POWERGRID ALIGARH SIKAR TRANSMISSION LIMITED A Wholly Owned Subsidiary of Power Grid Corporation of India Limited (CIN: U40106DL2020GOI363739) ANNUAL REPORT (2023-24)

POWERGRID ALIGARH SIKAR TRANSMISSION LIMITED

(Wholly Owned Subsidiary of Power Grid Corporation of India Limited) Regd. Office: B-9, Qutab Institutional Area, Katwaria Sarai, New Delhi-110016 CIN: U40106DL2020GOI363739

Tel: 011-26560112 Email Id: companysecretary@powergrid.in

DIRECTORS' REPORT

Dear Members,

I hereby present the 4th Annual Report of POWERGRID Aligarh Sikar Transmission Limited on the working of the Company together with Audited Financial Statements and Auditors' Report for the financial year ended 31st March, 2024.

1. State of the Company's Affairs & Project implementation

POWERGRID Aligarh Sikar Transmission Limited (PASTL) was acquired by POWERGRID on 8th June, 2021 under Tariff based competitive bidding to establish transmission system for Transmission system strengthening scheme for evacuation of power from solar energy zones in Rajasthan (8.1 GW) under Phase II – Part D on build, own, operate and maintain (BOOM) basis. The transmission system comprises establishment of a 765kVD/C transmission line from Sikar to Aligarh and associated substation extension works in the State of Rajasthan and Uttar Pradesh. The Company was granted transmission license on 28th May 2022 by CERC. The work is under process in full swing.

The Scope as well as status of Transmission Project as on 31st March, 2024 is as follows:

- 1. Sikar-II Aligarh 765kV D/c Line: Tower Foundation of 672 out of 701, Tower Erection of 671 out of 701 and Stringing of 249 Ckm out of 264 Ckm have been completed.
- 2. 2 no. of 765kV line bays at Sikar-II Substation for Sikar-II Aligarh 765kV D/c Line: Progress-under execution.
- 3. 1*330 MVAR Switchable line reactor for each circuit at each end of Sikar-II Aligarh 765kV D/c Tr Line:
 - a) 330MVAR, 765 kV reactor-4 (2 reactors each at Sikar II and Aligarh GIS): Supply-100% completed and Erection - 50% completed;
 - b) Switching equipment for 765 kV reactor- 4 (2 switching equipment each at Sikar II and Aligarh GIS): Supply 50% and Erection 50% have been completed;
 - c) 110 MVAR, 765kV, 1ph reactor (spare unit) at Aligarh GIS: 100% completed.

2. Financial Performance

		(₹ in Lakh)	
Particulars	2023-24	2022-23	
Revenue from Operations	-	-	
Other Income	0.51	2.87	
Total Income	0.51	2.87	
Expenses	6.49	2.16	
Profit/loss before Tax	(5.98)	0.71	
Profit/loss after Tax	(4.47)	0.53	
Earnings Per Equity Share (par value ₹10/- each)	-0.005	0.001	

3. Share Capital

As on 31st March 2024, share capital of the Company is as follows:

Particulars	Amount (₹)
Authorized Share Capital	1,00,00,00,000
(divided into 10,00,00,000 equity shares of ₹10/- each)	
Paid up Share Capital	99,95,00,000
(divided into 9,99,50,000 equity shares of ₹10/- each)	

Change in Share Capital during the financial year

Particulars	No. of Shares	Amount (₹)
Paid-up Share Capital as on 31 st March, 2023	7,79,50,000	77,95,00,000
(Equity Shares of par value ₹10/- each)		
Issued and subscribed during the year	2,20,00,000	22,00,00,000
Paid-up Share Capital as on 31 st March, 2024	9,99,50,000	99,95,00,000
(Equity Shares of par value ₹10/- each)		

4. Dividend

Your Directors have not recommended any dividend on the equity shares for the Financial Year 2023-24.

5. <u>Reserves</u>

Your Company's Project is under implementation and Company has not started its commercial operations. There is no operational income/profit. Your Company is not proposing to carry any amount to the reserves for the Financial Year ended 31st March, 2024.

6. <u>Particulars of Loans, Guarantees or Investments made under Section 186 of the</u> <u>Companies Act, 2013</u>

Your Company has not given any loans, provided any guarantee or security to any other entity.

7. Particulars of contracts or arrangements with related parties

Particulars of contracts or arrangements with related parties referred under section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013, in the prescribed form AOC-2, is given at **Annexure - I** to the Directors' Report.

8. Material Changes & Commitments

There has been no material changes & commitments affecting the financial position of the Company, which have occurred between the end of the financial year and date of this report.

9. Deposits

Your Company has not accepted any deposit for the period under review.

10. Subsidiaries, Joint Ventures and Associate Companies

Your Company does not have any subsidiaries, joint ventures and associate companies.

11. Directors' Responsibility Statement

As required under section 134(3)(c) & 134(5) of the Companies Act, your Directors confirm that:

- a. in the preparation of the Annual Accounts, the applicable accounting standards had been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures;
- b. the Directors had selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company at the end of the financial year and of the profit of the company for that period;
- c. the Directors had taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of this Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- d. the Directors had prepared the Annual Accounts on a going concern basis; and
- e. the Directors had devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

12. Board of Directors & KMPs

As on 31st March, 2024, the Board comprised of Four Directors viz. Dr. Yatindra Dwivedi, Shri Mukesh Khanna, Shri G. P. Payasi and Shri Ashwani Kumar Gupta.

During the FY 2023-24, following changes took place in the composition of Board of Directors:

- a) Shri Abhay Choudhary, Chairman and Shri A. K. Mishra, Director ceased to be the Directors of the Company w.e.f. 27th December, 2023 and 7th February, 2024, respectively;
- b) Dr. Yatindra Dwivedi, as Chairman and Additional Director and Shri G. P. Payasi, as Additional Director were appointed w.e.f. 01st January, 2024 and 08th February, 2024 and shall hold office up to the date of ensuing Annual General Meeting;

The following changes took place during the Financial Year 2024-25 till date:

- a) Shri Mukesh Khanna ceased to be the Director of the Company w.e.f. 30th April, 2024;
- b) Shri Thirumala Reddy Molakathalla was appointed as Additional Director of the Company w.e.f. 13th May, 2024 and shall hold office up to the date of ensuing Annual General Meeting.

The Company has received a notice under Section 160 of the Companies Act, 2013 from a member of the Company for appointment of Dr. Yatindra Dwivedi, Shri G. P. Payasi and Shri Thirumala Reddy Molakathalla as a Director, liable to retire by rotation, in the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

The Board placed on record its appreciation for the valuable contribution, guidance & support given by Shri Abhay Choudhary, Shri A. K. Mishra and Shri Mukesh Khanna during their tenure as Directors of the Company.

In accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, Shri Ashwani Kumar Gupta shall retire by rotation at the Annual General Meeting of your Company and being eligible, offers himself for re-appointment.

None of the Directors is disqualified from being appointed/re-appointed as Director.

As on 31st March, 2024, Shri Gurmit Singh is the CFO of the Company. Ms. Pragati Parnika was the Company Secretary appointed as KMP of the Company during the financial year 2023-24. However, she has resigned from the post of Company Secretary and KMP w.e.f. 13th June, 2024.

13. Number of Board meetings during the year

As on Financial Year ended 31st March, 2024, nine (09) meetings of Board of Directors were held on 1st June, 2023, 23rd June, 2023, 12th July, 2023, 25th July, 2023, 5th September, 2023, 23rd October, 2023, 15th December, 2023, 27th January, 2024 and 20th March, 2024. The detail of number of meetings attended by each Director during the financial year are as under:

Name of Directors	Designation	No. of Board Meetings entitled to attend during FY 2023-24.	No. of Board Meetings attended during FY 2023-24.
Shri Abhay Choudhary (upto 27.12.2023)	Chairman (Part-time)	07	07
Dr. Yatindra Dwivedi (w.e.f. 01.01.2024)	Chairman (Part-time)	02	02
Shri A. K. Mishra (upto 07.02.2024)	Director	08	04
Shri Mukesh Khanna	Director	09	06
Shri G. P. Payasi (w.e.f. 08.02.2024)	Additional Director	01	00
Shri Ashwani Kumar Gupta	Director	09	09

14. Committees of the Board

Audit Committee and Nomination & Remuneration Committee

The provisions of Section 177 and Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 6 of the Companies (Meetings of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014 are not applicable to the Company.

15. Board Evaluation

As per notification dated 5th June 2015 issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, the provision related to evaluation of performance of Board, its committees and individual directors under section 178(2) of the Companies Act, 2013 is exempt for Government Companies.

16. Declaration by Independent Directors

As per the provisions of Rule 4 of Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Rules, 2014, your Company, being a wholly owned subsidiary of POWERGRID, is exempted from appointment of Independent Directors.

17. Corporate Social Responsibility

The provisions of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rules made thereunder were not applicable to the Company during financial year 2023-24.

18. Compliance with Secretarial Standards

Your Company has complied with the applicable Secretarial Standards during the financial year 2023-24.

19. Secretarial Audit Report

M/s VAPN & Associates, Company Secretaries has conducted Secretarial Audit of the Company for the financial year ended 31st March, 2024. The Secretarial Audit Report is placed at **Annexure – II** to this report. The Secretarial Auditors have given an unqualified report. The report is self-explanatory and does not require any further comments by the Board.

20. Maintenance of Cost Records of the Company

Maintenance of cost records as specified by the Central Government under sub-section (1) of Section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013, is not applicable to the Company during Financial Year 2023-24.

21. Internal Financial Control Systems and their adequacy

Your Company being a wholly owned subsidiary of POWERGRID (Holding Company) has comply with Internal Financial Controls System over Financial Reporting as adopted by the Holding Company.

22. Statutory Audit

M/s. Arihant Jain & Co., Chartered Accountants, were appointed by Comptroller and Auditor General of India as Statutory Auditors of the Company for the financial year 2023-24. The Statutory Auditors have given an unqualified report on the Financial Statements for the financial year ended 31st March 2024. The report is self-explanatory and does not require any further comments by the Board.

23. Comptroller and Auditor General's (C&AG) Comments

The Comptroller and Auditor-General of India (C&AG) have conducted the supplementary audit of the financial statements of the company for the financial year ended 31st March, 2024 under section 143(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 and have stated:

".....On the basis of my supplementary audit nothing significant has come to my knowledge which would give rise to any comment upon or supplement to statutory auditor's report under section 143(6)(b) of the Act."

Copy of C&AG letter dated 03rd July, 2024 is placed at Annexure-III to this report.

24. <u>Details in respect of frauds reported by auditors other than those which are</u> reportable to the Central Government

The Statutory Auditors of the Company have not reported any frauds to the Board of Directors under section 143(12) of the Companies Act, 2013, including rules made thereunder.

25. Development & Implementation of Risk Management Policy.

Your Company, being a wholly owned subsidiary of POWERGRID, is covered under the Risk Management Framework of the holding company.

26. Annual Return of the Company

In accordance with Section 92(3) read with Section 134(3)(a) of the Companies Act, 2013, the Annual Return of the Company is available on the web-site of the Power Grid Corporation of India Limited (holding company) i.e. www.powergrid.in and can be accessed in the Subsidiaries section under the Investors tab.

27. Particulars of Employees

As per Notification dated 5th June 2015 issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, the provisions of Section 197 of the Companies Act, 2013 and corresponding rules are exempted for Government Companies.

28. <u>Details of Significant and Material Orders passed by the regulators, courts, tribunals</u> impacting the going concern status and company's operation in future

No significant and material orders have been passed by any authority during the financial year 2023-24 impacting the going concern status and Company's operation in future.

29. <u>Conservation of Energy, Technology absorption, Foreign Exchange Earning and Out</u> <u>Go</u>

There is no Conservation of Energy, Technology absorption and Foreign Exchange Earnings and out go under section 134(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 for financial year 2023-24.

30. Prevention of Sexual Harassment at Workplace

The holding company (POWERGRID) has Internal Complaints Committee (ICC) in place to redress complaints regarding sexual harassment.

31. Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016

During the Financial Year 2023-24, no application has been made under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code; hence the requirement to disclose the details of application made

or any proceeding pending under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016 during the year along with their status as at the end of the financial year is not applicable.

32. Acknowledgement

The Board of Directors extends its sincere thanks to the Ministry of Power, the Central Electricity Regulatory Commission, POWERGRID, the Comptroller & Auditor General of India and the Auditors of the Company.

For and on behalf of **POWERGRID ALIGARH SIKAR TRANSMISSION LIMITED**

Date: 27.09.2024 Place: Gurugram

Dr. Yatindra Dwivedi Chairman DIN: 10301390

Annexure I

POWERGRID ALIGARH SIKAR TRANSMISSION LIMITED Form No. AOC -2

[Pursuant to clause (h) of sub-section (3) of section 134 of the Act and Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014]

Form for Disclosure of particulars of contracts/arrangements entered into by the company with related parties referred to in sub section (1) of section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 including certain arm's length transaction under third proviso thereto.

1. Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions not at Arm's length basis.

SI. No.	Particulars	Details
a)	Name (s) of the related party & nature of relationship	-
b)	Nature of contracts/arrangements/transaction	-
C)	Duration of the contracts/arrangements/transaction	- / ``
d)	Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transaction including the value, if any	-
e)	Justification for entering into such contracts or arrangements or transactions'	-
f)	Date of approval by the Board	-
g)	Amount paid as advances, if any	-
h)	Date on which the special resolution was passed in General meeting as required under first proviso to section 188	-

2. Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions at Arm's length basis.

SI. No.	Particulars	Details
а	Name (s) of the related party & nature of relationship	Power Grid Corporation of India Limited (POWERGRID) [holding company w.e.f. 08.06.2021].
b	Nature of contracts/arrang ements/transact ion	Part (A) to avail all inputs and services as may be required by the Company from POWERGRID (Holding Company) @2.00% of the Actual Project Cost (excl. IDC & Consultancy fee) plus GST as applicable.
		Part (B) to take any security(ies) / guarantee(s) in connection with loan(s) / any form of debt including ECBs and/or to avail inter corporate loan(s) on cost to cost basis, or a combination thereof, upto an amount of Rs. 842 Crore from POWERGRID.

		Part (C) to take any security(ies) / guarantee(s) in connection with loan(s) / any form of debt including ECBs and/or to avail inte corporate loan(s) on cost to cost basis, or a combination thereof upto an amount of Rs. 1020.89 Crore from POWERGRID.
С	Duration of the contracts/arrang ements/transact ion	Part (A) As mutually agreed. Part (B) Commissioning of the project including associated reconciliation activities. Part (C) Commissioning of the project including associated reconciliation activities.
d	Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transaction including the value, if any	Refer (B) and (C)
е	Date of approval by the Board	For Part (A) 08.06.2021 For Part (B) 08.06.2021 For Part (C) 12.07.2023
f	Amount paid as advances, if any	-

For and on behalf of **POWERGRID ALIGARH SIKAR TRANSMISSION LIMITED**

Date: 27.09.2024 Place: Gurugram

Dr. Yatindra Dwivedi

Chairman DIN: 10301390

ARIHANT JAIN & CO.

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Members of M/s POWERGRID ALIGARH SIKAR TRANSMISSION LIMITED

Report on the Ind-AS Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying Ind AS Financial Statements of **M/s POWERGRID ALIGARH SIKAR TRANSMISSION LIMITED** ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31st March 2024, and the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Cash Flow and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended on that date, and notes to financial statement including a summary of the material accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in compliance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013, Companies Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, and the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs (financial position) of the Company as at 31st March 2024, the total comprehensive income (comprising of profit and other comprehensive income), changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the Ind AS financial statements in accordance with the Standard on Auditing (SAs) specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on the financial statements.

Rahul KumarDigitally signed by
Rahul Kumar GuptaGuptaDate: 2024.05.13
21:02:08 +05'30'

Faridabad Office : 1st Floor, 5-R/4, Govind Bhawan, N.I.T. Faridabad - 121001 HR. Tel. : +91-129-4033454 Cell : +91-9810503454, 9953396449, 9873014144 E-mail : ajcofbd@gmail.com <u>Gurugram Office :</u> MSO-224, 2nd Floor, DLF DT Mega Mall, Golf Course Road, DLF Phase-1,Gurugram - 122002 Cell : 9953396449, 9810503454 E-mail : ajcoggn@gmail.com

GSTIN: 06AASFA7826L1ZV

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

We have determined that there are no key audit matters to communicate in our report.

Management's Responsibility for the Ind AS Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) prescribed under section 133 of the Act, read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended.

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Rahul Kumar Gupta

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Auditors' Responsibility

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

• Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

• Obtain an understanding of internal financial controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.

• Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.

• Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

• Evaluate the overall presentation, structure, and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

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Digitally signed by Rahul Kumar Gupta Date: 2024.05.13 21:03:33 +05'30' Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the standalone financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the standalone financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, we give in **Annexure "A"** a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- 2. As required by Section 143 (3) of the Act, we report that:
 - a. We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - b. In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - c. The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, the Statement of Cash Flow and Statement of

Rahul Digitally signed by Rahul Kumar Gupta Date: 2024.05.13 21:03:59 +05'30' Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the relevant books of account.

- d. In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Ind AS prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with relevant rules issued thereunder.
- e. As the Government Companies have been exempted from applicability of the provision of section 164(2) of the Companies Act, 2013, reporting on disqualification of Director is not required.
- f. With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to financial statements of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in **Annexure "B"**. Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements.
- g. Pursuant to Notification No. GSR 463(E) dated 5th June 2015 issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, Government of India, provision of Section 197 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to the Company, being a Government Company.
- h. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its financial statements -Refer Note 34 to the financial statements.
 - ii. The company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
 - iv. (a) The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entity ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the

Rahul _{Di} Kumar _{Da} Gupta ²¹ Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; (b) The Management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been received by the Company from any person or entity, including foreign entity ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;

(c) Based on the audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e), as provided under (a) and (b) above, contain any material misstatement

- v. No Dividend has been declared or paid by the company during the FY 2023-24.
- vi. Based on our examination, which included test checks, the Company has used accounting software for maintaining its books of account for the financial year ended March 31, 2024 which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software. Further, during the course of our audit we did not come across any instance of the audit trail feature being tampered with.
- 3. In terms of Section 143(5) of the Companies Act 2013, we give in the "Annexure-C" statement on the directions issued by the Comptroller and Auditor General of India.

For Arihant Jain & Co. Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration No. 019798N Rahul Kumar ^{Digitally signed by} Rahul Kumar ^{Gupta Date: 2024.05.13} 21:04:58 +05'30' CA Rahul Gupta Partner Membership No. 513798 UDIN: 24513798BKBGTL5281 Place: Faridabad Date: 13.05.2024

Annexure 'A' to the Independent Auditors' Report

As referred to in our Independent Auditors' Report of even date to the members of the **POWERGRID ALIGARH SIKAR TRANSMISSION LIMITED**, on the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024, we report that:

(i) a) (A) The Company has generally maintained records, showing full particulars including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant & Equipment.

(B) No intangible assets are held by the company. Hence, the provisions of this clause are not applicable.

- b) The Property, Plant & Equipment have been physically verified by the management during the year. In our opinion, frequency of verification is reasonable having regard to size of the company and the nature of its business. No material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
- c) In our opinion and according to information and explanations given to us and on the basis of an examination of the records of the Company, there are no immovable properties owned by the company. Accordingly, the provision of this clause is not applicable.
- d) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment (including Right of Use assets) or intangible assets or both during the year. Accordingly, the provision of clause 3(i)(d) of the Order are not applicable.
- e) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, no proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the company for holding any Benami property under the "Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 and Rules made thereunder.
- (ii) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us ,No Inventory is held by the Company Hence provisions of this clause is not applicable to the Company .

(b) The Company has not been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of Rs. 5 crores, in aggregate, at any point of time during the year from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets and hence reporting under paragraph 3(ii)(b) of the Order is not applicable.



- (iii) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not made investments in, provided any guarantee or security or granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties. Accordingly, provisions of paragraph 3(iii) (a) to paragraph 3(iii)(f) are not applicable to the company.
- (iv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanation given to us, the company has complied with the provisions of section 185 and 186 of the Act in respect of loans granted, investments made, guarantees and securities provided, as applicable.
- (v) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company has not accepted any deposit from the public & no amounts has been deemed to be deposits in accordance with the provisions of the sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Act, and the rules framed thereunder. Accordingly, paragraph 3(v) of the Order is not applicable to the company.
- (vi) Maintenance of cost records as specified by the Central Government under sub-section
 (1) of Section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013, is not applicable to the Company during financial year 2023-24.
- (vii) a) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is generally regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues with appropriate authorities including Provident Fund, Income Tax, Goods and Services Tax, Sales Tax, Wealth Tax, Service Tax, Duty of Custom, Duty of Excise, Value Added Tax, Cess and other statutory dues applicable to the Company and that there are no undisputed statutory dues outstanding as at 31 March 2024 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.

b) According to information and explanations given to us, there are no statutory dues referred to in sub- clause (a) have not been deposited on account of dispute.

- (viii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not recorded in the books of account any transaction which have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961. Accordingly, the provisions of paragraph 3(viii) of the Order are not applicable.
- (ix) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us,
 - (a) the Company has not defaulted during the year in repayment of loans & payment of Interest to its financial institutions, bankers and dues to the Bond holders.

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nariai	Rahul Kumar
Kumar	Gupta
	Date: 2024.05.13
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- (b) the company has not been declared willful defaulter by any bank/financial institution/other lender.
- (c) term loans (received only from the parent company) have been applied for the purpose for which the loans were obtained.
- (d) the Company has not raised any funds on short term basis to be utilized for long term purpose. Hence, clause 3(ix)(d) is not applicable.
- (e) The Company do not have any Subsidiaries, Joint ventures or Associates. Accordingly, paragraph 3(ix)(e) and 3(ix)(f) are not applicable to the Company.
- (x) (a) The company has not raised money by way of an initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year and hence reporting under paragraph 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (b) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully, partially or optionally convertible) during the year and hence reporting under paragraph 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xi) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and as represented by the management and based on our examination of the books and records of the Company, no case of material fraud on the company or by the company has been noticed or reported during the year.
 - (b) As no fraud has been noticed during the year as mentioned at xi(a) above, report under sub-Section (12) of Section 143 of the Companies Act in the Form ADT-4 as prescribed under Rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules 2014 is not applicable.
 - (c) According to the information and explanations given to us, no whistle-blower complaints have been received during the year by the Company.
- (xii) The company is not a Nidhi Company as prescribed under section 406 of the Act. Accordingly, clause 3(xii)(a), 3(xii)(b) & 3(xii)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the company.
- (xiii) According to the information and explanations given to us and as represented by the management, all transactions with the related parties are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of the Act, where applicable and the details have been disclosed in the financial statements as required by the applicable Indian Accounting Standards.

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- (xiv) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the company, the company has an internal audit system commensurate with the size and the nature of its business.
 - (b) The reports of the Internal Auditors for the period under audit were considered by us as statutory auditors to determining the nature ,timing and extent of our audit procedure.
- (xv) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the company, the company has not entered into non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with them covered under section 192 of the Act. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xv) of the Order is not applicable to the company.
- (xvi) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us, the company is not required to be registered under section 45 IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, paragraphs 3(xvi)(a) are not applicable to the company.

(b) According to the information and explanations provided to us, the Company has not conducted any Non-Banking Financial or Housing Finance activities therefore the Company is not required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, provisions of clause 3(xvi)(b) of the Order are not applicable.

(c) The Company is not a Core Investment Company (CIC) as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India. Accordingly, provisions of clause 3(xvi)(c) of the Order are not applicable.

(d) In our opinion, there is no core investment company within the Group (as defined in the Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016). Accordingly, provisions of clause 3(xvi)(d) of the Order are not applicable.

- (xvii) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the company, the company has incurred cash losses of Rs. 5.98 lakhs in the current Financial Year only.
- (xviii) There has not been any resignation of the statutory auditors during the year. Accordingly, provisions of clause 3 (xviii) of the order are not applicable.
- (xix) On the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the records of the company, in our opinion, no material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report and the company is capable of

Rahul KumarDigitally signed by
Rahul Kumar GuptaGuptaDate: 2024.05.13
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meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date.

- xx) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records, The company is at pre- revenue stage as project is under construction and company has not started its commercial operations and therefore there is no profit during the financial year. Accordingly, provisions of section 135(5) of the Companies Act are not applicable and paragraph 3(xx)(a) & 3(xx)(b) are not applicable to the company.
- xxi) The Company do not have any Subsidiaries, Joint ventures or Associates. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xxi) is not applicable to the company.

For Arihant Jain & Co. Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration No. 019798N Digitally signed Rahul by Rahul Kumar Kumar Gupta Date: 2024.05.13 Gupta 21:07:54 +05'30' CA Rahul Gupta Partner Membership No. 513798 UDIN: 24513798BKBGTL5281 Place: Faridabad Date: 13.05.2024

ANNEXURE - "B"

As referred to in our Independent Auditors' Report of even date to the members of the **M/s POWERGRID ALIGARH SIKAR TRANSMISSION LIMITED** ("the Company"), on the financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2024

<u>Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of</u> <u>Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the act")</u>

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to financial statements of the Company as at 31st March 2024 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial control with reference to financial statements based on "the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI)". These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls with reference to Ind AS financial statements that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to Ind AS financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Control over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over

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Rahul KumarKumarGuptaGuptaDate: 2024.05.13
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financial reporting with reference to financial statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting with reference to Ind AS financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to Ind AS financial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to Fraud or Error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting with reference to financial statements.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting with reference to financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting with reference to financial statements include those policies and procedures that:

(1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company;

(2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and

(3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the Company's Assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

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Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial controls over financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanation given to us, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting with reference to financial statements and such internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to Ind AS financial statements were operating effectively as at 31st March 2024, based on "the internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India."

For Arihant Jain & Co. Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration No. 019798N Rahul Kumar Gupta Partner Membership No. 513798 UDIN: 24513798BKBGTL5281 Place: Faridabad

Place: Faridabad Date: 13.05.2024

Annexure 'C' to the Independent Auditors' Report

As referred to in our Independent Auditors' Report of even date to the members of the **POWERGRID ALIGARH SIKAR TRANSMISSION LIMITED**, on the Ind AS financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024, we report the statement on the directions issued by the Comptroller and Auditor General of India

We have verified various documents and other relevant records and also on the basis of information and explanations provided to us, by the management of POWERGRID ALIGARH SIKAR TRANSMISSION LIMITED to ascertain whether the company has complied with the section 143(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 and give our report against each specific direction as under.

SI. No.	Directions u/s 143(5) of the Companies Act, 2013	Auditor's reply on action taken on the directions	Impact on financial statement
1	Whether the Company has system in place to process all the accounting transactions through IT system? If yes, the implications of processing of accounting transactions outside IT system on the integrity of the accounts along with the financial implications, if any, may be stated.	The company is having ERP system (SAP) in place for processing all accounting transactions. No accounting transaction is being recorded/processed otherwise than the ERP system in place. Hence no further disclosure is required in this regard.	NIL
2	Whether there is any restructuring of an existing loan or cases of waiver/write off of debts/loans/interest etc. made by a lender to the company due to the company's inability to repay the loan? If yes, the financial impact may be stated. Whether such cases are properly accounted for? (In case, lender is a Government company, then this direction is also applicable for statutory auditor of lender company).	Based on our verification and explanations and information given to us, there were no cases of restructuring of an existing loan or cases of waiver/ write off of debts/loan/interest etc. made by a lender to the company due to the company's inability to repay the loan.	NIL
3	Whether funds (grants/subsidy etc.) received/ receivable for specific schemes from Central/State Government or its agencies were properly accounted for/utilized as per its term and conditions? List the cases of deviation	Based on our verification and explanations and information given to us, no funds were received / receivable for specific schemes from Central/ State government or its agencies.	NIL

For Arihant Jain & Co. Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration No. 019798N

CA Rahul Gupta Partner Membership No. 513798 UDIN: 24513798 BKBGTL5281 Place: Faridabad Date: 13.05.2024

POWERGRID Aligarh Sikar Transmission Limited CIN : U40106DL2020GOI363739 B-9, Qutab Institutional Area, Katwaria Sarai, New Delhi, 110016 Balance Sheet as at 31 March, 2024

			(₹ In Lakh)
Particulars	Note	As at 31 March, 2024	As at 31 March, 2023
ASSETS Non-current assets			
(a) Capital work in progess	1	1,07,253.83	94,238.18
(b) Deferred Tax Assets (Net)	<u>4</u> <u>5</u>	1,07,255.85	0.29
(c) Other non-current assets	<u>5</u> 6	452.96	456.76
(c) Other hore current assets		1,07,708.59	94,695.23
Current assets		_,,	
(a) Financial assets			
(i) Cash and cash equivalents	<u>7</u>	1.07	5.43
(ii) Bank Balance other than Cash and cash	_		
equivalents	<u>8</u>	181.43	-
(iii) Other current financial assets	9	19.17	1.05
		201.67	6.48
Total Assets		1,07,910.26	94,701.71
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
(a) Equity Share capital	<u>10</u>	9,995.00	7,795.00
(b) Other Equity	<u>11</u>	(5.35)	(0.88
* * * ***.*		9,989.65	7,794.12
Liabilities			
Non-current liabilities			
(a) Financial liabilities	10	02 7(0 51	70 5 47 40
(i) Borrowings	<u>12</u>	92,760.51 92,760.51	78,547.40 78,547.40
Current liabilities		92,700.31	/0,34/.40
(a) Financial liabilities		、	
(i) Borrowings	13	682.13	_
(ii) Trade payables	$\frac{13}{14}$	002.15	_
(a) Total O/s dues of micro & small enterprises	11		
(b) Total O/s dues of micro & small enterprises		-	_
& small enterprises		1 10	
(iii) Other current financial liabilities	15	1.18 4,459.15	- 8,121.81
(iii) Other current financial fiabilities (b) Other current liabilities	<u>15</u> <u>16</u>	4,459.15 17.64	238.38
(b) Onier current nabilities	10	5,160.10	238.38 8,360.19
		5,100.10	0,300.19
Total Equity and Liabilities		1,07,910.26	94,701.71

The accompanying notes (1 to 39) form an integral part of financial statements

As per our report of even date For Arihant Jain & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Regn. No. 019798N

Rahul Kumar Gupta

Digitally signed by Rahul Kumar Gupta Date: 2024.05.13 19:05:26 +05'30'

Rahul Kumar Gupta Partner Mem. No. 513798 Place: Faridabad Date: 13 May, 2024

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

GYANESHWA Digitally signed by GYANESHWAR PRASAD PAYASI PAYASI Date: 2024.05.13 18:34:10 +05'30' Gyaneshwar Prasad Payasi Director DIN: 10088426 Place: Bhadla

Date: 13 May, 2024

GURMIT 110u27, Siddehi, SERIALNUMBERi 3x243ae7d025cb5e539df78f7f19e51cba2e ca815e6c53655ec5cb3e67cd, CN+GURMT SINGH

Gurmit Singh Chief Financial Officer PAN: ACNPS4243C Place: Faridabad Date: 13 May, 2024 ASHWANI KUMAR GUPTA

Digitally signed by ASHWANI KUMAR GUPTA Date: 2024.05.13 18:31:28 +05'30'

Ashwani Kumar Gupta Director

DIN: 09194985 Place: Gurugram Date: 13 May, 2024

Pragati Parnika Parnika Date: 2024.05.13 18:22:54 +05'30'

POWERGRID Aligarh Sikar Transmission Limited CIN : U40106DL2020GOI363739 B-9, Qutab Institutional Area, Katwaria Sarai, New Delhi, 110016 Statement of Profit and Loss For the Year ended 31 March, 2024

			(₹ In Lakh)
Particulars	Note	For the Year ended 31 March, 2024	For the Year ended 31 March, 2023
Revenue From Operations		-	-
Other Income	<u>17</u>	0.51	2.87
Total Income		0.51	2.87
EXPENSES			
Finance costs	<u>18</u>	-	-
Depreciation and amortization expense		-	-
Other expenses	<u>19</u>	6.49	2.16
Total expenses		6.49	2.16
Profit/(loss) before tax		(5.98)	0.71
Tax expense:			
Current tax		-	-
Deferred tax		(1.51)	0.18
Total tax expenses		(1.51)	0.18
Profit for the period		(4.47)	0.53
Other Comprehensive Income		-	-
Total Comprehensive Income for the period		(4.47)	0.53
Earnings per equity share (Par value ₹10/- each):			
Basic and Diluted		-0.005	0.001

The accompanying notes (1 to 39) form an integral part of financial statements

As per our report of even date For Arihant Jain & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Regn. No. 019798N

Rahul Kumar Gupta

Digitally signed by Rahul Kumar Gupta Date: 2024.05.13 19:05:57 +05'30'

Rahul Kumar Gupta Partner Mem. No. 513798 Place: Faridabad Date: 13 May, 2024 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

GYANESHWAR PRASAD PAYASI Date: 2024.05.13 18:35:04 +05:30'

Gyaneshwar Prasad Payasi Director DIN: 10088426 Place: Bhadla Date: 13 May, 2024

T SINGH SINGH Chief Financial Officer PAN: ACNPS4243C Place: Faridabad Date: 13 May, 2024 ASHWANI KUMAR GUPTA Bate: 2024.05.13 18:32:17 +05'30'

Ashwani Kumar Gupta Director DIN: 09194985 Place: Gurugram Date: 13 May, 2024

Pragati Parnika Digitally signed by Pragati Parnika Date: 2024.05.13 18:25:36 +05'30'

POWERGRID Aligarh Sikar Transmission Limited CIN: U40106DL2020GOI363739 B-9, Qutab Institutional Area, Katwaria Sarai, New Delhi, 110016 Statement of Cash Flows For the Year ended 31 March, 2024

	Statement of Cash Flows for the Tear ended 5.		(₹ In Lakh)
S1 .	Particulars	For the Year ended 31	For the Year ended 31
No.	rarticulars	March, 2024	March, 2023
Α	CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
	Profit Before Tax	(5.98)	0.71
	Adjustment for Changes in Assets and Liabilities:		
	Increase/(Decrease) in Liabilities & Provisions	(1.18)	-
	Cash generated from operations	(7.16)	0.71
	Direct Taxes (paid)/refund	0.40	10.46
	Net Cash from Operating Activities	(6.76)	11.17
В	CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
	Property, Plant & Equipment, Intangible Assets and Capital Work in Progress		
	(including Advances for Capital Expenditure)	(8,708.56)	(18,952.91)
	-Bank Deposits	(181.43)	-
	Net Cash used in Investing Activities	(8,889.99)	(18,952.91)
C	CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
	Issue of Shares	2,200.00	1,560.00
	Proceeds from Borrowings		
	Non Current	14,895.24	21,422.00
	Current	-	-
	Finance Costs paid	(8,202.85)	(4,037.69)
	Net Cash used in Financing Activities	8,892.39	18,944.31
D	Net change in Cash and Cash equivalents (A+B+C)	(4.36)	2.57
E	Cash and Cash equivalents (Opening balance)	5.43	2.86
F	Cash and Cash equivalents (Closing balance)	1.07	5.43

The accompanying notes (1 to 39) form an integral part of financial statements

Further Notes

Note 1 - Cash and cash equivalents consist of balances with banks and deposits with original maturity of upto three months.

Note 2 - Previous Year Figures have been re-grouped/re-arranged wherever necessary.

As per our report of even date For Arihant Jain & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Regn. No. 019798N

Rahul **Digitally signed** by Rahul Kumar Kumar Gupta Date: 2024.05.13 Gupta 19:06:19 +05'30'

Rahul Kumar Gupta Partner Mem. No. 513798 Place: Faridabad Date: 13 May, 2024

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

GYANESHWA Digitally signed by GYANESHWAR PRASAD PAYASI **R PRASAD** Date: 2024.05.13 PAYASI 18:35:22 +05'30'

Digitally signed by ASHWANI KUMAR GUPTA ASHWANI KUMAR GUPTA Date: 2024.05.13 18:32:35 +05'30'

Gyaneshwar Prasad Payasi Director DIN: 10088426 Place: Bhadla Date: 13 May, 2024



Gurmit Singh Chief Financial Officer PAN: ACNPS4243C Place: Faridabad Date: 13 May, 2024

Ashwani Kumar Gupta Director DIN: 09194985

Place: Gurugram Date: 13 May, 2024

Pragati Digitally signed by Pragati Parnika Date: 2024.05.13 18:25:51 +05'30' Parnika

POWERGRID Aligarh Sikar Transmission Limited CIN : U40106DL2020GOI363739 B-9, Qutab Institutional Area, Katwaria Sarai, New Delhi, 110016 Statement of Changes in Equity For the Year ended For the Year ended 31 March, 2024

A. Equity Share Capital	(₹ In Lakh)
As at 01 April, 2023	7,795.00
Changes in equity share capital	2,200.00
As at 31 March, 2024	9,995.00
As at 01 April, 2022	6,235.00
Changes in equity share capital	1,560.00
As at 31 March, 2023	7,795.00

B. Other Equity

B. Other Equity	her Equity (7 In La		
Particulars	Reserves and Surplus	Total	
	Retained Earnings		
As at 01 April, 2023	(0.88)	(0.88)	
Profit/(loss) for the period	(4.47)	(4.47)	
As at 31 March, 2024	(5.35)	(5.35)	

(₹ In Lakh)

(**3. T. T. 1.1**.)

		(X III Lakii)
Particulars	Reserves and Surplus	Total
	Retained Earnings	Total
As at 01 April, 2022	(1.41)	(1.41)
Profit/(loss) for the period	0.53	0.53
As at 31 March, 2023	(0.88)	(0.88)

The accompanying notes (1 to 39) form an integral part of financial statements Refer to Note 11 for nature and movement of Reserve and Surplus.

As per our report of even date For Arihant Jain & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Regn. No. 019798N

Rahul Kumar Gupta

Digitally signed by Rahul Kumar Gupta Date: 2024.05.13 19:06:39 +05'30'

Rahul Kumar Gupta Partner Mem. No. 513798 Place: Faridabad Date: 13 May, 2024 GYANESHWAR PRASAD PAYASI Difference of the second s

For and on behalf of the Board of DirectorsGYANESHWAR
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PRASAD PAYASIDigitally signed by GYANESHWAR
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ASHWANI KUMAR GUPTAGyaneshwar Prasad PayasiAShwani Kumar GuptaDirectorDirectorDIN: 10088426DIN: 09194985Place: BhadlaPlace: Gurugram

Date: 13 May, 2024

Pragati Parnika Date: 2024.05.13 18:26:07 +05'30'

Notes to Financial Statements

1. Corporate and General Information

POWERGRID Aligarh Sikar Transmission Limited ("the Company") is a public company domiciled and incorporated in India under the provisions of The Companies Act and a wholly owned subsidiary of Power Grid Corporation of India Limited. The registered office of the Company is situated at B-9, Qutab Institutional Area, Katwaria Sarai, New Delhi-110 016, India.

The Company was incorporated on 17.05.2020 for establishment of Transmission System for Transmission system strengthening scheme for evacuation of power from solar energy zones in Rajasthan (8.1 GW) under Phase II – Part D on Built, Own, Operate & Maintain (BOOM) basis. POWERGRID has acquired 100% equity shares from PFC Consulting Limited on 04.06.2021. Project is under construction.

The Company is engaged in business of Power Systems Network, construction, operation and maintenance of transmission systems and other related allied activities.

The financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 March 2024 were approved for issue by the Board of Directors on 13 May, 2024.

2. Material Accounting Policy Information

A summary of the material accounting policy information applied in the preparation of the financial statements are as given below. These accounting policies have been applied consistently to all periods presented in the financial statements.

2.1 Basis of Preparation

i) Compliance with Ind AS

The financial statements are prepared in compliance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act), Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the provisions of Electricity Act, 2003, in each case, to the extent applicable and as amended thereafter.

ii) Basis of Measurement

The financial statements have been prepared on accrual basis and under the historical cost convention except certain financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value (Refer Note no. 2.11 for accounting policy regarding financial instruments).

iii) Functional and presentation currency

The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (Rupees or ₹), which is the Company's functional and presentation currency, and all amounts are rounded to the nearest lakhs and two decimals thereof, except as stated otherwise.

iv) Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements requires estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Although, such estimates and assumptions are made on a reasonable and prudent basis taking into account all available information, actual results could differ from these estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an on-going basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision effects only that period or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future years (refer Note no. 3 on critical accounting estimates, assumptions and judgments).

v) Current and non-current classification

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/non-current classification.

An asset is current when it is:

- Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle;
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period; or
- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is current when:

- It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle;
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period; or
- There is no unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

Deferred tax assets/liabilities are classified as non-current.

The Company recognises twelve months period as its operating cycle.

2.2 Property, Plant and Equipment

Initial Recognition and Measurement

Property, Plant and Equipment is initially measured at cost of acquisition/construction including any costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management. After initial recognition, Property, Plant and Equipment is carried at cost less accumulated depreciation / amortisation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

In the case of commissioned assets, where final settlement of bills with contractors is yet to be effected, capitalisation is done on provisional basis subject to necessary adjustments in the year of final settlement.

Transmission system assets are considered as ready for intended use on meeting the conditions for commercial operation as stipulated in Transmission Service Agreement (TSA) or from date of commercial operation declared as per terms of Central Electricity Regulatory Commission (CERC) Tariff Regulation and capitalised accordingly.

The cost of land includes provisional deposits, payments/liabilities towards compensation, rehabilitation and other expenses wherever possession of land is taken.

Expenditure on levelling, clearing and grading of land if incurred for construction of building is capitalised as part of cost of the related building.

Spares parts whose cost is ₹5,00,000/- and above, standby equipment and servicing equipment which meets the recognition criteria of Property, Plant and Equipment are capitalised.

Subsequent costs

Subsequent expenditure is recognised as an increase in carrying amount of assets when it is probable that future economic benefits deriving from the cost incurred will flow to the company and cost of the item can be measured reliably.

The cost of replacing part of an item of Property, Plant & Equipment is recognised in the carrying amount of the item if it is probable that future economic benefits embodied within the part will flow to the company and its cost can be

measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. If the cost of the replaced part or earlier inspection component is not available, the estimated cost of similar new parts/inspection component is used as an indication of what the cost of the existing part/ inspection component was when the item was acquired or inspection was carried out.

The costs of the day-to-day servicing of property, plant and equipment are recognised in the Statement of Profit & Loss as incurred.

Derecognition

An item of Property, Plant and Equipment is derecognised on disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal.

The gain or loss arising from derecognition of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss on the date of disposal or derecognition.

2.3 Capital Work-In-Progress (CWIP)

Cost of material, erection charges and other expenses incurred for the construction of Property, Plant and Equipment are shown as CWIP based on progress of erection work till the date of capitalisation.

Expenditure of office, and Projects, directly attributable to construction of property, plant and equipment are identified and allocated on a systematic basis to the cost of the related assets.

Interest during construction and expenditure (net) allocated to construction as per policy above are kept as a separate item under CWIP and apportioned to the assets being capitalised in proportion to the closing balance of CWIP.

Unsettled liability for price variation/exchange rate variation in case of contracts is accounted for on estimated basis as per terms of the contracts.

2.4 Intangible Assets and Intangible Assets under development

Intangible assets with finite useful life that are acquired separately are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses.

Subsequent expenditure on already capitalised Intangible assets is capitalised when it increases the future economic benefits embodied in an existing asset and is amortised prospectively.

The cost of software (which is not an integral part of the related hardware) acquired for internal use and resulting in significant future economic benefits is recognised as an intangible asset when the same is ready for its use.

Afforestation charges for acquiring right-of-way for laying transmission lines are accounted for as intangible assets on the date of capitalisation of related transmission lines.

Expenditure incurred, eligible for capitalisation under the head Intangible Assets, are carried as "Intangible Assets under Development" till such assets are ready for their intended use.

An item of Intangible asset is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss when the asset is derecognised.

2.5 Depreciation / Amortisation

Property, Plant and Equipment

Depreciation/Amortisation on the items of Property, Plant and Equipment is provided on straight line method based on the useful life specified in Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013 except for the following items of property, plant

and equipment on which depreciation is provided based on estimated useful life as per technical assessment considering the terms of Transmission Service Agreement entered with Long Term Transmission Customers.

S. No.	Particulars	Useful life
1	Computers and Peripherals	3 Years
2	Servers and Network Components	5 years
3	Buildings (RCC frame structure)	35 years
4	Transmission line	35 years
5	Substation Equipment	35 years

Depreciation on spares parts, standby equipment and servicing equipment which are capitalised, is provided on straight line method from the date they are available for use over the remaining useful life of the related assets of transmission business.

Residual value is considered as 5% of the Original Cost for all items of Property, Plant and Equipment in line with Companies Act, 2013 except for Computers and Peripherals and Servers and Network Components for which residual value is considered as Nil.

Property, plant and equipment costing ₹5,000/- or less, are fully depreciated in the year of acquisition.

Where the cost of depreciable property, plant and equipment has undergone a change due to price adjustment, change in duties or similar factors, the unamortised balance of such asset is depreciated prospectively.

Depreciation on additions to/deductions from Property, Plant and Equipment during the year is charged on pro-rata basis from/up to the date on which the asset is available for use/disposed.

The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation for items of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year-end and adjusted prospectively, wherever required.

Right of Use Assets:

Right of Use assets are fully depreciated from the lease commencement date on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Leasehold land is fully amortised over lease period or life of the related plant whichever is lower Leasehold land acquired on perpetual lease is not amortised.

Intangible Assets

Cost of software capitalised as intangible asset is amortised over the period of legal right to use or 3 years, whichever is less with Nil residual value.

Afforestation charges are amortised over thirty five years from the date of capitalisation of related transmission assets following the straight line method, with Nil Residual Value.

Amortisation on additions to/deductions from Intangible Assets during the year is charged on pro-rata basis from/up to the date on which the asset is available for use/disposed.

The amortisation period and the amortisation method for intangible assets are reviewed at each financial year-end and are accounted for as change in accounting estimates in accordance with Ind AS 8 "Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors".

2.6 Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition or construction of qualifying assets are capitalised (net of income on temporary deployment of funds) as part of the cost of such assets till the assets are ready for the intended use. Qualifying assets are assets which take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which they are incurred.

2.7 Impairment of non-financial assets

The carrying amounts of the Company's non-financial assets are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment considering the provisions of Ind AS 36 'Impairment of Assets'. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated.

The recoverable amount of an asset or cash-generating unit is the higher of its fair value less costs to disposal and its value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted. For the purpose of impairment testing, assets that cannot be tested individually are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or groups of assets (the "cash-generating unit", or "CGU").

An impairment loss is recognised if the carrying amount of an asset or its CGU exceeds its estimated recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognised in the statement of profit and loss. Impairment losses recognised in respect of CGUs are reduced from the carrying amounts of the assets of the CGU.

Impairment losses recognised in prior periods are assessed at each reporting date for any indications that the loss has decreased or no longer exists. An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss had been recognised.

2.8 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand and at bank, and deposits held at call with banks having a maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

2.9 Inventories

Inventories are valued at lower of the cost, determined on weighted average basis and net realisable value.

Spares which do not meet the recognition criteria as Property, Plant and Equipment, including spare parts whose cost is less than ₹5,00,000/- are recorded as inventories.

Surplus materials as determined by the management are held for intended use and are included in the inventory.

The diminution in the value of obsolete, unserviceable and surplus stores and spares is ascertained on review and provided for.

2.10 Leases

Lease is a contract that conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Company assesses whether: (i) the contract involves use of an identified assets, (ii) the customer has substantially all the economic benefits from the use of the asset through the period of the lease and

(iii) the customer has the right to direct the use of the asset.

i) As a Lessee

At the date of commencement of the lease, the Company recognises a right-of-use asset (ROU) and a corresponding lease liability for all lease arrangements in which it is a lessee, except for lease with a term of twelve months or less (i.e. short-term leases) and leases for which the underlying asset is of low value. For these short-term and leases for which the underlying asset is of low value. For these short-term and leases for which the term of the lease payments on straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

Certain lease arrangements include the options to extend or terminate the lease before the end of the lease term. ROU assets and lease liabilities includes these options when it is reasonably certain that they will be exercised. The right-of-use assets are initially recognised at cost, which comprises the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the inception date of the lease along with any initial direct costs, restoration obligations and lease incentives received.

Subsequently, the right-of-use assets is measured at cost less any accumulated depreciation, accumulated impairment losses, if any and adjusted for any remeasurement of the lease liability. The Company applies Ind AS 36 to determine whether a ROU asset is impaired and accounts for any identified impairment loss as described in the accounting policy 2.7 on "Impairment of non-financial assets".

The lease liability is initially measured at present value of the lease payments that are not paid at that date.

The interest cost on lease liability is expensed in the Statement of Profit and Loss, unless eligible for capitalisation as per accounting policy 2.6 on "Borrowing costs".

Lease liability and ROU asset have been separately presented in the financial statements and lease payments have been classified as financing cash flows.

ii) As a Lessor

A lease is classified at the inception date as a finance lease or an operating lease.

a) Finance leases

A lease that transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset is classified as a finance lease.

Net investment in leased assets are recorded as receivable at the lower of the fair value of the leased property and the present value of the minimum lease payments as Lease Receivables under current and non-current other financial assets.

The interest element of lease is accounted in the Statement of Profit and Loss over the lease period based on a pattern reflecting a constant periodic rate of return on the net investment.

b) Operating leases

An operating lease is a lease other than a finance lease. Leases in which a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases.

For operating leases, the asset is capitalised as property, plant and equipment and depreciated over its economic life. Rental income from operating lease is recognised over the term of the arrangement.

2.11 Financial instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

Financial Assets

Classification

The Company classifies its financial assets in the following categories:

- at amortised cost,
- at fair value through other comprehensive income

The classification depends on the following:

- the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and
- the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset

Initial recognition and measurement

All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value plus, in the case of financial assets not recorded at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs, if any, that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. However, trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component are measured at transaction price.

Subsequent measurement

Debt Instruments at Amortised cost: Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortised cost. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at amortised cost is recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised or impaired. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest rate method.

Debt Instruments at Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI): Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows and for selling the financial assets, where the assets' cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest, are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI). On derecognition of the asset, cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in OCI is reclassified from the equity to profit and loss. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest rate method.

Debt instruments at Fair value through profit or loss (FVPL): Assets that do not meet the criteria for amortised cost or FVOCI are measured at fair value through profit or loss. Interest income and net gain or loss on a debt instrument that is subsequently measured at FVPL are recognised in statement of profit and loss and presented within other income in the period in which it arises.

Derecognition of financial assets

A financial asset is derecognised only when

- i) The right to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or
- ii) a) The company has transferred the rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset (or) retains the contractual rights to receive the cash flows of the financial assets, but assumes a contractual obligation to pay the cash flows to one or more recipients and

b) the company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset (or) the company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset but has transferred control of the asset.

The difference between the carrying amount and the amount of consideration received/receivable is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Impairment of financial assets:

For trade receivables and contract assets, the company applies the simplified approach required by Ind AS 109 Financial Instruments, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised from initial recognition of the receivables.

For recognition of impairment loss on other financial assets and risk exposure, the company determines whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition. If credit risk has not increased significantly, 12-month Expected Credit Loss (ECL) is used to provide for impairment loss. However, if credit risk has increased significantly, lifetime ECL is used. If, in a subsequent period, credit quality of the instrument improves such that there is no longer a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, then the entity reverts to recognising impairment loss allowance based on 12 -month ECL.

Financial Liabilities

Financial liabilities of the Company are contractual obligation to deliver cash or another financial asset to another entity or to exchange financial assets or financial liabilities with another entity under conditions that are potentially unfavourable to the Company.

The Company's financial liabilities include loans & borrowings, trade and other payables.

Classification, initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value minus, in the case of financial liabilities not recorded at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the issue of financial liabilities.

Subsequent measurement

After initial recognition, financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate (EIR). Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption amount is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss over the period of the borrowings using the EIR. Gains and losses are recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss when the liabilities are derecognised.

The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Derecognition of financial liability

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference between the carrying amount of a financial liability that has been extinguished or transferred to another party and the consideration paid, including any noncash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss as other income or finance cost.

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset, and the net amount is reported in the Balance Sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

2.12 Foreign Currency Translation

(a) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of the Company are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates ('the functional currency'). The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (Rupees or ₹), which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

(b) Transactions and balances

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded at the exchange rates prevailing on the date of the transaction. Foreign currency monetary items are translated with reference to the rates of exchange ruling on the date of the Balance Sheet. Non-Monetary items denominated in foreign currency are reported at the exchange rate ruling on the date of initial recognition of the non-monetary prepayment asset or deferred income liability, or the date that related item is recognised in the financial statements, whichever is earlier. In case the transaction is recognised in stages, then transaction date is established for each stage.

Foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the statement of profit and loss on a net basis within other gains/ (losses).

2.13 Income Tax

Income tax expense represents the sum of current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in equity or other comprehensive income. In this case the tax is also recognised directly in equity or in other comprehensive income.

Current income tax

The Current Tax is based on taxable profit for the year under the tax laws enacted and applicable to the reporting period in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the company's financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit and is accounted for using the Balance Sheet method. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and unused tax credits to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and unused tax assets is reviewed at each Balance Sheet date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the Balance Sheet date.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax liabilities and assets, and they relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority.

2.14 Revenue

Revenue is measured based on the transaction price to which the Company expects to be entitled in a contract with a customer and excludes amounts collected on behalf of third parties. The Company recognises revenue when it transfers control of a product or service to a customer.

Significant Financing Component

Where the period between the transfer of the promised goods or services to the customer and payment by the customer exceeds one year, the Company assesses the effects of significant financing component in the contract. As a consequence, the Company makes adjustment in the transaction prices for the effects of time value of money.

2.14.1 Revenue from Operations

Transmission Income is accounted for based on tariff orders notified by the Electricity Regulatory Commissions.

As at each reporting date, transmission income includes an accrual for services rendered to the customers but not yet billed.

Rebates allowed to beneficiaries as early payment incentives are deducted from the amount of revenue.

The Transmission system incentive / disincentive is accounted for based on certification of availability by the respective Regional Power Committees (RPCs) and in accordance with the Transmission Service Agreement (TSA) signed by the Company along with applicable rules and regulations. Where certification by RPCs is not available, incentive/disincentive is accounted for on provisional basis as per estimate of availability by the company and differences, if any is accounted upon certification by RPCs.

2.14.2 Other Income

Interest income is recognised, when no significant uncertainty as to measurability or collectability exists, on a time proportion basis taking into account the amount outstanding and the applicable interest rate, using the effective interest rate method (EIR).

Surcharge recoverable from trade receivables, liquidated damages, warranty claims and interest on advances to suppliers are recognised when no significant uncertainty as to measurability and collectability exists.

Income from Scrap is accounted for as and when sold.

Insurance claims for loss of profit are accounted for in the year of acceptance. Other insurance claims are accounted for based on certainty of realisation.

Revenue from rentals and operating leases is recognised on an accrual basis in accordance with the substance of the relevant agreement.

2.15 Dividends

Annual dividend distribution to the shareholders is recognised as a liability in the period in which the dividends are approved by the shareholders. Any interim dividend paid is recognised on approval by Board of Directors. Dividend payable and corresponding tax on dividend distribution is recognised directly in equity.

2.16 Provisions and Contingencies

a) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted. Unwinding of the discount is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss as a finance cost. Provisions are reviewed at each Balance Sheet date and are adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

b) Contingencies

Contingent liabilities are disclosed on the basis of judgment of the management / independent experts. These are reviewed at each balance sheet date and are adjusted to reflect the current management estimate.

Contingent liabilities are disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made. Information on contingent liability is disclosed in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

Contingent assets are possible assets that arise from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company. Contingent assets are disclosed in the financial statements when inflow of economic benefits is probable on the basis of judgment of management. These are assessed continually to ensure that developments are appropriately reflected in the financial statements.

2.17 Share capital and Other Equity

Ordinary shares are classified as equity.

Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

Self-insurance reserve is created @0.12% p.a. on Original Gross Block of Property, Plant and Equipment and value of inventory except ROU assets and assets covered under insurance as at the end of the year by appropriation of current year profit to mitigate future losses from un-insured risks and for taking care of contingencies in future by procurement of towers and other transmission line materials including strengthening of towers and equipment of AC substation. The Reserve created as above is shown as "Self-Insurance Reserve" under 'Other Equity'.

2.18 Prior Period Items

Material prior period errors are corrected retrospectively by restating the comparative amounts for prior period presented in which the error occurred or if the error occurred before the earliest period presented, by restating the opening balance sheet.

2.19 Earnings per Share

Basic earnings per share is computed using the net profit or loss for the year attributable to the shareholders and weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted earnings per share is computed using the net profit or loss for the year attributable to the shareholders and weighted average number of equity and potential equity shares outstanding during the year, except where the result would be anti-dilutive.

2.20 Statement of Cash Flows

Statement of Cash flows is prepared as per indirect method prescribed in the Ind AS 7 'Statement of Cash Flows'.

3. Critical Estimates and Judgments

The preparation of financial statements requires the use of accounting estimates which may significantly vary from the actual results. Management also needs to exercise judgment while applying the company's accounting policies.

Estimates and judgments are periodically evaluated. They are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that may have a financial impact on the company and that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

This note provides an overview of the areas that involved a higher degree of judgment or complexity, and of items which are more likely to be materially adjusted due to estimates and assumptions turning out to be different than those originally assessed.

The areas involving critical estimates or judgments are:

Useful life of property, plant and equipment:

The estimated useful life of property, plant and equipment is based on a number of factors including the effects of obsolescence, demand, competition and other economic factors (such as the stability of the industry and known technological advances) and the level of maintenance expenditures required to obtain the expected future cash flows from the asset.

The Company reviews at the end of each reporting date the useful life of plant and equipment, and are adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

Provisions and contingencies:

The assessments undertaken in recognising provisions and contingencies have been made in accordance with Ind AS 37 "Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets". The evaluation of the likelihood of the contingent events has required best judgment by management regarding the probability of exposure to potential loss. Should circumstances change following unforeseeable developments, this likelihood could alter.

Income Taxes:

Significant estimates are involved in determining the provision for current and deferred tax, including amount expected to be paid/recovered for uncertain tax positions.

Particulars	As at 01 April, 2023	Additions during the year	Adjustments	Capitalised during the year	As at 31 March, 2024
Plant & Equipments (including					
associated civil works)					
a) Transmission	67,811.49	4,712.69	-	-	72,524.18
b) Sub-Station	693.36	80.81	-	-	774.12
Construction Stores (Net of Provision)	15,249.64	2,008.71	758.05	-	16,500.30
Expenditure pending allocation					
i) Expenditure during construction period (net) - (Note 20)	10,483.69	6,971.49	-	-	17,455.1
Grand Total	94,238.18	13,773.70	758.05	-	1,07,253.8

					(₹ In Lakh)
Particulars	As at 01 April, 2022	Additions during the	Adjustments	Capitalised	As at 31 March,
ratticulars	As at 01 April, 2022	year	Aujustinentis	during the year	2023
Plant & Equipments (including					
associated civil works)					
a) Transmission	30,890.53	36,920.96	-	-	67,811.49
b) Sub-Station	166.20	527.16	-	-	693.36
Construction Stores (Net of Provision)	34,423.35	11,903.65	31,077.36	-	15,249.64
Expenditure pending allocation					
i) Expenditure during construction	5,039,98	5,443,71			10,483.69
period (net) - (Note 20)	5,039.98	5,445.71	-	-	10,465.69
Grand Total	70,520.06	54,795.48	31,077.36	-	94,238.18
Further Notes:					

Further Notes:

Adjustments column includes consumption also.

Note 4/Capital work in progress (Details of Construction

stores)(at cost)		(₹ In Lakh)
Particulars	As at 31 March,	
Fatticulars	2024	As at 31 March, 2023
Construction Stores (at Cost)		
Towers	3,915.99	3,313.16
Conductors	2,638.63	2,211.53
Other Line Materials	845.01	701.71
Sub-Station Equipments	8,792.42	8,651.13
Unified Load Despatch &	249.18	313.04
Communication(ULDC) Materials	249.10	515.04
Others	59.07	59.07
Total	16,500.30	15,249.64
i) Material with Contractors	-	-
Towers	3,915.99	3,313.16
Conductors	2,638.63	2,211.53
Other Line Materials	845.01	701.71
Sub-Station Equipments	8,792.42	8,651.13
Unified Load Despatch &	249.18	313.04
Communication(ULDC) Materials	249.18	515.04
Others	59.07	59.07
Total	16,500.30	15,249.64

Refer Note 22 for ageing and completion schedule for Capital work in progress (CWIP) for the Project whose completion is overdue or has exceed its cost compared to original plan.

Note 5 Deferred tax liabilities (Net)		(₹ In Lakh)
Particulars	As at 31 March, 2024	As at 31 March, 2023
Deferred tax Assets		
Unused Tax Losses	1.80	0.29
Deferred tax Assets (Net)	1.80	0.29

Movement in Deferred Tax Assets		(₹ in Lakh)
	Unused Tax	Total
	Losses	TOLAT
As at 01 April, 2022	0.47	0.47
- (Charged) / Credited to Profit or Loss	(0.18)	(0.18)
As at 31 March, 2023	0.29	0.29
- (Charged) / Credited to Profit or Loss	1.51	1.51
As at 31 March, 2024	1.80	1.80

Amount taken to Statement of Profit and Loss

For the Year For the Year ended 31 March, ended 31 March, Particulars 2024 2023 Increase/(Decrease) in Deferred Tax Liabilities --(1.51) (Increase)/Decrease in Deferred Tax Assets 0.18 Net Amount taken to Statement of Profit and Loss 0.18 (1.51)

(₹ in Lakh)

Ν

Note 6 Other non-current Assets

_(Unsecured considered good unless otherwise stated)		(₹ In Lakh)
Particulars	As at 31	As at 31
	March, 2024	March, 2023
Advances for Capital Expenditure		
a. Against bank guarantees	421.22	424.62
	421.22	424.62
Advances recoverable in kind or for value to be received		
Advance tax and Tax deducted at source	31.74	32.14
Total	452.96	456.76

Note 7 Cash and Cash equivalents		(₹ In Lakh)
	As at 31 March, A	s at 31 March,
Particulars	2024	2023
Balance with banks		
-In Current accounts	1.07	2.05
-In term deposits (with maturity less than 3 months)	-	3.38
Total	1.07	5.43
Note 8 Bank Balance other than Cash and Cash equivalents	As at 31 March, A	(₹ In Lakh) As at 31 March,
	2024	2023
Particulars		_0_0
In Term Deposits having maturity over 3 months but upto 12 months	181.43	-
Total	181.43	-
Note 9 Other Current Financial Assets (Unsecured considered good unless otherwise stated)		(₹ In Lakh)
	As at 31 March, A	s at 31 March,
Particulars	2024	2023
Others#	19.17	1.05
Total	19.17	1.05

#Others includes deposit with Govt. Authorites for execution of Project.

Note 10 Equity Share capital

		(₹ In Lakh)
Particulars	As at 31 March,	As at 31
	2024	March, 2023
Equity Share Capital		
Authorised		
100000000 (Previous Year 100000000) equity shares of ₹10/- each at		
par	10000.00	10000.00
Issued, subscribed and paid up		
99950000 (Previous Year 77950000) equity shares of ₹10/- each at	0.005.00	7 705 00
par	9,995.00	7,795.00
Total	9,995.00	7,795.00

Further Notes:

1 Reconciliation of Number and amount of share capital outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting period

Particulars		For the Year ended 31 March,		For the Year ended 31 March,	
		2024		2023	
I atticulais		No. of Shares		No. of Shares	₹ in Lakh
	110:01		Amount	NO. OI SIIales	Amount
Shares outstanding at the beginning of the year		7,79,50,000	7,795.00	6,23,50,000	6,235.00
Shares Issued during the year		2,20,00,000	2,200.00	1,56,00,000	1,560.00
Shares brought back during the year		-	-	-	-
Shares outstanding at the end of the year		9,99,50,000	9995.00	7,79,50,000	7795.00

2 The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of ₹ 10/- per share.

3 The holders of equity shares are entitled to receive dividends as declared from time to time and are entitled to voting rights proportionate to their shareholding at meetings of the Shareholders.

4 Shareholding of Promoters and Shareholders holding more than 5% equity shares of the Company :-

	As at 31 M	larch, 2024	As at 31 M	larch, 2023	
Particulars	No. of Shares	% of holding	No. of Shares	% of holding	% Change
Power Grid Corporation of India Limited (Promoter)#	9,99,50,000	100%	7,79,50,000	100%	0%

#Out of 99950000 Equity shares (Previous year 77950000 Equity shares) 600 equity shares (Previous year 600 Equity Shares) are held by nominees of M/s Power Grid Corporation of India Limited on its behalf.

Note 11 Other Equity		(₹ In Lakh)
Particulars	As at 31 March, 2024	As at 31 March, 2023
(i) Retained Earnings	,	
Balance at the beginning of the year	(0.88)	(1.41)
Add: Additions		
Net Profit for the period	(4.47)	0.53
Balance at the end of the year	(5.35)	(0.88)
Note 12 Borrowings (Non-current)		(₹ In Lakh)
Particulars	As at 31	As at 31 March,
	March, 2024	2023
Unsecured		
Rupee Term Loan from Power Grid Corporation of India		
Limited (Holding Company)	93,449.29	79,893.22
Less: Current maturities of Non Current Borrowing Refer note 13)	682.13	-
Less: Interest accrued on borrowings	6.65	1,345.82
Total	92,760.51	78,547.40
Further Notes:		

1 The various sources of Loans being extended to the company by Holding Company are Fixed Interest and floating interest rate which get reset periodically. The rate of interest on the loan ranged from 6.05% p.a. to 8.2% p.a. during the financial year. Loan is repayable in Quarterly Installments of equal amount over the period of 35 Years from commissioning of the Project Assets with prepayment facility without any additional charges.

2 There has been no default in repayment of loans or payment of interest thereon as at the end of the year

3 Refer Note 31 for details of Loan from related parties.

3 Borrowings (Current)		(₹ In Lakh)
Particulars	As at 31	As at 31
	March, 2024	March, 2023
Current maturities of long term borrowings		
Rupee Term Loans (Unsecured)		
Loan From M/s Power Grid Corporation of		
India Ltd. (Holding Company)	682.13	-
Total	682.13	_
Further Notes:		

1 The various sources of Loans being extended to the company by Holding Company are Fixed Interest and floating interest rate which get reset periodically. The rate of interest on the loan ranged from 6.05% p.a. to 8.2% p.a. during the financial year. Loan is repayable in Quarterly Installments of equal amount over the period of 35 Years from commissioning of the Project Assets with prepayment facility without any additional charges.

2 There has been no default in repayment of loans or payment of interest thereon as at the end of the year

3 Refer Note 31 for details of Loan from related parties.

Note 14 Trade payables	(₹ In Lakh)

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2024	As at 31 March, 2023
For goods and services		
(A) Total outstanding dues of Micro enterprises and		
small enterprises	-	-
(B) Total outstanding dues of creditors other than		
Micro enterprises and small enterprises		
Related Parties	-	-
Others	1.18	-
Total	1.18	-

Further Notes:

1 Disclosure with regard to Micro and Small enterprises as required under "Division II of Schedule III of The Companies Act, 2013" and "The Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006" is given in Note 27.

2 Refer Note 31 for amount payable to related parties.

3 Ageing of Trade Payables is as follows:

(₹ In Lakh) Not Billed <1Y 1**Y-2**Y >3Y Particulars 2Y-3Y Total As at 31.03.2024 MSME Disputed ------Undisputed -_ ----Total --_ ---Others Disputed ------Undisputed 1.18 1.18 ----Total 1.18 1.18 ----Grand Total 1.18 1.18 ----As at 31.03.2023 MSME Disputed ------Undisputed -_ ----Total ------Others Disputed ------Undisputed ------Total ------Grand Total ------

Other Current Financial Liabilities		(₹ In Lakh)
Particulars	As at 31 March, 2024	As at 31 March, 2023
Interest accrued on borrowings from		
Power Grid Corporation of India Limited (Holding Company)	6.65	1,345.82
Others	-	-
Dues for capital expenditure	182.88	2,504.28
Deposits/Retention money from contractors and others	4,254.25	4,151.59
Related parties	15.37	120.12
	4,452.50	6,775.99
Total	4,459.15	8,121.81

Further Note -

1 Disclosure with regard to Micro and Small enterprises as required under "Division II of Schedule III of The Companies Act, 2013" and "The Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006" is given in Note 27.

2 Refer Note 31. for amount payable to related parties.

6 Other current liabilities		(₹ In Lakh)	
Particulars	As at 31 March, 2024	As at 31 March, 2023	
Statutory dues	17.64	238.38	
Total	17.64	238.38	
Further Note ·			

Further Note :

1 Statutory dues includes, amount payable for TDS under the Income Tax Act 1961, TDS on GST and Building Cess.

	For the Year	For the Year
Particulars	ended 31 March,	ended 31 March
	2024	2023
Interest income from Financial Assets at		
amortised cost		
Indian Banks	-	0.41
Advances to contractors	30.87	63.09
Others*	0.51	2.87
Total	31.38	66.37
Less: Transferred to expenditure during	20.97	(2 E(
construction (Net) - Note 20	30.87	63.50
Total	0.51	2.82
Further Notes:		

*Others include Interest on income tax refund.

Note 18	Finance costs		(₹ In Lakh)
		For the Year	For the Year
	Particulars	ended 31 March,	ended 31 March,
		2024	2023
	i) Interest and finance charges on financial		
	liabilities at amortised cost		
	Power Grid Corporation of India Limited		
	(Holding Company)	6,863.98	5,121.89
	Interest income from temporary		
	deployment of funds	(0.30)	-
	Total	6,863.68	5,121.89
	Less: Transferred to expenditure during	(0 (2 (0)))	E 101 90
	construction (Net) - Note 20	6,863.68	5,121.89
	Charged To Statement of Profit & Loss	-	-
	Further Notes:		

1 Refer Note 31 for Interest paid to related parties.

9 <u>Other expenses</u> Particulars	For the Year ended 31 March, 2024	(₹ In Lakh) For the Year ended 31 March, 2023
Legal expenses	0.34	0.09
Professional charges	1.36	0.92
Consultancy expenses	121.46	346.18
Payments to Statutory Auditors		
Audit Fees	0.50	0.38
In Other Capacity	0.17	0.06
Out of pocket Expenses	0.58	0.39
	1.25	0.83
CERC petition & Other charges	15.00	5.00
Miscellaneous expenses	2.00	0.31
Rates and taxes	3.76	34.15
	20.76	39.46
	145.17	387.48
Less: Transferred to expenditure during construction		
(Net) - Note 20	138.68	385.32
Charged To Statement of Profit & Loss	6.49	2.16

Further Notes:

1 Refer Note 31 for Expenses paid to related parties.

Expenditure during Construction (Net)	For the Year	<u>(</u> ₹ In Lakh For the Year
Particulars	ended 31 March,	ended 31 March,
	2024	2023
A. Other Expenses		
Legal expenses	0.31	-
License Fee to CERC	15.00	5.00
Consultancy expenses	121.46	346.18
Rates and taxes	-	34.14
Others	1.91	-
Total (A)	138.68	385.32
B. Finance Costs		
a) Interest and finance charges on financial		
liabilities at amortised cost		
Power Grid Corporation of India Limited		F 101 00
(Holding Company)	6,863.98	5,121.89
Interest Income on Temporary deployment	(0.30)	
of Funds		-
Total (B)	6,863.68	5,121.89
C. Less: Other Income		
Indian banks	-	0.41
Contractors	30.87	63.09
Total (C)	30.87	63.50
GRAND Total	6,971.49	5,443.71

Note 20 Expenditure during Construction (Net)

Note 21 Financial Risk Management

The Company's principal financial liabilities comprise loans and borrowings denominated in Indian rupees or foreign currencies, trade payables and other payables. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance the Company's capital investments and operations.

The Company's principal financial assets include loans and advances, trade and other receivables, and cash and cash equivalents that are generated from its operations.

The Company's activities expose it to the following financial risks, namely,

- (A) Credit risk,
- (B) Liquidity risk,
- (C) Market risk.

This note presents information regarding the company's exposure, objectives, policies and processes for The management of financial risks by the Company is summarized below: -

(A) Credit Risk:

Credit risk is the risk that counterparty will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss. The Company is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities on account of trade receivables.

A default on a financial asset is when the counterparty fails to make contractual payments within 3 years of when they fall due. This definition of default is determined considering the business environment in which the Company operates and other macro-economic factors.

Assets are written-off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery, such as a debtor declaring bankruptcy or failing to engage in a repayment plan with the Company. Where loans or receivables have been written off, the Company continues to engage in enforcement activity to attempt to recover the receivable due. Where such recoveries are made, these are recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

(i) Other Financial Assets (excluding trade receivables and unbilled revenue)

Cash and cash equivalents

The Company held cash and cash equivalents of ₹1.07 Lakh (Previous Year ₹5.43 Lakh). The cash and cash equivalents are held with public sector banks and high rated private sector banks and do not have any significant credit risk.

Deposits with banks and financial institutions

The Company held deposits with banks and financial institutions of ₹181.43 Lakh (Previous Year ₹0 Lakh). Term deposits are placed with public sector banks and have negligible credit risk.

(ii) Exposure to credit risk

		(₹ In Lakh)
Particulars	As at 31 March, 2024	As at 31 March, 2023
Financial assets for which loss allowance is measured using 12 months Expected Credit Losses (ECL)		
Other non-current financial assets	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents	1.07	5.43
Deposits with banks and financial institutions	181.43	-
Other current financial assets	19.17	1.05
Total	201.67	6.48

(iii) Provision for expected credit losses

(a) Financial assets for which loss allowance is measured using 12 month expected credit losses

The Company has assets where the counter- parties have sufficient capacity to meet the obligations and where the risk of default is very low. At initial recognition, financial assets (excluding trade receivables and unbilled revenue) are considered as having negligible credit risk and the risk has not increased from initial recognition. Therefore, no loss allowance for impairment has been recognised.

(b) Financial assets for which loss allowance is measured using life time expected credit losses

The Company has customers most of whom are state government utilities with capacity to meet the obligations and therefore the risk of default is negligible. Further, management believes that the unimpaired amounts that are 30 days past due date are still collectible in full, based on the payment security mechanism in place and historical payment behaviour.

Considering the above factors and the prevalent regulations, the trade receivables and unbilled revenue continue to have a negligible credit risk on initial recognition and thereafter on each reporting date.

(B) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities and the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities to meet obligations when due. The Company has entered into Inter-Corporate Loan Agreement for Funding of its obligations. For this, Company provided quarterly cashflows in advance to Holding Company with Monthly requirement.

The Company depends on both internal and external sources of liquidity to provide working capital and to fund capital expenditure.

Maturities of financial liabilities

The table below analyses the Company's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on their contractual maturities for all non-derivative financial liabilities.

(₹ in lakh)

The amount disclosed in the table is the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

Contractual maturities of financial liabilities	Within a year	Between 1-5 years	Beyond 5 years	Total
As at 31 March, 2024				
Borrowings (including interest outflows)	8,119.76	38,836.71	1,80,450.25	2,27,406.72
Trade payables	1.18	-	-	1.18
Other financial liabilities				
Others	4,452.50			4,452.50
Total	4,453.68	-	-	2,31,860.40
As at 31 March, 2023				
Borrowings (including interest outflows)	6,257.61	32,785.19	1,53,469.74	1,92,512.54
Trade payables	-	-	-	-
Other financial liabilities				
Others	6,775.99	-	-	6,775.99
Total	13,033.60	32,785.19	1,53,469.74	1,99,288.53

(C) MARKET RISK

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises two types of risk:

- (i) Currency risk
- (ii) Interest rate risk

(i) Currency risk

As on Reporting date the Company does not have any exposure to currency risk in respect of foreign currency denominated loans and borrowings and procurement of goods and services whose purchase consideration

(ii) Interest rate risk

The company has taken borrowings from Parent Company on cost to cost basis. The Company is exposed to interest rate risk because the cash flows associated with floating rate borrowings. The various sources of loans being extended to the company by parent company are Fixed interest and floating interest rate which get reset periodically. The Company manages the interest rate risks by maintaining a debt portfolio of fixed and floating rate borrowings. The Company's interest rate risk is not considered significant; hence sensitivity analysis for the risk is not disclosed.

Note 22 Additional Regulatory Information as per Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013

- a) There are no cases of immovable properties where title deeds are not in the name of the company.
- b) Aging of Capital Work in Progress is as follows:

0 0 11					(₹ in lakh)
Particulars as at 31 March, 2024	<1 Year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	>3 Years	Total
Projects in Progress - Rajasthan Phase-ll Part-D (Aligarh-Sikar)	13,015.65	23,718.12	70,131.74	388.32	1,07,253.83
Total	13,015.65	23,718.12	70,131.74	388.32	1,07,253.83
Particulars as at 31 March, 2023					
Projects in Progress - Rajasthan Phase-ll Part-D (Aligarh-Sikar)	23,718.12	70,131.74	388.32	-	94,238.18
Total	23,718.12	70,131.74	388.32	-	94,238.18

For capital-work-in progress (CWIP), whose completion is overdue or has exceeded its cost compared to c) its original plan, CWIP completion schedule is as follows:

As at 31 March, 2024 (₹ in]				(₹ in lakh)	
Particulars	<1 Year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	>3 Years	Total
Projects in Progress - Rajasthan Phase-ll Part-D (Aligarh-Sikar)	1,07,253.83	-	-	-	1,07,253.83

Ac at 21 March 2022

As at 31 March, 2023 (₹ in					(₹ in lakh)
Particulars	<1 Year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	>3 Years	Total
Projects in Progress - Rajasthan Phase-ll Part-D (Aligarh-Sikar)	94,238.18	-	-	-	94,238.18

- d) The company has no Intangible assets under development, hence disclosure of ageing of Intangible assets under development is not applicable.
- The company has no Intangible assets under development, hence disclosure of development completion e) schedule is not applicable.
- f) No proceeding has been initiated or pending against the company for holding any benami property under the Prohibition of Benami Property Transactions Act, 1988 (as amended) and rules made thereunder as at the end of the financial year.
- g) The Company is not sanctioned any working capital limit secured against current assets by any Finance Institutions.
- h) The company was not declared as a wilful defaulter by any bank or financial Institution or other lender during the financial year.
- i) The Company does not have any transactions, balances or relationship with Struck off companies.
- j) The Company does not have any Charges on the Assets of the Company.
- k) The company has complied with the number of layers prescribed under clause (87) of section 2 of the Act read with the Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017 during the financial year.

Ratios

Ratio	Numerator	Denominator	Current Year	Previous Year	Variance	Reason for variance >25%
a) Current Ratio	Current Assets	Current Liabilities	0.04	0.001	3900%	Dues for Capital Expenditure being met by Long Term Borrowings.
b) Debt Equity Rat	Total Debt	Shareholder's Equity	9.35	10.08	-7%	
c) Debt Service Coverage Ratio	Profit for the period + Depreciation and amortization expense + Finance costs	Interest & Lease Payments + Principal Repayments	NA	NA	NA	
d) Return on Equity Ratio	Profit for the period	Average Shareholder's Equity	0.01%	-0.04%	-120%	Administrative Expenses incurred
e) Inventory turnov	Revenue from Operations	Average Inventory	NA	NA	NA	
f) Trade Receivable Turnover Ratio	Revenue from Operations	Average Trade Receivables (before deducting provision)	NA	NA	NA	
g) Trade payable turnover ratio	Gross Other Expense (-) FERV, Provisions, Loss on disposal of PPE	Average Trade payables	NA	NA	NA	
h) Net capital turnover ratio	Revenue from Operations	Current Assets - Current Liabilities	NA	NA	NA	
i) Net profit ratio	Profit for the period	Revenue from Operations	NA	NA	NA	
j) Return on Capital employed	Earnings before interest and taxes	Tangible Net Worth + Total Debt + Deferred Tax Liability	0.00%	0.00%	-100.00%	Administrative Expenses incurred
k) Return on invest	{MV(T1) - MV(T0) - Sum [C(t)]}	{MV(T0) + Sum [W(t) * C(t)]}	NA	NA	NA	

m) The company has not received/advanced or loaned or invested funds (either borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) through Intermediaries during the financial year.

The Company does not have any transaction that was not recorded in the books of accounts and has been n) surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961.

O) The Company has not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the financial year.

1)

Note 23 a) Some balances of Trade Receivables, Recoverable shown under Assets, Trade payables and Other Payables shown under Liabilities include balances subject to confirmation/ reconciliation and consequential adjustments if any. However, reconciliations are carried out on ongoing basis. The management does not expect any material adjustment in the books of accounts as a result of the reconciliation.

b) In the opinion of the management, the value of any of the assets other than Property, Plant and Equipment on realization in the ordinary course of business will not be less than the value at which they are stated in the Balance Sheet.

Note 24 Central Transmission Utility of India Limited (CTUIL) (Fellow Subsidiary Company) was notified as CTU w.e.f. 01.04.2021 by GOI vide Notification No. CG-DL-E-09032021-225743 and is entrusted with the job of centralized Billing, Collection and Disbursement (BCD) of transmission charges on behalf of all the IST licensees. Accordingly, CTUIL is raising bills for transmission charges to DICs on behalf of IST licensees. The debtors and their recovery are accounted based on the list of DICs given by CTUIL.

Note 25 Disclosure as per Ind AS 115 - "Revenue from Contracts with Customer"

The company does not have any contract assets or contract liability as at 31 March, 2024 and 31 March, 2023.

- Note 26 Borrowing cost capitalised during the year is ₹6863.68 Lakh (Previous Year ₹5121.89 Lakh) in the respective carrying amount of Property, Plant and Equipment/Capital work in Progress (CWIP) as per Ind AS 23 'Borrowing Costs'.
- Note 27 Based on information available with the company, there are few suppliers/service providers who are registered as micro, small or medium enterprise under The Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act,2006 (MSMED Act, 2006). Information in respect of micro and small enterprises as required by Companies Act 2013 and MSMED Act, 2006 is given as under:

(₹ In Lakh)

		Trade Payables		Others	
Sr. No Particulars		As at 31 March, 2024	As at 31 March, 2023	As at 31 March, 2024	As at 31 March, 2023
1 Principal amount and interest due thereon re any supplier as at end of each accounting year:	maining unpaid to				
Principal		Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Interest		Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
² The amount of Interest paid by the buyer in terthe MSMED Act, 2006 along with the amound to the supplier beyond the appointed accounting year	nt of the payment	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
³ The amount of interest due and payable for the making payment (which have been paid appointed day during the year) but without specified under MSMED Act, 2006	but beyond the	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
⁴ The amount of interest accrued and remaining of each accounting year	; unpaid at the end	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
⁵ The amount of further interest remaining due a the succeeding years, until such date when t above are actually paid to the small enterprise disallowance as a deductible expenditure und MSMED Act 2006	he interest dues as for the purpose of	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil

Note 28 Disclosure as per Ind AS 116 - "Leases"

a) As a Lessor - Finance Leases:

The company does not have any lease arrangements as a lessor

b) As a Lessee:

The company does not have any lease arrangements as a lessee.

Note 29 Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Expenses

As per Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 along with Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014 read with DPE guidelines no F.No.15 (13)/2013-DPE (GM), the Company is required to spend, in every financial year, at least two per cent of the average net profits of the Company made during the three immediately preceding financial years in accordance with its CSR Policy.

Since, Company has not satisfied any of the criteria provided in Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013, the Company is not required to spend any amount for CSR activities.

Note 30 Fair Value Measurement

		(₹ in lakh)
Financial Instruments by category	As at 31 March, 2024	As at 31 March, 2023
	Amortised cost	Amortised cost
Financial Assets		
Cash & cash Equivalents	1.07	5.43
Bank Balances other than cash & cash equivalents	181.43	-
Other Financial Assets		
Current	19.17	1.05
Non-Current	-	-
Total Financial assets	201.67	6.48
Financial Liabilities		
Borrowings	93,449.29	79,893.22
Trade Payables	1.18	-
Other Financial Liabilities		
Other Current Financial Liabilities	4,452.50	6,775.99
Non-Current	-	-
Total financial liabilities	97,902.97	86,669.21

This section explains the judgements and estimates made in determining the fair values of the financial instruments that are measured at fair value and financial instruments that are measured at amortised cost and for which fair values are disclosed in the financial statements. To provide an indication about the reliability of the inputs used in determining fair value, the company has classified its financial instruments into the three levels prescribed under the accounting standard. An explanation of each level follows underneath the table.

Financial instruments that are measured at Amortised Cost:

					(₹ in lakh)
Particulars	Level	As at 31 March	n, 2024	As at 31 M	arch, 2023
		Carrying Amount	Fair value	Carrying	Fair value
				Amount	
Financial Liabilities					
Borrowings	2	93,449.29	97,560.15	79,893.22	79,911.86
Total financial liabilities		93,449.29	97,560.15	79,893.22	79,911.86

The carrying amounts of trade receivables, trade payables, Bank Balance, cash and cash equivalents, other current financial assets, short term borrowings and other current financial liabilities are considered to be the same as their fair values, due to their short-term nature. Receivables from CTUIL, that do not become overdue until TDS is refunded to CTUIL by tax authorities are measured on initial recognition at transaction price with an effective interest rate of zero even though they are recognized as non - current financial asset.

For financial assets that are measured at fair value, the carrying amounts are equal to the fair values.

Level 1: Level 1 hierarchy includes financial instruments measured using quoted prices. This includes listed equity bonds which are traded in the stock exchanges, valued using the closing price as at the reporting period.

Level 2: The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market (for example, traded bonds) is determined using valuation techniques which maximise the use of observable market data and rely as little as possible on entity-specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in level 2.

Level 3: If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3. This is the case for unlisted equity securities, contingent consideration and indemnification assets included in level 3.

There are no transfers between levels 1 and 2 during the year. The company's policy is to recognise transfers into and transfers out of fair value hierarchy levels as at the end of the reporting period.

Valuation technique used to determine fair value:

Specific valuation techniques used to value financial instruments includes:

• the use of quoted market prices or dealer quotes for similar instruments

• the fair value of the remaining financial instruments is determined using discounted cash flow analysis.

All of the resulting fair value estimates are included in level 2.

Note 31 Disclosure as per Ind AS 24 - "Related Party Disclosures"

(a) Holding Company

Name of entity	Place of business/	Proportion of Ownershi	
	Country of incorporation As at 31 Ma		As at 31
		2024	March, 2023
Power Grid Corporation of India Limited	India	100%	100%

(b) Subsidiaries of Holding Company

Name of entity	Place of business/
	Country of incorporation
POWERGRID Vemagiri Transmission Limited	India
POWERGRID NM Transmission Limited	India
POWERGRID Unchahar Transmission Limited	India
POWERGRID Southern Interconnector Transmission System Limited	India
POWERGRID Medinipur Jeerat Transmission Limited	India
POWERGRID Mithilanchal Transmission Limited	India
POWERGRID Varanasi Transmission System Limited	India
POWERGRID Jawaharpur Firozabad Transmission Limited	India
POWERGRID Khetri Transmission System Limited	India
POWERGRID Bhuj Transmission Limited	India
POWERGRID Bhind Guna Transmission Limited	India
POWERGRID Ajmer Phagi Transmission Limited	India
POWERGRID Fatehgarh Transmission Limited	India
POWERGRID Rampur Sambhal Transmission Limited	India
POWERGRID Meerut Simbhavali Transmission Limited	India
Central Transmission Utility of India Limited	India
POWERGRID Ramgarh Transmission Limited	India
POWERGRID Himachal Transmission Limited	India
POWERGRID Bikaner Transmission System Limited	India
POWERGRID Sikar Transmission Limited	India
POWERGRID Bhadla Transmission Limited	India
POWERGRID Energy Services Limited	India
POWERGRID Teleservices Limited	India
POWERGRID Narela Transmission Limited	India
(Erstwhile Khetri Narela Transmission Limited)	
POWERGRID Gomti Yamuna Transmission Limited	India
(Erstwhile Mohanlalganj Transmission Limited)	
POWERGRID Neemuch Transmission System Limited	India
(Erstwhile Neemuch Transmission Limited)	
POWERGRID ER NER Transmission Limited	India
(Erstwhile ER NER Transmission Limited)	
POWERGRID Khavda II-B Transmission Limited	India
(Erstwhile Khavda II-B Transmission Limited)	
POWERGRID Khavda II-C Transmission Limited	India
(Erstwhile Khavda II-C Transmission Limited)	
POWERGRID Khavda RE Transmission System Limited	India
(Erstwhile Khavda II-RE Transmission Limited)	
POWERGRID KPS2 Transmission System Limited	India
(Erstwhile KPS2 Transmission Limited)	
POWERGRID KPS3 Transmission Limited	India
(Erstwhile KPS3 Transmission Limited)	
POWERGRID ERWR Power Transmission Limited	India
(Erstwhile ERWR Power Transmission Limited)	
POWERGRID Raipur Pool Dhamtari Transmission Limited	India
(Erstwhile Raipur Pool Dhamtari Transmission Limited)	
POWERGRID Dharamjaigarh Transmission Limited	India
(Erstwhile Dharamjaigarh Transmission Limited)	
POWERGRID Bhadla Sikar Transmission Limited	India
(Erstwhile Bhadla Sikar Transmission Limited)	
POWERGRID Ananthpuram Kurnool Transmission Limited	India
(Erstwhile Ananthpuram Kurnool Transmission Limited)*	intuia

POWERGRID Bhadla III Transmission Limited	India
(Erstwhile Bhadla III Transmission Limited)*	
POWERGRID Ramgarh II Transmission Limited	India
(Erstwhile Ramgarh II Transmission Limited)**	
POWERGRID Beawar Dausa Transmission Limited	India
(Erstwhile Beawar Dausa Transmission Limited)\$	
POWERGRID Bikaner Neemrana Transmission Limited	India
(Erstwhile Bikaner III Neemrana Transmission Limited)\$\$	
POWERGRID Neemrana Bareilly Transmission Limited	India
(Erstwhile Neemrana II Bareilly Transmission Limited)\$\$	
POWERGRID Vataman Transmission Limited (Erstwhile Vataman Transmission Limited)#	India
POWERGRID Koppal Gadag Transmission Limited	India
(Erstwhile Koppal II Gadag II Transmission Limited)#	
Sikar Khetri Transmission Limited ##	India
Bidar Transmission limited ##	India

*100% equity acquired by POWERGRID from PFC Consulting Limited on 27.09.2023.

**100% equity acquired by POWERGRID from REC Power Development and Consultancy Limited on 26.10.2023.

\$100% equity acquired by POWERGRID from PFC Consulting Limited on 30.10.2023.

#100% equity acquired by POWERGRID from PFC Consulting Limited on 26.12.2023.

\$\$100% equity acquired by POWERGRID from PFC Consulting Limited on 27.12.2023.

##100% equity acquired by POWERGRID from REC Power Development and Consultancy Limited on 09.02.2024.

(c) Joint Ventures of Holding company

Name of entity	Place of business / Country of
	incorporation
Powerlinks Transmission Limited	India
Torrent POWERGRID Limited	India
Parbati Koldam Transmission Company Limited	India
Sikkim Power Transmission Limited	India
(Erstwhile Teestavalley Power Transmission Limited)	
North East Transmission Company Limited	India
National High Power Test Laboratory Private Limited	India
Bihar Grid Company Limited	India
Energy Efficiency Services Limited	India
Cross Border Power Transmission Company Limited	India
RINL POWERGRID TLT Private Limited (under process of liquidation)	India
Butwal-Gorakhpur Cross Border Power Transmission Limited	India
Power Transmission Company Nepal Limited	Nepal

(d) Associates of Holding Company

Name of entity	Place of business/ Country of
	incorporation
POWERGRID Kala Amb Transmission Limited	India
POWERGRID Jabalpur Transmission Limited	India
POWERGRID Warora Transmission Limited	India
POWERGRID Parli Transmission Limited	India

(e) Key Managerial Personnel

Name	Designation	Date of Appointment	Date of Cessation/ Separation
Dr. Yatindra Dwivedi	Chairman	01-Jan-24	Continuing
Shri A. K. Mishra	Director	08-Jun-21	07-Feb-24
Shri G. P. Payasi	Additional Director	08-Feb-24	Continuing
Shri Mukesh Khanna	Director	22-Aug-22	30-Apr-24
Shri Ashwani Kumar Gupta	Director	08-Jun-21	Continuing
Shri Abhay Choudhary	Chairman	08-Jun-21	27-Dec-23
Shri Gurmit Singh	CFO	03-Aug-22	Continuing
Ms. Pragati Parnika	Company Secretary	18-Mar-23	Continuing

(f) Government Related Entities

The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Central Public Sector Undertaking (CPSU) controlled by Central Government by holding majority of shares.

The Company has business transactions with other entities controlled by the GOI for procurement of capital equipment, spares and services. Transactions with these entities are carried out at market terms on arms-length basis through a transparent price discovery process against open tenders, except in a few cases of procurement of spares/services from Original Equipment Manufacturer (OEM) for proprietary items/or on single tender basis due to urgency, compatibility or other reasons. Such single tender procurements are also done through a process of negotiation with prices benchmarked against available price data of same/similar items.

The above transactions are in the course of normal day-to-day business operations and are not considered to be significant keeping in view the size, either individually or collectively.

(g) Outstanding balances arising from sales/purchases of goods and services

The following balances are outstanding at the end of the reporting period in relation to transactions with related parties:

		(₹ in lakh)
Particulars	As at 31 March, 2024	As at 31 March, 2023
Amounts payable		
Power Grid Corporation of India Ltd. (Holding Company)		
Purchases of goods and services - Consultancy	15.37	120.12
Loans from Holding Company	93,442.64	78,547.40
Interest Accrued on Loan	6.65	1,345.82

(h) Transactions with related parties

The following transactions occurred with related parties (excluding taxes):

		(₹ in lakh)
Particulars	For the Year ended 31 March,	For the Year ended 31 March,
	2024	2023
Power Grid Corporation of India Ltd.		
(Holding Company)		
Purchase of Goods or Services - Consultancy Expense	102.93	293.37
Additional Loan obtained during the year	14,895.24	21,422.00
Investments Received during the year	2,200.00	1,560.00
(Equity/Share application Money)		
Interest paid on Loan	6,863.98	5,121.89
Remibursement of Expenses - CPG charges	1.62	-

Note 32 Segment Information

The Board of Directors is the company's Chief operating decision maker who monitors the operating results of its business segments separately for the purpose of making decisions about resource allocation and performance assessment. One reportable segment has been identified on the basis of product/services. The company has a single reportable segment i.e., Power transmission network for transmission system.

The operations of the company are mainly carried out within the country and therefore there is no reportable geographical segment.

Note 33 Capital and other Commitments

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2024	As at 31 March, 2023
Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account and not provided for (net of advances)	5,574.16	11,128.38

Note 34 Contingent Liabilities and contingent assets

A. Contingent Liabilities

Claims against the Company not acknowledged as debts:

Disputed Income Tax/ Excise/ Municipal Tax Matters: Demand is Nil (previous year Rs. 2.63 lakhs).

Note 35 Capital management

a) Risk Management

The company's objectives when managing capital are to maximize the shareholder value; safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern; maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

For the purpose of the company's capital management, equity capital includes issued equity capital and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity holders of the company. The company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in light of changes in economic conditions. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the company may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, regulate investments in its projects, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. The company monitors capital using debt-equity ratio, which is the ratio of long term debt to Total net worth. The company includes within long term debt, interest bearing loans and borrowings and current maturities of long-term debt.

The debt -equity ratio of the Company was as follows: -

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2024	As at 31 March, 2023
Total debt (₹ in lakh)	93,442.64	78,547.40
Equity (₹ in lakh)	9,989.65	7,794.12
Long term debt to Equity ratio	9.35	10.08
NT 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	6	1 1 1 01 00 0004 1

No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the years ended 31.03.2024 and 31.03.2023.

Note 36 Earnings per share

Particulars	For the Year ended 31 March, 2024	For the Year ended 31 March, 2023
Basic and diluted earnings per share attributable to the equity holders of the company (in ₹)	(0.005)	0.001
Total Earnings attributable to the equity holders of the company (₹ in lakh)	(4.47)	0.53
Weighted average number of shares used as the denominator	8,95,19,945	6,83,38,493

Note 37 Income Tax expense

This note provides an analysis of the company's income tax expense, and how the tax expense is affected by non-assessable and non-deductible items. It also explains significant estimates made in relation to the Company's tax position.

(a) Income tax expense

		(₹ in lakh)
Particulars	For the Year ended 31 March, 2024	For the Year ended 31 March, 2023
Current Tax		
Current tax on profits for the year	-	-
Deferred Tax expense		
Origination and reversal of temporary differences	(1.51)	0.18
Total deferred tax expense /benefit	(1.51)	0.18
Income tax expense (A+B)	(1.51)	0.18

(b) Reconciliation of tax expense and the accounting profit multiplied by India's tax rate:

		(₹ in lakh)
Particulars	For the Year ended 31 March,	For the Year ended 31 March,
	2024	2023
Profit before income tax expense including movement in	(5.98)	0.71
Regulatory Deferral Account Balances		
Tax at the Company's domestic tax rate of 25.168 %	(1.51)	0.18
Income tax expense	(1.51)	0.18

Note 38 Employee Benefits

The Company does not have any permanent employees. The personnel working for the company are from holding company on secondment basic and are working on time share basis. The employee cost (including retirement benefits such as Gratuity, leave encashment, post-retirement benefits etc.) in respect of personnel working for the company are paid by holding company. Since there are no employees in the company, the obligation as per Ind-AS 19 does not arise. Accordingly, no provision is considered necessary for any retirement benefit like gratuity, leave salary, pension etc., in the books of the company.

Note 39 a) Figures have been rounded off to nearest rupees in lakh up to two decimals.

b) Previous year figures have been regrouped/ rearranged wherever considered necessary.

As per our report of even date For Arihant Jain & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Regn. No. 019798N

Rahul **Digitally signed** by Rahul Kumar **Kumar** Gupta Gupta

Date: 2024.05.13 19:07:27 +05'30' Rahul Kumar Gupta

Partner Mem. No. 513798 Place: Faridabad Date: 13 May, 2024

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

GYANESHWAR PRASAD PAYASI PRASAD PAYASI Date: 2024.05.13 18:35:56 +05:30'

Gyaneshwar Prasad Payasi Director

DIN: 10088426 Place: Bhadla Date: 13 May, 2024 GURMI



Gurmit Singh Chief Financial Officer PAN: ACNPS4243C Place: Faridabad Date: 13 May, 2024

ASHWANI Digitally signed by ASHWANI KUMAR GUPTA KUMAR GUPTA Date: 2024.05.13 18:33:37 +05'30

Ashwani Kumar Gupta

Director DIN: 09194985 Place: Gurugram Date: 13 May, 2024

Digitally signed by Pragati Pragati Parnika Parnika Date: 2024.05.13 18:26:26 +05'30'

Pragati Parnika Company Secretary Mem. No. A-58202 Place: Gurugram Date: 13 May, 2024

MU.DUHLE IKep 01-100 AUS- Howergnd - ASTL 2024-25 DIL-1814986



कार्यालय महा निदेशक लेखापरीक्षा (ऊर्जा) नई दिल्ली



INDIAN AUDIT & ACCOUNTS DEPARTMENT Office of the Director General of Audit (Energy) New Delhi

Dated: 03.07.2024

सेवा में,

अध्यक्ष, पावरग्रिड अलीगढ़ सीकर ट्रांसमिशन लिमिटेड, नई दिल्ली ।

महोदय,

विषय:- 31 मार्च 2024 को समाप्त वर्ष के लिए पावरग्रिड अलीगढ़ सीकर ट्रांसमिशन लिमिटेड, नई दिल्ली के लेखाओं पर कम्पनी अधिनियम 2013 की धारा 143(6)(b) के अंतर्गत भारत के नियंत्रक एवं महालेखापरीक्षक की टिप्पणियाँ।

में, पावरग्रिड अलीगढ़ सीकर ट्रांसमिशन लिमिटेड, नई दिल्ली के 31 मार्च 2024 को समाप्त वर्ष के लेखाओं पर कम्पनी अधिनियम 2013 की धारा 143(6)(b) के अंतर्गत भारत के नियंत्रक एवं महालेखापरीक्षक की टिप्पणियाँ अग्रेषित कर रही हूँ।

कृपया इस पत्र की संलग्नकों सहित प्राप्ति की पावती भेजी जाए।

भवदीया,

संलग्नकः- यथोपरि।

(गुरवीन सिधू) महानिदेशक

COMMENTS OF THE COMPTROLLER AND AUDITOR GENERAL OF INDIA UNDER SECTION 143(6)(b) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013 ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF POWERGRID ALIGARH SIKAR TRANSMISSION LIMITED FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

The preparation of financial statements of POWERGRID Aligarh Sikar Transmission Limited for the year ended 31 March 2024 in accordance with the financial reporting framework prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013 (Act) is the responsibility of the management of the company. The statutory auditor appointed by the Comptroller and Auditor General of India under section 139(5) of the Act is responsible for expressing opinion on the financial statements under section 143 of the Act based on independent audit in accordance with the standards on auditing prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act. This is stated to have been done by them vide their Audit Report dated 13 May 2024.

I, on behalf of the Comptroller and Auditor General of India, have conducted a supplementary audit of the financial statements of POWERGRID Aligarh Sikar Transmission Limited for the year ended 31 March 2024 under Section 143(6) (a) of the Act. This supplementary audit has been carried out independently without access to the working papers of the statutory auditor and is limited primarily to inquiries of the statutory auditor and company personnel and a selective examination of some of the accounting records.

On the basis of my supplementary audit nothing significant has come to my knowledge which would give rise to any comment upon or supplement to statutory auditor's report under section 143(6) (b) of the Act.

For and on behalf of the Comptroller & Auditor General of India

(Gurveen Sidhu) Director General of Audit (Energy)

Place: New Delhi Date: 03/07/2024





FORM MR – 3 SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2024 [Pursuant to Section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule No. 9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To,

The Members, POWERGRID ALIGARH SIKAR TRANSMISSION LIMITED (Formerly known as Sikar-II Aligarh Transmission Limited) CIN: U40106DL2020GOI363739

B-9, Qutab Institutional Area, Katwaria Sarai, New Delhi-110016.

We have conducted Secretarial Audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and adherence to good corporate practices by **POWERGRID Aligarh Sikar Transmission Limited [CIN: U40106DL2020GOI363739] (Formerly known as Sikar-II Aligarh Transmission Limited)** (hereinafter referred to as the "Company") having its Registered Office situated at B-9, Qutab Institutional Area, Katwaria Sarai, New Delhi-110016. **The Company is a Wholly Owned Subsidiary Company of Power Grid Corporation of India Limited** (a Government of India Enterprise). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing our opinion thereon.

Based on our verification of the Company's books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, we hereby report that in our opinion, the Company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended on **31**st **March**, **2024** (**'period under review')** complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board processes and compliance mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

We have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company for the financial year ended on 31st March, 2024 according to the provisions of The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the Rules made thereunder.



VAPN & ASSOCIATES.

As confirmed and certified by the management, following law is specifically applicable to the Company based on the Sectors /Businesses viz: The Electricity Act, 2003 and Rules and Regulations made thereunder.

Being Electricity Transmission Company, the Electricity Act, 2003 is specifically applicable to the Company in respect of which we have only verified the license and terms thereof issued by Central Electricity Regulatory Commission dated 28.05.2022 which is valid for a period of 25 years. Further, we have relied upon the representation made by the management with respect to compliance of the terms of the Electricity Transmission License.

We have also examined compliance with applicable Clauses/ Regulations of Secretarial Standards issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India (ICSI).

During the period under review, the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines and Standards made there under for all the above laws to the extent possible.

We further report that during the period under review:

- 1. The Board of Directors of the Company comprises of Non-Executive Directors only. The changes in the composition of Board of Directors that took place during the period under the review were carried out in compliance with the provisions of the Act.
- 2. The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Power Grid Corporation of India Limited (a Government of India Enterprise). Hence, the Company is exempted from the applicability of Section 177 and Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 4(1) & (2) of the Companies (Appointment and Qualifications of Directors) Amendment Rules, 2017 dated 5th July, 2017 and Rule 6 of Companies (Meeting of Board and its Powers) Second Amendment Rules, 2017 dated 13th July, 2017. Being a Government Company, provisions of section 203 of the Companies Act, 2013 shall not apply with respect to the appointment of Managing Director, Chief Executive Officer or Manager and in their absence a Whole Time Director of the Company vide Ministry of Corporate Affairs' Notification dated 5th June, 2015.
- 3. Adequate notices were given to all the Directors to schedule the Board Meetings along with Agenda and detailed notes on Agenda were generally sent at least 7 days in





advance and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

4. All decisions at Board Meetings were carried out unanimously as recorded in the minutes of the meetings of the Board of Directors.

We further report that based on review of compliance mechanism established by the Company, we are of the opinion that the management has adequate systems and processes commensurate with its size and operations, to monitor and ensure compliance with all applicable laws, rules, regulations, and guidelines.

We further report that during the period under review the following events occurred which had bearing on the Company's affairs in pursuance of the above referred laws, rules, regulations, guidelines, standards etc.:

a) The Company had issued and allotted 2,20,00,000 (Two Crore Twenty Lakh) equity shares of ₹10/- (Rupees Ten Only) each at par on right share basis to Power Grid Corporation of India Limited (Holding Company).

For VAPN & Associates Practicing Company Secretaries ICSI Unique Code: P2015DE045500 Peer Review Certificate No. 975/2020



Digitally signed by ASHOK Date: 2024.08.14 12:24:16 +05'30'

Ashok Partner ACS No: 55136 |COP No: 20599 ICSI UDIN: A055136F000973944

Place: New Delhi Date: August 14, 2024

Note: This report is to be read with letter of even date by the secretarial auditor, which is annexed as 'Annexure A' and forms an integral part of this report.





To, **The Members, POWERGRID ALIGARH SIKAR TRANSMISSION LIMITED** (Formerly known as Sikar-II Aligarh Transmission Limited) **CIN: U40106DL2020GOI363739** B-9, Qutab Institutional Area, Katwaria Sarai, New Delhi-110016.

Our Secretarial Audit Report (Form MR-3) of even date is to be read along with this letter.

- 1. The Company's management is responsible for the maintenance of secretarial records and compliance with the relevant provisions of corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, guidelines, and standards. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the secretarial records produced for our audit.
- 2. We have followed such audit practices and processes as we considered appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the secretarial records.
- 3. We have verified the secretarial records furnished to us on a test basis to see whether the correct facts are reflected therein. We also examined the compliance procedures followed by the Company on a test basis. We believe that the processes and practices we followed provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.
- 4. While forming an opinion on compliance and issuing this report:
 - (a) We have considered compliance-related action taken by the Company for the period from 1st April 2023 to 31st March 2024.
 - (b) We have taken an overall view, based on the compliance procedures and practices followed by the Company.





- 5. We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of the financial statement (including attachments and annexures thereto), financial records, and books of accounts of the Company, as they are subject to audit by the Auditors of the Company, appointed under Section 139 of the Act.
- 6. We have obtained and relied on the Management's representation about the compliance of laws, rules, and regulations and happening of events, wherever required.
- 7. Our Secretarial Audit report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For VAPN & Associates

Practicing Company Secretaries ICSI Unique Code: P2015DE045500 Peer Review Certificate No. 975/2020



Ashok Partner ACS No: 55136 |COP No: 20599 ICSI UDIN: A055136F000973944

Place: New Delhi Date: August 14, 2024