

POWERGRID JAWAHARPUR FIROZABAD TRANSMISSION LIMITED

CIN: U40100DL2018GOI337674

Regd. Office: B-9, Qutab Institutional Area, Katwaria Sarai, New Delhi-110016
Tel: 011-26560112

DIRECTORS' REPORT

To,

Dear Members.

I am delighted to present on behalf of the Board of Directors, the 4th Annual Report of POWERGRID Jawaharpur Firozabad Transmission Limited on the working of the Company together with Audited Financial Statement and Auditors Report for the financial year ended 31st March, 2022.

State of the Company's Affairs & Project implementation

POWERGRID Jawaharpur Firozabad Transmission Limited (hereinafter referred to as "PJFTL") was acquired by POWERGRID on 21st December, 2018 under Tariff based competitive bidding from REC Transmission Projects Company Limited (the Bid Process Coordinator) for implementing Transmission system for evacuation of power from upcoming 2x660MW Jawaharpur Thermal Power Project at Village -Malawan district Etah (U.P) of UP Govt. and associated Transmission Lines of 400/220/132kV Substation at Firozabad, Uttar Pradesh. The Company was granted transmission license by UPERC on 5th July, 2019.

The project is the First Intra State Project under Tariff Based Competitive Bidding (TBCB) won by Power Grid Corporation of India Limited (POWERGRID) and implemented under the Build, Own, Operate and Maintain (BOOM) basis. Different Transmission Assets under PJFTL have been completed / commissioned progressively from 26th February, 2021 to 02nd July, 2021.

Financial Performance

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	2021-22	2020-21
Revenue from Operations	5,169.94	356.86
Other Income	20.09	-
Total Income	5,190.03	356.86
Expenses	2,882.62	217.76
Profit before Tax	2,307.41	139.10
Profit after Tax	1,712.40	104.09
Earnings Per Equity Share (₹)	2.12	0.38

Share Capital

As on 31st March, 2022, the Authorized and Paid up Share Capital of the Company were ₹93.70 Crore and ₹89.60 Crore, respectively.

Dividend

Your Company has paid an interim dividend of ₹0.75 per share in October, 2021 for the financial year 2021-22.

Reserves

Out of Net profits of ₹1712.40 Lakh in current Financial Year, the Company has transferred an amount of ₹54.84 Lakh to Self-Insurance Reserve and paid interim dividend of ₹616.50 Lakh for FY 2021-22. Retained Earnings as on 31st March, 2022 stood at ₹1145.05 lakh.

Particulars of Loans, Guarantees or Investments made under section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013

Your Company has not given any loans, provided any guarantee or security to any other entity.

Particulars of contracts or arrangements with related parties

Particulars of contracts or arrangements with related parties referred to in Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013, in the prescribed form AOC-2, are given at **Annexure - I** to the Directors' Report.

Material Changes & Commitments

There has been no material changes & commitments affecting the financial position of the Company, which have occurred between the end of the financial year and date of this report.

Deposits

Your Company has not accepted any deposit during the financial year 2021-22.

Subsidiaries, Joint Ventures and Associate Companies

Your Company does not have any subsidiaries, joint ventures and associate companies.

Directors' Responsibility Statement

As required under section 134(3)(c) & 134(5) of the Companies Act, your Directors confirm that:

- a. in the preparation of the Annual Accounts, the applicable accounting standards had been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures;
- b. the Directors had selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company at the end of the financial year and of the profit of the company for that period;
- the Directors had taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of this Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- d. the Directors had prepared the Annual Accounts on a going concern basis; and
- e. the Directors had devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions
 of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating
 effectively.

Conservation of Energy, Technology absorption, Foreign Exchange Earning and Out Go

Conservation of Energy:

Energy conservation measures are being taken by the Company at every possible steps, so as to develop an efficient transmission network. As per present infrastructure, minimum required lighting points are used. No solar panel is available at Firozabad Sub Station. Optical sensor is used for Street light and S/Y light switching.

Technology Absorption:

As 400/220/132 kV Substation is AIS conventional Sub Station, following items as technology absorption are used:

- a. SAS system are used for control and protection system.
- b. CSD are used for switching of Transformer and Reactor.
- c. Optical Fibre is used for Digital Protection Copular.
- d. NIFPS system are used for fire protection of Transformer and Reactor.
- e. Separate CT and CVT for metering are used in each line.

Foreign Exchange Earnings and out go:

There is no Foreign Exchange Earnings and out go under section 134(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 for financial year 2021-22.

Annual Return

In accordance with Section 92(3) read with Section 134 (3) (a) of the Companies Act, 2013 Annual Return of the Company Return is available on the website of Power Grid Corporation of India Limited (the Holding Company) i.e., www.powergrid.in and can be accessed in the Subsidiaries section under the Investor Relation tab.

Board of Directors and KMPs

As on 31st March, 2022, the Board comprised four Directors viz. Shri Sunil Agarwal, Shri Ashok Kumar Singhal, Shri Ravisankar Ganesan and Shri Ravinder Nagpal.

There were some changes in the Board of Director of the Company during the financial year 2021-22. Shri Sunil Agarwal was appointed as an Additional Director w.e.f. 05th July, 2021. Appointments of Shri Sunil Agarwal and Shri Anantha Sarma Boppudi were regularized at the Annual General Meeting held on 22nd September, 2021.

Further, Shri Ravinder Nagpal and Shri Ashok Kumar Singhal have been appointed as an Additional Directors w.e.f. 22nd October, 2021 and 02nd March, 2022, respectively, who holds office up to the date of ensuing Annual General Meeting.

During the Financial Year 2021-22, Shri Abhay Choudhary, Shri Sanjai Gupta and Shri Anantha Sarma Boppudi ceased to be Directors of the Company w.e.f. 08th June, 2021, 30th September, 2021 and 13th December, 2021, respectively.

The Board placed on record its appreciation for the valuable contribution, guidance & support given by Shri Abhay Choudhary, Shri Sanjay Gupta and Shri Anantha Sarma during their tenure as Directors of the Company.

The Company has received a notice under section 160 of the Companies Act, 2013 from a member of the Company for appointment of Shri Ravinder Nagpal and Shri Ashok Kumar Singhal as Directors, liable to retire by rotation, in the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

In accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, Shri Ravisankar Ganesan, shall retire by rotation at the Annual General Meeting of your Company and being eligible, has offered himself for re-appointment.

None of the Directors is disqualified from being appointed/re-appointed as Director.

Ms. Anmol Verma was appointed as Company Secretary of the Company w.e.f. 22nd October, 2021, who resigned from the post w.e.f. 07th March, 2022.

Shri P. B. Singh is Chief Financial Officer (CFO) of the Company and Ms. Anamika Gupta has been appointed as Company Secretary of the Company w.e.f. 9th May, 2022.

Number of Board meetings during the year

During the financial year ended 31st March, 2022, Seven (7) meetings of Board of Directors were held on 07th June, 2021, 09th July, 2021, 30th July, 2021, 21st July, 2021, 22nd October, 2021, 31st January, 2022 and 02nd March, 2022. The detail of number of meetings attended by each Director during the financial year are as under:

Name of Directors	Designation	No. of Board Meetings which were entitled to attend during financial year 2021-22.	No. of Board Meetings which were attended during financial year 2021-22.
Shri Abhay Choudhary	Chairman	1	1
(upto 08.06.2021)	(Part-time)		
Shri Sunil Agarwal	Chairman	6	6
(w.e.f. 05.07.2021)	(Part-time)		
Shri G. Ravisankar	Director	7	7
Shri Sanjai Gupta	Director	4	2
(upto 30.09.2021)			
Shri B. Anantha Sarma	Director	5	4
(upto 13.12.2021)			
Shri Ravinder Nagpal	Additional Director	2	2
(w.e.f. 22.10.2021)			
Shri Ashok Kumar	Additional Director	-	-
Singhal			
(w.e.f. 02.03.2022)			

Committees of the Board

Audit Committee and Nomination & Remuneration Committee

Being the wholly owned subsidiary of POWERGRID, your Company is not required to constitute an Audit Committee and Nomination & Remuneration Committee in terms of notifications dated 5th July, 2017 and 13th July, 2017 issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA).

Corporate Social Responsibility Committee

The provision of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 5 of the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014 were not applicable to the Company during FY 2021-22.

Declaration by Independent Directors

Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) vide notification dated 05th July, 2017 had amended the Rule 4 of Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Rules, 2014 as per which, the unlisted public companies in the nature of wholly owned subsidiaries are exempted from the requirement of appointing Independent Directors on their Board. Accordingly, your Company, being a Wholly Owned Subsidiary of Power Grid Corporation of India Limited is exempted from the requirement of appointing Independent Directors on their Board.

Performance Evaluation

As per notification dated 05th June, 2015 issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, the provision related to evaluation of performance of Board, its committees and individual directors under section 178(2) of the Companies Act, 2013 is exempt for Government Companies.

Statutory Auditors

M/s Uboweja & Co., Chartered Accountants, was appointed by Comptroller and Auditor General of India as Statutory Auditors of the Company for the financial year 2021-22.

Statutory Auditors' Report

M/s Uboweja & Co., Chartered Accountants, Statutory Auditors for the financial year 2021-22 have given an unqualified report. The report is self-explanatory and does not require any further comments by the Board.

Comptroller and Auditor General's (C&AG) Comments

Your Company has received 'NIL' Comments on the financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2022 by the Comptroller and Auditor General of India under Section 143(6) of the Companies Act, 2013. Copy of letter dated 13th July, 2022 received from C&AG is placed at **Annexure - II** to this report.

Secretarial Audit Report

M/s VAPN & Associates, Company Secretaries has conducted Secretarial Audit of the Company for the financial year ended 31st March, 2022. The Secretarial Audit Report is placed at **Annexure - III** to this report. The Secretarial Auditors have given an unqualified report. The report is self-explanatory and does not require any further comments by the Board.

Maintenance of Cost Records of the Company

Maintenance of cost records as specified by the Central Government under sub-section (1) of Section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013, is not applicable to the Company during Financial Year 2021-22.

<u>Details in respect of frauds reported by auditors other than those which are reportable to the Central Government</u>

None of the Auditors of the Company have reported any frauds to the Board of Directors under section 143(12) of the Companies Act, 2013, including rules made thereunder.

Development & Implementation of Risk Management Policy

Your Company being a wholly owned subsidiary of POWERGRID is covered under the Risk Management Framework as being done in the holding company.

Particulars of Employees

As per Notification dated 5th June, 2015 issued by the MCA, the provisions of Section 197 of the Companies Act, 2013 and corresponding rules of Chapter XIII are exempted for Government Companies. As your Company is a Government Company, the information has not been included as a part of Directors' report.

Compliance with Secretarial Standards

The Company has followed the Secretarial Standards SS-1 & 2 issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India.

Prevention of Sexual Harassment at workplace

POWERGRID (the holding Company) has Internal Complaints Committee (ICC) in place to redress the complaints of sexual harassment.

<u>Details of Significant & Material Orders passed by the regulators, courts, tribunals</u> impacting the going concern status and company's operation in future

No significant / material orders were passed by any authority during the Financial Year impacting the going concern status and Company's operation in future.

Internal Financial Control Systems and their adequacy

Your Company has, in all material respects, an adequate Internal Financial Controls System over Financial Reporting and such Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting were operating effectively as at 31st March, 2022.

Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016

During the Financial Year 2021-22, no application has been made under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code; hence the requirement to disclose the details of application made or any proceeding pending under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016 during the

year along with their status as at the end of the financial year is not applicable.

Acknowledgement

The Board extends its sincere thanks to the Ministry of Power, the Central Electricity

Regulatory Commission, POWERGRID, the Comptroller & Auditor General of India and

the Auditors of the Company.

For and on behalf of

POWERGRID Jawaharpur Firozabad Transmission Limited

Sd/-

(Sunil Agarwal) Chairman

DIN: 09048015

Date: 1st August, 2022

Place: Gurugram

POWERGRID JAWAHARPUR FIROZABAD TRANSMISSION LIMITED

FORM No. AOC -2

(Pursuant to clause (h) of sub-section (3) of section 134 of the Act and Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)

Form for Disclosure of particulars of contracts/arrangements entered into by the company with related parties referred to in sub section (1) of section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 including certain arm's length transaction under third proviso thereto.

1. Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions not at Arm's length basis.

SI.	Particulars	Details
No.		
a)	Name (s) of the related party & nature of relationship	-
b)	Nature of contracts/arrangements/transaction	-
c)	Duration of the	-
	contracts/arrangements/transaction	
d)	Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or	-
	transaction including the value, if any	
e)	Justification for entering into such contracts or	-
	arrangements or transactions'	
f)	Date of approval by the Board	-
g)	Amount paid as advances, if any	-
h)	Date on which the special resolution was passed	-
	in General meeting as required under first proviso	
	to section 188	

2. Details of Material contracts or arrangements or transactions at Arm's length basis.

SI.	Particulars	Details		
No.				
а	Name (s) of the related party & nature of relationship	Power Grid Corporation of India Limited (POWERGRID) [holding company w.e.f. 21.12.2018].		
b	Nature of contracts/arrang ements/transact ion	Part (A) to avail all inputs and services as may be required by the Company from POWERGRID @ 3% of the actual project cost (excl. IDC and Consultancy Fee) plus GST as applicable. Part (B) to take any security(ies) / guarantee(s) in connection with loan(s) / any form of debt including ECBs and/or to avail Inter corporate loan(s) on cost to cost basis, or a combination		

		thereof, upto an amount of ₹ 378 crore from POWERGRID.
		Part (C) to avail services of POWERGRID for undertaking all
		post COD activities including O&M consultancy as may be
		required by the Company.
С	Duration of the	Part (A) Commissioning of the project including associated
	contracts/arrang	reconciliation activities.
	ements/transact	Part (B) As mutually agreed.
	ion	Part (C) As mutually agreed
d	Salient terms of	Refer (b)
	the contracts or	
	arrangements	
	or transaction	
	including the	
	value, if any	
е	Date of	For Part (A) 21.12.2018
	approval by the	For Part (B) 11.01.2019
	Board	For Part (C) 09.07.2021
f	Amount paid as	-
	advances, if any	

For and on behalf of **POWERGRID Jawaharpur Firozabad Transmission Limited**

Sd/-(Sunil Agarwal) Chairman DIN: 09048015

Date: 1st August, 2022 Place: Gurugram COMMENTS OF THE COMPTROLLER AND AUDITOR GENERAL OF INDIA UNDER SECTION 143(6)(b) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013 ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF POWERGRID JAWAHARPUR FIROZABAD TRANSMISSION LIMITED FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

The preparation of financial statements of POWERGRID Jawaharpur Firozabad Transmission Limited for the year ended 31 March 2022 in accordance with the financial reporting framework prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013(Act) is the responsibility of the management of the company. The statutory auditor appointed by the Comptroller and Auditor General of India under section 139 (5) of the Act is responsible for expressing opinion on the financial statements under section 143 of the Act based on independent audit in accordance with the standards on auditing prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act. This is stated to have been done by them vide their Revised Audit Report dated 28.06.2022 which supersedes their earlier Audit Report dated 09.05.2022

I, on behalf of the Comptroller and Auditor General of India, have conducted a supplementary audit of the financial statements of POWERGRID Jawaharpur Firozabad Transmission Limited for the year ended 31 March 2022 under section 143(6)(a) of the Act. This supplementary audit has been carried out independently without access to the working papers of the statutory auditor and is limited primarily to inquiries of the statutory auditor and company personnel and a selective examination of some of the accounting records.

In view of the revisions made in the statutory auditor's report, to give effect to some of my audit observations raised during supplementary audit, I have no further comments to offer upon or supplement to the statutory auditors' report under section 143(6)(b) of the Act.

For and on behalf of the Comptroller & Auditor General of India

(D.K. Sekar)

Director General of Audit (Energy),

Delhi

Place: New Delhi

Dated:/3July 2022



COMPANY SECRETARIES

FORM NO. MR - 3 SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH, 2022

[Pursuant to Section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule No. 9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To,

The Members

POWERGRID JAWAHARPUR FIROZABAD TRANSMISSION LIMITED

CIN: U40100DL2018GOI337674

Registered Office: B-9 Qutab Institutional Area, Katwaria Sarai

New Delhi-110016, India

We have conducted Secretarial Audit of compliance with the applicable statutory provisions and adherence to good corporate practices by POWERGRID JAWAHARPUR FIROZABAD TRANSMISSION LIMITED (hereinafter referred to as 'the Company') for the Financial Year ended on 31st March, 2022. It is wholly owned subsidiary company of POWERGRID CORPORATION OF INDIA LIMITED (a Government of India Enterprise). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts /statutory compliances and expressing our opinion thereon.

Based on our verification of the Company's books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, We hereby report that in our opinion, the Company has, during the audit period covering the Financial Year ended on 31st March, 2022 ('Audit Period') complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-processes and compliance-mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

We report that, we have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company for the financial year ended on 31st March, 2022 according to the provisions of (as amended):

1. The Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') and the Rules made there under read with notifications, exemptions and clarifications thereto;



1 | Page

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COMPANY SECRETARIES

- The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the rules made there
 under;
- 3. The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and bye-laws framed there under;
- 4. Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made there under to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment, External Commercial Borrowings [Not Applicable to the Company during the Audit Period under review];
- 5. The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act') as amended: -
 - (a) The Securities and Exchange Board of Inpssssssdia (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011- [Not Applicable to the Company during the Audit Period under review];
 - (b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibitions of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015- [Not Applicable to the Company during the Audit Period under review];
 - (c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018- [Not Applicable to the Company during the Audit Period under review];
 - (d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits and Sweat Equity) Regulations, 2021- [Not Applicable to the Company during the Audit Period under review];
 - (e) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Debt Securities) Regulations, 2008- [Not Applicable to the Company during the Audit Period under review];
 - (f) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client- [Not Applicable to the Company during the Audit Period under review];

2 |



COMPANY SECRETARIES

- (g) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2009- [Not Applicable to the Company during the Audit Period under review];
- (h) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 2018-[Not Applicable to the Company during the Audit Period under review];

We have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses/regulations of the following:

- Secretarial Standards with respect to Meetings of Board of Directors (SS-1) and General Meetings (SS-2) issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India; and.
- 2. The Electricity Act, 2003 and Rules and Regulations made thereunder.

During Audit Period under review, the Company has generally complied with the provisions of the applicable Acts, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Secretarial Standards etc. as mentioned above.

We further report that during the audit period under review:

- The Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of directors. The changes in the composition of the Board of Directors that took place during the period under review were carried out in compliance with the provisions of the Act.
- 2. Adequate notice is given to all directors to schedule the meetings of the Board along with agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance, and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.
- 3. All decisions at Board Meetings were carried out unanimously as recorded in the minutes of the meetings of the Board of Directors.



3 |

e-mail: info@vapn.in: website: www.vapn.in

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COMPANY SECRETARIES

4. We further report that based on review of compliance mechanism established by the Company, we are of the opinion that the management has adequate systems and processes commensurate with its size and operations, to monitor and ensure compliance with all applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

5. We further report that during the review period, no major action having a bearing on the Company's affairs in pursuance of the above referred laws, rules, regulations, guidelines, standards, etc. above have taken place.

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For VAPN & Associates

Practicing Company Secretaries ICSI Unique Code: P2015DE045500 Peer Review Certificate No. 975/2020

> Ashok Partner

ACS No: 55136 | COP No: 20599 | ICSI UDIN: A055136D000376149

Date: May 24, 2022 Place: New Delhi

Note: This report is to be read with letter of even date by the secretarial auditor, which is annexed as 'Annexure A' and forms an integral part of this report.



COMPANY SECRETARIES

"Annexure-A"

To.

The Members

POWERGRID JAWAHARPUR FIROZABAD TRANSMISSION LIMITED

CIN: U40100DL2018GOI337674

Registered Office: B-9 Qutab Institutional Area, Katwaria Sarai

New Delhi-110016, India

Our Secretarial Audit Report (Form MR-3) of even date for the period from 1st April 2021 to 31st March 2022, is to be read along with this letter.

- 1. The Company's management is responsible for the maintenance of secretarial records and compliance with the relevant provisions of corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, guidelines, and standards. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the secretarial records produced for our audit.
- 2. We have followed such audit practices and processes as we considered appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the secretarial records.
- 3. We have verified the secretarial records furnished to us on a test basis to see whether the correct facts are reflected therein. We also examined the compliance procedures followed by the Company on a test basis. We believe that the processes and practices we followed provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.
- 4. While forming an opinion on compliance and issuing this report:
 - (a) We have considered compliance-related action taken by the Company for the period from 1st April 2021 to 31st March 2022.

(b) We have taken an overall view, based on the compliance procedures and practices followed by the Company. & ASSO

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VAPN & ASSOCIATES.

COMPANY SECRETARIES

- 5. We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of the financial statement (including attachments and annexures thereto), financial records, and books of accounts of the Company, as they are subject to audit by the Auditors of the Company, appointed under Section 139 of the Act.
- We have obtained and relied on the Management's representation about the compliance of laws, rules, and regulations and happening of events, wherever required.
- Our Secretarial Audit report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For VAPN & Associates

Practicing Company Secretaries ICSI Unique Code: P2015DE045500

Peer Review Certificate No. 975/2020

- Ashok Partner

ACS No: 55136 |COP No: 20599 ICSI UDIN: A055136D000376149

Date: May 24, 2022 Place: New Delhi

6 | Rag



B-3/1, Rajouri Gardens, New Delhi - 110027

Ph.: 011-41447912, 9811100912 E-mail: auditax@uboweja.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

TO,
THE MEMBERS OF
POWERGRID JAWAHARPUR FIROZABAD TRANSMISSION LIMITED
Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying Ind AS Financial Statements of M/s POWERGRID JAWAHARPUR FIROZABAD TRANSMISSION LIMITED ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2022, the Statement of Profit and Loss, Statement of Changes in Equity, the Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with IND AS and the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of state of affairs of the Company as at 31st March 2022, its profit including other comprehensive income, its Changes in Equity and its cashflows for the year ended on that date.

Key Audit Matters

We have determined that there are no key audit matters to communicate in our report.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act"). Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibility of Managements and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with IND AS and the accounting principles



generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind AS") prescribed under Section 133 of the Act read with the relevant rules there under. This responsibility also includes the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provision of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting the frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Report on other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020, issued by the Central Government of India in term of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Companies Act,2013, we give in the 'Annexure 1' a statement on the matters specified in the paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- 2. As required by section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - a. We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - b. In our opinion proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as appears from our examination of those books.
 - c. The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss, Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
 - d. In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with IND AS specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.

e. As the Government Companies have been exempted from applicability of the provision of section 164(2) of the Companies Act, 2013, reporting on disqualification of Directors is not required.

f. With respect to the adequacy of internal financial controls over financial reporting of the company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our

separate Report in 'Annexure - 2'

g. With respect to the other matters included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules 2014, in our opinion and to our best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:

- i. The company disclosed the impact of pending litigations on the Financial position in its financial statements of the Company-Refer Note 35 to the financial statements
- The company did not have any long-term contracts including derivatives contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses;

iii. There has been no Delay in Transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the

Company.

- iv. i) The management has represented that, to the best of it's knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
 - ii) the management has represented, that, to the best of it's knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, no funds have been received by the company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and
 - iii)Based on such audit procedures that the auditor has considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to their notice that has caused them to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) contain any material mis-statement
- v). Dividend declared or paid during the year by the company is in compliance with Section 123 of the Companies Act, 2013

3. In terms of Section 143 (5) of the Companies Act 2013, we give in the "Annexure-3" statement on the directions issued by the Comptroller and Auditor General of India.

For Uboweja & Co **Chartered Accountants**

Wipin Kumar Uboweja

Partner

Membership No. 084732

FRN:- 006402N

UDIN: 22084732ALUZBB6953

New Delhi Place: Date: 28 Jun 2022

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Annexure '1' to the Independent Auditors' Report

As referred to in our Independent Auditors' Report of even date to the members of the POWERGRID JAWAHARPUR FIROZABAD TRANSMISSION LIMITED, on the Ind AS financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2022, we report that:

- (i) (a) (A) The Company has generally maintained records, showing full particulars including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant & Equipment.
 - (B) The Company has generally maintained records, showing full particulars of intangible assets. There are no intangible assets.
 - (b) The Property, Plant & Equipment have been physically verified by the management during the year. In our opinion, frequency of verification is reasonable having regard to the nature of its business. No material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
 - (c) In our opinion and according to information and explanations given to us and on the basis of an examination of the records of the Company, the title deeds of immovable properties are held in the name of the Company
 - (d) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment (including Right of Use assets) during the year.
 - (e) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, no proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the company for holding any Benami property under the "Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 and Rules made thereunder.
- (ii) (a) According to the information and explanation given to us, the company has conducted physical verification of inventory including construction stores at reasonable intervals and no material discrepancies have been noticed. However, there was no inventories as 31st March 2022.
 - (b) The Company has not been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of Rs. 5 crores, in aggregate, from banks on the basis of security of current assets.
- (iii) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not made investments in, provided any guarantee or security or granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties. Accordingly, paragraph 3(iii) is not applicable to the company.

- (iv) In our opinion and according to information and explanation given to us, the company has complied with the provisions of section 185 and 186 of the Act in respect of loans, investments, guarantees and security.
- (v) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company has not accepted any deposit from the public & no amounts has been deemed to be deposits in accordance with the provisions of the sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Act, and the rules framed thereunder. Accordingly, paragraph 3(v) of the Order is not applicable to the company.
- (vi) The Company has crossed thresh hold limit for cost record as specified by Central Government under section 148(1) of Companies Act 2013 with respect to transmission of electricity during the financial year and accordingly maintaining of cost record will be applicable to the company from next financial year.
- (vii) (a) The Company is regular in depositing applicable undisputed statuary dues including Goods and Service Tax, Income Tax and Cess etc.
 - (b) According to information and explanations given to us, there are no statutory dues referred to in sub-clause (a) which have not been deposited on account of dispute. According to information and explanation given to us. There are no undisputed amount payable as on 31 March 2022 for a period of more than 6 months from the date they become payable.
- (viii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not recorded in the books of account any transaction which have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961.
- (ix) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us,
 - (a) The Company has not defaulted during the year in repayment of loans & payment of Interest to other lenders The Company have not taken any loan from Banks, Financial Institutions and Government. However Company has taken loan from its holding Company and is regular in making repayments of loan and interest.
 - (b) The company has not been declared willful defaulter by any lender.
 - (c) term loans have been applied for the purpose for which the loans were obtained.
 - (d) funds raised on short term basis have not been utilised for long term purpose.
 - (e) The Company do not have any Subsidiaries, Joint ventures or Associates. Accordingly, paragraph 3(ix)(e) and 3(ix)(f) are not applicable to the company.
- (x) (a) The company has not raised money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year.

- (b) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully, partially or optionally convertible) during the year.
- (xi) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and as represented by the management, we have been informed that no case of fraud has been committed on or by the company during the year.
 - (b) As no material fraud has been noticed during the year as mentioned at xi(a) above, report under sub-Section (12) of Section 143 of the Companies Act in the Form ADT-4 as prescribed under Rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules 2014 is not applicable.
 - (c) According to the information and explanations given to us, no whistle-blower complaints has been received during the year by the Company.
- (xii) The company is not a Nidhi Company as prescribed under section 406 of the Act. Accordingly, clause 3(xii)(a), 3(xii)(b) & 3(xii)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the company.
- (Xiii) According to the information and explanations given to us and as represented by management, all transactions with the related parties are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of the Act, where applicable and the details have been disclosed in the standalone Ind AS financial statements as required by the applicable Indian Accounting Standards.
 - (xiv) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the company, the company has an internal audit system commensurate with the nature of its business.
 - (b) The reports of the Internal Auditors for the period under audit was considered as the Company is required to appoint the Internal Auditor as per provisions of the Companies Act 2013.
 - (xv) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the company, the company has not entered into non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with them. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xv) is not applicable to the company.
 - (xvi) According to the information and explanations given to us, the company is not required to be registered under section 45- IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, paragraphs 3(xvi) are not applicable to the company.
 - (xvii) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the company, the company has not incurred any cash losses in the current Financial Year and in the immediately preceding Financial Year.

(xviii) There has not been any resignation of the statutory auditors during the year.

- (xix) On the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the records of the company, in our opinion, no material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report and the company is capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date.
- (xx) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records, the Company does not meet conditions specified in Section 135 of the Companies Act 2013, during the financial year. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xx)(a) & 3(xx)(b) are not applicable to the company.
- (xxi) There is no qualification or adverse remark in the Companies (Auditors' Report) Order (CARO) reports in the Consolidated Financial Statements.

For Uboweja & Co. Chartered Accountants

ipin Kumar Uboweja

Partner

Membership No. 084732

FRN:- 006402N

UDIN: 22084732ALUZBB6953

Place: New Delhi Date: 28 Jun 2022 VIPIN KUMAR UBOWEJA gitally signed by VIPIN KUMAR UBOWEJA N: c=IN, o=Personal, 5.4.20=73a4b136 ib 30e5a750d8fc8aa60 775985a309905e9975a5a17c19003ffd7a. 775985a309905e9975a5a17c19003ffd7a. 4761Number=595386a9090529ea85eaaed 7999700be824a134ea1e15151339c2e70 bb82, c=u=VIPIN KUMAR UBOWEJA, WEST DELHI, seudonym=f64efb18b044ca8b199f389 seudonym=f64efb18b044ca8b199f389

Annexure '2' to the Independent Auditors' Report

As referred to in our Independent Auditors' Report of even date to the members of the POWERGRID JAWAHARPUR FIROZABAD TRANSMISSION LIMITED, on the Ind AS financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2022, we report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of POWERGRID JAWAHARPUR FIROZABAD TRANSMISSION LIMITED ("the Company") as of March 31, 2022 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Board of Directors of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India and the Standards on Auditing prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that,

- 1. pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company;
- provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of
 financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts
 and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of
 management and directors of the company; and
- 3. Provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company, which is company incorporated in India, have, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2022, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI).

For Uboweja & Co.

Chartered Accountants

ipin Kumar Uboweja

Partner

Membership No. 084732 FRN:- 006402N

UDIN: 22084732ALUZBB6953

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Place: New Delhi Date: 28th Jun 2022

Annexure '3' to the Independent Auditors' Report

As referred to in our Independent Auditors' Report of even date to the members of the POWERGRID JAWAHARPUR FIROZABAD TRANSMISSION LIMITED, on the Ind AS financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2022, we report the statement on the directions issued by the Comptroller and Auditor General of India

We have verified various documents and other relevant records and also on the basis of information and explanations provided to us, by the management of POWERGRID JAWAHARPUR FIROZABAD TRANSMISSION LIMITED to ascertain whether the company has complied with the section 143(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 and give our report against each specific direction as under.

SI. No.	Directions u/s 143(5) of the Companies Act, 2013	Auditor's reply on action taken on the directions	Impact on financial statement
1	Whether the Company has system in place to process all the accounting transactions through IT system? If yes, the implications of processing of accounting transactions outside IT system on the integrity of the accounts along with the financial implications, if any, may be stated.	The company is having ERP system (SAP) in place for processing all accounting transactions. No accounting transaction is being recorded/processed otherwise than the ERP system in place.	NIL
2	Whether there is any restructuring of an existing loan or cases of waiver/write off of debts/loans/interest etc. made by a lender to the company due to the company's inability to repay the loan? If yes, the financial impact may be stated. Whether such cases are properly accounted for? (In case, lender is a Government Company, then this direction is also applicable for statutory auditor of lender company).	As explained to us, there are no cases of restructuring of an existing loan or cases of waiver/ write off of debts/ loans/ interest etc. made by a lender to the company due to the company's inability to repay the loan.	NIL
3	Whether funds (grants/subsidy etc.) received/receivable for specific schemes from Central/State Government or its agencies were properly accounted for/utilized as per its term and conditions? List the cases of deviation	As per the information and explanation given to us, no funds has been received / receivable for specific schemes from Central/ State agencies.	NIL

For Uboweja & Co

artered Accountants

ipin Kumar Uboweja

Membership No. 084732

FRN:- 006402N

UDIN: 22084732ALUZBB6953

Place: New Delhi Date: 28th Jun 2022

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B-3/1, Rajouri Gardens, New Delhi - 110027

Ph.: 011-41447912, 9811100912 E-mail: auditax@uboweja.com

Compliance Certificate

We have conducted the audit of annual standalone accounts of **POWERGRID JAWAHARPUR** FIROZABAD TRANSMISSION LIMITED for the year ended 31st March 2022 in accordance with the Directions/ Sub Directions issued by C&AG of India under Section 143(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 and certify that we have complied with all the Direction/ Sub-directions issued to us.

Date: 28.06.2022

Place: New Delhi

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For Uboweja & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Vipin Kumar Uboweja

Membership No. 084732

FRN:- 006402N

UDIN: 22084732ALUZXJ1481

(formerly Jawaharpur Firozabad Transmission Limited) CIN: U40100DL2018GOI337674

Balance Sheet As at 31st March 2022

(₹ in Lakh)

Particulars	Note No.	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2021
ASSETS			
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Property, Plant And Equipment	4	-	-
Capital Work-In-Progress	5	-	18,399.86
Other Non-Current Financial Assets	6	43,782.27	24,711.93
Other Non-Current Assets	7	136.85	20.95
		43,919.12	43,132.74
CURRENT ASSETS			
Financial Assets			
Cash And Cash Equivalents	8	864.65	7.67
Bank Balance other than above	9	371.47	-
Other Current Financial Assets	10	2,957.61	1,175.78
		4,193.73	1,183.45
TOTAL 400FT0		40.440.05	44.040.40
TOTAL ASSETS		48,112.85	44,316.19
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
EQUITY Finish Share Constant	1	9,000,00	7 700 00
Equity Share Capital	11 12	8,960.00	7,720.00
Other Equity	12	1,199.89 10,159.89	103.99 7,823.99
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		10,159.69	7,823.99
Financial Liabilities			
Borrowings	13	33.544.41	32,565.29
Deferred Tax Liabilities (Net)	14	630.02	35.01
Deletted Tax Elabilities (Net)	14	34,174.43	32,600.30
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Financial Liabilities			
Borrowings	15	1,021.60	-
Trade Payables	16		
(i) total outstanding dues of Micro Enterprises & Small Enterprises		-	-
(ii) total outstanding dues of creditors other than Micro Enterprises & Small Enterprises		830.97	52.40
Other Current Financial Liabilities	17	1,882.64	3,797.01
Other Current Liabilities	18	43.32	42.49
		3,778.53	3,891.90
		12.112.5	*****
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		48,112.85	44,316.19

The accompanying Notes 1 to 44 form an integral part of Financial Statements

In terms of our Report of even date

For Uboweja & Co.

Chartered Accountants

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(Vipin Kumar Uboweja)

Partner

Membership No.- 084732

FRN:- 006402N Place :New Delhi Date : 09-05-2022 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

SUNIL RAYS AND CONTROL OF THE CONTRO

Sunil Agrawal G Ravisankar
Director & Chairman Director
DIN: 09048015 DIN: 08816101

Place : Gurugram Place : Gurugram Date : 09-05-2022 Date : 09-05-2022

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SINGH
P B Singh
CFO
PAN:ACHPS0935M

P MAN:ACHPS0935M

ANAMIKA

ANAMIKA
GUPTA

ANAMIKA
GUPTA

Anamika Gupta

Company Secretary

Membership No:A57390

Place : Lucknow Place : Gurugram
Date : 09-05-2022 Date : 09-05-2022

(formerly Jawaharpur Firozabad Transmission Limited)

CIN: U40100DL2018GOI337674

Statement of Profit and Loss For the year ended 31st March 2022

(₹ in Lakh)

	Particulars	Note No	For the Year	For the Year ended
			ended 31	31 March 2021
			March 2022	
	Income			
	Revenue from operations	19	5,169.94	356.86
II	Other income	20	20.09	-
III	Total Income (I+II)		5,190.03	356.86
IV	Expenses			
	Finance costs	21	2,103.40	155.45
	Other expenses	22	779.22	62.31
	Total Expenses (IV)		2,882.62	217.76
\ \	Profit before Tax (III-IV)		2,307.41	139.10
VI	Tax Expense			
	Deferred Tax		595.01	35.01
	Tax Expense (VI)		595.01	35.01
VII	Profit for the period (V-VI)		1,712.40	104.09
VIII	Other comprehensive income			-
IX	Total comprehensive income for the period (VII+VIII)		1,712.40	104.09
X	Earning Per Equity Share (Par Value ₹ 10/- each)			
	Basic (in ₹)		2.12	0.38
	Diluted (in ₹)		2.12	0.38

The accompanying Notes 1 to 44 form an integral part of Financial Statements

In terms of our Report of even date For Uboweja & Co. **Chartered Accountants**

VIPIN **KUMAR** UBOWEJA

(Vipin Kumar Uboweja)

Partner

Membership No.- 084732

FRN:- 006402N Place : New Delhi Date: 09-05-2022 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

SUNIL AGARWAL

Director & Chairman

Sunil Agrawal

DIN: 09048015

r Ganesan G Ravisankar Director

Ravisanka

DIN: 08816101

Place : Gurugram Date: 09-05-2022 Place : Gurugram Date: 09-05-2022

PRAHALAD BHAKT SINGH **GUPTA**

ANAMIKA

P B Singh CFO PAN:ACHPS0935M Anamika Gupta Company Secretary Membership No:A57390

Place : Lucknow Date: 09-05-2022

Place : Gurugram Date: 09-05-2022

(formerly Jawaharpur Firozabad Transmission Limited) CIN: U40100DL2018GOI337674

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022

(₹ in Lakh)

	Fauthamanandad	(₹ in Lakh)	
Particulars	For the year ended	For the year ended 31.03.2021	
	31.03.2022	31.03.2021	
A. Cash Flow from Operating Activities:			
Net profit before Tax	2,307.41	139.10	
Add: Depreciation	-	-	
Add: interest expense	2,103.40	155.45	
Opertating Profit before Working Capital Changes	4,410.81	294.55	
Adjsutments for Increase/Decrease in:			
(Increase)/Decrease in other non Current Assets	(115.90)	-	
(Increase)/Decrease in Other Current Financial Assets	(1,781.83)	(1,160.56)	
(Increase)/Decrease in Bank Balances other than Cash & Cash Equivalents	(371.47)	-	
(Increase)/Decrease in Trade Recievable	-	-	
Increase/(Decrease) in Trade Payables	778.57	52.40	
Increase/(Decrease) in Other Current Financial Liabilities	(846.48)	-	
Increase/(Decrease) in Other Current Liabilities	0.83	-	
Cash Generated from Operations	2,074.53	(813.61)	
Net Cash (used in)/from Operating Activities	2,074.53	(813.61)	
B. Cash Flow from investing Activities:			
Property, Plant & Equipments and CWIP	_	229.71	
Capital Work in Progress (CWIP) & Other Non-Current Financial Assets	(394.88)	(14,528.33)	
Increase/(Decrease) in Other Current Financial Liabilities	·	(2,528.65)	
Increase/(Decrease) in Other Current Liabilities	_	(102.02)	
Net Cash (used in)/from Investing Activities	(394.88)	(16,929.29)	
C. Cash Flow from Financing Activities:			
Loan received during the year	2,249.88	11,430.78	
Loan Repaid during the year	(249.15)	-	
Dividend paid during the year	(616.50)	-	
Interest paid during the year	(3,446.90)	(1,396.21)	
Issue of Equity Share Capital	1,240.00	7,715.00	
Cash Flow (used in)/from Financing Activities:	(822.67)	17,749.57	
D. Net change in Cash and Cash equivalents(A+B+C)	856.98	6.67	
E. Cash and Cash equivalents(opening balance)	7.67	1.00	
F. Cash and Cash equivalents(closing balance)(Note no 8)	864.65	7.67	

Note:

- i) Previous year figures have been re-grouped/re-arranged wherever necessary
- ii) The accompanying Notes 1 to 44 form an integral part of Financial Statements

In terms of our Report of even date For Uboweja & Co.

Chartered Accountants

VIPIN **KUMAR UBOWEJA**

(Vipin Kumar Uboweja)

Partner

Membership No.- 084732

FRN:- 006402N Place : New Delhi Date: 09-05-2022 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

SUNIL AGARWAL

r Ganesan Sunil Agrawal G Ravisankar Director & Chairman Director DIN: 09048015 DIN: 08816101

Place : Gurugram Place : Gurugram Date: 09-05-2022 Date: 09-05-2022

PRAHALAD BHAKT SINGH P B Singh CFO

PAN:ACHPS0935M

GUPTA Anamika Gupta Company Secretary Membership No:A57390

Ravisanka

ANAMIKA

Place : Gurugram Place: Lucknow Date: 09-05-2022 Date: 09-05-2022

(formerly Jawaharpur Firozabad Transmission Limited) CIN: U40100DL2018GOI337674

Statement of Changes in Equity for the Year ended 31st March 2022

A. Equity Share Capital	(₹ in Lakh)
As at 1st April,2021	7,720.00
Changes in equity share capital	1,240.00
Balance at 31st March, 2022	8,960.00

As at 1st April,2020	5.00
Changes in equity share capital	7,715.00
Balance at 31st March, 2021	7,720.00

B. Other Equity (₹ in Lakh)

Particulars	Reserve	s and Surplus	
	Self Insurance		Total
	Reserve	Retained Earnings	
Balance at 1st April,2021	-	103.99	103.99
Total Comprehensive Income for the year	-	1,712.40	1,712.40
Transfer to/from retained earnings	54.84	(54.84)	ı
Less: Interim Dividend paid	-	(616.50)	(616.50)
Balance at 31st March, 2022	54.84	1,145.05	1,199.89

Balance at 1st April,2020	-	(0.10)	(0.10)
Total Comprehensive Income for the year	-	104.09	104.09
Balance at 31st March, 2021	-	103.99	103.99

The accompanying Notes 1 to 44 form an integral part of Financial Statements Refer to Note No. 12 for nature and movement of reserve and surplus

In terms of our Report of even date For Uboweja & Co. **Chartered Accountants**

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

VIPIN KUMAR **UBOWEJA**

(Vipin Kumar Uboweja)

Membership No.- 084732 FRN:- 006402N Place :New Delhi Date: 09-05-2022

SUNIL AGARWAL Sunil Agrawal Director & Chairman

Place: Gurugram Date: 09-05-2022

DIN: 09048015

PRAHALAD BHAKT SINGH P B Singh CFO

PAN:ACHPS0935M

GUPTA Anamika Gupta **Company Secretary** Membership No:A57390

Ravisank

Ganesan

Director

G Ravisankar

DIN: 08816101

ANAMIKA

Place: Gurugram

Date: 09-05-2022

Place: Lucknow Place : Gurugram Date: 09-05-2022 Date: 09-05-2022

Notes to Financial Statements

1. Corporate and General Information

POWERGRID Jawaharpur Firozabad Transmission Limited ("the Company") is a public company domiciled and incorporated in India under the provisions of Companies Act and a wholly owned subsidiary of Power Grid Corporation of India Limited. The registered office of the Company is situated at B-9, Qutab Institutional Area, Katwaria Sarai, New Delhi-110 016, India.

The company is engaged in business of Power Systems Network, construction, operation and maintenance of transmission lines and other related allied activities.

The Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2022 were approved for issue by the Board of Directors on 09.05.2022.

2. Significant Accounting Policies

A summary of the significant accounting policies applied in the preparation of the financial statements are as given below. These accounting policies have been applied consistently to all periods presented in the financial statements.

2.1 Basis of Preparation

i) Compliance with Ind AS

The financial statements are prepared in compliance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act), Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 (to the extent notified), The Companies Act, 1956 and the provisions of Electricity Act, 2003, in each case, to the extent applicable and as amended thereafter.

ii) Basis of Measurement

The financial statements have been prepared on accrual basis and under the historical cost convention except certain financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value (Refer Note no. 2.11 for accounting policy regarding financial instruments).

iii) Functional and presentation currency

The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (Rupees or ₹), which is the Company's functional and presentation currency and all amounts are rounded to the nearest lakh and two decimals thereof, except as stated otherwise.

iv) Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements requires estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Although, such estimates and assumptions are made on a reasonable and prudent basis taking into account all available information, actual results could differ from these estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision effects only that period or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future years (refer Note no. 3 on critical accounting estimates, assumptions and judgments).

v) Current and non-current classification

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/non-current classification.

An asset is current when it is:

- Expected to be realized or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle;
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- Expected to be realized within twelve months after the reporting period; or

• Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is current when:

- It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle;
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period; or
- There is no unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

Deferred tax assets/liabilities are classified as non-current.

The Company recognizes twelve months period as its operating cycle.

2.2 Property, Plant and Equipment

Initial Recognition and Measurement

Property, Plant and Equipment is initially measured at cost of acquisition/construction including any costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management. After initial recognition, Property, Plant and Equipment is carried at cost less accumulated depreciation / amortisation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Property, Plant and Equipment acquired as replacement of the existing assets are capitalized and its corresponding replaced assets removed/ retired from active use are derecognized.

If the cost of the replaced part or earlier inspection component is not available, the estimated cost of similar new parts/inspection component is used as an indication of what the cost of the existing part/inspection component was when the item was acquired or inspection was carried out.

In the case of commissioned assets, where final settlement of bills with contractors is yet to be effected, capitalization is done on provisional basis subject to necessary adjustments in the year of final settlement.

Transmission system assets are considered as ready for intended use after meeting the conditions for commercial operation as stipulated in Transmission Service Agreement (TSA) and capitalized accordingly.

The cost of land includes provisional deposits, payments/liabilities towards compensation, rehabilitation and other expenses wherever possession of land is taken.

Expenditure on leveling, clearing and grading of land is capitalized as part of cost of the related buildings.

Spares parts whose cost is ₹5,00,000/- and above, standby equipment and servicing equipment which meets the recognition criteria of Property, Plant and Equipment are capitalized.

Subsequent costs

Subsequent expenditure is recognized as an increase in carrying amount of assets when it is probable that future economic benefits deriving from the cost incurred will flow to the company and cost of the item can be measured reliably.

The cost of replacing part of an item of Property, Plant and Equipment is recognized in the carrying amount of the item if it is probable that future economic benefits embodied within the part will flow to the company and its cost can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognized. The costs of the day-to-day servicing of property, plant and equipment are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss as incurred.

Derecognition

An item of Property, Plant and Equipment is derecognized when no future economic benefits are expected from their use or upon disposal.

The gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss on the date of disposal or retirement.

2.3 Capital Work-In-Progress (CWIP)

Cost of material, erection charges and other expenses incurred for the construction of Property, Plant and Equipment are shown as CWIP based on progress of erection work till the date of capitalization.

Expenditure of office and Projects, directly attributable to construction of property, plant and equipment are identified and allocated on a systematic basis to the cost of the related assets.

Interest during construction and expenditure (net) allocated to construction as per policy above are kept as a separate item under CWIP and apportioned to the assets being capitalized in proportion to the closing balance of CWIP.

Unsettled liability for price variation/exchange rate variation in case of contracts is accounted for on estimated basis as per terms of the contracts.

2.4 Intangible Assets and Intangible Assets under development

Intangible assets are measured on initial recognition at cost. After initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses.

Subsequent expenditure on already capitalized Intangible assets is capitalised when it increases the future economic benefits embodied in an existing asset and is amortised prospectively.

The cost of software(which is not an integral part of the related hardware) acquired for internal use and resulting in significant future economic benefits is recognized as an intangible asset when the same is ready for its use.

Afforestation charges for acquiring right-of-way for laying transmission lines are accounted for as intangible assets on the date of capitalization of related transmission lines.

Expenditure on development shall be recognised as Intangible asset if it meets the eligibility criteria as per Ind AS 38 'Intangible Assets', otherwise it shall be recognised as an expense.

An item of Intangible asset is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss when the asset is derecognised.

2.5 Depreciation / Amortisation

Property, Plant and Equipment

Depreciation/Amortisation on the items of Property, Plant and Equipment related to transmission business is provided on straight line method based on the useful life specified in Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013 except for the following items of property, plant and equipment on which depreciation is provided based on estimated useful life as per technical assessment and considering the terms of Transmission Service Agreement entered with Long Term Transmission Customers.

Par	ticulars	Useful life	
a.	Computers and Peripherals	3 Years	
b.	Servers and Network Components	5 years	
c.	Buildings (RCC frame structure)	35 years	
d.	Transmission line	35 years	
e.	Substation Equipment	35 years	

Depreciation on spares parts, standby equipment and servicing equipment which are capitalized, is provided on straight line method from the date they are available for use over the remaining useful life of the related assets of transmission business.

Mobile phones are charged off in the year of purchase.

Residual value is considered as 5% of the Original Cost for all items of Property, Plant and Equipment in line with Companies Act, 2013 except for Computers and Peripherals and Servers and Network Components for which residual value is considered as Nil.

Property, plant and equipment costing ₹5,000/- or less, are fully depreciated in the year of acquisition.

Where the cost of depreciable property, plant and equipment has undergone a change due to increase/decrease in long term monetary items on account of exchange rate fluctuation, price adjustment, change in duties or similar factors, the unamortized balance of such asset is depreciated prospectively.

Depreciation on additions to/deductions from Property, Plant and Equipment during the year is charged on pro-rata basis from/up to the date on which the asset is available for use/disposed.

The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation for items of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year-end and adjusted prospectively, wherever required.

Right of Use Assets:

Right of Use assets are fully depreciated from the lease commencement date on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Leasehold land is fully amortized over lease period or life of the related plant whichever is lower. Leasehold land acquired on perpetual lease is not amortized.

Intangible Assets

Cost of software capitalized as intangible asset is amortized over the period of legal right to use or 3 years, whichever is less with Nil residual value.

Afforestation charges are amortized over thirty-five years from the date of capitalization of related transmission assets following the straight line method, with Nil Residual Value.

Amortisation on additions to/deductions from Intangible Assets during the year is charged on pro-rata basis from/up to the date on which the asset is available for use/disposed.

The amortization period and the amortization method for intangible assets are reviewed at each financial year-end and are accounted for as change in accounting estimates in accordance with Ind AS 8 "Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors".

2.6 Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition or construction of qualifying assets are capitalized (net of income on temporary deployment of funds) as part of the cost of such assets till the assets are ready for the intended use. Qualifying assets are assets which take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which they are incurred.

2.7 Impairment of non-financial assets

The carrying amounts of the Company's non-financial assets are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment considering the provisions of Ind AS 36 'Impairment of Assets'. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated.

The recoverable amount of an asset or cash-generating unit is the higher of its fair value less costs to disposal and its value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted. For the purpose of impairment testing, assets that cannot be tested individually are

grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or groups of assets (the "cash-generating unit", or "CGU").

An impairment loss is recognized if the carrying amount of an asset or its CGU exceeds its estimated recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognized in the statement of profit and loss. Impairment losses recognized in respect of CGUs are reduced from the carrying amounts of the assets of the CGU.

Impairment losses recognized in prior periods are assessed at each reporting date for any indications that the loss has decreased or no longer exists. An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortization, if no impairment loss had been recognized.

2.8 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand and at bank, and deposits held at call with banks having a maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

2.9 Inventories

Inventories are valued at lower of the cost, determined on weighted average basis and net realizable value.

Steel scrap and conductor scrap are valued at estimated realizable value or book value, whichever is less.

Spares which do not meet the recognition criteria as Property, Plant and Equipment, including spare parts whose cost is less than ₹5,00,000/- are recorded as inventories.

Surplus materials as determined by the management are held for intended use and are included in the inventory.

The diminution in the value of obsolete, unserviceable and surplus stores and spares is ascertained on review and provided for.

2.10 Leases

Lease is a contract that conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Company assesses whether: (i) the contract involves use of an identified assets, (ii) the customer has substantially all the economic benefits from the use of the asset through the period of the lease and (iii) the customer has the right to direct the use of the asset.

i) As a Lessee

At the date of commencement of the lease, the Company recognises a right-of-use asset (ROU) and a corresponding lease liability for all lease arrangements in which it is a lessee, except for lease with a term of twelve months or less (i.e. short term leases) and leases for which the underlying asset is of low value. For these short-term and leases for which the underlying asset is of low value, the Company recognizes the lease payments on straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

Certain lease arrangements includes the options to extend or terminate the lease before the end of the lease term. ROU assets and lease liabilities includes these options when it is reasonably certain that they will be exercised.

The right-of-use assets are initially recognized at cost, which comprises the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the inception date of the lease along with any initial direct costs, restoration obligations and lease incentives received.

Subsequently, the right-of-use assets is measured at cost less any accumulated depreciation, accumulated impairment losses, if any and adjusted for any remeasurement of the lease liability. The Company applies

Ind AS 36 to determine whether a ROU asset is impaired and accounts for any identified impairment loss as described in the accounting policy 2.7 on "Impairment of non-financial assets".

The lease liability is initially measured at present value of the lease payments that are not paid at that date.

The interest cost on lease liability is expensed in the Statement of Profit and Loss, unless eligible for capitalization as per accounting policy 2.6 on "Borrowing costs".

Lease liability and ROU asset have been separately presented in the financial statements and lease payments have been classified as financing cash flows.

ii) As a Lessor

A lease is classified at the inception date as a finance lease or an operating lease.

a) Finance leases

A lease that transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset is classified as a finance lease.

Net investment in leased assets is recorded at the lower of the fair value of the leased property and the present value of the minimum lease payments as Lease Receivables under current and non-current other financial assets.

The interest element of lease is accounted in the Statement of Profit and Loss over the lease period based on a pattern reflecting a constant periodic rate of return on the net investment.

b) Operating leases

An operating lease is a lease other than a finance lease. Leases in which a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases.

For operating leases, the asset is capitalized as property, plant and equipment and depreciated over its economic life. Rental income from operating lease is recognized over the term of the arrangement.

2.11 Financial instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

Financial Assets

Financial assets of the Company comprise cash and cash equivalents, bank balances, security deposit, claims recoverable etc

Classification

The Company classifies its financial assets in the following categories:

- at amortised cost,
- at fair value through other comprehensive income

The classification depends on the following:

- the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and
- the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset

Initial recognition and measurement

All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value plus, in the case of financial assets not recorded at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs, if any, that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset.

Subsequent measurement

Debt Instruments at Amortised cost: Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortised cost. A

gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at amortised cost is recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised or impaired. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest rate method.

Debt Instruments at Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI): Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows and for selling the financial assets, where the assets' cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest, are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI). On derecognition of the asset, cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in OCI is reclassified from the equity to profit and loss. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest rate method.

De-recognition of financial assets

A financial asset is derecognized only when

- i) The right to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or
- ii) a) The company has transferred the rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset (or) retains the contractual rights to receive the cash flows of the financial assets, but assumes a contractual obligation to pay the cash flows to one or more recipients and
 - b) the company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset (or) the company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

The difference between the carrying amount and the amount of consideration received/receivable is recognised in the statement of Profit and Loss.

Impairment of financial assets:

For trade receivables and Contract Assets, the company applies the simplified approach required by Ind AS 109 Financial Instruments, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised from initial recognition of the receivables.

For recognition of impairment loss on other financial assets and risk exposure, the company determines whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition. If credit risk has not increased significantly, 12-month Expected Credit Loss (ECL) is used to provide for impairment loss. However, if credit risk has increased significantly, lifetime ECL is used. If, in a subsequent period, credit quality of the instrument improves such that there is no longer a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, then the entity reverts to recognizing impairment loss allowance based on 12 -month ECL.

Financial Liabilities

Financial liabilities of the Company are contractual obligation to deliver cash or another financial asset to another entity or to exchange financial assets or financial liabilities with another entity under conditions that are potentially unfavorable to the Company.

The Company's financial liabilities include loans and borrowings, trade and other payables.

Classification, initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value minus, in the case of financial liabilities not recorded at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the issue of financial liabilities.

Subsequent measurement

After initial recognition, financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate (EIR). Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption amount is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss over the period of the borrowings using the EIR. Gains and losses are recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss when the liabilities are derecognized.

The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

De-recognition of financial liability

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference between the carrying amount of a financial liability that has been extinguished or transferred to another party and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss as other income or finance cost.

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the Balance Sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

2.12 Foreign Currency Translation

(a) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of the Company are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates ('the functional currency'). The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (Rupees or ₹), which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

(b) Transactions and balances

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded at the exchange rates prevailing on the date of the transaction. Foreign currency monetary items are translated with reference to the rates of exchange ruling on the date of the Balance Sheet. Non-Monetary items denominated in foreign currency are reported at the exchange rate ruling on the date of initial recognition of the non-monetary prepayment asset or deferred income liability, or the date that related item is recognized in the financial statements, whichever is earlier. In case the transaction is recognized in stages, then transaction date is established for each stage. Exchange differences arising from foreign currency translation are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

2.13 Income Tax

Income tax expense represents the sum of current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in equity or other comprehensive income. In this case the tax is also recognised directly in equity or in other comprehensive income.

Current income tax

The Current Tax is based on taxable profit for the year under the tax laws enacted and applicable to the reporting period in the country where the company operates and generates taxable income and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years..

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the company's financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit and is accounted for using the Balance Sheet method. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and unused tax credits to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and unused tax credits can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each Balance Sheet date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the Balance Sheet date.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax liabilities and assets, and they relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority.

2.14 Revenue

Revenue is measured based on the consideration specified in a contract with a customer and excludes amounts collected on behalf of third parties. The Company recognizes revenue when it transfers control over a product or service to a customer.

Amounts disclosed as revenue are net of returns, trade allowances, rebates.

2.14.1 Revenue from Operations

Transmission Income is accounted for based on orders issued by UPERC u/s 63 of Electricity Act 2003 for adoption of transmission charges. As at each reporting date, transmission income includes an accrual for services rendered to the customers but not yet billed.

Rebates allowed to beneficiaries as early payment incentives are deducted from the amount of revenue.

The Transmission system incentive / disincentive is accounted for based on certification of availability by the respective Regional Power Committees (RPC) and in accordance with the Transmission Service Agreement (TSA) entered between the Transmission Service Provider and long term Transmission Customers. Where certification by RPCs is not available, incentive/disincentive is accounted for on provisional basis as per estimate of availability by the company and differences, if any, is accounted upon certification by RPCs.

2.14.2 Other Income

Interest income is recognized, when no significant uncertainty as to measurability or collectability exists, on a time proportion basis taking into account the amount outstanding and the applicable interest rate, using the effective interest rate method (EIR).

Surcharge recoverable from trade/lease receivables, liquidated damages, warranty claims and interest on advances to suppliers are recognized when no significant uncertainty as to measurability and collectability exists.

Scrap other than steel scrap and conductor scrap are accounted for as and when sold.

Insurance claims are accounted for based on certainty of realization.

Revenue from rentals and operating leases is recognized on an accrual basis in accordance with the substance of the relevant agreement.

2.15 Dividends

Annual dividend distribution to the shareholders is recognised as a liability in the period in which the dividends are approved by the shareholders. Any interim dividend paid is recognised on approval by Board of Directors. Dividend payable and corresponding tax on dividend distribution is recognised directly in equity.

2.16 Provisions and Contingencies

a) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted. Unwinding of the discount is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss as a finance cost. Provisions are reviewed at each Balance Sheet date and are adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

b) Contingencies

Contingent liabilities are disclosed on the basis of judgment of the management/independent experts. These are reviewed at each balance sheet date and are adjusted to reflect the current management estimate.

Contingent liabilities are disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made. Information on contingent liability is disclosed in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

Contingent assets are possible assets that arise from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company. Contingent assets are disclosed in the financial statements when inflow of economic benefits is probable on the basis of judgment of management. These are assessed continually to ensure that developments are appropriately reflected in the financial statements.

2.17 Share capital and Other Equity

Ordinary shares are classified as equity.

Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

Self-insurance reserve is created @ 0.12% p.a. on Original Gross Block of Property, Plant and Equipment and value of inventory except ROU assets and assets covered under insurance as at the end of the year by appropriation of current year profit to mitigate future losses from un-insured risks and for taking care of contingencies in future by procurement of towers and other transmission line materials including strengthening of towers and equipment of AC substation. The Reserve created as above is shown as "Self Insurance Reserve" under 'Other Equity'.

2.18 Prior Period Items

Material prior period errors are corrected retrospectively by restating the comparative amounts for prior period presented in which the error occurred or if the error occurred before the earliest period presented, by restating the opening statement of financial position.

2.19 Earnings per Share

Basic earnings per share is computed using the net profit or loss for the year attributable to the shareholders and weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted earnings per share is computed using the net profit or loss for the year attributable to the shareholders and weighted average number of equity and potential equity shares outstanding during the year, except where the result would be anti-dilutive.

2.20 Statement of Cash Flows

Statement of Cash Flows is prepared as per indirect method prescribed in the Ind AS 7 'Statement of Cash Flows'.

3 Critical Estimates and Judgments

The preparation of financial statements requires the use of accounting estimates which may significantly vary from the actual results. Management also needs to exercise judgment while applying the company's accounting policies.

This note provides an overview of the areas that involved a higher degree of judgment or complexity, and of items which are more likely to be materially adjusted due to estimates and assumptions turning out to be different than those originally assessed.

The areas involving critical estimates or judgments are:

Useful life of property, plant and equipment

The estimated useful life of property, plant and equipment is based on a number of factors including the effects of obsolescence, demand, competition and other economic factors (such as the stability of the industry and known technological advances) and the level of maintenance expenditures required to obtain the expected future cash flows from the asset.

The Company reviews at the end of each reporting date the useful life of plant and equipment and are adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

Provisions and contingencies

The assessments undertaken in recognizing provisions and contingencies have been made in accordance with Ind AS 37, 'Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets'. The evaluation of the likelihood of the contingent events has required best judgment by management regarding the probability of exposure to potential loss. Should circumstances change following unforeseeable developments, this likelihood could alter.

Estimates and judgments are periodically evaluated. They are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that may have a financial impact on the company and that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Estimation of uncertainties relating to the global health pandemic from COVID-19:

In assessing the recoverability of trade/lease receivables and Contract Assets, the company has considered internal and external information up to the date of approval of these financial statements including credit reports and economic forecasts. As the company's revenue is based on UPERC tariff order and falls under essential services and based on the current indicators of future economic conditions, the company expects to recover the carrying amount of these assets.

Income Taxes:

Significant estimates are involved in determining the provision for current and deferred tax, including amount expected to be paid/recovered for uncertain tax positions.

POWERGRID Jawaharpur Firozabad Transmission Limited (formerly Jawaharpur Firozabad Transmission Limited) CIN: U40100DL2018GOI337674

Note 4/Property, Plant and Equipment

												(₹ in Lakh)
Particulars			Cost				Accum	Accumulated depreciation	oreciation		Net Book Value	Value
	As at 1st April,2021	Additions during the year	Disposal	Adjustment during the year	As at 31st March 2022	As at 1st April,2021	Additions during the year	Disposal	Adjustment during the year	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2021
Plant & Equipment												
Freehold Land	1			ı	1	ı			1	ı	1	1
Total		•		•	•	•		•	•	-	•	
Particulars	As at 1st April,2020	Additions during the year	Disposal	Adjustment during the year	As at 31st March 2021	As at 1st April,2020	Additions during the year	Disposal	Adjustment during the year	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2021
Plant & Equipment												
Freehold Land	229.71	-	ı	229.71	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-
Previous Year Total	229.71	•	•	229.71	•	•	•	•			ı	

Further Notes:

a) The Company has re-classified land amounting to ₹ 231.72 Lakh as Lease receivable. b) The Company owns 0.608 hectare (Previous Year 0.608 hectare) of land amounting to ₹ 231.72 Lakh (Previous Year ₹ 229.71) which has

been classified into freehold land based on available documentation.

(formerly Jawaharpur Firozabad Transmission Limited) CIN: U40100DL2018G0I337674

Note 5/ Capital Work-In-Progress

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 1st April, 2021	Additions during the period	Adjustments	Capitalised during the period	As at 31st March 2022
Plants and Equipments Transmission Line Substation	15,006.75 -	2,909.45 -		17,916.20 -	1 1
Expenditure Pending Allocation Expenditure During Construction (Net) (Note 23) Construction Stores	1,853.34 1,539.77	367.86 16,484.44	- 18,024 . 21	2,221.20	-
Total	18,399.86	19,761.75	18,024.21	20,137.40	-

Note 5/ CAPITAL WORK IN PROGRESS

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 1st April, 2020	Additions during the period	Adjustments	Capitalised during the period	As at 31st March 2021
Plants and Equipments Transmission Line Substation	2,212.36 1.375.40	22,478.22 11,760.09	- 1	9,683.83 13,135.49	15,006.75
Expenditure Pending Allocation Expenditure During Construction (Net)	1,940.59	2,393.88	-	2,481.13	1,853.34
(Note 23) Construction Stores	21,188.49	9,581.93	29,230.65	-	1,539.77
Total	26,716.84	46,214.12	29,230.65	25,300.45	18,399.86

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2021
Construction Stores		
Towers	-	15.70
Conductor	-	1,383.02
Other Line Materials	-	121.13
Sub-Station Equipments	-	-
Unified Load Despatch (ULDC) Materials	-	19.92
Total	•	1,539.77

Construction Store include:

		(\ III Lakiis)
Particulars	As at 31st March	As at 31st March
raticulais	2022	2021
i) Material in Transit		
Sub-Station Equipments	-	-
ii) Material with Contractors		
Towers	-	15.70
Conductor	-	1383.02
Other Line Materials	-	121.13
Sub-Station Equipments	-	-
Unified Load Despatch (ULDC) Materials	-	19.92
Total	-	1539.77

(formerly Jawaharpur Firozabad Transmission Limited) CIN: U40100DL2018GOI337674

Note 6/ Other Non-Current Financial Assets

(₹ in Lakh)

	As at 31st	As at 31st
Particulars	March 2022	March 2021
Lease receivables	43,782.27	24,711.93
Total	43,782.27	24,711.93

Refer Note 29 for disclosure as per Ind AS 116 "Leases"

(formerly Jawaharpur Firozabad Transmission Limited)

(₹ in Lakh)

CIN: U40100DL2018GOI337674

Note 7/ Other Non-Current Assets

(Unsecured considered good unless otherwise stated)

	As at 31st	As at 31st
Particulars	March 2022	March 2021
A) Advances for Capital Expenditure		
Others-Recoverable from Contractors	112.97	-
B) Advances other than for Capital Expenditure		
Advances recoverable in kind or for value to be received		
Balance with Customs Port Trust & other authorities	20.95	20.95
Advance tax and Tax deducted at source	2.93	-
Closing Balance	136.85	20.95

(formerly Jawaharpur Firozabad Transmission Limited) CIN: U40100DL2018GOI337674

Note 8/Cash and Cash Equivalents

	As at 31st March	As at 31st March
Particulars	2022	2021
Balance with banks-		
-In Current accounts	864.65	7.67
Total	864.65	7.67

(formerly Jawaharpur Firozabad Transmission Limited) CIN: U40100DL2018GOI337674

Note 9 /Bank Balance

	As at 31st March	As at 31st March
Particulars	2022	2021
Balance with banks-		
-In Term Deposits having maturity over 3 months but upto		
12 months including interest accrued	371.47	-
Total	371.47	-

(formerly Jawaharpur Firozabad Transmission Limited)
CIN: U40100DL2018GOl337674

Note 10/Other Current Financial Assets

(Unsecured considered good unless otherwise stated)

(₹ in Lakh)

		(\ III = \(\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
		As at 31st March
Particulars	As at 31st March 2022	2021
Lease Receivables	2,957.43	1,175.09
Others Considered Good*	0.18	0.69
Total	2,957.61	1,175.78

Further notes:

Refer Note 29 for disclosure as per Ind AS 116 "Leases"

^{*}Others include TDS recoverable from Vendors.

POWERGRID Jawaharpur Firozabad Transmission Limited (formerly Jawaharpur Firozabad Transmission Limited)

CIN: U40100DL2018GOI337674

Note 11/Equity Share capital

		(₹ in Lakh)
Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021
Equity Share Capital		
Authorised		
93700000 (Previous year 93700000) equity share of ₹ 10/- each	9,370.00	9,370.00
Issued, subscribed and paid up		
89600000(Previous Year 77200000) equity shares of ₹ 10/-each at par fully paid up	8,960.00	7,720.00
Total	8,960.00	7,720.00

Further Notes:

1) Reconciliation of Number and amount of share capital outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting period

	For the year	ended 31st	For the year ended 31st For the year ended 31st	ended 31st
Particulars	March, 2022	, 2022	March, 2021	2021
		Amount		Amount
	No.of Shares	(₹ in Lakh)	No.of Shares (₹ in Lakh) No.of Shares (₹ in Lakh)	(₹ in Lakh)
Shares outstanding at the beginning of the year	77,200,000	7,720.00	50,000	5.00
Addition during the year	12,400,000	1,240.00	77,150,000	7,715.00
Shares outstanding at the end of the year	89,600,000	8,960.00	77,200,000	7,720.00

- 2) The Company has only one class of equity shares having a per value of ₹10/- per share.
- 3) The holders of equity shares are entitled to receive dividends as declared from time to time and are entitled to voting rights proportionate to their shareholding at meetings of the Shareholders.

4) Shareholders holding more than 5% equity shares of the Company

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	arch,2022	As at 31st March,2021	//arch,2021
		% of		
	No.of Shares holding	holding	No.of Shares % of holding	% of holding
Power Grid Corporation of India Limited #	89,600,000	100%	77,200,000	100%

5) Shareholding by Promoters

•						
Particulars	As at	As at 31st March, 2022	022	As at 31	As at 31st March, 2021	021
			% Change		50 /0	% Change
	No.of Shares % of holding during the No.of Shares	% of holding	during the	No.of Shares	% OI holding	during the
			year		iloluli g	year
Power Grid Corporation of India Limited (Holding Company)#	89,600,000	100%	-	77,200,000	100%	1

Out of 8,96,00,000 Equity Shares (Previous Year 7,72,00,000 Equity Shares), 6 Equity Shares are held by Nominees of M/s Power Grid Corporation of India Limited on its behalf (POWERGRID) jointly with POWERGRID.

Power Grid Corporation of India Limited is the promoter of the company and there is no change in equity holding during the year and in previous year.

(formerly Jawaharpur Firozabad Transmission Limited)
CIN: U40100DL2018GOI337674

Note 12/Other Equity

(₹ in Lakh)

			(* III Lakii)
		As at 31st	As at 31st
Particulars		March,2022	March,2021
Self Insurance Reserve			
As per last balance sheet	-		-
Addition during the year	54.84		-
Deduction during the year	-		-
Closing Balance		54.84	-
Retained Earnings			
Balance at the beginning of the year	103.99		(0.10)
Add : Net Profit for the period	1,712.40		104.09
Less: Self Insurance Reserve	54.84		-
Less: Final Dividend paid	-		-
Less: Interim Dividend paid	616.50		-
Closing Balance		1,145.05	103.99
Total		1,199.89	103.99

Note - Self-insurance reserve is created @ 0.12% p.a. on Original Gross Block of Property, Plant and Equipment and value of inventory except ROU assets and assets covered under insurance as at the end of the year by appropriation of current year profit to mitigate future losses from un-insured risks and for taking care of contingencies in future by procurement of towers and other transmission line materials including strengthening of towers and equipment of AC substation. The Reserve created as above is shown as "Self Insurance Reserve" under 'Other Equity'.

(formerly Jawaharpur Firozabad Transmission Limited)
CIN: U40100DL2018GOI337674

Note 13/ Borrowings

(₹ in Lakh)

Description	As at 31st March,2022	As at 31st
		March,2021
Unsecured		
Loan from Power Grid Corporation of India Limited (Holding	34,566.01	33,633.19
Company)		
Less: Accrued interest on Borrowings from Holding Company	-	1,067.90
Less : Current Maturities of Loan	1,021.60	<u>-</u>
TOTAL	33,544.41	32,565.29

Note: i) The various sources of Loans being extended to the company by Holding Company are Fixed Interest and floating interest rate which get reset periodically. The present rate of interest on the loan is 7.0132% pa. Loan is repayable in Quarterly Installments of equal amount over the period of 35 Years from commissioning of the Project Assets/ till Mar, 2056 with prepayment facility without any additional charges.

- ii) There has been no default in repayment of loan or payment of interest thereon during the year.
- iii) Disclosure with regard to Loans to/from related parties is given in note 33

(formerly Jawaharpur Firozabad Transmission Limited)
CIN: U40100DL2018GOl337674

Note 14/Deferred tax Liability (Net)

(₹ in Lakh)

		, ,
Particulars	As at 31st March,2022	As at 31st March,2021
Deferred Tax Assets (A)		
Carry forward of losses (Unabsorbed depreciation)	1,300.25	419.31
Deferred Tax Liability (B)		
Difference in W.D.V.	1,930.27	454.32
Net Deferred Tax (Asset)/Liability (B-A)	630.02	35.01

Movement in Deferred Tax Asset

Particulars	Accumulated Losses	Total
As at 1st April 2021	419.31	419.31
Charged/ (Credited) to Profit or Loss	(880.94)	(880.94)
As at 31st March,2022	1,300.25	1,300.25
As at 1st April 2020	-	-
Charged/ (Credited) to Profit or Loss	(419.31)	(419.31)
As at 31st March,2021	419.31	419.31

Movement in Deferred Tax Liability

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	Depreciation Difference in Property Plant and Equipment	Total
As at 1st April 2021	(454.32)	(454.32)
Charged/ (Credited) to Profit or Loss	1,475.95	1,475.95
As at 31st March,2022	(1,930.27)	(1,930.27)
As at 1st April 2020	-	-
Charged/ (Credited) to Profit or Loss	454.32	454.32
As at 31st March,2021	(454.32)	(454.32)

Amount taken to Statement of Profit and Loss

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March,2022	For the year ended 31st March,2021
Increase/(Decrease) in Deferred Tax Liabilities	1,475.95	454.32
(Increase)/Decrease in Deferred Tax Assets	880.94	419.31
Net Amount taken to Statement of Profit and Loss	595.01	35.01

(formerly Jawaharpur Firozabad Transmission Limited) CIN: U40100DL2018GOI337674

Note 15/Borrowings

(₹ in Lakh)

		As at 31st
Particulars	As at 31st March,2022	March,2021
Current Maturities of Long term Borrowings		
Unsecured Loan from Power Grid Corporation of India Ltd.,		
(Holding Company)	1,021.60	-
Total	1,021.60	-

Further Notes:

- 1. There has been no default in repayment of loan or payment of interest thereon during the year.
- 2. Current maturity of long term borrowings have been taken from the repayment schedule as agreed by Power Grid Corporation of India Ltd. (Holding Company) and POWERGRID Jawaharpur Firozabad Transmission Limited.

(formerly Jawaharpur Firozabad Transmission Limited) CIN: U40100DL2018GOI337674

Note 16/Trade Payables

(₹ in Lakh)

		(III Eakil)
		As at 31st
Particulars	As at 31st March,2022	March,2021
a. For Goods and Services		
(i) total outstanding dues of Micro & Small Enterprises	-	-
(ii) total outstanding dues of other than Micro & Small		
Enterprises -Payable to POWERGRID (Related Party)	830.97	52.40
Total	830.97	52.40

Further Notes:

- i) Disclosure with regard to $\,$ Micro and Small enterprises as required under "The Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006" is given in Note No 31.
- ii) Disclosure with regard to Outstanding balances arising from sales/purchases of goods and services with related parties is given in note 33

Ageing of Trade Payables is as follows:

						(₹ in Lakh)
Particulars	Not Billed	<1Y	1Y-2Y	2Y-3Y	>3Y	Total
As at 31.03.2022						
MSME						
Disputed			-	-	-	-
Undisputed			-	-	-	-
Total		-	-	-	-	-
Others						
Disputed		-	-	-		-
Undisputed		- 830.97	-	-	-	830.97
Total		- 830.97	-	-	-	830.97
As at 31.03.2021						
MSME						
Disputed		-	-	-	-	-
Undisputed			-	-	-	-
Total			-	-	-	-
Others						
Disputed		-	-	-	-	-
Undisputed		- 52.40	-	-	-	52.40
Total		- 52 40	_	_	_	52.40

(formerly Jawaharpur Firozabad Transmission Limited) CIN: U40100DL2018GOI337674

Note 17/Other Current Financial Liabilities

(₹ in Lakh)

Particulars	As at 31st March,2022	As at 31st March,2021
A. Interest accrued on Borrowings Loan from Power Grid Corporation of India Ltd., (Holding Company)	-	1,067.90
B. Others Dues for capital expenditure Deposits/Retention money from contractors and others Related parties payable to Power Grid Corporation of India Limited	492.31 1,390.33	63.42 2,637.76
(Holding Company) -Consultancy fees payable	-	27.93
Total	1,882.64	3,797.01

Further Note:

- 1. The disclosure with regard to Micro and Small Enterprises as required under "The Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006" is given in Note No. 31.
- 2. Breakup of Related Parties is provided in Note note 33

(formerly Jawaharpur Firozabad Transmission Limited) CIN: U40100DL2018GOI337674

Note 18/Other current liabilities

	As at 31st	As at 31st
Particulars	March,2022	March,2021
Statutory dues	43.32	42.49
Total	43.32	42.49

POWERGRID Jawaharpur Firozabad Transmission Limited (formerly Jawaharpur Firozabad Transmission Limited)

CIN: U40100DL2018GOI337674

Note 19/Revenue from operations

	For the Year	For the Year
	ended 31 March	ended 31 March
Particulars	2022	2021
Other Operating Revenue		
Income from Lease line - (Interest portion)	4,438.31	295.51
Transmission Income - (O&M Income)	731.63	61.35
Total	5,169.94	356.86

(formerly Jawaharpur Firozabad Transmission Limited) CIN: U40100DL2018GOI337674

Note 20/Other income

Particulars	For the Year ended 31 March 2022	ended 31 March
Interest on FD	20.09	
Total	20.09	-

(formerly Jawaharpur Firozabad Transmission Limited)

CIN: U40100DL2018GOI337674

Note 21/Finance costs

(₹ in Lakh)

		(TIT Editil)
Particulars	For the Year ended 31 March 2022	
Interest and finance charges on financial liabilities at amortised cost Interest on Loan from Power Grid Corporation of India Limited (Holding		
Company)	2,378.64	2,022.07
Unwinding of discount on financial liabilities(FV)	0.36	2.42
Less: Transferred to Expenditure during Construction(Net)-Note 23	275.60	1,869.04
Total	2,103.40	155.45

Further Notes:

i) Disclosure with regard to interest on loan from related parties is given in note 33.

(formerly Jawaharpur Firozabad Transmission Limited)
CIN: U40100DL2018GOI337674

Note 22/Other expenses

(₹ in Lakh)

	For the Year ended	For the Year ended 31
Particulars	31 March 2022	March 2021
Repair & Maintenance		
Substation and Transmission lines (Power Grid Corporation of India Ltd.)	696.79	52.40
Power charges	9.23	-
Legal expenses	-	85.76
Professional charges	1.50	0.79
Consultancy Expenses (Power Grid Corporation of India Ltd.)	92.26	438.83
Payments to Statutory Auditors		
Audit Fees including GST	0.57	0.57
Advertisement and publicity	5.81	4.40
Printing and stationery	-	0.06
Cost Audit and Physical verification Fees	0.12	0.14
Miscellaneous expenses	1.23	0.01
Rates and taxes	5.06	5.14
Security Expenses	58.91	-
Less: Transferred to Expenditure during Construction(Net)-Note 23	92.26	525.79
Total	779.22	62.31

Further Notes:

i) Breakup of Related Parties is provided in Note note 33

(formerly Jawaharpur Firozabad Transmission Limited)

CIN: U40100DL2018GOI337674

Note 23 / Expenditure During Construction (Net)

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2022	For the year ended 31st March 2021
A. Finance Cost		
Interest on Ioan from Power Grid Corporation of India Limited (Holding Company)	275.60	1,868.09
Unwinding of discount on Financial Liabilities (FV)	-	0.95
Total (A)	275.60	1,869.04
B. Other Expenses		
Legal Charges	-	85.76
Consultancy Expense	92.26	438.83
Advertisement and Publicity	_	1.20
Total (B)	92.26	525.79
C. Less: Other Income		
FV gain on initial recognition of financial libilities	-	0.95
Total (C)	-	0.95
Grand Total (A+B-C)	367.86	2,393.88

24. Exceptional and Extraordinary items

There are no exceptional and extraordinary items as at the Balance Sheet date.

25. Party Balances and Confirmations

- a) Some balances of recoverable shown under Assets and Payables shown under Liabilities include balances subject to confirmation/ reconciliation and consequential adjustments if any. However, reconciliations are carried out on ongoing basis. The management does not expect any material adjustment in the books of accounts as a result of the reconciliation.
- b) In the opinion of the management, the value of any of the assets other than Property, Plant and Equipment on realization in the ordinary course of business will not be less than the value at which they are stated in the Balance Sheet.
- 26. Central Transmission Utility of India Limited (Fellow Subsidiary Company) was notified as CTU w.e.f. 01.04.2021 by GOI vide Notification No. CG-DL-E-09032021-225743 and is entrusted with the job of centralized Billing, Collection and Disbursement (BCD) of transmission charges on behalf of all the IST licensees. Accordingly, CTU is raising bills for transmission charges to DICs on behalf of IST licensees. The debtors and their recovery are accounted based on the list of DICs given by CTU. POWERGRID (holding Company) was notified as CTU by GOI till 31.03.2021.

27. Employee Benefits

The Company does not have any permanent employees. The personnel working for the company are from holding company on secondment basis and are working on time share basis. The employee cost (including retirement benefits such as Gratuity, Leave encashment, post-retirement benefits etc.) in respect of personnel working for the company are paid by holding company and holding company is raising the invoice to the Subsidiary company towards Consultancy charges. Since there are no permanent employees in the company, the obligation as per Ind-AS 19 does not arise. Accordingly, no provision is considered necessary for any retirement benefit like gratuity, leave salary, pension etc., in the books of the company.

28. Borrowing cost incurred during the year is ₹ 275.60 lakh (Previous Year ₹ 1869.04 lakh) has been transferred to Capital work in Progress (CWIP) as per Ind AS 23 'Borrowing Costs'.

29. Leases

a) As a Lessee

The company does not have any lease arrangements as a lessee.

b) As a Lessor

The Company has classified and accounted for the arrangements for bilateral assets as finance lease.

Other Non-Current Financial Assets and Other Current Financial Assets include lease receivables representing the present value of future lease rentals receivable on the finance lease transactions entered into by the company with the constituents in respect of Bilateral Line Assets. Disclosure requirements of Ind AS 116 'Leases' notified under the Companies Act, 2013 are given as under:

(i) Details of gross investment in lease, un-earned finance income and present value of minimum lease payments receivables at the end of financial year are given as under:

Particulars	As at 31.03.2022	As at 31.03.2021
Gross investment in Lease	1,40,197.88	67,524.68

Un-earned Finance Income	95,293.23	42,086.89
Present value of Minimum Lease Payment (MLP)	44,904.65	25,437.79

(ii) The value of contractual maturity of such leases is as under:

(₹ in Lakhs)

		estment in	Present Val	ue of MLP
		As at 31.03.2021	As at 31.03.2022	As at 31.03.2021
Not later than one year	5,135.14	3,179.54	1,122.38	725.86
Later than one year and not later than two years	5,926.62	3,160.39	1,219.23	776.72
Later than two years and not later than three years	5,903.39	3,140.56	1,325.62	831.82
Later than three years and not later than four years	5,879.34	3,120.04	1,442.56	891.54
Later than four years and not later than five years	5,854.45	3,098.81	1,571.13	956.30
Later than five years	1,11,498.93	51,825.34	38,223.73	21,255.55
Total	1,40,197.87	67,524.68	44,904.65	25,437.79

30. Corporate Social Responsibilities (CSR):

As per section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013, along with Companies (Corporate Social responsibility Policy) Rules, 2021 read with DPE guidelines no F.N0.15 (13)/2013-DPE (GM), the Company is required to spend, in every financial year, at least two per cent of the average net profits of the company made during the three immediately preceding financial years in accordance with its Corporate Social Responsibility Policy. Since company does not meet conditions mentioned in section, hence section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 is not applicable to the company.

31. MSME Payments:

Based on information available with the company, there are few suppliers/service providers who are registered as micro, small or medium enterprise under The Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act,2006 (MSMED Act, 2006).Information in respect of micro and small enterprises as required by MSMED Act, 2006 is given as under:

Sr. No	Particulars	For the year ended 31st March, 2022	For the year ended 31st March, 2021
1	Principal amount and interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier as at end of each accounting year:		
1	Principal	Nil	Nil
	Interest	Nil	Nil
2	The amount of Interest paid by the buyer in terms of section 16 of the MSMED Act, 2006 along with the amount of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during each accounting year	Nil	Nil
3	The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under MSMED Act, 2006	Nil	Nil
4	The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year.	Nil	Nil
5	The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as	Nil	Nil

above are actually paid to the small enterprise for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the	
MSMED Act 2006	

32. Fair Value Measurements

(₹ in Lakhs)

	As on 31st March 2022	As on 31st March, 2021
Financial Instruments by category	Amortised Cost	Amortised Cost
<u>Financial Assets</u>		
Other Non-Current Financial Assets Cash & cash Equivalents Bank Balance other than above Other Current Financial Assets Total Financial assets	43,782.27 864.65 371.47 2,957.61 47,976.00	24,711.93 7.67 NIL 1,175.78 25,895.38
Financial Liabilities Borrowings (including current maturity of long term borrowings and interest accrued) Trade Payables Other Current Financial Liabilities	34,566.01 830.97 1,882.64	33,633.19 52.40 2,729.11
Total financial liabilities	37,279.62	36,414.70

This section explains the judgements and estimates made in determining the fair values of the financial instruments that are measured at fair value and financial instruments that are measured at amortised cost and for which fair values are disclosed in the financial statements. To provide an indication about the reliability of the inputs used in determining fair value, the company has classified its financial instruments into the three levels prescribed under the accounting standard. An explanation of each level follows underneath the table.

Financial instruments that are measured at Amortised Cost:

(₹ in Lakhs)

	Level	As on 31st March 2022		As on 31st March, 2021	
Particulars		Carrying Amount	Fair value	Carrying Amount	Fair value
Financial Assets					
Total Financial Assets					
Financial Liabilities					
Borrowings(including		34,566.01	34,530.49	33,633.19	33,859.21
current maturity of long	2				
term borrowings)					
Other financial liabilities		_	-	1	_
Total financial liabilities		34,566.01	34,530.49	33,633.19	33,859.21

The carrying amounts of trade/lease receivables, trade payables, Bank Balance, cash and cash equivalents, other current financial assets and other current financial liabilities are considered to be the same as their fair values, due to their short-term nature.

The carrying values for finance lease receivables approximate the fair value as these are periodically evaluated based on credit worthiness of customer and allowance for estimated losses is recorded based on this evaluation.

For financial assets that are measured at fair value, the carrying amounts are equal to the fair values.

Level 1: Level 1 hierarchy includes financial instruments measured using quoted prices. This includes listed equity bonds which are traded in the stock exchanges, valued using the closing price as at the reporting period.

Level 2: The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market (for example, traded bonds) is determined using valuation techniques which maximise the use of observable market data and rely as little as possible on entity-specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in level 2.

Level 3: If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3. This is the case for unlisted equity securities, contingent consideration and indemnification assets included in level 3.

There are no transfers between levels 1 and 2 during the year. The company's policy is to recognise transfers into and transfers out of fair value hierarchy levels as at the end of the reporting period.

Valuation technique used to determine fair value:

Specific valuation techniques used to value financial instruments includes:

- the use of quoted market prices or dealer quotes for similar instruments
- the fair value of the remaining financial instruments is determined using discounted cash flow analysis. All of the resulting fair value estimates are included in level 2.

33. Disclosure as per Ind AS 24 - "Related Party Disclosures"

(a) Holding Company

	Place of	Inte	
Name of entity	business / country of incorporation	As on 31st March 2022	As on 31st March, 2021
Power Grid Corporation of India Limited	India	100%	100%

(b) Subsidiaries of Holding Company

Name of entity	Place of business/ Country of incorporation
POWERGRID Vemagiri Transmission Limited	India
POWERGRID NM Transmission Limited	India
POWERGRID Southern Interconnector Transmission System Limited	India
POWERGRID Medinipur Jeerat Transmission Limited	India
POWERGRID Mithilanchal Transmission Limited	India
POWERGRID Varanasi Transmission System Limited	India
POWERGRID Unchahar Transmission Limited	India
POWERGRID Khetri Transmission System Limited (Erstwhile Khetri Transco Limited)	India
POWERGRID Bhuj Transmission Limited (Erstwhile Bhuj-II Transmission Limited)	India

POWERGRID Bhind Guna Transmission Limited (Erstwhile Bhind	India	
Guna Transmission Limited)	India	
POWERGRID Ajmer Phagi Transmission Limited (Erstwhile Ajmer	India	
Phagi Transco Limited)	india	
POWERGRID Fatehgarh Transmission Limited (Erstwhile Fatehgarh-	India	
II Transco Limited)	india	
POWERGRID Rampur Sambhal Transmission Limited (Erstwhile	India	
Rampur Sambhal Transco Limited)	india	
POWERGRID Meerut Simbhavali Transmission Limited (Erstwhile	India	
Meerut-Simbhavali Transmission Limited)	muia	
Central Transmission Utility of India Limited	India	
POWERGRID Ramgarh Transmission Limited (Erstwhile Ramgarh	India	
New Transmission Limited)	muia	
POWERGRID Himachal Transmission Limited (Erstwhile Jaypee	India	
POWERGRID Limited)	muia	
POWERGRID Bikaner Transmission System Limited (Erstwhile	India	
Bikaner-II Bhiwadi Transco Limited)	muia	
POWERGRID Sikar Transmission Limited (Erstwhile Sikar New	India	
Transmission Limited) ¹	muia	
POWERGRID Bhadla Transmission Limited (Erstwhile Fatehgarh	India	
Bhadla Transco Limited) ¹	india	
POWERGRID Aligarh Sikar Transmission Limited (Erstwhile Sikar II	India	
Aligarh Transmission Limited) ²	ilidia	
POWERGRID Teleservices Limited ³ India		
POWERGRID Energy Services Limited ⁴ India		
¹ 100% equity acquired by POWERGRID from REC Power Development and Consultancy Limited		
(erstwhile REC Power Distribution Company Limited) on 04.06.2021		
² 100% equity acquired by POWERGRID from PFC Consulting Limited on 08.06.2021		
³ Incorporated on 25.11.2021		
⁴ Incorporated on 14.03.2022		

(c) Joint Ventures of Holding Company -

Name of entity	Place of business/ Country of incorporation
Powerlinks Transmission Limited	India
Torrent Power Grid Limited	India
Parbati Koldam Transmission Company Limited	India
Teestavalley Power Transmission Limited	India
North East Transmission Company Limited	India
National High Power Test Laboratory Private Limited	India
Bihar Grid Company Limited	India
Energy Efficiency Services Limited ¹	India
Cross Border Power Transmission Company Limited	India
RINL POWERGRID TLT Private Limited ²	India
Power Transmission Company Nepal Limited	Nepal

¹ POWERGRID has invested ₹ 407.49 crore during year in Energy Efficiency Services Limited (EESL), thereby increasing its shareholding from 5.71% to 33.33%. EESL has been considered as Joint Venture w.ef. 01.09.2021 being the Joint control has been reinstated vide Agreement dated 01.09.2021.

² POWERGRID's Board of Directors in its meeting held on 01.05.2018 accorded in principle approval to close RINL POWERGRID TLT Private Limited (RPTPL) and seek consent of other JV Partner Rashtriya Ispat Nigam Limited (RINL). RINL's Board of Directors in its meeting held on 08.03.2019 has agreed in principle for winding up proceedings of RPTPL & to seek the approval from Ministry

of Steel, Government of India, for closure of RPTPL. RINL's Board of Directors in its meeting held on 05.11.2019 has advised to put up the closure proposal again to Ministry of steel for onward submission to NITI Ayog. The Ministry of Steel vide letter dated 29.09.2020 informed RINL that closure of RPTPL is being examined and seeks further clarifications from RINL. Accordingly, relevant information was forwarded by RINL to The Ministry of Steel. The Approval from Government is still awaited.

(d) Associates of Holding Company

Name of entity	Place of business/ Country of incorporation
POWERGRID Kala Amb Transmission Limited ¹	India
POWERGRID Jabalpur Transmission Limited ¹	India
POWERGRID Vizag Transmission Limited ¹	India
POWERGRID Warora Transmission Limited ¹	India
POWERGRID Parli Transmission Limited ¹	India

¹ Associates of Holding Company w.e.f. 13.05.2021 (Wholly owned Subsidiaries of Holding Company till 12.05.2021); POWERGRID has transferred its remaining 26% stake in POWERGRID Vizag Transmission Limited (PVTL) on 31.03.2022, hence PVTL has ceased to be the Associate of Holding Company w.e.f. 31.03.2022

(e) Key Managerial Personnel

S.N.	Name	Designation	Date of Appointment	Date of Cessation
1.	Shri Abhay Choudhary	Chairman	08/12/2020	08/06/2021
2.	Shri Sunil Agarwal	Chairman	05/07/2021	-
3.	Shri Sanjai Gupta	Director	02/07/2019	30/09/2021
4.	Shri G. Ravisankar	Director	31/07/2020	-
5.	Shri R. Nagpal	Additional Director	22/10/2021	-
6.	Shri B. Anantha Sarma	Director	30/10/2020	13/12/2021
7.	Shri A.K. Singhal	Additional Director	02/03/2022	-
8.	Shri Prahalad Bhakt Singh	CFO	30/03/2021	-
9.	Ms. Anmol Verma	Company Secretary	22/10/2021	07/03/2022

f) Government Related Entities

The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Central Public Sector Undertaking (CPSU) controlled by Central Government by holding majority of shares.

The Company has business transactions with other entities controlled by the GOI for procurement of capital equipment, spares and services. Transactions with these entities are carried out at market terms on arms-length basis through a transparent price discovery process against open tenders, except in a few cases of procurement of spares/services from Original Equipment Manufacturer (OEM) for proprietary items/or on single tender basis due to urgency, compatibility or other reasons. Such single tender procurements are also done through a process of negotiation with prices benchmarked against available price data of same/similar items.

The above transactions are in the course of normal day-to-day business operations and are not considered to be significant keeping in view the size, either individually or collectively.

(g) Outstanding balances arising from sales/purchases of goods and services

The following balances are outstanding at the end of the reporting period in relation to transactions with related parties:

		(₹ in Lakhs)
Particulars	As at 31st	As at 31st March,
1 atticulais	March 2022	2021
Power Grid Corporation of India Ltd. (Holding Company)		
Purchases of goods and services -Consultancy	78.34	27.93
Loans from Holding Company	34,566.01	32,565.29
Interest Accrued on Loan from Holding Company	-	1067.90
Billed Repair and Maintenance charges (excl. GST)	660.03	-
Unbilled Repair and Maintenance charges	22.00	52.40
Others Expenses	66.93	-

(h) Transactions with related parties

The following transactions occurred with related parties:

		(₹ in Lakhs)
Particulars	For the year ended 31st	For the year ended 31st
	March 2022	March, 2021
Power Grid Corporation of India Ltd. (Holding Company)		
Consultancy Charges (excluding GST)	78.19	371.89
Repair and Maintenance charges (excluding GST)	582.51	52.40
Investments Received during the year (Equity)	1240.00	7715.00
Loan Received during the year	2249.88	11430.78
Loan Repaid during the year	249.15	-
Interest on Loan	2378.64	2022.07
Reibursement of Security and Power Expenses	66.34	-
Payment of Interim Dividend	616.50	-
BG Reimbursement (excluding GST)	2.06	-

34. Segment Information

Business Segment

The Board of Directors is the company's Chief operating decision maker who monitors the operating results of its business segments separately for the purpose of making decisions about resource allocation and performance assessment. One reportable segments have been identified on the basis of product/services. The company has a single reportable segment i.e., Power transmission network for transmission system.

The operations of the company are mainly carried out within the country and therefore there is no reportable geographical segment.

35. Contingent Liabilities and contingent assets

Contingent Liabilities -

Claims against the Company not acknowledged as debts - NIL

36. Capital and Other Commitments

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March, 2021
Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account and not provided for (Net of Advances)	386.62	1,212.52

37. Capital management

a) Risk Management

The company's objectives when managing capital are to

- maximize the shareholder value;
- safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern;
- maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

For the purpose of the company's capital management, equity capital includes issued equity capital and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity holders of the company. The company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in light of changes in economic conditions. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the company may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, regulate investments in its projects, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. The company monitors capital using debt-equity ratio, which is the ratio of long-term debt to total net worth. The company includes within long term debt, interest bearing loans and borrowings and current maturities of long-term debt.

The debt - equity ratio of the Company was as follows:

Particulars	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March, 2021
Long term debt (₹ in lakhs)	34,566.01	32,565.29
Equity (₹ in lakhs)	10,159.89	7,823.99
Long term debt to Equity ratio	3.40	4.16

No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the year ended 31st March, 2022 and 31st March, 2021.

38. Earnings per share

(Amount in ₹)

(a) Basic and diluted earnings per share attributable to the equity holders of the company	For the year ended 31st March 2022	For the year ended 31st March, 2021
Basic and diluted earnings per share attributable to the equity holders of the company from Continuing operations	2.12	0.38

(b) Reconciliation of earnings used as numerator in calculating earnings per share	For the year ended 31st March 2022	For the year ended 31st March, 2021
Total Earnings attributable to the equity holders of the company	1712.40	104.09

(No. of Shares)

(c) Weighted average number of shares used as the denominator	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March, 2021
Total weighted average number of equity shares used as the denominator in calculating basic earnings per share	8,08,79,452	2,71,23,699

39. Financial Risk Management:

The Company's principal financial liabilities comprise loans and borrowings denominated in Indian rupees, trade payables and other payables. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance the Company's capital investments and operations.

The Company's principal financial assets include trade and other receivables, and cash and cash equivalents that are generated from its operations.

The Company's activities expose it to the following financial risks, namely,

- a) Credit risk,
- b) Liquidity risk,
- c) Market risk.

This note presents information regarding the company's exposure, objectives, policies and processes for measuring and managing these risks.

The management of financial risks by the Company is summarized below:-

A) Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that counterparty will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss. The Company is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities on account of trade/lease receivables.

A default on a financial asset is when the counterparty fails to make contractual payments within 3 years of when they fall due. This definition of default is determined considering the business environment in which the Company operates and other macro-economic factors.

Assets are written-off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery, such as a debtor declaring bankruptcy or failing to engage in a repayment plan with the Company. Where loans or receivables have been written off, the Company continues to engage in enforcement activity to attempt to recover the receivable due. Where recoveries are made, these are recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

(i) Lease Receivables and Contract Assets

The Company primarily provides transmission facilities to intra-state transmission service customers (DICs) comprising mainly state utilities owned by State Government.

Contract Assets primarily relates to companies right to consideration for work completed but not billed at the reporting date and have substantially same risk characteristics as the lease receivables for the same type of contract.

(ii) Other Financial Assets (excluding lease receivables and Contract Assets)

• Cash and cash equivalents

The Company held cash and cash equivalents of ₹ 864.65 Lakhs as on 31st March, 2022 (₹ 7.67 Lakhs as on 31st March, 2021). The cash and cash equivalents are held with public sector banks and high rated private sector banks and do not have any significant credit risk.

(iii) Exposure to credit risk

(₹ in Lakhs)

		(Til Lukiis)
Particulars	As on 31st	As on 31st
1 diviewidio	March 2022	March, 2021
Financial assets for which loss allowance is measured using 12		
months Expected Credit Losses (ECL)		
Cash and cash equivalents	864.65	7.67
Bank balances other than above	371.47	-
Other Current Financial Assets	0.18	0.69
Lease Receivables	46,739.70	25,887.02
Total	47,976.00	25,895.38
Financial assets for which loss allowance is measured using Life		
time Expected Credit Losses (ECL)		
Total	•	-

(iv) Provision for expected credit losses

(a) Financial assets for which loss allowance is measured using 12 month expected credit losses

The Company has assets where the counter-parties have sufficient capacity to meet the obligations and where the risk of default is very low. At initial recognition, financial assets (excluding lease receivables and Contract Assets) are considered as having negligible credit risk and the risk has not increased from initial recognition. Therefore expected credit loss provision is not required.

(b) Financial assets for which loss allowance is measured using life time expected credit losses

The Company has customers most of whom are state government utilities with capacity to meet the obligations and therefore the risk of default is negligible. Further, management believes that the unimpaired amounts that are 30 days past due date are still collectible in full, based on the payment security mechanism in place and historical payment behavior. Considering the above factors and the prevalent regulations, the lease receivables continue to have a negligible credit risk on initial recognition and thereafter on each reporting date.

B) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities to meet obligations when due. The Company has entered into Inter-Corporate Loan Agreement for Funding of its obligations. For this, Company provided quarterly cashflows in advance to Holding Company with Monthly requirement.

(i) <u>Financing Arrangements</u>

The company had access to the borrowing facilities with the Parent Company as per Agreement at the end of the reporting period.

(ii) Maturities of financial liabilities

The tables below analyses the company's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on their contractual maturities for all non-derivative financial liabilities.

The amount disclosed in the table is the contractual undiscounted cash flows

(₹ in Lakhs)

			(II Lakiis,
Contractual maturities of financial liabilities	Within a year	Between 1-5 years	Beyond 5 years	Total
As on 31st March 2022				
Borrowings (including interest outflows)	3,418.86	12,942.20	59,712.19	76,073.25
Trade Payables	830.97	-	-	830.97
Other Current Financial Liabilities	1,882.64	-	-	1,882.64
Total	6,132.47	12,942.20	59,712.19	78,786.86
As on 31st March 2021				
Borrowings (including interest outflows)	2,289.07	22,757.28	24,707.62	49,753.97
Trade Payables	52.40	-	-	52.40
Other Current financial liabilities	2,729.11	-	-	2,729.11
Total	5,070.58	22,757.28	24,707.62	52,535.48

C) Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises two types of risk:

- i. Currency risk
- ii. Interest rate risk

i) Currency risk

As on Reporting date the Company does not have any exposure to currency risk in respect of foreign currency denominated loans and borrowings and procurement of goods and services whose purchase consideration foreign currency.

ii) Interest rate risk

The Company is exposed to interest rate risk because the cash flows associated with floating rate borrowings. The various sources of loans being extended to the company by parent company are Fixed interest and floating interest rate which get reset periodically. The Company manages the interest rate risks by maintaining a debt portfolio of fixed and floating rate borrowings.

40. Income Tax expense

This note provides an analysis of the company's income tax expense, and how the tax expense is affected by non-assessable and non-deductible items. It also explains significant estimates made in relation to The Company's tax positions.

(a) Income tax expense -

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March, 2022	For the Year ended 31st March, 2021
<u>Current Tax</u>		
Current tax on profits for the year	0.00	0.00
Total current tax expense (A)	0.00	0.00
Deferred tax expense		
Originating and reversal of temporary differences	595.01	35.01
Total deferred tax expense/(benefit) (B)	595.01	35.01
Income tax expense (A+B)	595.01	35.01

Current tax is reckoned based on the current year's income and tax payable thereon in accordance with the applicable tax rates as per the prevailing tax laws.

(b) Reconciliation of tax expense and the accounting profit multiplied by India's tax rate: -

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March, 2022	For the Year ended 31st March, 2021
Profit before income tax expense	2307.41	139.10
Tax using Company's Domestic Tax rate	580.73	35.01
TAX EFFECT OF:		
Deductible tax expense	(580.73)	(35.01)
Deferred Tax expense / (income)	595.01	35.01
Tax Expenses recognized in statement of Profit & Loss	595.01	35.01

41. Additional Regulatory Information as per Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013

- a) No proceeding has been initiated or pending against the company for holding any benami property under the Prohibition of Benami Property Transactions Act, 1988 (as amended) and rules made thereunder as at the end of the financial year.
- b) The Company is not sanctioned any working capital limit secured against current assets by any Finance Institutions.

- c) The company was not declared as a wilful defaulter by any bank or financial Institution or other lender during the financial year. The Company has registered charges or satisfaction of charges during the financial year with Registrar within statutory period.
- d) The company has complied with the number of layers prescribed under clause (87) of section 2 of the Act read with the Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017 during the financial year.

e) Ratios

Ratio	Numerator	Denominator	Current Year	Previo us Year	Variance (%age)	Reason for variance >25%
(a) Current Ratio	Current Assets	Current Liabilities	1.11	0.30	270.00	Due to increase in current assets
(b) Debt- Equity Ratio	Total Debt	Shareholder's Equity	3.40	4.16	-18.27	
(c) Debt Service Coverage Ratio	Profit for the period + Depreciation and amortization expense + Finance costs + FERV + Loss on Sale of Fixed Assets	Interest & Lease Payments + Principal Repayments	9.00	-	100.00	Due to principal repayments.
(d) Return on Equity Ratio	Profit for the period	Average Shareholder's Equity	0.19	0.03	533	Due to increase in net profit mainly because of increase in revenue by Rs. 4813.08 Lakhs
(e) Inventory turnover ratio	Revenue from Operations	Average Inventory	-	-	-	
(f) Trade Receivables turnover ratio	Revenue from Operations	Average Trade Receivables (before deducting provision)	NA	NA	NA	
(g) Trade payables turnover ratio	Gross Other Expense (-) FERV, Provisions, Loss on disposal of PPE	Average Trade payables	1.83	22.45	-91.85	Due to increase in trade payables
(h) Net capital turnover ratio	Revenue from Operations	Current Assets - Current Liabilities	12.45	-0.13	-9676.92	Due to increase in net current asset mainly on account of higher lease receivables and cash and bank balance.
(i) Net profit ratio	Profit for the period	Revenue from Operations	0.33	0.29	13.56	

(j) Return on	Earnings before	Tangible Net	0.10	0.01	900	Due to increase in
Capital	interest and	Worth + Total				income by Rs.
employed	taxes	Debt +				4813.08 Lakhs
		Deferred Tax				
		Liability				
(k) Return on	Income from	Average	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	
investment	Investment +	Investments				
	Capital					
	Appreciation					

- f) The company has not received/advanced or loaned or invested funds (either borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) through Intermediaries during the financial year.
- g) The Company does not have any Charges on the Assets of the Company.
- h) The Company does not have any transaction that was not recorded in the books of accounts and has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961.
- i) The Company has not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the financial year.

42. Disclosure on Covid-19 Impact

The Company is mainly engaged in the business of transmission of electricity and the tariffs for the transmission services are regulated in terms of the Transmission Service Agreements signed with LTTCs which provide for recovery of the annual transmission charges based on system availability.

Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, various lockdowns were declared by the Central/ State Governments/ Local Authorities from time to time. However, as per the Government guidelines, transmission units and services were exempted from the said lockdown restrictions. There has been no significant impact due to the pandemic on the availability of the transmission system of the Company.

In the above backdrop, the Company has considered various internal and external information available up to the date of approval of financial statements in assessing the impact of COVID-19 pandemic on the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2022.

Based on the above, there has been no material impact on the operations or profitability of the company during the financial year due to the pandemic

The Company has assessed the liquidity position for the next one year and of the recoverability and carrying value of its assets comprising of Property Plant and equipment, trade receivables and others as at Balance Sheet date and the management is of the view that there are no material adjustments required in the financial statements. However, the impact assessment of COVID 19 is a continuing process given the uncertainties associated with its nature and duration. The Company will continue to monitor any material changes to future economic conditions.

43. Recent Pronouncements

On 23.03.2022, Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") has notified the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2022 applicable from 01.04.2022. The Company will assess and implement the amendments to Division II in the FY 2022-23, as applicable.

- 44. a) Figures have been rounded off to nearest rupee in lakhs up to two decimal.
 - b) The previous year figures have been reclassified/re-grouped to confirm to the current year's classification.

As per our report of even date attached.

For Uboweja & Co. Chartered Accountants

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WINDOWS AND A CONFERENCE CONFERENCE

BELL CO

(Vipin Kumar Uboweja)

Partner

Membership No. 084732

FRN:- 006402N

Place: New Delhi Date: 09-05-2022

For and on behalf of Board of Directors

SUNIL

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In the first (2018

Sunil Agrawal
Director & Chairman
DIN: 09048015

Place: Gurugram Date: 09-05-2022

PRAHALAD

| Disch | St. | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124

P. B. singh CFO

PAN: ACHPS0935M Place: Lucknow Date: 09-05-2022 Ravisanka

Distally signed by Particular Genesa
Discont Conference
Dis

G Ravisankar Director DIN: 08816101

Place: Gurugram Date:09-05-2022

ANAMIK
A GUPTA
Anamika Gupta
Company Secretary
Mem No:A57390
Place: Gurugram
Date:09-05-2022