenue, the company applies the simplified approach required by Ind AS 109 Financial Instruments, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised from initial recognition of the receivables.

For recognition of impairment loss on other financial assets and risk exposure, the company determines whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition. If credit risk has not increased significantly, 12-month Expected Credit Loss (ECL) is used to provide for impairment loss. However, if credit risk has increased significantly, lifetime ECL is used. If, in a subsequent period, credit quality of the instrument improves such that there is no longer a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, then the entity reverts to recognizing impairment loss allowance based on 12 -month ECL.

Financial Liabilities

Financial liabilities of the Company are contractual obligation to deliver cash or another financial asset to another entity or to exchange financial assets or financial liabilities with another entity under conditions that are potentially unfavorable to the Company.

The Company's financial liabilities include loans and borrowings, trade and other payables.

Classification, initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value minus, in the case of financial liabilities not recorded at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the issue of financial liabilities.

Subsequent measurement

After initial recognition, financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate (EIR). Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption amount is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss over the period of the borrowings using the EIR. Gains and losses are recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss when the liabilities are derecognized.

The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

De-recognition of financial liability

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing liability is replaced by another from the same lender on

substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference between the carrying amount of a financial liability that has been extinguished or transferred to another party and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss as other income or finance cost.

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the Balance Sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

2.12 Foreign Currency Translation

(a) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of the Company are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates ('the functional currency'). The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (Rupees or ₹), which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

(b) Transactions and balances

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded at the exchange rates prevailing on the date of the transaction. Foreign currency monetary items are translated with reference to the rates of exchange ruling on the date of the Balance Sheet. Non-Monetary items denominated in foreign currency are reported at the exchange rate ruling on the date of initial recognition of the non-monetary prepayment asset or deferred income liability, or the date that related item is recognized in the financial statements, whichever is earlier. In case the transaction is recognized in stages, then transaction date is established for each stage. Exchange differences arising from foreign currency translation are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

2.13 Income Tax

Income tax expense represents the sum of current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in equity or other comprehensive income. In this case the tax is also recognised directly in equity or in other comprehensive income.

Current income tax

The Current Tax is based on taxable profit for the year under the tax laws enacted and applicable to the reporting period in the country where the company operates and generates taxable income and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the company's financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit and is accounted for using the Balance Sheet method. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and unused tax credits to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and unused tax credits can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each Balance Sheet date

and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the Balance Sheet date.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax liabilities and assets, and they relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority.

Deferred tax assets include Minimum Alternative Tax (MAT) paid in accordance with the tax laws in India, which is likely to give future economic benefits in the form of availability of set off against future income tax liability. MAT is recognised as deferred tax asset in the balance sheet when the asset can be measured reliably and it is probable that the future economic benefit associated with the asset will be realised.

2.14 Revenue

Revenue is measured based on the consideration specified in a contract with a customer and excludes amounts collected on behalf of third parties. The Company recognizes revenue when it transfers control over a product or service to a customer.

Amounts disclosed as revenue are net of returns, trade allowances, rebates.

2.14.1 Revenue from Operations

Transmission Income is accounted for based on orders issued by CERC u/s 63 of Electricity Act 2003 for adoption of transmission charges. As at each reporting date, transmission income includes an accrual for services rendered to the customers but not yet billed i.e. Unbilled Revenue.

Rebates allowed to beneficiaries as early payment incentives are deducted from the amount of revenue.

The Transmission system incentive / disincentive is accounted for based on certification of availability by the respective Regional Power Committees (RPC) and in accordance with the Transmission Service Agreement (TSA) entered between the Transmission Service Provider and long term Transmission Customers. Where certification by RPCs is not available, incentive/disincentive is accounted for on provisional basis as per estimate of availability by the company and differences, if any, is accounted upon certification by RPCs.

2.14.2 Other Income

Interest income is recognized, when no significant uncertainty as to measurability or collectability exists, on a time proportion basis taking into account the amount outstanding and the applicable interest rate, using the effective interest rate method (EIR).

Surcharge recoverable from trade receivables, liquidated damages, warranty claims and interest on advances to suppliers are recognized when no significant uncertainty as to measurability and collectability exists.

Scrap other than steel scrap and conductor scrap are accounted for as and when sold.

Insurance claims are accounted for based on certainty of realization.

Revenue from rentals and operating leases is recognized on an accrual basis in accordance with the substance of the relevant agreement.

2.15 Dividends

Annual dividend distribution to the shareholders is recognised as a liability in the period in which the dividends are approved by the shareholders. Any interim dividend paid is recognised on approval by Board of Directors. Dividend payable and corresponding tax on dividend distribution is recognised directly in equity.

2.16 Provisions and Contingencies

a) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted. Unwinding of the discount is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss as a finance cost. Provisions are reviewed at each Balance Sheet date and are adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

b) Contingencies

Contingent liabilities are disclosed on the basis of judgment of the management/independent experts. These are reviewed at each balance sheet date and are adjusted to reflect the current management estimate.

Contingent liabilities are disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made. Information on contingent liability is disclosed in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

Contingent assets are possible assets that arise from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company. Contingent assets are disclosed in the financial statements when inflow of economic benefits is probable on the basis of judgment of management. These are assessed continually to ensure that developments are appropriately reflected in the financial statements.

2.17 Share capital and Other Equity

Ordinary shares are classified as equity.

Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

Self-insurance reserve is created @ 0.12% p.a. on Original Gross Block of Property, Plant and Equipment and value of inventory except ROU assets and assets covered under insurance as at the end of the year by appropriation of current year profit to mitigate future losses from uninsured risks and for taking care of contingencies in future by procurement of towers and other transmission line materials including strengthening of towers and equipment of AC substation. The Reserve created as above is shown as "Self Insurance Reserve" under 'Other Equity'.

2.18 Prior Period Items

Material prior period errors are corrected retrospectively by restating the comparative amounts for prior period presented in which the error occurred or if the error occurred before the earliest period presented, by restating the opening statement of financial position.

2.19 Earnings per Share

Basic earnings per share is computed using the net profit or loss for the year attributable to the shareholders and weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted earnings per share is computed using the net profit or loss for the year attributable to the shareholders and weighted average number of equity and potential equity shares outstanding during the year, except where the result would be anti-dilutive.

2.20 Statement of Cash Flows

Statement of Cash Flows is prepared as per indirect method prescribed in the Ind AS 7 'Statement of Cash Flows'.

3 Critical Estimates and Judgments

The preparation of financial statements requires the use of accounting estimates which may significantly vary from the actual results. Management also needs to exercise judgment while applying the company's accounting policies.

This note provides an overview of the areas that involved a higher degree of judgment or complexity, and of items which are more likely to be materially adjusted due to estimates and assumptions turning out to be different than those originally assessed.

The areas involving critical estimates or judgments are:

Useful life of property, plant and equipment

The estimated useful life of property, plant and equipment is based on a number of factors including the effects of obsolescence, demand, competition and other economic factors (such as the stability of the industry and known technological advances) and the level of maintenance expenditures required to obtain the expected future cash flows from the asset.

The Company reviews at the end of each reporting date the useful life of plant and equipment and are adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

Provisions and contingencies

The assessments undertaken in recognizing provisions and contingencies have been made in accordance with Ind AS 37, 'Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets'. The evaluation of the likelihood of the contingent events has required best judgment by management regarding the probability of exposure to potential loss. Should circumstances change following unforeseeable developments, this likelihood could alter.

Estimates and judgments are periodically evaluated. They are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that may have a financial impact on the company and that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Estimation of uncertainties relating to the global health pandemic from COVID-19:

In assessing the recoverability of trade receivables and unbilled revenue, the company has considered internal and external information up to the date of approval of these financial statements including credit reports and economic forecasts. As the company's revenue is based on CERC tariff order and falls under essential services and based on the current indicators of future economic conditions, the company expects to recover the carrying amount of these assets.

Income Taxes:

Significant estimates are involved in determining the provision for current and deferred tax, including amount expected to be paid/recovered for uncertain tax positions.

24. Party Balances and Confirmations

Balances of Trade Receivables and recoverable shown under Assets and Trade and Other Payables shown under Liabilities include balances subject to confirmation/reconciliation and consequential adjustments if any. However reconciliations are carried out on ongoing basis.

25. Auditors Remuneration

| (₹ in Lakhs) | | | |
|--------------|---------------|--|--|
| S. No. | Particulars | For the year ended 31 st March, 2021 | For the year ended 31 st March, 2020 |
| 1 | Audit Fees | 0.59 | 0.59 |
| 2 | Tax Audit | 0.12 | 0.12 |
| 3 | Other Matters | 0.35 | 0.35 |
| | Total | 1.06 | 1.06 |

26. Employee Benefits

The Company does not have any permanent employees. The personnel working for the company are from holding company on secondment basis and are working on time share basis. The employee cost (including retirement benefits such as Gratuity, Leave encashment, post-retirement benefits etc.) in respect of personnel working for the company are paid by holding company and holding company is raising the invoice to the Subsidiary company towards Consultancy charges.

Recently, PUTL has been appointed as Investment Manager for POWERGRID Infrastructure Investment Trust sponsored by holding company and personnels have been engaged in PUTL on secondment basis to look after the functions of Investment Manager.

Since there are no **permanent employees in the company, the obligation as per Ind AS 19 does not arise. Accordingly, no provision is considered necessary** for any retirement benefit like gratuity, leave salary, pension etc., in the books of the company.

27. Leases

The company has taken on lease office space admeasuring approx. 800 square feet and information technology system including hardware and software with firewalls and security features and telecommunication systems from its Holding Company Power Grid Corporation of India Ltd. which has been assessed and accounted as short term lease as per the requirements of Ind AS 116 – “Leases”.

Short term and low value leases: As part of transition, the Company has availed the practical expedient of not to apply the recognition requirements of Ind AS 116 to short term and low value leases for recognition of assets and liabilities related to leases.

As a Lessee:-

The company only has Short Term Lease for Office building which has been assessed and accounted as per the requirements of Ind AS 116 – “Leases” and required disclosures as per the said Ind AS are as follows:

Short term leases and Low value leases:

The company has incurred ₹33.48 Lakh (Previous Year ₹3.24 Lakh) with respect to short term leases. The company's short term leases commitment at the end of financial year is ₹8.84 Lakh (Previous Year ₹6.03 Lakh).

As a Lessor:-

The company does not have any lease arrangements as a lessor

28. Corporate Social Responsibilities (CSR) :

As per section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013, along with Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2021 read with DPE guidelines no F.No.15 (13)/2013-DPE (GM), the Company is required to spend, in every financial year, at least two per cent of the average net profits of the company made during the three immediately preceding financial years in accordance with its Corporate Social Responsibility Policy.

The details of CSR expenses for the year are as under :-

| (₹ in Lakhs) | | | |
|--------------|---|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| S No | Particulars | For the year ended 31st March, 2021 | For the year ended 31st March, 2020 |
| A. | Amount required to be spent during the year | 23.92 | 14.79 |
| B. | Amount spent on CSR - | | |
| (i) | Construction or acquisition of any asset | - | - |
| (ii) | On purpose other than (i) above | 23.92 | 14.79 |
| C. | Shortfall / (Excess) amount appropriated from CSR reserve | - | - |
| D. | Break-up of the amount spent on CSR | - | - |
| D.1 | Education and Skill development expenses | - | 14.79 |
| D.2 | Health and Sanitation expenses | 23.92 | - |
| | Total Amount spent on CSR | 23.92 | 14.79 |
| | Amount spent in Cash out of above | 23.92 | 14.79 |
| | Amount yet to be spent in Cash | - | - |

29. MSME Payments :

Based on information available with the company, there are few suppliers/service providers who are registered as micro, small or medium enterprise under The Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 (MSMED Act, 2006). Information in respect of micro and small enterprises as required by MSMED Act, 2006 is given as under:

(₹ in Lakhs)

| Sr. No | Particulars | For the year ended 31st March, 2021 | For the year ended 31st March, 2020 |
|--------|---|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 1 | Principal amount and interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier as at end of each accounting year: | | |
| | Principal | Nil | Nil |
| | Interest | Nil | Nil |

| | | | |
|---|---|-----|-----|
| 2 | The amount of Interest paid by the buyer in terms of section 16 of the MSMED Act, 2006 along with the amount of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during each accounting year | Nil | Nil |
| 3 | The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under MSMED Act, 2006 | Nil | Nil |
| 4 | The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year. | Nil | Nil |
| 5 | The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the MSMED Act 2006 | Nil | Nil |

30. Fair Value Measurements

Assets and Liabilities which are measured at amortised cost for which Fair values are disclosed

(₹ in Lakhs)

| | As on 31st March 2021 | As on 31st March, 2020 |
|---|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| Financial Instruments by category | Amortised Cost | Amortised Cost |
| <u>Financial Assets</u> | | |
| Trade Receivables | 203.80 | 291.55 |
| Cash & cash Equivalents | 107.20 | 39.82 |
| Other Current Financial Assets | 233.56 | 278.44 |
| Total Financial assets | 544.56 | 609.81 |
| <u>Financial Liabilities</u> | | |
| Trade Payables | 139.68 | 73.19 |
| Borrowings (including current maturity of long term borrowings) | 3606.47 | 4031.94 |
| Other Current Financial Liabilities | 0.50 | - |
| Total financial liabilities | 3746.65 | 4105.13 |

(i) Fair Value Hierarchy

This section explains the judgements and estimates made in determining the fair values of the financial instruments that are (a) recognised and measured at fair value and (b) measured at amortised cost and for which fair values are disclosed in the financial statements. To provide an indication about the reliability of the inputs used in determining fair value, the Company has classified its financial instruments into the three levels prescribed under the accounting standard. An Explanation of each level follows underneath the table.

(₹ in Lakhs)

| Assets and liabilities which are measured at amortised cost for which fair values are disclosed | Level | As on 31st March 2021 | As on 31 st March, 2020 |
|---|-------|-----------------------|------------------------------------|
| Financial Assets | | - | - |
| Total Financial Assets | | | |
| Financial Liabilities Borrowings | 2 | 3794.71 | 4063.60 |
| Total financial liabilities | - | 3794.71 | 4063.60 |

Level 1: Level 1 hierarchy includes financial instruments measured using quoted prices. This includes listed equity Instruments, traded bonds and mutual funds that have quoted price. The fair value of all equity instruments (including bonds) which are traded in the stock exchanges is valued using the closing price as at the reporting period. The mutual funds are valued using the closing NAV.

Level 2: The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market (for example, traded bonds, over-the-counter derivatives) is determined using valuation techniques which maximise the use of observable market data and rely as little as possible on entity-specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in level 2.

Level 3: If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3. This is the case for unlisted equity securities, contingent consideration and indemnification asset included in level 3.

There are no transfers between levels 1 and 2 during the year.

The company's policy is to recognise transfers into and transfers out of fair value hierarchy levels as at the end of the reporting period.

(ii) Valuation technique used to determine fair value

Specific valuation techniques used to value financial instruments include:

- the use of quoted market prices or dealer quotes for similar instruments
- the fair value of the remaining financial instruments is determined using discounted cash flow analysis.

All of the resulting fair value estimates are included in level 2

(iii) Fair value of financial assets and liabilities measured at amortized cost

(₹ in Lakhs)

| | As on 31st March 2021 | | As on 31 st March, 2020 | |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------|------------|------------------------------------|------------|
| Particulars | Carrying Amount | Fair value | Carrying Amount | Fair value |
| Financial Assets | | | | |
| Total Financial Assets | | | | |

| | | | | |
|---|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Financial Liabilities Borrowings (including current maturity of long term borrowings) | 3606.47 | 3794.71 | 4031.94 | 4063.60 |
| Total financial liabilities | 3606.47 | 3794.71 | 4031.94 | 4063.60 |

The carrying amounts of trade receivables, trade payables, cash and cash equivalents, other current financial assets and other current financial liabilities are considered to be the same as their fair values, due to their short-term nature.

For financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value, the carrying amounts are equal to the fair values.

31. Related party Transactions

(a) Holding Company

| Name of entity | Place of business / country of incorporation | Proportion of Ownership Interest | |
|---|--|----------------------------------|------------------------|
| | | As on 31st March 2021 | As on 31st March, 2020 |
| Power Grid Corporation of India Limited | India | 100% | 100% |

(b) Subsidiaries of Holding Company

| Name of entity | Place of business / Country of incorporation | Proportion of Ownership Interest | |
|---|--|----------------------------------|------------------------|
| | | As on 31st March 2021 | As on 31st March, 2020 |
| POWERGRID NM Transmission Limited | India | NA | NA |
| POWERGRID Kala Amb Transmission Limited | India | NA | NA |
| Powergrid Vizag Transmission Limited | India | NA | NA |
| POWERGRID Warora Transmission Limited | India | NA | NA |
| POWERGRID Parli Transmission Limited | India | NA | NA |
| POWERGRID Jabalpur Transmission Limited | India | NA | NA |
| POWERGRID Southern Interconnector Transmission Limited | India | NA | NA |
| POWERGRID Vemagiri Transmission Limited | India | NA | NA |
| POWERGRID Medinipur Jeerat Transmission Limited | India | NA | NA |
| POWERGRID Mithilanchal Transmission Limited (erstwhile ERSS XXI Transmission Limited) | India | NA | NA |
| POWERGRID Varanasi Transmission System Limited (erstwhile WR-NR Transmission Limited) | India | NA | NA |
| POWERGRID Jawaharpur Firozabad Transmission Limited (erstwhile Jawaharpur Firozabad Transmission Limited) | India | NA | NA |

| | | | |
|---|-------|----|----|
| POWERGRID Khetri Transmission System Limited (Erstwhile Khetri Transco Limited) | India | NA | NA |
| POWERGRID Bhind Guna Transmission Limited (Erstwhile Bhind Guna Transmission Limited) | India | NA | NA |
| POWERGRID Ajmer Phagi Transmission Limited (Erstwhile Ajmer Phagi Transco Limited) | India | NA | NA |
| POWERGRID Fatehgarh Transmission Limited (Erstwhile Fatehgarh-II Transco Limited) | India | NA | NA |
| POWERGRID Bhuj Transmission Limited (Erstwhile Bhuj-II Transmission Limited) | India | NA | NA |
| POWERGRID Rampur Sambhal Transmission Limited (Erstwhile Rampur Sambhal Transco Limited) | India | NA | NA |
| POWERGRID Meerut Simbhavali Transmission Limited (Erstwhile Meerut-Simbhavali Transmission Limited) | India | NA | NA |
| Cental Transmission Utility of India Limited ¹ | India | NA | NA |
| POWERGRID Ramgarh Transmission Limited (Erstwhile Ramgarh New Transmission Limited) ² | India | NA | NA |
| Jaypee POWERGRID Limited ³ | India | NA | NA |
| Bikaner-II Bhiwadi Transco Limited ⁴ | India | NA | NA |

¹ Incorporated on 28.12.2020.

² 100% equity acquired from REC Power Distribution Company Limited on 09.03.2021.

³ Wholly owned subsidiary from 25.03.2021 (Joint venture till 24.03.2021).

⁴ 100% equity acquired from PFC Consulting Limited on 25.03.2021.

(c) Joint Ventures of Holding Company -

| Name of entity | Place of business/ Country of incorporation | Proportion of Ownership Interest | |
|--|--|----------------------------------|------------------------|
| | | As on 31st March 2021 | As on 31st March, 2020 |
| Powerlinks Transmission Limited | India | NA | NA |
| Torrent Power Grid Limited | India | NA | NA |
| Jaypee Powergrid Limited ¹ | India | NA | NA |
| Parbati Koldam Transmission Company Limited | India | NA | NA |
| Teestavalley Power Transmission Limited ² | India | NA | NA |
| North East Transmission Company Limited | India | NA | NA |
| National High Power Test Laboratory Private Limited | India | NA | NA |
| Bihar Grid Company Limited | India | NA | NA |

| | | | |
|--|-------|----|----|
| Kalinga Bidyut Prasaran Nigam Private Limited ³ | India | NA | NA |
| Cross Border Power Transmission Company Limited | India | NA | NA |
| RINL POWERGRID TLT Private Limited ⁴ | India | NA | NA |
| Power Transmission Company Nepal Ltd | Nepal | NA | NA |

¹ Joint venture till 24.03.2021 (Wholly owned subsidiary from 25.03.2021).

² POWERGRID & Teesta Urja Ltd are the Joint venture partners in Teestavalley Power Transmission Limited & holds 26% & 74 % equity, respectively as per Shareholding agreement. On call of additional equity by Teestavalley Power Transmission limited, POWERGRID contributed their share while the other JV partner has not yet contributed their share of money. Consequently, the holding of POWERGRID increased to 30.92% against 26% provided in shareholding agreement.

³ The present status of the Company (M/s KBPNL) as per MCA website is "Strike Off".

⁴ POWERGRID's Board of Directors in its meeting held on 01.05.2018 accorded in principle approval to close RINL Powergrid TLT Private Limited (RPTPL) and seek consent of other JV Partner Rashtriya Ispat Nigam Limited (RINL). RINL's Board of Directors in its meeting held on 01.03.2019 has agreed in principle for winding up proceedings of RPTPL & to seek the approval from Ministry of Steel, Government of India, for closure of RPTPL. RINL's Board of Directors in its meeting held on 05.11.2019 has advised to put up the closure proposal again to Ministry of steel for onward submission to NITI Ayog. The Approval from Government is awaited.

(d) Key Management Personnel

| Name | Designation | Date of Appointment | Date of Separation |
|--|--|---|--------------------|
| Shri Deep Chandra Joshi | Director/ Chairman | 07/05/2018 / Chairman w.e.f. 22/01/2019 | 31/07/2020 |
| Shri Sanjai Gupta | Director | 01/07/2019 | 19/09/2020 |
| Shri Pramod Kumar | Director | 11/05/2018 | 19/09/2020 |
| Shri Ram Naresh Singh | Director | 22/01/2019 | 16/12/2020 |
| Shri Pankaj Sharma* | CEO | 18/03/2019 | 17/09/2020 |
| *head of transmission division of PUTL w.e.f. 17/09/2020 | | | |
| Shri Ajay Kumar Shukla | CFO | 25/05/2017 | 06/11/2020 |
| Shri Shwetank Kumar | Company Secretary | 25/05/2017 | 06/11/2020 |
| Smt. Seema Gupta | Additional Director & Chairperson (Non-Executive Director) | 18/09/2020 | Continuing |
| M. Taj Mukarrum | Additional Director (Non-Executive Director) | 18/09/2020 | 17/12/2020 |
| Shri Ashok Kumar Singhal | Additional Director (Non-Executive Director) | 17/12/2020 | Continuing |
| Shri Sunil Kumar Sharma | Additional Director (Independent Director) | 15/12/2020 | Continuing |

| | | | |
|-------------------------|---|------------|------------|
| Shri M N Venkatesan | Additional Director (Independent Director) | 15/12/2020 | Continuing |
| Shri Purshottam Agarwal | CEO | 06/11/2020 | Continuing |
| Shri Amit Garg | CFO | 06/11/2020 | Continuing |
| Ms. Anjana Luthra | Company Secretary | 06/11/2020 | Continuing |

(e) Transactions with related parties

The following transactions occurred with related parties:

| Particulars | (₹ in Lakhs) | |
|--|-----------------------|------------------------|
| | As on 31st March 2021 | As on 31st March, 2020 |
| Power Grid Corporation of India Ltd. (<u>Holding Company</u>) | | |
| Consultancy Charges (excluding Taxes) | 127.30 | 36.00 |
| Short Term Lease (excluding Taxes) | 28.37 | 3.24 |
| Other Expenses (Communication, Travel & Meeting) | 22.55 | 2.42 |
| Payment of Employee Cost | 347.91 | 28.07 |
| Repayment of Loan | 425.47 | 600.07 |
| Interest on Loan | 313.92 | 361.45 |
| Dividend Paid | 777.66 | 810.07 |
| | | |
| <u>Independent Directors</u> | | |
| Payment of Sitting Fees | 5.43 | 0.00 |

(f) Outstanding balances of Related Parties

The following balances are outstanding at the end of the reporting period in relation to transactions with related parties:

| Particulars | (₹ in Lakhs) | |
|--|-----------------------|------------------------|
| | As on 31st March 2021 | As on 31st March, 2020 |
| Power Grid Corporation of India Ltd. (<u>Holding Company</u>) | | |
| Purchases of goods and services | 138.90 | 72.33 |
| Loans from Holding Company | 3606.47 | 4031.94 |

32. Segment Information

Business Segment

The Board of Directors is the company's Chief operating decision maker who monitors the operating results of its business segments separately for the purpose of making decisions about resource allocation and performance assessment. One reportable segments have been identified on the basis of product/services. The company has a single reportable segment i.e., Power transmission network for transmission system.

The operations of the company are mainly carried out within the country and therefore there is no reportable geographical segment.

33. Contingent Liabilities and contingent assets

Contingent Liabilities

There is no Contingent Liability/ Assets as on 31st March 2021 (Nil as on 31st March 2020)

34. Capital and Other Commitments

| (₹ in Lakhs) | | |
|--|-----------------------|------------------------|
| Particulars | As on 31st March 2021 | As on 31st March, 2020 |
| Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account and not provided for (Net of Advances) | Nil | Nil |

35. Capital management

a) Risk Management

The company's objectives when managing capital are to

- maximize the shareholder value;
- safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern;
- maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

For the purpose of the company's capital management, equity capital includes issued equity capital, and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity holders of the company. The company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in light of changes in economic conditions. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the company may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, regulate investments in new projects, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares.

The debt - equity ratio of the Company was as follows :

| Particulars | As on 31st March 2021 | As on 31st March, 2020 |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|
| Long term debt (₹ in lakhs)* | 3606.47 | 4031.94 |
| Equity (₹ in lakhs) | 2161.02 | 2444.50 |
| Long term debt to Equity ratio | 1.67:1 | 1.65 : 1 |

* Long term debt includes current maturities of long term debt.

No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the year ended 31st March, 2021 and 31st March, 2020.

b) Dividends

| (₹ in Lakhs) | | |
|---|-----------------------|------------------------|
| Particulars | As on 31st March 2021 | As on 31st March, 2020 |
| Final dividend for the year ended 31st March, 2020 of ₹ 1.00 (31st March, 2019 - ₹ 2.00) per fully paid share | 129.61 | 259.22 |
| Interim dividend for the year ended 31st March, 2021 of ₹ 5.00 (31st March, 2020 - ₹ 4.25) per fully paid share | 648.05 | 550.85 |

c) Earnings per share

(Amount in ₹)

| (a) Basic and diluted earnings per share attributable to the equity holders of the company | As on 31st March 2021 | As on 31st March, 2020 |
|---|------------------------------|--|
| Basic and diluted earnings per share attributable to the equity holders of the company from Continuing operations | 3.81 | 7.44 |

(₹ in Lakhs)

| (b) Reconciliation of earnings used as numerator in calculating earnings per share | As on 31st March 2021 | As on 31st March, 2020 |
|---|------------------------------|--|
| Total Earnings attributable to the equity holders of the company | 494.18 | 963.99 |

(No. of Shares)

| (c) Weighted average number of shares used as the denominator | As on 31st March 2021 | As on 31st March, 2020 |
|--|------------------------------|--|
| Total weighted average number of equity shares used as the denominator in calculating basic earnings per share | 1,29,61,067 | 1,29,61,067 |

36. Financial Risk Management:

The Company's principal financial liabilities comprise loans and borrowings denominated in Indian rupees, trade payables and other payables. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance the Company's capital investments and operations.

The Company's principal financial assets include trade and other receivables, and cash and cash equivalents that are generated from its operations.

The Company's activities expose it to the following financial risks, namely,

- a) Credit risk,
- b) Liquidity risk,
- c) Market risk.

This note presents information regarding the company's exposure, objectives, policies and processes for measuring and managing these risks.

The management of financial risks by the Company is summarized below:-

A) Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that counterparty will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss. The Company is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities on account of trade receivables.

A default on a financial asset is when the counterparty fails to make contractual payments within 3 years of when they fall due. This definition of default is determined considering the business environment in which the Company operates and other macro-economic factors.

Assets are written-off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery, such as a debtor declaring bankruptcy or failing to engage in a repayment plan with the Company. Where loans or receivables have been written off, the Company continues to engage in enforcement activity to attempt to recover the receivable due. Where recoveries are made, these are recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

(i) Trade Receivables and Unbilled Revenue

The Company primarily provides transmission facilities to inter-state transmission service customers (DICs) comprising mainly state utilities owned by State Governments. CERC tariff regulations allows payment against monthly bills towards transmission charges within a period of 45 days from the date of the bill and levy of charge on delayed payment beyond 45 days. A graded rebate is provided by the company for payment made within 45 days.

Trade receivables consist of receivables relating to transmission services of ₹ 203.80 Lakhs as on 31st March, 2021 (₹ 291.55 Lakhs as on 31st March, 2020).

Unbilled revenue primarily relates to companies right to consideration for work completed but not billed at the reporting date and have substantially same risk characteristics as the trade receivables for the same type of contract.

(ii) Other Financial Assets (excluding trade receivables and unbilled revenue)

• Cash and cash equivalents

The Company held cash and cash equivalents of ₹ 107.20 Lakhs as on 31st March, 2021 (₹ 39.82 Lakhs as on 31st March, 2020). The cash and cash equivalents are held with public sector banks and high rated private sector banks and do not have any significant credit risk.

○ Exposure to credit risk

| (₹ in Lakhs) | | |
|---|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Particulars | As on 31 st March 2021 | As on 31 st March, 2020 |
| Financial assets for which loss allowance is measured using 12 months Expected Credit Losses (ECL) | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 107.20 | 39.82 |
| Total | 107.20 | 39.82 |
| Financial assets for which loss allowance is measured using Life time Expected Credit Losses (ECL) | | |
| Trade Receivables | 203.80 | 291.55 |
| Unbilled Revenue | 233.56 | 278.44 |
| Total | 437.36 | 569.99 |

○ **Provision for expected credit losses**

(a) Financial assets for which loss allowance is measured using 12 month expected credit losses

The Company has assets where the co unter-parties have sufficient capacity to meet the obligations and where the risk of default is very low. At initial recognition, financial assets (excluding trade receivables and unbilled revenue) are considered as having negligible credit risk and the risk has not increased from initial recognition. Therefore expected credit loss provision is not required.

(b) Financial assets for which loss allowance is measured using life time expected credit losses

The Company has customers most of whom are state government utilities with capacity to meet the obligations and therefore the risk of default is negligible. Further, management believes that the unimpaired amounts that are 30 days past due date are still collectible in full, based on the payment security mechanism in place and historical payment behavior. Considering the above factors and the prevalent regulations, the trade receivables continue to have a negligible credit risk on initial recognition and thereafter on each reporting date.

(c) Ageing analysis of trade receivables

i) The ageing analysis of the trade receivables is as below:

| (₹ in Lakhs) | | | | | | | |
|--|---------|--------------------|---------------------|---------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|--------|
| Ageing | Not due | 0-30 days past due | 31-60 days past due | 61-90 days past due | 91-120 days past due | More than 120 days past due | Total |
| Gross carrying amount as on 31 st March, 2021 | - | 82.24 | 73.97 | 9.76 | 3.77 | 38.26 | 208.00 |
| Gross carrying amount as on 31 st March, 2020 | - | 291.47 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 4.10 | 295.57 |

ii) Reconciliation of impairment loss provision

| (₹ in Lakhs) | | | |
|--|-------------------|------------------|-------------|
| Particulars | Trade Receivables | Unbilled Debtors | Total |
| Balance as on 01.04.2019 | 4.02 | 0.00 | 4.02 |
| Impairment loss recognized/ (reversed) | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Amounts written off | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Balance as at 31.03.2020 | 4.02 | 0.00 | 4.02 |
| Impairment loss recognized/ (reversed) | 0.18 | 0.00 | 0.18 |
| Amounts written off | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Balance as at 31.03.2021 | 4.20 | 0.00 | 4.20 |

B) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities to meet obligations when due. The Company has entered into Inter-Corporate Loan Agreement for Funding of its obligations. For this, Company provided quarterly cashflows in advance to Holding Company with Monthly requirement.

(i) Financing Arrangements

The company had access to the borrowing facilities with the Parent Company as per Agreement at the end of the reporting period.

(ii) Maturities of financial liabilities

The tables below analyses the company's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on their contractual maturities for all non-derivative financial liabilities.

The amount disclosed in the table is the contractual undiscounted cash flows

(₹ in Lakhs)

| Contractual maturities of financial liabilities | Within a year | Between 1-5 years | Beyond 5 years | Total |
|---|---------------|-------------------|----------------|----------------|
| As on 31st March 2021 | | | | |
| Borrowings (including interest outflows) | 419.51 | 1575.96 | 6007.44 | 8002.91 |
| Trade Payables | 139.68 | | | 139.68 |
| Other Current Financial Liabilities | 0.50 | - | - | 0.50 |
| Total | 559.69 | 1575.96 | 6007.44 | 8143.09 |

| | | | | |
|--|---------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| As on 31st March 2020 | | | | |
| Borrowings (including interest outflows) | 714.23 | 2528.90 | 2456.35 | 5699.48 |
| Trade Payables | 73.19 | | | 73.19 |
| Total | 787.42 | 2528.90 | 2456.35 | 5772.67 |

C) Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises two types of risk:

- i. Currency risk
- ii. Interest rate risk

i) **Currency risk**

As on Reporting date the Company does not have any exposure to currency risk in respect of foreign currency denominated loans and borrowings and procurement of goods and services whose purchase consideration foreign currency.

ii) **Interest rate risk**

The company has taken borrowings from Parent Company on cost to cost basis. The Company is exposed to interest rate risk because the cash flows associated with floating rate borrowings. The various sources of loans being extended to the company by parent company are Fixed interest and floating interest rate which get reset periodically. The Company manages the interest rate risks by maintaining a debt portfolio of fixed and floating rate borrowings.

37. Income Tax expense

This note provides an analysis of the company's income tax expense, and how the tax expense is affected by non-assessable and non-deductible items. It also explains significant estimates made in relation to The Company's tax positions.

(a) **Income tax expense -**

| (₹ in Lakhs) | | |
|---|-----------------------|------------------------|
| Particulars | As on 31st March 2021 | As on 31st March, 2020 |
| <u>Current Tax</u> | | |
| Current tax on profits for the year | 191.03 | 237.73 |
| Total current tax expense | 191.03 | 237.73 |
| <u>Deferred Tax</u> | | |
| Origination and reversal of temporary differences | 407.70 | 158.92 |
| Total deferred tax expense /(benefit) | 407.70 | 158.92 |
| Income tax expense | 598.73 | 396.65 |

Current tax is reckoned based on the current year's income and tax payable thereon in accordance with the applicable tax rates as per the prevailing tax laws.

The company had made a tax provision of ₹ 191.03 Lakh (Previous Year ₹ 237.73 Lakhs) for the year towards current Tax (Minimum Alternate Tax). In accordance with Ind-AS 12 on Accounting for Taxes on Income, the Company has computed Deferred Tax liability amounting to ₹ 434.96 Lakh at the year ended 31st March, 2021 (Previous Year ₹ 26.04 Lakh) on account of timing difference in relation to depreciation and MAT Credit Entitlement carried forward.

(b) **Reconciliation of tax expense and the accounting profit multiplied by India's tax rate: -**

| (₹ in Lakhs) | | |
|---|-----------------------|------------------------|
| Particulars | As on 31st March 2021 | As on 31st March, 2020 |
| Profit before income tax expense | 1092.91 | 1360.64 |
| Tax at the Indian tax rate of 27.82% (Previous Year 29.12%) | 304.04 | 396.22 |

| | | |
|---|---------------|---------------|
| Tax effect of: | (0.21) | 0.00 |
| Non Taxable Tax items @ 27.82% on 0.75 Lakh | 0.34 | 0.00 |
| Non Deductible Tax items @ 27.82% on 0.1.21 Lakh | 407.70 | 158.92 |
| Deferred Tax expense/(income) | (113.14) | (158.49) |
| MAT Adjustment @ 10.348% (27.82-17.472) on 1093.37 Lakh (1092.91-0.75+1.21) | | |
| Tax Expenses recognized in statement of Profit & Loss | 598.73 | 396.65 |

(c) MAT Credit

As company have option to avail MAT credit in future against Income Tax payable and hence MAT paid during earlier and in current year are carried forward to the extent expected to avail the MAT credit in future.

38. Disclosure on Ind AS 115 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers"

- (a) The following table discloses the movement in unbilled revenue during the period ended 31st March, 2021 and 31st March 2020.

(₹ in Lakhs)

| Particulars | For the year ended 31st March, 2021 | For the Year ended 31st March, 2020 |
|---|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Balance at the beginning | 278.44 | 298.44 |
| Add: Revenue recognised during the period | 233.56 | 2209.74 |
| Less: Invoiced during the period | 278.44 | 2229.74 |
| Less: Impairment/reversal during the period | - | - |
| Add: Translation gain/(Loss) | - | - |
| Balance at the end | 233.56 | 278.44 |

- (b) The Company does not have any contract liability during the period ended 31st March, 2021 and 31st March 2020.
- (c) The entity determines transaction price based on expected value method considering its past experiences of refunds or significant reversals in amount of revenue. In estimating significant financing component, management considers the financing element inbuilt in the transaction price based on imputed rate of return. Reconciliation of revenue recognized vis-a-vis revenue recognized in profit or loss statement is as follows :

(₹ in Lakhs)

| Particulars | For the year ended 31st March, 2021 | For the Year ended 31st March, 2020 |
|---|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Contracted price | 2078.70 | 2129.80 |
| Add/ (Less)- Discounts/ rebates provided to customer | (10.61) | (8.67) |
| Add/ (Less)- Performance bonus | 72.75 | 69.33 |
| Add/ (Less)- Adjustment for significant financing component | - | - |
| Add/ (Less)- Other adjustments | (3.36) | 0.41 |
| Revenue recognized in profit or loss statement | 2137.48 | 2190.87 |

39. A) Disclosure on Covid-19 Impact

The company is mainly engaged in the business of transmission of electricity and the tariffs for the transmission services are regulated in terms of the CERC Tariff Regulations which provide for recovery of the annual transmission charges based on system availability. As per the Government of India guidelines, transmission units and services fall under the category of essential services and exempted from lockdown.

The company has considered various internal and external information available up to the date of approval of Financial Results and there has been no material impact on the operations of the company for the year ended 31st March 2021. The company will continue to monitor any material changes to future economic conditions.

B) Recent Pronouncements

The Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") through a notification dated March 24, 2021, has amended Division II of Schedule III of the Companies Act, 2013 w.e.f. April 1, 2021. The Company will assess and implement the amendments to Division II in FY 2021-22, as applicable.

40. a) Figures have been rounded off to nearest rupee in lakhs up to two decimal.
b) The previous year figures have been reclassified/re-grouped to confirm to the current year's classification.

As per our report of even date attached.

For Khanna Thaker & Co.
Chartered Accountants

ABHINAV KHANNA
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ABHINAV KHANNA
Date: 2021.05.27
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(Abhinav Khanna)
Partner
Membership No. 405987
ICAI FRN : 001265C
Place: Lucknow

For and on behalf of Powergrid Unchahar
Transmission Limited

Seema Gupta
Digitally signed
by Seema Gupta
Date: 2021.05.27
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Seema Gupta
Chairperson
DIN : 06636330

Place: Gurugram

A K SINGHAL
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SINGHAL
Date: 2021.05.27
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Ashok Kumar Singhal
Director
DIN : 08578420

Place: New Delhi

Purshottam Agarwal
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Agarwal
Date: 2021.05.27 17:17:18
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Purshottam Agarwal
CEO
PAN: ABWPA7859E
Place: Gurugram

AMIT GARG
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by AMIT GARG
Date: 2021.05.27
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Amit Garg
CFO
PAN: ACSPG1833F
Place: Gurugram

Anjana Luthra
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Anjana Luthra
Date: 2021.05.27
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Anjana Luthra
Company Secretary
PAN: ABYPL2312H
Place: New Delhi

Date: 27.05.2021



KHANNA THAKER & COMPANY

Chartered Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

TO,
THE MEMBERS OF
POWERGRID UNCHAHAR TRANSMISSION LIMITED

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying Ind AS Financial Statements of **M/s POWERGRID UNCHAHAR TRANSMISSION LIMITED ("the Company")**, which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2021, the Statement of Profit and Loss, Statement of Changes in Equity, the Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with IND AS and the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of state of affairs of the Company as at 31st March 2021, its profit including other comprehensive income, its Changes in Equity and its cashflows for the year ended on that date.

Key Audit Matters

We have determined that there are no key audit matters to communicate in our report.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("**the Act**"). Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibility of Managements and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with IND AS and the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind AS") prescribed under Section 133 of the Act read with the relevant rules there under. This responsibility also includes the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provision of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting the frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Report on other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016, issued by the Central Government of India in term of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013, we give in the '**Annexure - A**' a statement on the matters specified in the paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
2. As required by section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - b) In our opinion proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as appears from our examination of those books.

- c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss, Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
- d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with IND AS and the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
- e) As the Government Companies have been exempted from applicability of the provision of section 164(2) of the Companies Act, 2013, reporting on disqualification of Directors not required.
- f) With respect to the adequacy of internal financial controls over financial reporting of the company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in '**Annexure – B**'
- g) With respect to the other matters included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules 2014, in our opinion and to our best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The company disclosed the impact of pending litigations on the Financial position in its financial statements of the Company-Refer Note 33 to the financial statements
 - ii. The company did not have any long-term contracts including derivatives contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses;
 - iii. There has been no Delay in Transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
- 3. In terms of Section 143 (5) of the Companies Act 2013, we give in the "**Annexure C**" statement on the directions issued by the Comptroller and Auditor General of India.

For Khanna Thaker & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Firm Reg. No. 001265C

ABHINAV
KHANNA
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ABHINAV KHANNA
Date: 2021.05.27
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CA Abhinav Khanna

Partner

Membership No: 405987

Place: Lucknow

Date: 27.05.2021

ANNEXURE 'A' TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT
(Referred to in paragraph 2 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements'
section of our report to the Members of POWERGRID Unchahar Transmission Limited of
even date)

| S. No. | Particulars | Auditors Remark |
|--------|--|--|
| (i) | (a) whether the company is maintaining proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets; | The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets. |
| | b) whether these fixed assets have been physically verified by the management at reasonable intervals; whether any material discrepancies were noticed on such verification and if so, whether the same have been properly dealt with in the books of account; | The Company has a program of verification to cover all the items of tangible fixed assets which, in our opinion, is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. Pursuant to the program, all tangible fixed assets were physically verified by the management during the year. According to the information and explanations given to us, no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification. |
| | (c) Whether the title deeds of immovable properties are held in the name of the company. If not, provide the details thereof; | The transmission line towers erected by the company on the farmers land are treated as immovable property based on the provisions of the Indian Telegraph Act, which permits public utility undertakings to erect such towers without acquiring the land by paying adequate tree/crop compensation by the company to the owners of the said property |
| (ii) | Whether physical verification of inventory has been conducted at reasonable intervals by the management and whether any material discrepancies were noticed and if so, whether they have been properly dealt with in the books of account; | The company does not have any inventory. Accordingly, this clause of the order is not applicable to the company. |
| (iii) | Whether the company has granted any loans, secured or unsecured to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or other parties covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013. If so, | According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not granted unsecured loans to Companies, Firms, Limited Liability Partnerships and other parties covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013. Accordingly clauses 3(iii) are not not applicable to the company. |
| | (a) Whether the terms and conditions of the grant of such loans are not prejudicial to the company's interest; | Not Applicable |
| | (b) Whether the schedule of repayment of principal and payment of interest has been stipulated and whether the repayments or receipts are regular; | Not Applicable |

| | | |
|-------|--|---|
| | (c) If the amount is overdue, state the total amount overdue for more than ninety days, and whether reasonable steps have been taken by the company for recovery of the principal and interest; | Not Applicable |
| (iv) | In respect of loans, investments, guarantees, and security whether provisions of section 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 have been complied with. If not, provide the details thereof. | In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company does not have loans, Investments, guarantees and security covered under Sections 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 and accordingly clause 3(iv) of the order is not applicable to the company. |
| (v) | In case, the company has accepted deposits, whether the directives issued by the Reserve Bank of India and the provisions of sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules framed thereunder, where applicable, have been complied with? If not, the nature of such contraventions be stated; If an order has been passed by Company Law Board or National Company Law Tribunal or Reserve Bank of India or any court or any other tribunal, whether the same has been complied with or not? | The Company has not accepted deposits during the year and does not have any unclaimed deposits as at March 31, 2021 and accordingly clause 3(v) of the order is not applicable to the company. |
| (vi) | Whether maintenance of cost records has been specified by the Central Government under sub-section (1) of section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013 and whether such accounts and records have been so made and maintained. | The maintenance of cost records has not been specified by the Central Government under section 148(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 in respect of Transmission and Telecom Operations. However, the company has not crossed the threshold limits of requirements of maintaining the Cost Records and hence the same has not been maintained. |
| (vii) | (a) whether the company is regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, sales-tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and any other statutory dues to the appropriate authorities and if not, the extent of the arrears of outstanding statutory dues as on the last day of the financial year concerned for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable, shall be indicated; | The Company has been regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues, including Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income Tax, Goods and Service Tax, and other material statutory dues applicable to it with the appropriate authorities. |
| | (b) where dues of income tax or sales tax or service tax or duty of customs or duty of excise or value added tax have not been deposited on account of any dispute, then the amounts involved and the forum where | There were no undisputed amounts payable in respect of Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income Tax, Goods and Service Tax, and other material statutory dues in arrears as at March 31, 2021 for a period of more than six |

| | | |
|--------|---|---|
| | dispute is pending shall be mentioned. (A mere representation to the concerned Department shall not be treated as a dispute). | months from the date they became payable. |
| (viii) | Whether the company has defaulted in repayment of loans or borrowing to a financial institution, bank, Government or dues to debenture holders? If yes, the period and the amount of default to be reported (in case of defaults to banks, financial institutions, and Government, lender wise details to be provided). | The Company has not taken any loans or borrowings from financial institutions, banks and government or has not issued any debentures. Hence reporting under clause 3 (viii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company. |
| (ix) | Whether moneys raised by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) and term loans were applied for the purposes for which those are raised. If not, the details together with delays or default and subsequent rectification, if any, as may be applicable, be reported; | Based on the specified audit procedures followed by us and as per the information and explanations given by the management, Company has not raised any monies by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments). Holding Company provided Inter corporate loan. We report that the amounts received were applied for the purposes for which they were received. |
| (x) | whether any fraud by the company or any fraud on the Company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the year; If yes, the nature and the amount involved is to be indicated; | To the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanations given to us, no fraud by the Company or no material fraud on the Company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the year. |
| (xi) | Whether managerial remuneration has been paid or provided in accordance with the requisite approvals mandated by the provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V to the Companies Act? If not, state the amount involved and steps taken by the company for securing refund of the same; | In view of exemption given vide notification no. G. S. R. 463(E) dated June 5, 2015, issued by Ministry of Corporate Affairs, provisions of Section 197 read with Schedule V of the Act regarding managerial remuneration are not applicable to the Company. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xi) of the order is not applicable to the company |
| (xii) | whether the Nidhi Company has complied with the Net Owned Funds to Deposits in the ratio of 1: 20 to meet out the liability and whether the Nidhi Company is maintaining ten per cent unencumbered term deposits as specified in the Nidhi Rules, 2014 to meet out the liability; | The Company is not a Nidhi Company and hence reporting under clause 3 (xii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company. |
| (xiii) | Whether all transactions with the related parties are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of Companies Act, 2013 where applicable and the details have been disclosed in the Financial Statements etc., as required by the applicable accounting standards; | In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is in compliance with Section 177 and 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 where applicable, for all transactions with the related parties and the details of related party transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards. |

| | | |
|-------|--|---|
| (xiv) | Whether the company has made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year under review and if so, as to whether the requirement of section 42 of the Companies Act, 2013 have been complied with and the amount raised have been used for the purposes for which the funds were raised. If not, provide the details in respect of the amount involved and nature of non-compliance; | During the year, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly paid convertible debentures and hence reporting under clause (xiv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company. |
| (xv) | Whether the company has entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him and if so, whether the provisions of section 192 of Companies Act, 2013 have been complied with | In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, during the year the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its Directors or persons connected to its directors and hence provisions of section 192 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to the Company. |
| (xvi) | Whether the company is required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 and if so, whether the registration has been obtained. | The Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. |

For Khanna Thaker & Co.
Chartered Accountants
Firm Reg. No. 001265C

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Date: 2021.05.27
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CA Abhinav Khanna
Partner
Membership No: 405987

Place: Lucknow
Date: 27.05.2021

**‘Annexure B’ to the Independent Auditor’s report of Even Date in the Financial Statements
of
POWERGRID UNCHAHAR TRANSMISSION LIMITED**

**Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143
of the Companies Act, 2013 (“the Act”)**

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **POWERGRID UNCHAHAR TRANSMISSION LIMITED (“the Company”)** as of March 31, 2021 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management’s Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Board of Directors of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditor’s Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the “Guidance Note”) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India and the Standards on Auditing prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor’s judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company’s internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that,

- (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company;
- (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and
- (3) Provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company, which is company incorporated in India, have, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2021, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI).

For Khanna Thaker & Co.
Chartered Accountants
Firm Reg. No. 001265C

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ABHINAV KHANNA
KHANNA Date: 2021.05.27
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CA Abhinav Khanna
Partner
Membership No: 405987

Place: Lucknow
Date: 27.05.2021

“Annexure C” to the Independent Auditor’s report of Even Date in the Financial Statements of POWERGRID UNCHAHAR TRANSMISSION LIMITED

Statement on the directions issued by the Comptroller and Auditor General of India

We have verified various documents and other relevant records and also on the basis of information and explanations provided to us, by the management of **POWERGRID Unchahar Transmission Limited** to ascertain whether the company has complied with the section 143(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 and give our report against each specific direction as under.

| Sl. No. | Directions u/s 143(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 | Auditor’s reply on action taken on the directions | Impact on financial statement |
|---------|--|--|-------------------------------|
| 1 | Whether the Company has system in place to process all the accounting transactions through IT system? If yes, the implications of processing of accounting transactions outside IT system on the integrity of the accounts along with the financial implications, if any, may be stated. | The company is having ERP system (SAP) in place for processing all accounting transactions. No accounting transaction is being recorded/processed otherwise than the ERP system in place. | NIL |
| 2 | Whether there is any restructuring of an existing loan or cases of waiver/write off of debts/loans/interest etc. made by a lender to the company due to the company’s inability to repay the loan? If yes, the financial impact may be stated. Whether such cases are properly accounted for? (In case, lender is a Government Company, then this direction is also applicable for statutory auditor of lender company). | As explained to us, there are no cases of restructuring of an existing loan or cases of waiver/ write off of debts/ loans/ interest etc. made by a lender to the company due to the company's inability to repay the loan. | NIL |
| 3 | Whether funds (grants/subsidy etc.) received/receivable for specific schemes from Central/State Government or its agencies were properly accounted for/utilized as per its term and conditions? List the cases of deviation | As per the information and explanation given to us, no funds has been received / receivable for specific schemes from Central/ State agencies. | NIL |

For Khanna Thaker & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Firm Reg. No. 001265C

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KHANNA

CA Abhinav Khanna

Partner

Membership No: 405987

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Date: 2021.05.27 18:21:21
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Place: Lucknow

Date: 27.05.2021



KHANNA THAKER & COMPANY

Chartered Accountants

Compliance Certificate

We have conducted the audit of annual standalone accounts of POWERGRID UNCHAHAR TRANSMISSION LIMITED for the year ended 31st March 2021 in accordance with the Directions/ Sub Directions issued by C&AG of India under Section 143(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 and certify that we have complied with all the Direction/ Sub-directions issued to us.

Date: 27.05.2021

Place: Lucknow

For Khanna Thaker & Co.

Chartered Accountants

FRN No. 001265C

ABHINAV Digitally signed by
KHANNA ABHINAV KHANNA
Date: 2021.05.27
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(CA Abhinav Khanna)

Membership No. 405987