

POWERGRID FATEHGARH TRANSMISSION LIMITED
(Formerly known as Fatehgarh-II Transco Limited)

Wholly Owned Subsidiary of Power Grid Corporation of India Limited

(CIN: U40300DL2019GOI346583)

ANNUAL REPORT (2020-21)

POWERGRID FATEHGARH TRANSMISSION LIMITED

(Formerly known as Fatehgarh-II Transco Limited)

CIN: U40300DL2019GOI346583

Regd. Office: B-9, Qutab Institutional Area, Katwaria Sarai, New Delhi-110016

Tel: 011-26560121; Fax: 011-26601081

DIRECTORS' REPORT

To,

Dear Shareholders,

I am delighted to present on behalf of the Board of Directors, the Second Annual Report of POWERGRID Fatehgarh Transmission Limited (formerly known as Fatehgarh-II Transco Limited) on the working of the Company together with Audited Financial Statement and Auditors Report for the financial year ended 31st March, 2021.

State of the Company's Affairs & Project implementation

POWERGRID Fatehgarh Transmission Limited (PFTL) was acquired by POWERGRID on October 14, 2019 under Tariff based competitive bidding from PFC Consulting Limited (the Bid Process Coordinator) to establish transmission system for Ultra Mega Solar Park in Fatehgarh, Distt. Jaisalmer, Rajasthan for implementing Fatehgarh-II – Bhadla-II 765kV D/c line to facilitate in transfer of power from RE sources in Solar Energy Zones in Bhadla, Fatehgarh and Bikaner complexes for onward dispersal of power to various beneficiaries. The Company was granted transmission license by CERC on 04.03.2020. The transmission system was commissioned on 01st Sep 2021.

The Scope of Transmission Project includes Fatehgarh-II – Bhadla-II 765kV D/c line; 2 nos of 765kV bays each at Fatehgarh-II and Bhadla-II S/s for Fatehgarh-II –Bhadla-II 765kV D/c line; 2 nos. of 240MVAR switchable line reactor with NGR of 400ohm one on each circuit of Fatehgarh-II – Bhadla-II 765kV D/c line at Fatehgarh-II end.

Financial Performance**(Rs. in Lakhs)**

| Particulars | 2020-21 | 2019-2020 |
|---------------------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Revenue from Operations | - | - |
| Other Income | - | - |
| Total Income | - | - |
| Expenses | - | 0.13 |
| Profit/(Loss) before Tax | - | (0.13) |
| Profit after Tax | - | (0.09) |
| Earnings Per Equity Share (Rs.) | - | (0.94) |

Share Capital

The Authorized and Paid up Share Capital as on 31st March, 2021 of the Company were Rs. 141 Crore and Rs. 113.41 Crore respectively. After the end of the financial year 2020-21, the paid-up share capital of the Company was increased to Rs. 125.26 Crore.

Dividend and Transfer to Reserves

Your Directors have not recommended any dividend on the equity shares for the Financial Year 2020-21. Further, Company does not propose to carry any amount to the reserves for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2021.

Particulars of Loans, Guarantees or Investments made under section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013

Your Company has not given any loans, provided any guarantee or security to any other entity.

Particulars of contracts or arrangements with related parties

Particulars of contracts or arrangements with related parties referred to Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013, in the prescribed form AOC-2 are given as **Annexure - I** to the Directors' Report.

Details of Significant & Material Orders passed by the regulators, courts, tribunals impacting the going concern status and company's operation in future

No significant / material orders passed by any authority during the Financial Year impacting the going concern status and Company's operation in future.

Deposits

Your Company has not accepted any deposit for the period under review.

Subsidiaries, Joint Ventures and Associate Companies

Your Company does not have any subsidiaries, joint ventures and associate companies.

Directors' Responsibility Statement

As required under section 134(3)(c) & 134(5) of the Companies Act, your Directors confirm that:

- (a) in the preparation of the Annual Accounts, the applicable accounting standards have been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures;
- (b) the Directors had selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company at the end of the financial year and of the profit of the company for that period;
- (c) the Directors had taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of this Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- (d) the Directors had prepared the Annual Accounts on a going concern basis; and
- (e) the Directors had devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

Conservation of Energy, Technology absorption, Foreign Exchange Earning and Out Go

There is no Conservation of Energy, Technology absorption and Foreign Exchange Earnings and out go under section 134(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 for financial year 2020-21.

Annual Return

In accordance with Section 92(3) read with Section 134 (3) (a) of the Companies Act, 2013, Annual Return of the Company is available on the web-site of the Power Grid Corporation of India Limited (Holding Company) and can be accessed at https://www.powergrid.in/sites/default/files/Draft_MGT-7_PFTL_0.pdf

Board of Directors

As on 31st March, 2021, the Board comprised of Four Directors viz. Shri Abhay Chaudhary, Shri Pramod Kumar, Shri P.V. Nath, and Shri A.K. Mishra.

There were some changes in the Board of Director of the Company during the financial year 2020-21. Shri Abhay Choudhary, Shri A.K. Mishra, Shri P.V. Nath have been appointed as Additional Directors w.e.f. 8th December, 2020, 22nd February, 2021 and 8th February, 2021 respectively who holds office up to the date of ensuing Annual General Meeting.

During the Financial Year 2020-21, Shri R. K. Chauhan, Shri R. N. Singh and Shri D.K. Singh ceased to be Directors of the Company w.e.f. 31st October, 2020, 15th January, 2021 and 31st January, 2021 respectively.

After the end of the Financial Year 2020-21, Shri B. Anantha Sarma was appointed as Additional Director & Chairman (part-time) of the Company w.e.f. 5th July, 2021. Shri Abhay Choudhary ceased to be Director & Chairman (part-time) of the company w.e.f. 4th June, 2021.

The Board placed on record its appreciation for the valuable contribution, guidance & support given by Shri R. K. Chauhan, Shri R. N. Singh, Shri D.K. Singh and Shri Abhay Choudhary during their tenure as Directors of the Company.

The Company has received a notice under section 160 of the Companies Act, 2013 from a member of the Company for appointment of Shri A.K. Mishra, Shri P.V. Nath and Shri B. Anantha Sarma as Directors, liable to retire by rotation, in the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

In accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, Shri Pramod Kumar shall retire by rotation at the Annual General Meeting of your Company and being eligible, offers himself for re-appointment.

Smt. Vimla Bhandari is Chief Financial Officer (CFO) of the Company.

None of the Directors is disqualified from being appointed/re-appointed as Director.

Number of Board meetings during the year

During the Financial Year 2020-21, Nine (9) meetings of Board of Directors were held on 5th June, 2020, 4th August, 2020, 14th September, 2020, 25th September, 2020, 27th October, 2020, 14th December, 2020, 25th January, 2021, 26th February, 2021 and 30th March, 2021. The detail of number of meetings attended by each Director during the financial year are as under:

| Name of Director | Designation | No. of Board Meetings which were entitled to attend during financial year 2020-21. | No. of Board Meetings which were attended during financial year 2020-21. |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|
| Shri Abhay Chaudhary ¹ | Chairman & Additional Director | 4 | 4 |
| Shri Pramod Kumar | Director | 9 | 5 |
| Shri A.K. Mishra ² | Additional Director | 2 | 2 |
| Shri P.V. Nath ³ | Additional Director | 2 | 2 |
| Shri D.K. Singh ⁴ | Director | 7 | 7 |
| Shri R. N. Singh ⁵ | Director | 6 | 6 |
| Shri R.K. Chauhan ⁶ | Chairman & Director | 5 | 5 |

¹Appointed as Chairman & Additional Director w.e.f. 08.12.2020 and ceased on 04.06.2021.

²Appointed as Additional Director w.e.f. 22.02.2021.

³Appointed as Additional Director w.e.f. 08.02.2021.

⁴Ceased to be Director w.e.f. 31.01.2021.

⁵Ceased to be Director w.e.f. 15.01.2021.

⁶Ceased to be Director w.e.f. 31.10.2020.

Committees of the Board

Audit Committee

The provision of Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 6 of the Companies (Meetings of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014 are not applicable to the Company.

Nomination & Remuneration Committee

The provision of Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 6 the Companies (Meetings of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014 are not applicable to the Company.

Declaration by Independent Directors

Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) vide notification dated 05th July 2017 had amended the Rule 4 of Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Rules, 2014 {said Rule 4} as per which the unlisted public companies in the nature of wholly owned subsidiaries are exempted from the requirement of appointing Independent Directors on their Board. Accordingly, PFTL, being a Wholly Owned Subsidiary of Power Grid Corporation of India Limited is exempted from the requirement of appointing Independent Directors on their Board.

Performance Evaluation

Your Company, being wholly-owned Subsidiary of POWERGRID, is a Government Company. The Whole time Directors & senior officials of POWERGRID (the holding company) are nominated as Directors of your Company. POWERGRID, being a Government Company, the Directors so nominated by it in your Company, are being evaluated under a well laid down procedure for evaluation of CMD / Functional Directors by Administrative Ministry and for evaluation of senior officials by POWERGRID (the holding company).

Statutory Auditors

M/s Krishan Karan & Associates, Chartered Accountants was appointed by Comptroller and Auditor General of India as Statutory Auditors of the Company for the Financial Year 2020-21.

Statutory Auditors' Report

M/s Krishan Karan & Associates, Chartered Accountants have given an unqualified report for the Financial Year ended 31st March, 2021. The report is self-explanatory and does not require any further comments by the Board.

Details in respect of frauds reported by auditors other than those which are reportable to the Central Government

The Statutory Auditors of the Company have not reported any frauds to the Board of Directors under section 143(12) of the Companies Act, 2013, including rules made thereunder.

Comptroller and Auditor General's (C&AG) Comments

Your Company has received 'NIL' Comments on the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2021 by the Comptroller and Auditor General of India under Section 143(6) of the Companies Act, 2013. Copy of letter dated 27th July, 2021 received from C&AG is placed at **Annexure-III** to this report.

Maintenance of Cost Records of the Company

Maintenance of cost records as specified by the Central Government under sub-section (1) of Section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013, is not applicable to the Company during Financial Year 2020-21.

Secretarial Audit Report

M/s. Arvind Kohli & Associates, Company Secretaries has conducted Secretarial Audit of the Company for the financial year ended 31st March, 2021. The Secretarial Audit report is placed at **Annexure – III** to this report. The Secretarial Auditors have given an

unqualified report. The report is self-explanatory and does not require any further comments by the Board.

Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR)

As per Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013, every Company having net worth of Rs. 500 Crore or more, or Turnover of Rs. 1000 Crore or more or a Net Profit of Rs. 5 Crore or more during immediately preceding Financial Year, is required to spend, at least 2% of the Average Net Profits of the Company made during the three immediately preceding Financial Years, in pursuance of its Corporate Social Responsibility Policy. Since, the Company has not satisfied any of the above criteria during the FY 2020-21, the provisions of Section 135 requiring to incur expenditure on CSR were not applicable on the Company for the Financial Year 2020-21.

Development & Implementation of Risk Management Policy

Your Company being a wholly owned subsidiary of POWERGRID is covered under the Risk Management Framework as being done in the holding company.

Particulars of Employees

As per Notification dated June 5, 2015 issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, the provisions of Section 197 of the Companies Act, 2013 & corresponding rules of Chapter XIII are exempted for Government Companies. As your Company is a Government Company, the information has not been included as a part of Directors' report.

Compliance with Secretarial Standards

The Company has followed the Secretarial Standards SS-1 & 2 issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India.

Prevention of Sexual Harassment Policy

There was no incidence of Sexual Harassment during the Financial Year 2020-21.

Internal Financial Control Systems and their adequacy

Your Company has, in all material respects, an adequate Internal Financial Controls System over Financial Reporting and such Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting were operating effectively as at 31st March, 2021.

Right to Information

In compliance to 'Right to Information Act, 2005, an appropriate mechanism is in place in the Company for promoting transparency and accountability, wherein the Company has nominated Central Public Information Officer / Appellate Authorities to provide required information under the provisions of Act.

Acknowledgement

The Board extends its sincere thanks to the Ministry of Power, the Central Electricity Regulatory Commission, POWERGRID, the Comptroller & Auditor General of India, and the Auditors of the Company.

**For and on behalf of
POWERGRID Fatehgarh Transmission Limited**

**Sd/-
(B. Anantha Sarma)
Chairman
DIN: 08742208**

Date: Gurgaon
Place: 17th September, 2021

POWERGRID FATEHGARH TRANSMISSION LIMITED**FORM No. AOC -2**

[Pursuant to clause (h) of sub-section (3) of section 134 of the Act and Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014]

Form for Disclosure of particulars of contracts/arrangements entered into by the company with related parties referred to in sub section (1) of section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 including certain arm's length transaction under third proviso thereto.

1. Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions not at Arm's length basis.

| Sl. No. | Particulars | Details |
|---------|---|---------|
| a | Name (s) of the related party & nature of relationship | - |
| b | Nature of contracts/arrangements/transaction | - |
| c | Duration of the contracts/arrangements/transaction | - |
| d | Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transaction including the value, if any | - |
| e | Justification for entering into such contracts or arrangements or transactions' | - |
| f | Date of approval by the Board | - |
| g | Amount paid as advances, if any | - |
| h | Date on which the special resolution was passed in General meeting as required under first proviso to section 188 | - |

2. Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions at Arm's length basis.

| Sl. No. | Particulars | Details |
|---------|--|--|
| a | Name (s) of the related party & nature of relationship | Power Grid Corporation of India Limited (POWERGRID)) [holding company w.e.f. 14.10.2019]. |
| b | Nature of contracts/arrangements/transaction | Part (A) to avail all inputs and services as may be required by the Company from POWERGRID (Holding Company) @ 2% of the actual project cost (excl. IDC and Consultancy Fee) plus GST as applicable. Part (B) to take any security(ies) / guarantee(s) in connection with loan(s) / any form of debt including ECBs and/or to avail Inter corporate loan(s) on cost to cost basis, or a combination |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| | | thereof, upto an amount of Rs 570 crore from POWERGRID. |
| c | Duration of the contracts/arrangements/transaction | Part (A) Commissioning of the project including associated reconciliation activities. Part (B) As mutually agreed. |
| d | Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transaction including the value, if any | Refer (b) |
| e | Date of approval by the Board | For Part (A) 14.10.2019 For Part (B) 04.11.2019 |
| f | Amount paid as advances, if any | - |

**For and on behalf of
POWERGRID Fatehgarh Transmission Limited**

**Sd/-
(B. Anantha Sarma)
Chairman
DIN: 08742208**

Date: Gurgaon
Place: 17th September, 2021

गोपनीय

संख्या.:DGA(Energy)/REP/1-48/A/cs-PFTL/2021-22/224



सत्यमेव जयते

भारतीय लेखापरीक्षा एवं लेखा विभाग
कार्यालय महानिदेशक लेखापरीक्षा (ऊर्जा)
दिल्ली

INDIAN AUDIT & ACCOUNTS DEPARTMENT
OFFICE OF THE
DIRECTOR GENERAL OF AUDIT (ENERGY)
DELHI

दिनांक/ Dated: 27.07.2021

सेवा में,

अध्यक्ष

पॉवरग्रिड फतेहगढ़ ट्रांसमिशन लिमिटेड

नई दिल्ली

विषय: 31 मार्च 2021 को समाप्त वर्ष के लिए पॉवरग्रिड फतेहगढ़ ट्रांसमिशन लिमिटेड, नई दिल्ली के वार्षिक लेखाओं पर कम्पनी अधिनियम, 2013 की धारा 143(6)(b) के अन्तर्गत भारत के नियंत्रक एवं महालेखापरीक्षक की टिप्पणियाँ।

महोदय,

मैं, पॉवरग्रिड फतेहगढ़ ट्रांसमिशन लिमिटेड, नई दिल्ली के 31 मार्च 2021 को समाप्त वर्ष के लेखाओं पर कम्पनी अधिनियम, 2013 की धारा 143(6)(b) के अन्तर्गत भारत के नियंत्रक एवं महालेखापरीक्षक की टिप्पणियाँ अग्रेषित कर रहा हूँ।

कृपया इस पत्र की संलग्नकों सहित प्राप्ति की पावती भेजी जाए।

भवदीय,

संलग्नक:- यथोपरि।

(डी. के. शेखर)

महानिदेशक

**COMMENTS OF THE COMPTROLLER AND AUDITOR GENERAL OF INDIA
UNDER SECTION 143(6)(B) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013 ON THE FINANCIAL
STATEMENTS OF POWERGRID FATEHGARH TRANSMISSION LIMITED FOR
THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021**

The preparation of financial statements of POWERGRID Fatehgarh Transmission Limited for the year ended 31 March 2021 in accordance with the financial reporting framework prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013(Act) is the responsibility of the management of the company. The statutory auditor appointed by the Comptroller and Auditor General of India under section 139(5) of the Act is responsible for expressing opinion on the financial statements under section 143 of the Act based on independent audit in accordance with the standards on auditing prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act. This is stated to have been done by them vide their Audit Report dated 3 June 2021.

I, on behalf of the Comptroller and Auditor General of India, have decided not to conduct the supplementary audit of the financial statements of POWERGRID Fatehgarh Transmission Limited for the year ended 31 March 2021 under Section 143(6)(a) of the Act.

For and on behalf of the
Comptroller & Auditor General of India



(D. K. Sekar)

**Director General of Audit (Energy),
Delhi**

**Place: New Delhi
Dated: 27 July 2021**



Form No. MR-3
Secretarial Audit
Report

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH, 2021

[Pursuant to section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule No.9 of the Companies(Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To,
The Members,
POWERGRID FATEHGARH TRANSMISSION LIMITED
B-9, Qutab Institutional Area, Katwaria Sarai,
New Delhi - 110016

*I have conducted the secretarial audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by **POWERGRID FATEHGARH TRANSMISSION LIMITED [CIN:U40300DL2019GOI346583]** (hereinafter called the company). It is wholly owned subsidiary company of **POWERGRID CORPORATION OF INDIA LIMITED** (a Government of India Enterprise). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided me a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts / statutory compliances and expressing my opinion thereon.

Based on my verification of POWERGRID Fatehgarh Transmission Limited books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, I hereby report that in my opinion, the company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended on March 31, 2021 complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-processes and compliance-mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

I have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by POWERGRID Fatehgarh Transmission Limited for the financial year ended on March 31, 2021 according to the provisions of The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the Rules made there under

As confirmed and certified by the management, following law is specifically applicable to the Company based on the Sectors /Businesses viz:

The Electricity Act, 2003 and Rules and Regulations made there under.

I have also examined compliance with the applicable Clauses/Regulations of Secretarial Standards issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India (ICSI).





During the period under review as confirmed by the Management the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards etc. mentioned above.

I Further report that,

The Board of Directors is duly constituted with proper balance of Directors. The changes in the composition of the Board of Directors that took place during the period under review were carried out in compliance with the provisions of the Act.

The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of POWER GRID CORPORATION OF INDIA LIMITED. Hence is exempted from applicability of Section 177 and section 178 of the Companies act, 2013 read with Rule 4(1)(2) of the Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Amendment Rules, 2017 dated 5th July, 2017 and 13th July 2017. Being Government Company, provisions of Section 203 of the Companies Act, 2013 shall not apply with respect to appointment of Managing Director, Chief Executive officer or Manager and in their absence a whole time Director of the Company vide Ministry of Corporate Affairs Notification dated 5th June, 2015

Adequate notice is given to all directors to schedule the Board Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance, and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting. However, the 1st Annual General Meeting for the year 2020 was held on 15th September, 2020 with a shorter notice after obtaining the consent for the same from all the members.

Decisions were carried unanimously during the period under review.

I further report that according to the information and explanation given to us, there are adequate systems and processes in the company commensurate with the size and operations of the company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines

I further report that during the period under review

- Mr. Rajeev Kumar Chauhan (DIN- 02018931), Mr. Ram Naresh Singh (DIN- 08358723), Mr. Pramod Kumar (DIN- 08132119) and Mr. Deepak Kumar Singh (DIN- 06503565) were regularized as directors in the 1st Annual General Meeting of the Company held on 15th September, 2020. Mr. Abhay Chaudhary (DIN- 07388432), Mr. P. V. Nath (DIN- 09052078) and Mr. A. K. Mishra (DIN- 09054314) were appointed as Additional Directors of the Company w.e.f. 08th December, 2020, 8th February, 2021, 22nd February, 2021 respectively.






- Mr. Rajeev Kumar Chauhan (DIN- 02018931), Mr. Ram Naresh Singh (DIN- 08358723) and Mr. Deepak Kumar Singh (DIN- 06503565) resigned from the directorship of the company w.e.f. 31st October, 2020, 15th January, 2021 and 31st January, 2021 respectively.

- The Authorised Share Capital of the Company was increased from ₹ 1,00,000/- (Rupees One Lakh Only) divided into 10,000 Equity Shares of ₹10/- each to ₹ 141,00,00,000/- (Rupees One Hundred Forty-One Crore Only) divided into 14,10,00,000/- Equity Shares of ₹10/- each..

- Company has allotted 11,34,00,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each on right share basis to POWER GRID Corporation of India Limited (Holding Company).

ARVIND KOHLI & ASSOCIATES
Company Secretaries


(ARVIND KOHLI)

PROPRIETOR

CP: 2818; M.No: 4434



Place: Gurugram

Date: 27TH August, 2021

UDIN No.: F004434C000885248

*Disclaimer Note: During this challenging time of COVID 19 outbreak this "Secretarial Audit Report" has been undertaken to the best of my capability based on of e verification of scans, soft copies, information, confirmations, records and documents made available to us by the management

Note: This report is to be read with our letter of even date which is annexed as **Annexure-A** and forms an integral part of this report.



To,

Annexure - A

The Members,

POWERGRID FATEHGARH TRNSMISSION LIMITED

B-9, Qutab Institutional Area, Katwaria Sarai,

New Delhi - 110016

Our Report of even date is to be read along with this letter.

1. Maintenance of secretarial record is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.
2. We have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the secretarial records. The verification was done on the random test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. We believe that the processes and practices, we followed provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.
3. We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the Company.
4. Where ever required, we have obtained the Management representation about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events etc.
5. The compliance of the provisions of Corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards is the responsibility of management. Our examination was limited to the verification of procedures on test basis.
6. The Secretarial Audit report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company

ARVIND KOHLI & ASSOCIATES

Company Secretaries

Arvind Kohli

(ARVIND KOHLI)

PROPRIETOR

CP: 2818; M.No: 4434

Place: Gurugram

Date: 27TH August, 2021

UDIN No.: F004434C000885248





Krishan Karan & Associates

Chartered Accountants

Compliance Certificate

We have conducted the audit of annual stand-alone accounts **POWERGRID FATEHGARH TRANSMISSION LIMITED** (Erstwhile Known as Fatehgarh II Transco Limited) ("the Company"), for the year ended 31st March, 2021 in accordance with the directions / sub - directions issued by the C&AG of India under section 143(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 and certify that we have complied with all the direction/Sub-directions issued to us.

For Krishan Karan & Associates

Chartered Accountants

ICAI FRN: 000821N

KARAN

AGGARWAL

(CA Karan Aggarwal)

Partner

Membership No.- 501310

Digitally signed by
KARAN AGGARWAL

Date: 2021.06.03
19:25:16 +05'30'

Place: New Delhi

Date: 03.06.2021

UDIN-**21501310AAAAGO3776**



Krishan Karan & Associates

Chartered Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of **POWERGRID FATEHGARH TRANSMISSION LIMITED** (Erstwhile Known as Fatehgarh II Transco Limited)

Report on the IND-AS Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying IND-AS Financial Statements of **POWERGRID FATEHGARH TRANSMISSION LIMITED** (Erstwhile Known as Fatehgarh II Transco Limited) ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2021 and the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Cash Flow Statement and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid IND-AS financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the company as at 31st March 2021, its profit including other comprehensive income, its changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Key Audit Matters

We have determined that there are no key audit matters to communicate in our report.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the

Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules there under, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.



Krishan Karan & Associates

Chartered Accountants

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these IND-AS financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards ("IND-AS") prescribed under Section 133 of the Act, read with relevant rules issued there under.

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the IND-AS financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these IND-AS financial statements based on our audit.

We have taken into account the provisions of the Act, the accounting and auditing standards and matters which are required to be included in the audit report under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made there under and the Order issued under section 143 (11) of the Act.

We conducted our audit of the IND-AS financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the IND-AS financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and the disclosures in the IND-AS financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the IND-AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal financial control relevant to the Company's preparation of the IND-AS financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by the Company's Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the IND-AS financial statements.



Krishan Karan & Associates

Chartered Accountants

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the IND-AS financial statements.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, we give in "**Annexure "A"**" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
2. In terms of sub section (5) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013, we give in the **Annexure "B"** a statement on the directions issued under the aforesaid section by the Comptroller and Auditor General of India.
3. As required by Section 143 (3) of the Act, we report that:
 - a. We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - b. In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - c. The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
 - d. In our opinion, the aforesaid IND-AS Financial Statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act, read with the relevant rules issued thereunder.
 - e. Being a Subsidiary of a Government Company, Section 164(2) of the Act pertaining to disqualification of Directors are not applicable to the Company.



Krishan Karan & Associates

Chartered Accountants

- f. With respect to the adequacy of the Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting of the Company and the Operating Effectiveness of such Controls, refer to our separate report in **Annexure "C"**.
- g. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
- i. The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its Financial Position.
 - ii. The Company did not have any Long-Term Contracts including Derivative Contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

For Krishan Karan & Associates

Chartered Accountants

ICAI FRN: 000821N

KARAN

AGGARWAL

Digitally signed by
KARAN AGGARWAL

Date: 2021.06.03
19:26:41 +05'30'

(CA Karan Aggarwal)

Partner

Membership No.- 501310

Place: New Delhi

Date: 03.06.2021

UDIN-**21501310AAAAGO3776**



Krishan Karan & Associates

Chartered Accountants

Annexure – “A”

As referred to in our Independent Auditors' Report to the members of the **POWERGRID FATEHGARH TRANSMISSION LIMITED**(Erstwhile Known as Fatehgarh II Transco Limited)("the Company"), on the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31st March, 2021, we report that:

(i) The company does not hold any land as on 31.03.2021 hence clause (ii) of paragraph 3 of the order is not applicable.

(ii) The company does not hold any inventories as on 31.03.2021 hence clause (ii) of paragraph 3 of the order is not applicable.

(iii) The Company has not granted any Loans secured or unsecured to companies, firms or other parties Covered in the Register maintained under section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013.

(iv) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not given any loans, investments guarantees and securities. Accordingly clause 3(iv) of the Order is not applicable.

(v) The company has not accepted any deposits from Public and hence the directives issued by the Reserve Bank of India and the provisions of sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the act and the Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 2015 with regard to the deposits accepted from the public are not applicable.

(vi) There is no such Cost Records specified by Central Government u/s 148 of the Companies Act, 2013.

(vii) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues with appropriate authorities including Income Tax, Sales Tax, Service Tax, Duty of Custom, Duty of Excise, Value Added Tax, Cess and other statutory dues applicable to the Company and that there are no undisputed statutory dues outstanding as at 31st March, 2021 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.

(b) Based on our audit and explanations given to us, there are no disputed dues of Duty of Customs or Duty of Excise of Sales Tax which have not been deposited.

(viii) According to the information and explanations given to us, the company has not taken any loan from any financial institution or bank or debenture holders, hence clause (viii) of paragraph 3 of the order is not applicable.

(ix) The company has not raised Money by way of IPO & FPO including debt instruments. However, Loan from holding Company are applied for the purposes for which they are raised.



Krishan Karan & Associates

Chartered Accountants

(x) Based on our audit Procedures performed and the information and explanations given by the management, we report that no fraud by the company or on the company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the year.

(xi) Based on our audit Procedures performed and the information and explanations given by the management, Managerial Remuneration & Other Payments relating to Staff are made from Holding Co. Hence clause (xi) of paragraph 3 of the order is Not Applicable.

(xii) The company is not a Nidhi company as prescribed U/s 406 of the act. Accordingly clause (xii) of paragraph 3 of the order is not applicable.

(xiii) All transactions with the "Related Parties" in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 are disclosed.

(xiv) The Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year under review.

(xv) Based on our audit Procedures performed and the information and explanations given by the management, the company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him.

(xvi) The Co. is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 as the Co. is not a NBFC.

For Krishan Karan & Associates

Chartered Accountants

ICAI FRN: 000821N

KARAN

AGGARWAL

(CA Karan Aggarwal)

Partner

Membership No.- 501310

Digitally signed by
KARAN AGGARWAL

Date: 2021.06.03

19:28:05 +05'30'

Place: New Delhi

Date: 03.06.2021

UDIN-**21501310AAAAGO3776**



Krishan Karan & Associates

Chartered Accountants

Annexure – “B”

As referred to in our Independent Auditors' Report to the Members of the **POWERGRID FATEHGARH TRANSMISSION LIMITED**(Erstwhile Known as Fatehgarh II Transco Limited)("the Company"), on the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31st March 2021, we Report that:

| Sl. No. | Directions | Auditor's reply on action taken on the directions | Impact on financial statement |
|---------|--|---|-------------------------------|
| 1. | Whether the Company has system in place to process all the accounting transactions through IT system? If yes, the implications of processing of accounting transactions outside IT system on the integrity of the accounts along with the financial implications, if any, may be stated. | The company is having ERP system (SAP) in the place of processing all accounting transaction. No accounting transaction is being recorded/ processed otherwise than the ERP system in place. | Nil |
| 2. | Whether there is any restructuring of an existing loan or cases of waiver/ write off of debts/loans/interest etc. made by a lender to the company due to the company's inability to repay the loan? If yes, the financial impact may be stated. | As explained to us, there are no cases of restructuring of an existing loan or cases of waiver/ write off of debts/loan/interest etc. made by a lender to the company due to the company's inability to repay the loan. | Nil |
| 3. | Whether funds received/receivable for specific schemes from Central/State agencies were properly accounted for/ utilized as per its term and conditions? List the cases of deviation. | As per the information and explanation given to us, no funds from Central/State agencies were received/ receivable for specific schemes during the financial year by the company. | Nil |

For Krishan Karan & Associates

Chartered Accountants

ICAI FRN: 000821N

KARAN

AGGARWAL

Digitally signed by
KARAN AGGARWAL

Date: 2021.06.03

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(CA Karan Aggarwal)

Partner

Membership No.- 501310

Place: New Delhi

Date: 03.06.2021

UDIN-**21501310AAAAGO3776**



Krishan Karan & Associates

Chartered Accountants

ANNEXURE - "C"

As referred to in our Independent Auditors' Report to the members of the **POWERGRID FATEHGARH TRANSMISSION LIMITED** (Erstwhile Known as Fatehgarh II Transco Limited) ("the Company"), on the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2021

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the act")

We have audited the Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting of the company as at 31st March 2021 in conjunction with our audit of the Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining Internal Financial Control based on "the Internal Control over Financial Reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI)". These responsibilities include the Design, Implementation and Maintenance of Adequate Internal Financial Controls that were Operating Effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of business, including adherence to Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the Prevention and Detection of Frauds and Errors, the accuracy and completeness of the Accounting Records, and the Timely Preparation of Reliable Financial Information, as required under the Act.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Control over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.



Krishan Karan & Associates

Chartered Accountants

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the Internal Financial Controls System over Financial Reporting and their Operating Effectiveness. Our audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting included obtaining an understanding of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of Internal Control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the Auditor's Judgement, including the Assessment of the Risks of Material Misstatement of the Financial Statements, whether due to Fraud or Error.

We believe that the Audit Evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's Internal Financial Controls System over Financial Reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's Internal Financial Control over Financial Reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of Financial Statements for External Purposes in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles. A company's Internal Financial Control over Financial Reporting includes those policies and procedures that:

- (1) Pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company;
- (2) Provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of Financial Statements in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and
- (3) Provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the Company's Assets that could have a material effect on the Financial Statements.



Krishan Karan & Associates

Chartered Accountants

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial controls over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate Internal Financial Controls System over Financial Reporting and such Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting were operating effectively as at 31st March 2021, based on "the Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of Internal Control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India."

For Krishan Karan & Associates

Chartered Accountants

ICAI FRN: 000821N

KARAN

AGGARWAL

(CA Karan Aggarwal)

Partner

Membership No.- 501310

Digitally signed by
KARAN AGGARWAL

Date: 2021.06.03
19:30:00 +05'30'

Place: New Delhi

Date: 03.06.2021

UDIN-**21501310AAAAGO3776**

POWERGRID FATEHAGRH TRANSMISSION LIMITED
(Erstwhile FATEHGARH II TRANSCO LIMITED)
CIN : U40300DL2019GOI346583
B-9, Qutab Institutional Area, Katwaria Sarai, New Delhi-110016.
Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2021

(₹ in Lakh)

| | Particulars | Note | As at 31st March 2021 | As at 31st March 2020 |
|-------------|---|-----------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| A | ASSETS | | | |
| 1 | Non-current assets | | | |
| | (a) Capital work in progress | <u>4</u> | 61,663.81 | 14,549.05 |
| | (b) Other non-current assets | <u>5</u> | 440.13 | 3,084.46 |
| | (c) Deferred tax Asset | <u>6</u> | 0.04 | 0.04 |
| | | | 62,103.98 | 17,633.55 |
| 2 | Current assets | | | |
| | (a) Financial Assets | | | |
| | (i) Cash and cash equivalents | <u>7</u> | 38.78 | 18.30 |
| | (ii) Other current financial assets | <u>8</u> | - | 0.03 |
| | | | 38.78 | 18.33 |
| | TOTAL ASSETS | | 62,142.76 | 17,651.88 |
| B | EQUITY AND LIABILITIES | | | |
| 1 | Equity | | | |
| | (a) Equity Share Capital | <u>9</u> | 11,341.00 | 1.00 |
| | (b) Other Equity | <u>10</u> | (0.09) | (0.09) |
| | | | 11,340.91 | 0.91 |
| 2 | Liabilities | | | |
| (i) | Non-current liabilities | | | |
| | (a) Financial Liabilities | | | |
| | (i) Borrowings | <u>11</u> | 44,685.67 | 14,678.92 |
| | (b) other non-current liabilities | <u>12</u> | 50.00 | - |
| | | | 44,735.67 | 14,678.92 |
| (ii) | Current liabilities | | | |
| | (a) Financial liabilities | | | |
| | (i) Other current financial liabilities | <u>13</u> | 5,894.57 | 2,771.59 |
| | (b) Other current liabilities | <u>14</u> | 171.61 | 200.46 |
| | | | 6,066.18 | 2,972.05 |
| | TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES | | 62,142.76 | 17,651.88 |

The accompanying Notes (1 to 38) form an Integral Part of Financial Statements
As per our report on even date.

For Krishan Karan & Associates
Chartered Accountants,
Firm Regn No. 000821N

**KARAN
AGGARWAL**

Digitally signed by
KARAN AGGARWAL
Date: 2021.06.03
16:08:49 +05'30'

KARAN AGGARWAL
Partner
Mem. No.501310
Place : New Delhi
Date: 03/06/2021

For & On Behalf of The Board Of Directors.

**Abhay
Choudhary**
Digitally signed
by Abhay
Choudhary
Date: 2021.06.03
15:23:13 +05'30'
ABHAY CHOUDHARY
(Chairman)
DIN: 7388432
Place: Gurugram
Date: 03/06/21

**AWADHESH
KUMAR
MISHRA**
Digitally signed by
AWADHESH KUMAR
MISHRA
Date: 2021.06.03
15:20:44 +05'30'
A.K.MISHRA
(Director)
DIN: 9054314
Place: Faridabad
Date: 03/06/21

**VIMLA
BHANDARI**
Digitally signed by
VIMLA BHANDARI
Date: 2021.06.03
15:18:36 +05'30'
VIMLA BHANDARI
(Chief Financial Officer)
Place : Gurugram
Date : 03/06/21

POWERGRID FATEHAGRH TRANSMISSION LIMITED
(Erstwhile FATEHGARH II TRANSCO LIMITED)

CIN : U40300DL2019GOI346583

B-9, Qutab Institutional Area, Katwaria Sarai, New Delhi-110016.

Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31st March, 2021

(₹ in Lakh)

| Sl. No. | Particulars | Note | For the Year ended 31st March 2021 | For the period 26th February 2019 to 31st March 2020 |
|---------|---|--------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| I | Other Income | 15 | - | - |
| II | Total Income | | - | - |
| III | EXPENSES | | | |
| | Finance Costs | 16 | - | - |
| | Other Expenses | 17 | - | 0.13 |
| VI | Total Expenses | | - | 0.13 |
| V | Profit/(Loss) Before Tax (III- IV) | | - | (0.13) |
| VI | Tax Expense: | | | |
| | (1) Deferred Tax | | - | (0.04) |
| | Total Tax Expense | | - | (0.04) |
| VII | Profit for the Period (V-VI) | | - | (0.09) |
| VIII | Total Comprehensive Income for the period | | - | (0.09) |
| IX | Earnings per Equity Share (Par Value ₹ 10 each) | | | |
| | (1) Basic (₹) | | - | (0.94) |
| | (2) Diluted (₹) | | - | (0.94) |

The accompanying Notes (1 to 38) form an Integral Part of Financial Statements

As per our report on even date.

For Krishan Karan & Associates
Chartered Accountants,
Firm Regn No. 000821N

KARAN

AGGARWAL

KARAN AGGARWAL

Partner

Mem. No. 501310

Place : New Delhi

Date: 03/06/2021

Digitally signed by
KARAN AGGARWAL
Date: 2021.06.03
16:09:57 +05'30'

Abhay
Choudhary
ABHAY CHOUDHARY
(Chairman)
DIN: 7388432
Place: Gurugram
Date: 03/06/21

Digitally signed by
Abhay
Choudhary
Date: 2021.06.03 15:23:40
+05'30'

For & On Behalf of The Board Of Directors.

AWADHESH KUMAR
MISHRA
A.K.MISHRA
(Director)
DIN: 9054314
Place: Faridabad
Date: 03/06/21

VIMLA
BHANDARI
VIMLA BHANDARI
(Chief Financial Officer)
Place : Gurugram
Date : 03/06/21

Digitally signed by
VIMLA BHANDARI
Date: 2021.06.03
15:18:59 +05'30'

POWERGRID FATEHAGRH TRANSMISSION LIMITED
(Erstwhile FATEHGARH II TRANSCO LIMITED)
CIN : U40300DL2019GOI346583

Registered Office: B-9, Qutab Institutional Area, Katwaria Sarai, New Delhi – 110016

Statement of Cash flows for the year ended 31st March, 2021

(₹ in Lakh)

| Sl. No. | Particulars | For the Year ended 31st March 2021 | For the period 26th February 2019 to 31st March 2020 |
|----------|--|------------------------------------|--|
| A | CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES | | |
| | Profit Before Tax | - | (0.13) |
| | Net Cash from Operating Activities | - | (0.13) |
| B | CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES | | |
| | Capital work in progress (including advances of capital expenditure) | (42,330.66) | (17,472.58) |
| | Adjustment for Changes in Assets and Liabilities | 3,144.16 | 2,972.02 |
| | Net Cash used in Investing Activities | (39,186.50) | (14,500.56) |
| C | CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES | | |
| | Issue of Shares | 11,340.00 | 1.00 |
| | Interest on Loan Paid | (2,139.77) | (160.93) |
| | Proceeds from Borrowings | 30,006.75 | 14,678.92 |
| | Net Cash used in Financing Activities | 39,206.98 | 14,518.99 |
| D | Net change in Cash and Cash equivalents (A+B+C) | 20.48 | 18.30 |
| E | Cash and Cash equivalents (Opening balance) | 18.30 | - |
| F | Cash and Cash equivalents (Closing balance) (Refer Note 7) | 38.78 | 18.30 |

Certified as true and correct compilation of Audited financial statement by the management.

Further Notes

Note 1 - Cash and cash equivalents consist of balances with banks.

Note 2 - Previous Year Figures have been re-grouped/re-arranged wherever necessary.

The accompanying Notes (1 to 38) form an Integral Part of Financial Statements

As per our report on even date.

For Krishan Karan & Associates

Chartered Accountants,

Firm Regn No. 000821N

KARAN AGGARWAL
Digitally signed by
KARAN AGGARWAL
Date: 2021.06.03
16:10:30 +05'30'

KARAN AGGARWAL

Partner

Mem. No. 501310

Place : New Delhi

Date: 03/06/2021

Abhay Choudhary For & On Behalf of The Board Of Directors.

Digitally signed by
Abhay Choudhary
Date: 2021.06.03
15:24:04 +05'30'
ABHAY CHOUDHARY
(Chairman)
DIN: 7388432
Place: Gurugram
Date: 03/06/21

AWADHESH KUMAR MISHRA
Digitally signed by **AWADHESH KUMAR MISHRA**
Date: 2021.06.03 15:22:01 +05'30'
A.K.MISHRA
(Director)
DIN: 9054314
Place: Faridabad
Date: 03/06/21

VIMLA BHANDARI
Digitally signed by
VIMLA BHANDARI
Date: 2021.06.03
15:19:17 +05'30'
VIMLA BHANDARI
(Chief Financial Officer)
Place : Gurugram
Date : 03/06/21

POWERGRID FATEHGARH TRANSMISSION LIMITED
(Erstwhile FATEHGARH II TRANSCO LIMITED)
CIN : U40300DL2019GOI346583
Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31st March, 2021

A. Equity Share Capital

| Particulars | (₹ in Lakh) |
|---------------------------------|-------------|
| As at 01st April 2020 | 1.00 |
| Changes in equity share capital | 11,340.00 |
| As at 31st March 2021 | 11,341.00 |

| Particulars | (₹ in Lakh) |
|---------------------------------|-------------|
| As at 26th Feb 2019 | - |
| Changes in equity share capital | 1.00 |
| As at 31st March 2020 | 1.00 |

| B. Other Equity | (₹ in Lakh) |
|---|---|
| Particulars | Reserves and Surplus Retained Earnings |
| As at 01st April 2020 | (0.09) |
| Total Comprehensive Income for the Period | - |
| As at 31st March 2021 | (0.09) |

| Particulars | Reserves and Surplus Retained Earnings |
|---|---|
| As at 26th Feb 2019 | - |
| Total Comprehensive Income for the Period | (0.09) |
| As at 31st March 2020 | (0.09) |

The accompanying Notes (1 to 38) form an Integral Part of Financial Statements
Refer to Note 10 for Nature & Movement of Other Equity.
As per our report on even date.

For Krishan Karan & Associates
Chartered Accountants,
Firm Regn No. 000821N

KARAN AGGARWAL
Digitally signed by
KARAN AGGARWAL
Date: 2021.06.03
16:10:58 +05'30'

KARAN AGGARWAL
Partner
Mem. No. 501310
Place : New Delhi
Date: 03/06/2021

Abhay Choudhary
Digitally signed by
Abhay Choudhary
Date: 2021.06.03
15:24:31 +05'30'

ABHAY CHOUDHARY
(Chairman)
DIN: 7388432
Place: Gurugram
Date: 03/06/21

VIMLA BHANDARI
Digitally signed by
VIMLA BHANDARI
Date: 2021.06.03
15:19:33 +05'30'

VIMLA BHANDARI
(Chief Financial Officer)
Place : Gurugram
Date : 03/06/21

AWADHESH KUMAR MISHRA
Digitally signed by AWADHESH
KUMAR MISHRA
Date: 2021.06.03 15:22:23 +05'30'

A.K.MISHRA
(Director)
DIN: 9054314
Place: Faridabad
Date: 03/06/21

Notes to Financial Statements

1. Corporate & General Information

POWERGRID FATEHGARH TRANSMISSION LIMITED (Erstwhile Known as Fatehgarh II Transco Limited) ("the Company") is a public company domiciled and incorporated in India under the provisions of Companies Act and a wholly owned subsidiary of Power Grid Corporation of India Limited. The registered office of the Company is situated at B-9, Qutab Institutional Area, Katwaria Sarai, New Delhi-110 016, India.

The company is engaged in business of Power Systems Network, construction, operation and maintenance of transmission lines and other related allied activities.

The Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended 31st March, 2021 were approved for issue by the Board of Directors on 3rd June, 2021.

2. Significant Accounting Policies

A summary of the significant accounting policies applied in the preparation of the financial statements are as given below. These accounting policies have been applied consistently to all periods presented in the financial statements.

2.1 Basis of Preparation

i) Compliance with Ind AS

The financial statements are prepared in compliance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act), Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 (to the extent notified), The Companies Act, 1956 and the provisions of Electricity Act, 2003, in each case, to the extent applicable and as amended thereafter.

ii) Basis of Measurement

The financial statements have been prepared on accrual basis and under the historical cost convention except certain financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value (Refer Note no. 2.11 for accounting policy regarding financial instruments).

iii) Functional and presentation currency

The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (Rupees or ₹), which is the Company's functional and presentation currency and all amounts are rounded to the nearest lakh and two decimals thereof, except as stated otherwise.

iv) Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements requires estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Although, such estimates and assumptions are made on a reasonable and prudent basis taking into account all available information, actual results could differ from these estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision effects only that period or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future years (refer Note no. 3 on critical accounting estimates, assumptions and judgments).

v) Current and non-current classification

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/non-current classification.

An asset is current when it is:

- Expected to be realized or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle;
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- Expected to be realized within twelve months after the reporting period; or
- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.
- All other assets are classified as non-current.
- A liability is current when:
 - It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle;
 - It is held primarily for the purpose of trading;
 - It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period; or
 - There is no unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

Deferred tax assets/liabilities are classified as non-current.

The Company recognizes twelve months period as its operating cycle.

2.2 Property, Plant and Equipment

Initial Recognition and Measurement

Property, Plant and Equipment is initially measured at cost of acquisition/construction including any costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management. After initial recognition, Property, Plant and Equipment is carried at cost less accumulated depreciation / amortisation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Property, Plant and Equipment acquired as replacement of the existing assets are capitalized and its corresponding replaced assets removed/ retired from active use are derecognized.

If the cost of the replaced part or earlier inspection component is not available, the estimated cost of similar new parts/inspection component is used as an indication of what the cost of the existing part/ inspection component was when the item was acquired or inspection was carried out.

In the case of commissioned assets, where final settlement of bills with contractors is yet to be effected, capitalization is done on provisional basis subject to necessary adjustments in the year of final settlement.

Transmission system assets are considered as ready for intended use after meeting the conditions for commercial operation as stipulated in Transmission Service Agreement (TSA) and capitalized accordingly.

The cost of land includes provisional deposits, payments/liabilities towards compensation, rehabilitation and other expenses wherever possession of land is taken.

Expenditure on leveling, clearing and grading of land is capitalized as part of cost of the related buildings.

Spares parts whose cost is ₹5,00,000/- and above, standby equipment and servicing equipment which meets the recognition criteria of Property, Plant and Equipment are capitalized.

Subsequent costs

Subsequent expenditure is recognized as an increase in carrying amount of assets when it is probable that future economic benefits deriving from the cost incurred will flow to the company and cost of the item can be measured reliably.

The cost of replacing part of an item of Property, Plant and Equipment is recognized in the carrying amount of the item if it is probable that future economic benefit embodied within the part will flow to the company and its cost can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognized. The costs of the day-to-day servicing of property, plant and equipment are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss as incurred.

Derecognition

An item of Property, Plant and Equipment is derecognized when no future economic benefits are expected from their use or upon disposal.

The gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss on the date of disposal or retirement.

2.3 Capital Work-In-Progress (CWIP)

Cost of material, erection charges and other expenses incurred for the construction of Property, Plant and Equipment are shown as CWIP based on progress of erection work till the date of capitalization.

Expenditure of office and Projects, directly attributable to construction of property, plant and equipment are identified and allocated on a systematic basis to the cost of the related assets.

Interest during construction and expenditure (net) allocated to construction as per policy above are kept as a separate item under CWIP and apportioned to the assets being capitalized in proportion to the closing balance of CWIP.

Unsettled liability for price variation/exchange rate variation in case of contracts is accounted for on estimated basis as per terms of the contracts.

2.4 Intangible Assets and Intangible Assets under development

Intangible assets are measured on initial recognition at cost. After initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses.

Subsequent expenditure on already capitalized Intangible assets is capitalised when it increases the future economic benefits embodied in an existing asset and is amortised prospectively.

The cost of software(which is not an integral part of the related hardware) acquired for internal use and resulting in significant future economic benefits is recognized as an intangible asset when the same is ready for its use.

Afforestation charges for acquiring right-of-way for laying transmission lines are accounted for as intangible assets on the date of capitalization of related transmission lines.

Expenditure on development shall be recognised as Intangible asset if it meets the eligibility criteria as per Ind AS 38 'Intangible Assets', otherwise it shall be recognised as an expense.

Expenditure incurred, eligible for capitalization under the head Intangible Assets, are carried as "Intangible Assets under Development" till such assets are ready for their intended use.

An item of Intangible asset is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss when the asset is derecognised.

2.5 Depreciation/ Amortisation

Property, Plant & Equipment

Depreciation/ Amortisation on the items of Property, Plant and Equipment related to transmission business is provided on straight line method based on the useful life specified in Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013 except for the following items of property, plant and equipment on which depreciation is provided based on estimated useful life as per technical assessment and considering the terms of Transmission Service Agreement entered with Long Term Transmission Customers.

| Particulars | Useful life |
|------------------------------------|-------------|
| a. Computers & Peripherals | 3 Years |
| b. Servers & Network Components | 5 years |
| c. Buildings (RCC frame structure) | 35 years |
| d. Transmission line | 35 years |
| e. Substation Equipment | 35 years |

Depreciation on spares parts, standby equipment and servicing equipment which are capitalized, is provided on straight line method from the date they are available for use over the remaining useful life of the related assets of transmission business.

Mobile phones are charged off in the year of purchase.

Residual value is considered as 5% of the Original Cost for all items of Property, Plant and Equipment in line with Companies Act, 2013 except for Computers and Peripherals and Servers and Network Components for which residual value is considered as Nil.

Property, plant and equipment costing ₹5,000/- or less, are fully depreciated in the year of acquisition.

Where the cost of depreciable property, plant and equipment has undergone a change due to increase/decrease in long term monetary items on account of exchange rate fluctuation, price adjustment, change in duties or similar factors, the unamortized balance of such asset is depreciated prospectively.

Depreciation on additions to/ deductions from Property, Plant and Equipment during the year is charged on pro-rata basis from/up to the date on which the asset is available for use/disposed.

The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation for items of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year-end and adjusted prospectively, wherever required.

Right of Use Assets:

Right of Use assets are fully depreciated from the lease commencement date on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Leasehold land is fully amortized over lease period or life of the related plant whichever is lower. Leasehold land acquired on perpetual lease is not amortized.

Intangible Assets

Cost of software capitalized as intangible asset is amortized over the period of legal right to use or 3 years, whichever is less with Nil residual value.

Afforestation charges are amortized over thirty-five years from the date of capitalization of related transmission assets following the straight line method, with Nil Residual Value.

Amortisation on additions to/deductions from Intangible Assets during the year is charged on pro-rata basis from/up to the date on which the asset is available for use/disposed.

The amortization period and the amortization method for intangible assets is reviewed at each financial year-end and are accounted for as change in accounting estimates in accordance with Ind AS 8 "Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors".

2.6 Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition or construction of qualifying assets are capitalized (net of income on temporary deployment of funds) as part of the cost of such assets till the assets are ready for the intended use. Qualifying assets are assets which take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which they are incurred.

2.7 Impairment of non-financial assets

The carrying amounts of the Company's non-financial assets are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment considering the provisions of Ind AS 36 'Impairment of Assets'. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated.

The recoverable amount of an asset or cash-generating unit is the higher of its fair value less costs to disposal and its value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted. For the purpose of impairment testing, assets that cannot be tested individually are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or groups of assets (the "cash-generating unit", or "CGU").

An impairment loss is recognized if the carrying amount of an asset or its CGU exceeds its estimated recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognized in the statement of profit and loss. Impairment losses recognized in respect of CGUs are reduced from the carrying amounts of the assets of the CGU.

Impairment losses recognized in prior periods are assessed at each reporting date for any indications that the loss has decreased or no longer exists. An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortization, if no impairment loss had been recognized.

2.8 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand and at bank, and deposits held at call with banks having a maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

2.9 Inventories

Inventories are valued at lower of the cost, determined on weighted average basis or net realizable value.

Steel scrap and conductor scrap are valued at estimated realizable value or book value, whichever is less.

Spares which do not meet the recognition criteria as Property, Plant and Equipment, including spare parts whose cost is less than ₹5,00,000/- are recorded as inventories.

Surplus materials as determined by the management are held for intended use and are included in the inventory.

The diminution in the value of obsolete, unserviceable and surplus stores and spares is ascertained on review and provided for.

2.10 Leases

Lease is a contract that conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Company assesses whether: (i) the contract involves use of an identified assets, (ii) the customer has substantially all the economic benefits from the use of the asset through the period of the lease and (iii) the customer has the right to direct the use of the asset.

i) As a Lessor

A lease is classified at the inception date as a finance lease or an operating lease.

a) Finance leases

A lease that transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset is classified as a finance lease.

Net investment in leased assets is recorded at the lower of the fair value of the leased property and the present value of the minimum lease payments as Lease Receivables under current and non-current other financial assets.

The interest element of lease is accounted in the Statement of Profit and Loss over the lease period based on a pattern reflecting a constant periodic rate of return on the net investment.

b) Operating leases

An operating lease is a lease other than a finance lease. Leases in which a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases.

For operating leases, the asset is capitalized as property, plant and equipment and depreciated over its economic life. Rental income from operating lease is recognized over the term of the arrangement.

ii) As a Lessee

At the date of commencement of the lease, the Company recognises a right-of-use asset (ROU) and a corresponding lease liability for all lease arrangements in which it is a lessee, except for lease with a term of twelve months or less (i.e. short term leases) and leases for which the underlying asset is of low value. For these short-term and leases for which the underlying asset is of low value, the Company recognizes the lease payments on straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

Certain lease arrangements includes the options to extend or terminate the lease before the end of the lease term. ROU assets and lease liabilities includes these options when it is reasonably certain that they will be exercised.

The right-of-use assets are initially recognized at cost, which comprises the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the inception date of the lease along with any initial direct costs, restoration obligations and lease incentives received.

Subsequently, the right-of-use assets is measured at cost less any accumulated depreciation, accumulated impairment losses, if any and adjusted for any remeasurement of the lease liability. The Company applies Ind AS 36 to determine whether a ROU asset is impaired and accounts for any identified impairment loss as described in the accounting policy 2.7 on "Impairment of non-financial assets".

The lease liability is initially measured at present value of the lease payments that are not paid at that date.

The interest cost on lease liability is expensed in the Statement of Profit and Loss, unless eligible for capitalization as per accounting policy 2.6 on "Borrowing costs".

Lease liability and ROU asset have been separately presented in the financial statements and lease payments have been classified as financing cash flows.

2.11 Financial instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

Financial Assets

Financial assets of the Company comprise cash and cash equivalents, bank balances, security deposit, claims recoverable etc.

Classification

The Company classifies its financial assets in the following categories:

- at amortised cost,

- at fair value through other comprehensive income

The classification depends on the following:

- the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and
- the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset

Initial recognition and measurement

All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value plus, in the case of financial assets not recorded at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs, if any, that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset.

Subsequent measurement

Debt Instruments at Amortised cost: Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortised cost. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at amortised cost is recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised or impaired. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest rate method.

Debt Instruments at Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI): Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows and for selling the financial assets, where the assets' cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest, are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI).). On derecognition of the asset, cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in OCI is reclassified from the equity to profit and loss. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest rate method.

De-recognition of financial assets

A financial asset is derecognized only when

- i) The right to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or
- ii) a) The company has transferred the rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset (or) retains the contractual rights to receive the cash flows of the financial assets, but assumes a contractual obligation to pay the cash flows to one or more recipients and
 - b) the company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset (or) the company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

The difference between the carrying amount and the amount of consideration received/receivable is recognised in the statement of Profit and Loss.

Impairment of financial assets:

For trade receivables and unbilled revenue, the company applies the simplified approach required by Ind AS 109 Financial Instruments, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised from initial recognition of the receivables.

For recognition of impairment loss on other financial assets and risk exposure, the company determines whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition. If credit risk has not increased significantly, 12-month ECL is used to provide for impairment loss. However, if credit risk has increased significantly, lifetime ECL is used. If, in a subsequent period, credit quality of the instrument improves such that there is no longer a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, then the entity reverts to recognizing impairment loss allowance based on 12 -month ECL.

Financial Liabilities

Financial liabilities of the Company are contractual obligation to deliver cash or another financial asset to another entity or to exchange financial assets or financial liabilities with another entity under conditions that are potentially unfavorable to the Company.

The Company's financial liabilities include loans and borrowings, trade and other payables.

Classification, initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value minus, in the case of financial liabilities not recorded at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the issue of financial liabilities.

Subsequent measurement

After initial recognition, financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate (EIR). Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption amount is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss over the period of the borrowings using the EIR. Gains and losses are recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss when the liabilities are derecognized.

The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

De-recognition of financial liability

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference between the carrying amount of a financial liability that has been extinguished or transferred to another party and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss as other income or finance cost.

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the Balance Sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

2.12 Foreign Currency Translation

(a) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of the Company are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates ('the functional currency'). The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (Rupees or ₹), which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

(b) Transactions and balances

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded at the exchange rates prevailing on the date of the transaction. Foreign currency monetary items are translated with reference to the rates of exchange ruling on the date of the Balance Sheet. Non-Monetary items denominated in foreign currency are reported at the exchange rate ruling on the date of initial recognition of the non-monetary prepayment asset or deferred income liability, or the date that related item is recognized in the financial statements, whichever is earlier. In case the transaction is recognized in stages, then transaction date is established for each stage. Exchange differences arising from foreign currency translation are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

2.13 Income Tax

Income tax expense represents the sum of current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in equity or other comprehensive income. In this case the tax is also recognised directly in equity or in other comprehensive income.

Current income tax

The Current Tax is based on taxable profit for the year under the tax laws enacted and applicable to the reporting period in the country where the company operate and generate taxable income and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years..

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the company's financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit and is accounted for using the Balance Sheet method. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and unused tax credits to the extent that it is

probable that future taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and unused tax credits can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each Balance Sheet date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the Balance Sheet date.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax liabilities and assets, and they relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority.

2.14 Revenue

Revenue is measured based on the consideration specified in a contract with a customer and excludes amounts collected on behalf of third parties. The Company recognizes revenue when it transfers control over a product or service to a customer. Amounts disclosed as revenue are net of returns, trade allowances, rebates.

2.14.1 Revenue from Operations

Transmission Income is accounted for based on orders issued by CERC u/s 63 of Electricity Act 2003 for adoption of transmission charges. As at each reporting date, transmission income includes an accrual for services rendered to the customers but not yet billed i.e. Unbilled Revenue.

Rebates allowed to beneficiaries as early payment incentives are deducted from the amount of revenue.

The Transmission system incentive / disincentive is accounted for based on certification of availability by the respective Regional Power Committees (RPC) and in accordance with the Transmission Service Agreement (TSA) entered between the Transmission Service Provider and long term Transmission Customers. Where certification by RPCs is not available, incentive/disincentive is accounted for on provisional basis as per estimate of availability by the company and differences, if any, is accounted upon certification by RPCs.

2.14.2 Other Income

Interest income is recognized, when no significant uncertainty as to measurability or collectability exists, on a time proportion basis taking into account the amount outstanding and the applicable interest rate, using the effective interest rate method (EIR).

Surcharge recoverable from trade receivables, liquidated damages, warranty claims and interest on advances to suppliers are recognized when no significant uncertainty as to measurability and collectability exists.

Scrap other than steel scrap and conductor scrap are accounted for as and when sold.

Insurance claims are accounted for based on certainty of realization.

Revenue from rentals and operating leases is recognized on an accrual basis in accordance with the substance of the relevant agreement.

2.15 Dividends

Annual dividend distribution to the shareholders is recognised as a liability in the period in which the dividends are approved by the shareholders. Any interim dividend paid is recognised on approval by Board of Directors. Dividend payable and corresponding tax on dividend distribution is recognised directly in equity.

2.16 Provisions and Contingencies

a) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted. Unwinding of the discount is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss as a finance cost. Provisions are reviewed at each Balance Sheet date and are adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

b) Contingencies

Contingent liabilities are disclosed on the basis of judgment of the management/independent experts. These are reviewed at each balance sheet date and are adjusted to reflect the current management estimate.

Contingent liabilities are disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made. Information on contingent liability is disclosed in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

Contingent assets are possible assets that arise from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company. Contingent assets are disclosed in the financial statements when inflow of economic benefits is probable on

the basis of judgment of management. These are assessed continually to ensure that developments are appropriately reflected in the financial statements.

2.17 Share capital and Other Equity

Ordinary shares are classified as equity.

Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

Self-insurance reserve is created @ 0.12% p.a. on Original Gross Block of Property, Plant and Equipment and value of inventory except ROU assets and assets covered under insurance as at the end of the year by appropriation of current year profit to mitigate future losses from un-insured risks and for taking care of contingencies in future by procurement of towers and other transmission line materials including strengthening of towers and equipment of AC substation. The Reserve created as above is shown as “Self Insurance Reserve” under ‘Other Equity’.

2.18 Prior Period Items

Material prior period errors are corrected retrospectively by restating the comparative amounts for prior period presented in which the error occurred or if the error occurred before the earliest period presented, by restating the opening statement of financial position.

2.19 Earnings per Share

Basic earnings per share is computed using the net profit or loss for the year attributable to the shareholders and weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted earnings per share is computed using the net profit or loss for the year attributable to the shareholders and weighted average number of equity and potential equity shares outstanding during the year, except where the result would be anti-dilutive.

2.20 Statement of Cash Flows

Statement of Cash Flows is prepared as per indirect method prescribed in the Ind AS 7 ‘Statement of Cash Flows’.

3 Critical Estimates and Judgments

The preparation of financial statements requires the use of accounting estimates which may significantly vary from the actual results. Management also needs to exercise judgment while applying the company’s accounting policies.

This note provides an overview of the areas that involved a higher degree of judgment or complexity, and of items which are more likely to be materially adjusted due to estimates and assumptions turning out to be different than those originally assessed.

The areas involving critical estimates or judgments are:

Useful life of property, plant and equipment

The estimated useful life of property, plant and equipment is based on a number of factors including the effects of obsolescence, demand, competition and other economic factors (such as the stability of the industry and known technological advances) and the level of maintenance expenditures required to obtain the expected future cash flows from the asset.

The Company reviews at the end of each reporting date the useful life of plant and equipment and are adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

Provisions and contingencies

The assessments undertaken in recognizing provisions and contingencies have been made in accordance with Ind AS 37, 'Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets'. The evaluation of the likelihood of the contingent events has required best judgment by management regarding the probability of exposure to potential loss. Should circumstances change following unforeseeable developments, this likelihood could alter.

Estimates and judgments are periodically evaluated. They are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that may have a financial impact on the company and that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Estimation of uncertainties relating to the global health pandemic from COVID-19:

In assessing the recoverability of trade receivables and unbilled revenue, the company has considered internal and external information up to the date of approval of these financial statements including credit reports and economic forecasts. As the company's revenue is based on CERC tariff order and falls under essential services and based on the current indicators of future economic conditions, the company expects to recover the carrying amount of these assets.

Income Taxes:

Significant estimates are involved in determining the provision for current and deferred tax, including amount expected to be paid/recovered for uncertain tax positions.

POWERGRID FATEHGARH TRANSMISSION LIMITED
(Erstwhile FATEHGARH II TRANSCO LIMITED)

Note 4/ CAPITAL WORK IN PROGRESS

(₹ in Lakh)

| Particulars | As at 1st April, 2020 | Additions during the period | Adjustments | Capitalised during the period | As at 31st March 2021 |
|--|-----------------------|-----------------------------|-------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Plants and Equipments (Transmission Line) | 2458.50 | 35875.66 | - | - | 38334.16 |
| Expenditure Pending Allocation | | | | | |
| Expenditure During Construction Period (net) | 2151.95 | 3174.65 | - | - | 5326.60 |
| Construction Stores | 9938.60 | 7210.69 | - | - | 17149.29 |
| substation | 0.00 | 853.75 | - | - | 853.75 |
| Total | 14,549.05 | 47,114.76 | - | - | 61,663.81 |

(₹ in Lakh)

| Particulars | As at 26th Feb, 2020 | Additions during the period | Adjustments | Capitalised during the period | As at 31st March 2020 |
|--|----------------------|-----------------------------|-------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Plants and Equipments (Transmission Line) | - | 2458.50 | - | - | 2458.50 |
| Expenditure Pending Allocation | | | | | |
| Expenditure During Construction Period (net) | - | 2151.95 | - | - | 2151.95 |
| Construction Stores | - | 9938.60 | - | - | 9938.60 |
| Total | - | 14,549.05 | - | - | 14,549.05 |

Construction Stores

(₹ in Lakh)

| Particulars | As at 31st March 2021 | As at 31st March 2020 |
|---|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Construction Stores | | |
| Cons. stores-Conduct | 8342.91 | 6017.58 |
| Sub-Station Equipments | 1606.92 | - |
| Other Line Materials | 1802.05 | 439.38 |
| Cons. stores-Tower | 5002.40 | 3481.64 |
| High Voltage Direct Current (HVDC) Eqpnts | 1.06 | - |
| Unified Load Despatch (ULDC) Materials | 393.95 | - |
| Total | 17,149.29 | 9,938.60 |

Construction Store include:

(₹ in Lakh)

| Particulars | As at 31st March 2021 | As at 31st March 2020 |
|---|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Material in Transit | | |
| Cons. stores-Conduct | - | 850.00 |
| Material with Contractor | | |
| Cons. stores-Conduct | 8342.91 | 5167.58 |
| Other Line Material | 1802.05 | 439.38 |
| Sub-Station Equipments | 1606.92 | - |
| High Voltage Direct Current (HVDC) Eqpnts | 1.06 | - |
| Unified Load Despatch (ULDC) Materials | 393.95 | - |
| Cons. stores-Tower | 5002.40 | 3481.64 |
| Total | 17149.29 | 9938.60 |

POWERGRID FATEHAGRH TRANSMISSION LIMITED
(Erstwhile FATEHGARH II TRANSCO LIMITED)

Note 5/ OTHER NON-CURRENT ASSETS

(Unsecured considered good unless otherwise specified)

(₹ in Lakh)

| Particulars | As at 31st March 2021 | As at 31st March 2020 |
|--|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| <u>Advances for Capital Expenditure</u> | | |
| Advances Against Bank guarantees | 435.05 | 3084.46 |
| Advance tax and Tax deducted at source | 5.08 | - |
| Total | 440.13 | 3,084.46 |

POWERGRID FATEHAGRH TRANSMISSION LIMITED
(Erstwhile FATEHGARH II TRANSCO LIMITED)

Note 06/ DEFERED TAX ASSETS

(₹ in Lakh)

| Particulars | As at 31st March 2021 | As at 31st March 2020 |
|---------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Deferred Tax Assets | 0.04 | 0.04 |
| Total | 0.04 | 0.04 |

Movements in Deferred Tax Assets

(₹ in Lakh)

| | Unused Tax Losses | Total |
|---------------------------------|----------------------|-------------|
| As at 26th February 2019 | - | - |
| Charged/(Credited) | | |
| - to Profit or Loss | - | 0.04 |
| As at 31st March 2020 | 0.04 | 0.04 |
| Charged/(Credited) | | |
| - to Profit or Loss | - | - |
| As at 31st March 2021 | 0.04 | 0.04 |

Amount taken to Statement of Profit and Loss

(₹ in Lakh)

| Particulars | As at 31 st March 2021 | As at 31 st March 2020 |
|---|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| (Increase)/Decrease in Deferred Tax Assets | - | (0.04) |
| Net Amount taken to Statement of Profit and Loss | - | (0.04) |

POWERGRID FATEHGARH TRANSMISSION LIMITED

(Erstwhile FATEHGARH II TRANSCO LIMITED)

Note 7/Cash and cash equivalents

(₹ in Lakh)

| Particulars | As at 31st March 2021 | As at 31st March 2020 |
|---|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Balance with Banks- In Current Accounts with scheduled banks | 38.78 | 18.30 |
| Total | 38.78 | 18.30 |

POWERGRID FATEHGARH TRANSMISSION LIMITED
(Erstwhile FATEHGARH II TRANSCO LIMITED)

Note 8/Other Current Financial Assets

(Unsecured considered Good unless otherwise stated)

(₹ in Lakh)

| Particulars | As at 31st March 2021 | As at 31st March 2020 |
|------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| TDS Recoverable On Provision | - | 0.03 |
| Total | - | 0.03 |

POWERGRID FATAEHGARH TRANSMISSION LIMITED
(Erstwhile FATEHGARH II TRANSCO LIMITED)

Note 9 - Equity Share Capital

(₹ in Lakh)

| Particulars | As at 31st March 2021 | As at 31st March 2020 |
|--|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Equity Share Capital | | |
| Authorised Share Capital (14,10,00,000 (31st March 2020 10,000) equity shares of ₹10/- each at par) | 14,100.00 | 1.00 |
| | | (₹ in Lakh) |
| Issued,Subscribed and Paid up Share Capital | | |
| 11,34,10,000 (31st March 2020 10,000) fully paid up Equity shares of Rs. 10/- each at par | 11,341.00 | 1.00 |
| Total | 11,341.00 | 1.00 |

Further Notes:

1) Reconciliation of Number and amount of share capital outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting period

| Particulars | For the year ended 31st March, | | For the period ended 31st March, 2020 | |
|---|--------------------------------|-----------|---------------------------------------|-----------|
| | No.of Shares | ₹ in Lakh | No.of Shares | ₹ in Lakh |
| Shares outstanding at the beginning of the period | 10,000 | 1.00 | - | - |
| Shares Issued during the period | 113,400,000 | 11,340.00 | 10,000 | 1.00 |
| Shares outstanding at the end of the period | 113,410,000 | 11,341.00 | 10,000 | 1.00 |

2) The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of ₹10/- per share.

3) The holders of equity shares are entitled to receive dividends as declared from time to time and are entitled to voting rights proportionate to their shareholding at meetings of the Shareholders.

| Particulars | As at 31st March,2021 | | As at 31st March,2020 | |
|---|-----------------------|--------------|-----------------------|--------------|
| | No.of Shares | % of holding | No.of Shares | % of holding |
| Power Grid Corporation of India Limited # (Holding Company) | 113,410,000 | 100% | 10,000 | 100% |

Out of 11,34,10,000 Equity Shares (Previous Year 10000 Equity Shares) , 6 Equity Shares are held by Nominees of M/s Power Grid Corporation of India Limited on its behalf.

POWERGRID FATEHGARH TRANSMISSION LIMITED
(Erstwhile FATEHGARH II TRANSCO LIMITED)

Note 10/ Other Equity

(₹ in Lakh)

| Particulars | As at 31st March 2021 | As at 31st March 2020 |
|--|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Reserves and Surplus | | |
| Retained Earnings | | |
| Balance at the beginning of the period | (0.09) | - |
| Addition during the period | - | (0.09) |
| Balance at the end of the period | (0.09) | (0.09) |
| Total | (0.09) | (0.09) |

POWERGRID FATEHAGRH TRANSMISSION LIMITED
(Erstwhile FATEHGARH II TRANSCO LIMITED)

Note 11/Borrowings

(₹ in Lakh)

| Description | | As at 31st March 2021 | As at 31st March 2020 |
|--|--|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Unsecured Loan From M/s Power Grid Corp. of India Ltd. (Holding Co.) | | 45,902.09 | 14,791.38 |
| Less: Int Accrued on borrowings | | (1,216.42) | (112.46) |
| | | 44,685.67 | 14,678.92 |

Further Note -

1) The Inter Corporate Loan is provided by the Holding Company on cost to cost basis.

The various sources of loans being extended to the company by Holding company are Fixed interest and floating interest rate which get reset periodically.

2) There has been no default in repayment of loan or payment of interest thereon as at the end of the period.

POWERGRID FATEHGARH TRANSMISSION LIMITED
(Erstwhile FATEHGARH II TRANSCO LIMITED)

Note 12/OTHER NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES

(₹ in Lakh)

| Particulars | | As at 31st March 2021 | As at 31st March 2020 |
|---------------------|--|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Safety Corpus Fund* | | 50.00 | - |
| Total | | 50.00 | - |

* Recovery towards safety corpus fund, to be utilised for working personnel work place safety improvement activity

POWERGRID FATEHGARH TRANSMISSION LIMITED
(Erstwhile FATEHGARH II TRANSCO LIMITED)

Note 13/Other Current Financial Liability

(₹ in Lakh)

| Particulars | | As at 31st March 2021 | As at 31st March 2020 |
|--|--|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| A) Interest accrued on borrowings | | | |
| Interest accrued on borrowings from Power Grid Corporation of India Ltd. (Holding Co.) | | 1,216.42 | 112.46 |
| TOTAL (A) | | 1,216.42 | 112.46 |
| B) Others | | | |
| i) Dues for Capital Expenditure | | 2,699.31 | 1,069.01 |
| ii) Payable to Power Grid Corporation of India Ltd. (Holding Co.) | | 161.34 | 250.88 |
| iii) Deposits/Retention money from contractors and others. | | 1,817.44 | 1,338.94 |
| v) Others | | 0.06 | 0.30 |
| TOTAL (B) | | 4,678.15 | 2,659.13 |
| | | | |
| TOTAL (A+B) | | 5894.57 | 2771.59 |

Further Note :

1. Disclosure with regard to Micro and Small Enterprises as required under "The Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006" is given in Note 26
2. Breakup of Related Parties is provided in Note 28

POWERGRID FATEHGARH TRANSMISSION LIMITED
(Erstwhile FATEHGARH II TRANSCO LIMITED)

Note 14/Other Current Liabilities

(₹ in Lakhs)

| Particulars | | As at 31st March 2021 | As at 31st March 2020 |
|----------------|--|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| | | | |
| Statutory Dues | | 171.61 | 200.46 |
| | | | |
| Total | | 171.61 | 200.46 |

POWERGRID FATEHGARH TRANSMISSION LIMITED
(Erstwhile FATEHGARH II TRANSCO LIMITED)

Note 15/ Other Income

(₹ in Lakh)

| Particulars | For the Year ended 31st March 2021 | For the period 26th February 2019 to 31st March 2020 |
|--|---------------------------------------|---|
| | | |
| Sale of RFP documents | - | 30.00 |
| | | |
| Less: Transferred to Expenditure during Construction (Net) - Note 18 | - | (30.00) |
| | | |
| Total | - | - |

POWERGRID FATEHGARH TRANSMISSION LIMITED
(Erstwhile FATEHGARH II TRANSCO LIMITED)

Note 16/Finance Cost

(₹ in Lakh)

| Particulars | For the Year ended 31st March 2021 | For the period 26th February 2019 to 31st March 2020 |
|---|---------------------------------------|---|
| Interest on loan from Powergrid Corporation of India Ltd. (Holding Company) | 2139.77 | 160.93 |
| Other Finance Cost | | |
| TOTAL | 2139.77 | 160.93 |
| Less: Transferred to Expenditure during Construction (Net) - Note 18 | (2,139.77) | (160.93) |
| Total | - | - |

Note : Breakup of Related Parties is provided in Note 28

POWERGRID FATEHGARH TRANSMISSION LIMITED
(Erstwhile FATEHGARH II TRANSCO LIMITED)

Note 17/ Other Expenses

(₹ in Lakh)

| Particulars | For the Year ended 31st March 2021 | For the period 26th February 2019 to 31st March 2020 |
|---|---------------------------------------|--|
| | | |
| Fee For Statutory Auditors | 0.30 | 0.30 |
| Fees to Statutory Auditors in Other Capacities | 0.12 | 0.25 |
| Cost Audit and Physical Verification Fees | 0.12 | - |
| Bank Charges | - | 0.01 |
| CERC petition & Other charges | - | 0.58 |
| Consultancy | 894.39 | 1,619.52 |
| Hiring of Manpower | - | 101.27 |
| Legal Expenses | 107.21 | 3.97 |
| Licence Fee to CERC | 5.38 | 26.00 |
| Miscellaneous Expenses | 3.58 | 9.13 |
| Professional Charges | 0.98 | 255.98 |
| Interest on Advance | - | 3.80 |
| Rates and taxes | 22.81 | 0.21 |
| Preliminary Expenses Written off | - | 0.13 |
| Sub Total | 1,034.88 | 2,021.15 |
| | | |
| Less: Transferred to Expenditure during Construction (Net) -Note 18 | (1,034.88) | (2,021.02) |
| | | |
| Total | - | 0.13 |

Note : Breakup of Related Parties is provided in Note 28

POWERGRID FATEHGARH TRANSMISSION LIMITED
(Erstwhile FATEHGARH II TRANSCO LIMITED)

Note 18/ Expenditure During Construction (Net)

(₹ in Lakh)

| Particulars | For the Year ended 31st March 2021 | For the period 26th February 2019 to 31st March 2020 |
|---|---|---|
| A. Finance Cost | | |
| Interest on loan from Powergrid Corporation of India Ltd. (Holding Company) | 2139.77 | 160.93 |
| Total (A) | 2139.77 | 160.93 |
| B. Other Expenses | | |
| Fee For Statutory Auditors | 0.30 | 0.30 |
| Fees to Statutory Auditors in Other Capacities | 0.12 | 0.25 |
| Cost Audit and Physical Verification Fees | 0.12 | - |
| Bank Charges | - | 0.01 |
| CERC petition & Other charges | - | 0.58 |
| Consultancy | 894.39 | 1,619.52 |
| Hiring of Manpower | - | 101.27 |
| Legal Expenses | 107.21 | 3.97 |
| Licence Fee to CERC | 5.38 | 26.00 |
| Miscellaneous Expenses | 3.58 | 9.13 |
| Professional Charges | 0.98 | 255.98 |
| Interest on Advance | - | 3.80 |
| Rates and taxes | 22.81 | 0.21 |
| Total (B) | 1,034.88 | 2,021.02 |
| C. Less: Other Income | | |
| Sale of RPF Doc | - | 30.00 |
| Total (C) | - | 30.00 |
| Grand Total (A+B) | 3,174.65 | 2,151.95 |

19. Exceptional and Extraordinary items

There are no exceptional and extraordinary items as at the Balance Sheet date.

20. Party Balances and Confirmations

Balances of Trade Receivables and recoverable shown under Assets and Trade and Other Payables shown under Liabilities include balances subject to confirmation/reconciliation and consequential adjustments if any. However reconciliations are carried out on ongoing basis.

21. Auditors Remuneration

(₹ in Lakh)

| S. No. | Particulars | For the year ended 31 st March, 2021 | From 26 th Feb to 31 st March, 2020 |
|--------|---------------|---|---|
| 1 | Audit Fees | 0.30 | 0.30 |
| 2 | Other Matters | 0.12 | 0.25 |
| | Total | 0.42 | 0.55 |

22. Employee Benefits

The Company does not have any permanent employees. The personnel working for the company are from holding company on secondment basis and are working on time share basis. The employee cost (including retirement benefits such as Gratuity, Leave encashment, post-retirement benefits etc.) in respect of personnel working for the company are paid by holding company and holding company is raising the invoice to the Subsidiary company towards Consultancy charges for Construction /maintenance of Transmission Line as per the agreement. Since there are no employees in the company, the obligation as per Ind-AS 19 does not arise. Accordingly, no provision is considered necessary for any retirement benefit like gratuity, leave salary, pension etc., in the books of the company.

23. Borrowing Cost Capitalized/Shifted to IDC during the year ₹ 2139.77 lakh (Previous Year ₹ 160.93 lakh) in the respective carrying amount of Property, Plant and Equipment/Capital work in progress(CWIP) as per Ind AS 23 "Borrowing Costs".

24. Leases

The company does not have any lease arrangements either as a lessor or lessee therefore Ind AS 116 "leases" does not apply to the company."

25. Corporate Social Responsibilities (CSR) :

As per section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013, along with Companies (Corporate Social responsibility Policy) Rules, 2021 read with DPE guidelines no F.NO.15 (13)/2013-DPE (GM), the Company is required to spend, in every financial year, at least two per cent of the average net profits of the company made during the three immediately preceding financial years in accordance with its Corporate Social Responsibility Policy. Since the company is under construction stage hence section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 is not applicable.

26. MSME Payments :

Based on information available with the company, there are few supplier's/service providers who are registered as micro, small or medium enterprise under The Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 (MSMED Act, 2006). Information in respect of micro and small enterprises as required by MSMED Act, 2006 is given as under:

(₹ in Lakh)

| Sr. No | Particulars | For the year ended 31 st March, 2021 | For the year ended 31 st March, 2020 |
|--------|--|---|---|
| 1 | Principal amount and interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier as at end of each accounting year: Principal Interest | Nil Nil | Nil Nil |
| 2 | The amount of Interest paid by the buyer in terms of section 16 of the MSMED Act, 2006 along with the amount of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during each accounting year | Nil | Nil |
| 3 | The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under MSMED Act, 2006 | Nil | Nil |
| 4 | The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year. | Nil | Nil |

| | | | |
|---|---|-----|-----|
| 5 | The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the MSMED Act 2006 | Nil | Nil |
|---|---|-----|-----|

27. Fair Value Measurements

Assets and Liabilities which are measured at amortised cost for which Fair values are disclosed

(₹ in Lakh)

| | As on 31 st March, 2021 | As on 31 st March, 2020 |
|--|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Financial Instruments by category | Amortised Cost | Amortised Cost |
| <u>Financial Assets</u> | - | - |
| Trade Receivables | | |
| Cash & cash Equivalents | 38.78 | 18.30 |
| Other Current Financial Assets | - | 0.03 |
| Total Financial assets | 38.78 | 18.33 |
| <u>Financial Liabilities</u> | | |
| Trade Payables | - | - |
| Borrowings | 45902.09 | 14791.38 |
| Other Current Financial Liabilities | 4678.15 | 2659.13 |
| Total financial liabilities | 50580.24 | 17450.51 |

(i) Fair Value Hierarchy

This section explains the judgements and estimates made in determining the fair values of the financial instruments that are (a) recognised and measured at fair value and (b) measured at amortised cost and for which fair values are disclosed in the financial statements. To provide an indication about the reliability of the inputs used in determining fair value, the Company has classified its financial instruments into the three levels prescribed under the accounting standard. An Explanation of each level follows underneath the table.

(₹ in Lakh)

| Assets and liabilities which are measured at amortised cost for which fair values are disclosed | Level | As on 31 st March, 2021 | As on 31 st March, 2020 |
|---|-------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Financial Assets | | - | - |
| Total Financial Assets | | - | - |
| Financial Liabilities Borrowings | 2 | 44974.11 | 14228.40 |
| Total financial liabilities | | 44974.11 | 14228.40 |

Level 1: Level 1 hierarchy includes financial instruments measured using quoted prices. This includes listed equity Instruments, traded bonds and mutual funds that have quoted price. The fair value of all equity instruments (including bonds) which are traded in the stock exchanges is valued using the closing price as at the reporting period. The mutual funds are valued using the closing NAV.

Level 2: The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market (for example, traded bonds, over-the-counter derivatives) is determined using valuation techniques which maximise the use of observable market data and rely as little as possible on entity-specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in level 2.

Level 3: If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3. This is the case for unlisted equity securities, contingent consideration and indemnification asset included in level 3.

There are no transfers between levels 1 and 2 during the year.

The company's policy is to recognise transfers into and transfers out of fair value hierarchy levels as at the end of the reporting period.

(ii) Valuation technique used to determine fair value

Specific valuation techniques used to value financial instruments include:

- the use of quoted market prices or dealer quotes for similar instruments
- the fair value of the remaining financial instruments is determined using discounted cash flow analysis.

All of the resulting fair value estimates are included in level 2

(iii) Fair value of financial assets and liabilities measured at amortized cost

(₹ in Lakh)

| | As on 31 st March, 2021 | | As on 31 st March, 2020 | |
|--|------------------------------------|-----------------|------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Particulars | Carrying Amount | Fair value | Carrying Amount | Fair value |
| Financial Assets | - | - | - | - |
| Total Financial Assets | - | - | - | - |
| Financial Liabilities Borrowings(including current maturity of long term borrowings) | 45902.09 | 44974.11 | 14791.38 | 14228.40 |
| Total financial liabilities | 45902.09 | 44974.11 | 14791.38 | 14228.40 |

The carrying amounts of trade receivables, trade payables, cash and cash equivalents, other current financial assets and other current financial liabilities are considered to be the same as their fair values, due to their short-term nature.

For financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value, the carrying amounts are equal to the fair values.

28. Related party Transactions

(a) Holding Company

| Name of entity | Place of business / country of incorporation | Proportion of Ownership Interest | |
|---|--|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| | | As on 31 st March, 2021 | As on 31 st March, 2020 |
| Power Grid Corporation of India Limited | India | 100% | 100% |

(b) Subsidiaries of Holding Company

| Name of entity | Place of business/country of incorporation |
|---|---|
| Powergrid Vizag Transmission Limited | India |
| Powergrid NM Transmission Limited | India |
| Powergrid Unchahar Transmission Limited | India |
| Powergrid Kala Amb Transmission Limited | India |
| Powergrid Jabalpur Transmission Limited | India |
| Powergrid Warora Transmission Limited | India |
| Powergrid Parli Transmission Limited | India |
| Powergrid Southern Interconnector Transmission System Limited | India |
| Powergrid Vemagiri Transmission Limited | India |
| Powergrid Medinipur Jeerat Transmission Limited | India |
| Powergrid Mithilanchal Transmission Limited (Erstwhile ERSS XXI Transmission Limited) | India |
| Powergrid Varanasi Transmission System Limited (Erstwhile WR-NR Power Transmission Limited) | India |
| Powergrid Jawaharpur Firozabad Transmission Limited (Erstwhile Jawaharpur Firozabad Transmission Limited) | India |
| Powergrid Khetri Transmission System Limited (Erstwhile Khetri Transco Limited) | India |
| Powergrid Bhuj Transmission Limited (Erstwhile Bhuj-II Transmission Limited) | India |
| Powergrid Bhind Guna Transmission Limited (Erstwhile Bhind Guna Transmission Limited) | India |
| Powergrid Ajmer Phagi Transmission Limited (Erstwhile Ajmer Phagi Transco Limited) | India |
| Powergrid Rampur Sambhal Transmission Limited (Erstwhile Rampur Sambhal Transco Limited) | India |
| Powergrid Meerut Simbhavali Transmission Limited (Erstwhile Meerut-Simbhavali Transmission Limited) | India |
| Central Transmission Utility of India Limited ¹ | India |
| Powergrid Ramgarh Transmission Limited (Erstwhile Ramgarh New Transmission Limited) ² | India |
| Jaypee Powergrid Limited ³ | India |
| Bikaner-II Bhiwadi Transco Limited ⁴ | India |
| ¹ Incorporated on 28.12.2020. | |
| ² 100% equity acquired from REC Power Distribution Company Limited on 09.03.2021. | |
| ³ Wholly owned subsidiary from 25.03.2021 (Joint venture till 24.03.2021). | |
| ⁴ 100% equity acquired from PFC Consulting Limited on 25.03.2021. | |

(c) Joint Ventures of Holding Company

| Name of entity | Place of business/country of incorporation |
|--|--|
| Powerlinks Transmission Limited | India |
| Torrent Power Grid Limited | India |
| Jaypee Powergrid Limited ¹ | India |
| Parbati Koldam Transmission Company Limited | India |
| Teestavalley Power Transmission Limited ² | India |
| North East Transmission Company Limited | India |
| National High Power Test Laboratory Private Limited | India |
| Bihar Grid Company Limited | India |
| Kalinga Bidyut Prasaran Nigam Private Limited ³ | India |
| Cross Border Power Transmission Company Limited | India |
| RINL Powergrid TLT Private Limited ⁴ | India |
| Power Transmission Company Nepal Limited | Nepal |
| ¹ Joint venture till 24.03.2021 (Wholly owned subsidiary from 25.03.2021). | |
| ² POWERGRID & Teesta Urja Ltd are the Joint venture partners in Teestavalley Power Transmission Limited & holds 26% & 74 % equity, respectively as per Shareholding agreement. On call of additional equity by Teestavalley Power Transmission limited, POWERGRID contributed their share while the other JV partner has not yet contributed their share of money. Consequently, the holding of POWERGRID increased to 30.92% against 26% provided in shareholding agreement. | |
| ³ The present status of the Company (M/s KBPNL) as per MCA website is "Strike Off". | |
| ⁴ POWERGRID's Board of Directors in its meeting held on 01.05.2018 accorded in principle approval to close RINL Powergrid TLT Private Limited (RPTPL) and seek consent of other JV Partner Rashtriya Ispat Nigam Limited (RINL). RINL's Board of Directors in its meeting held on 01.03.2019 has agreed in principle for winding up proceedings of RPTPL & to seek the approval from Ministry of Steel, Government of India, for closure of RPTPL. RINL's Board of Directors in its meeting held on 05.11.2019 has advised to put up the closure proposal again to Ministry of steel for onward submission to NITI Ayog. The Approval from Government is awaited. | |

(d) Key Management Personnel

| Sr. No | Name of Director | Period |
|--------|---|-------------------------------|
| 1 | Shri R. K. Chauhan, Chairman & Director | From 14.10.2019 to 30.10.2020 |
| 2 | Shri R. N. Singh, Director | From 14.10.2019 to 15.01.2021 |
| 3 | Shri Pramod Kumar, Director | From 14.10.2019 and continue |
| 4 | Shri D. K. Singh, Director | From 26.12.2019 31.01.2021 |

| | | |
|---|---|------------------------------|
| 5 | Shri Abhay Choudhary, Chairman & Director | From 08.12.2020 and continue |
| 6 | Shri Vallishnath Pentapati | From 08.02.2021 and continue |
| 7 | Shri A. K. Mishra, Director | From 22.02.2021 and continue |
| 8 | Smt. Vimla Bhandari, CFO | From 26.02.2021 and continue |

(e) Transactions with related parties

The following transactions occurred with related parties:

| (₹ in Lakh) | | |
|---|---|---|
| Particulars | For the year ended 31 st March, 2021 | For the year ended 31 st March, 2020 |
| 1. Power Grid Corporation of India Ltd. (<u>Holding Company</u>) | | |
| Consultancy Charges (excluding Taxes) | 757.96 | 429.85 |
| Reimbursement of BG Charges (Excluding Taxes) | 2.79 | 3.35 |
| Additional Loan obtained during the year | 30,006.75 | 14,678.92 |
| Investments Received during the year (Equity/Share application Money) | 11340.00 | 1.00 |
| Interest on Loan | 2139.77 | 160.93 |
| 2. PFC Consulting Limited | | |
| Interest on borrowing | Nil | 3.80 |
| Manpower Charges | Nil | 101.27 |
| Consultancy Charges | Nil | 1107.75 |
| Reimbursement of expenses | Nil | 50.71 |
| Interest on loan | Nil | 3.80 |

(f) Outstanding balances arising from sales/purchases of goods and services

The following balances are outstanding at the end of the reporting period in relation to transactions with related parties:

| (₹ in Lakh) | | |
|--|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Particulars | As on 31 st March, 2021 | As on 31 st March, 2020 |
| Power Grid Corporation of India Ltd. (<u>Holding Company</u>) | | |
| Purchases of goods and services – O&M Maintenance / Consultancy | 158.09 | 250.88 |
| Reimbursement for payment of expenses made by Holding Company | 3.29 | Nil |
| Loans from Holding Company | 44685.67 | 14678.92 |

| | | |
|------------------|---------|--------|
| | | |
| Interest accrued | 1216.42 | 112.46 |

29. Segment Information

Business Segment

The Board of Directors is the company's Chief operating decision maker who monitors the operating results of its business segments separately for the purpose of making decisions about resource allocation and performance assessment. One reportable segments have been identified on the basis of product/services. The company has a single reportable segment i.e., Power transmission network for transmission system.

The operations of the company are mainly carried out within the country and therefore there is no reportable geographical segment.

30. **Contingent Liabilities and contingent assets**

Contingent Liabilities

There is **Nil** (Previous year **Nil**) Contingent Liabilities as at 31st March 2021.

31. **Capital and Other Commitments:**

| | (₹ in Lakh) | |
|--|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Particulars | As on 31 st March, 2021 | As on 31 st March, 2020 |
| Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account and not provided for (Net of Advances) | 4846.99 | 58382.22 |

32. Capital management

a) Risk Management

The company's objectives when managing capital are to

- maximize the shareholder value;
- safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern;
- maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

For the purpose of the company's capital management, equity capital includes issued equity capital, and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity holders of the company. The company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in light of changes in economic conditions. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the company may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, regulate investments in new projects, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares.

The debt – equity ratio of the Company was as follows :

| Particulars | As on 31 st March, 2021 | As on 31 st March, 2020 |
|--------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Long term debt (₹ in lakh) | 44,685.67 | 14678.92 |
| Equity (₹ in lakh) | 11340.91 | 0.91 |
| Long term debt to Equity ratio | 79.76:20.24 | 99.99:0.01 |

No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the year ended 31st March, 2021 and 31st March, 2020.

33. Earnings per share

(Amount in ₹)

| (a) Basic and diluted earnings per share attributable to the equity holders of the company | As on 31 st March, 2021 | As on 31 st March, 2020 |
|---|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Basic and diluted earnings per share attributable to the equity holders of the company from Continuing operations | NIL | (0.94) |

(₹ in Lakh)

| (b) Reconciliation of earnings used as numerator in calculating earnings per share | As on 31 st March, 2021 | As on 31 st March, 2020 |
|--|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Total Earnings attributable to the equity holders of the company | NIL | (0.09) |

| (c) Weighted average number of shares used as the denominator | As on 31 st March, 2021 | As on 31 st March, 2020 |
|--|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Total weighted average number of equity shares used as the denominator in calculating basic earnings per share | 113400000 | 10000 |

34. Financial Risk Management:

The Company's principal financial liabilities comprise loans and borrowings denominated in Indian rupees, trade payables and other payables. The Company identifies, evaluates and manages Financial risks in close co-operation with the Company's operating Units. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance the Company's capital investments and operations.

The Company's principal financial assets include, trade and other receivables, and cash and cash equivalents that are generated from its operations.

The Company's activities expose it to the following financial risks, namely,

- a) Credit risk,
- b) Liquidity risk,
- c) Market risk.

This note presents information regarding the company's exposure, objectives, policies and processes for measuring and managing these risks.

The management of financial risks by the Company is summarized below:-

A) Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that counterparty will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss. The Company is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities on account of trade receivables.

A default on a financial asset is when the counterparty fails to make contractual payments within 3 years of when they fall due. This definition of default is determined considering the business environment in which the Company operates and other macro-economic factors.

Assets are written-off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery, such as a debtor declaring bankruptcy or failing to engage in a repayment plan with the Company. Where loans or receivables have been written off, the Company continues to engage in enforcement activity to attempt to recover the receivable due. Where recoveries are made, these are recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

(i) Trade Receivables and Unbilled Revenue

The Company primarily provides transmission facilities to inter-state transmission service customers (DICs) comprising mainly state utilities owned by State Governments.

CERC tariff regulations allows payment against monthly bills towards transmission charges within a period of 45 days from the date of the bill and levy of charge on delayed payment beyond 45 days. A graded rebate is provided by the company for payment made within 45 days.

Unbilled revenue primarily relates to companies right to consideration for work completed but not billed at the reporting date and have substantially same risk characteristics as the trade receivables for the same type of contract.

(ii) Other Financial Assets (excluding trade receivables and unbilled revenue)

- **Cash and cash equivalents**

The Company held cash and cash equivalents of ₹ 38.78 Lakh as on 31st March, 2021 (₹ 18.30 Lakh as on 31st March, 2020). The cash and cash equivalents are held with public sector banks and high rated private sector banks and do not have any significant credit risk.

- **Exposure to credit risk**

| Particulars | (₹ in Lakh) | |
|---|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| | As on 31 st March, 2021 | As on 31 st March, 2020 |
| Financial assets for which loss allowance is measured using 12 months Expected Credit Losses (ECL) | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 38.78 | 18.30 |
| Other current financial assets | - | 0.03 |
| Total | 38.78 | 18.33 |
| Financial assets for which loss allowance is measured using Life time Expected Credit Losses (ECL) | | |
| Total | NIL | NIL |

- **Provision for expected credit losses**

(a) Financial assets for which loss allowance is measured using 12 month expected credit losses

The Company has assets where the counter-parties have sufficient capacity to meet the obligations and where the risk of default is very low. At initial recognition, financial assets (excluding trade receivables and unbilled revenue) are considered as

having negligible credit risk and the risk has not increased from initial recognition. Therefore expected credit loss provision is not required.

(b) Financial assets for which loss allowance is measured using life time expected credit losses

The Company has customers most of whom are state government utilities with capacity to meet the obligations and therefore the risk of default is negligible. Further, management believes that the unimpaired amounts that are 30 days past due date are still collectible in full, based on the payment security mechanism in place and historical payment behavior. Considering the above factors and the prevalent regulations, the trade receivables continue to have a negligible credit risk on initial recognition and thereafter on each reporting date.

B) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities to meet obligations when due. The Company has entered into Inter-Corporate Loan Agreement for Funding of its obligations. For this, Company provided quarterly cashflows in advance to Holding Company with Monthly requirement.

(i) Financing Arrangements

The company had access to the borrowing facilities with the Parent Company as per Agreement at the end of the reporting period.

(ii) Maturities of financial liabilities

The tables below analyses the company's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on their contractual maturities for all non-derivative financial liabilities.

The amount disclosed in the table is the contractual undiscounted cash flows. Balances due within 12 months equal their carrying balances as the impact of discounting is not significant.

(₹ in Lakh)

| Contractual maturities of financial liabilities | Within a year | Between 1-5 years | Beyond 5 years | Total |
|---|----------------|-------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| As on 31st March, 2021 | | | | |
| Borrowings (including interest outflows) | - | 7735.89 | 36949.77 | 44,685.67 |
| Trade Payables | - | - | - | |
| Other Current Financial Liabilities | 4678.15 | - | - | 4678.15 |
| Total | 4678.15 | 7735.89 | 36949.77 | 49363.82 |

| | | | | |
|--|----------------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| As on 31st March, 2020 | | | | |
| Borrowings (including interest outflows) | - | 3009.47 | 11669.45 | 14678.92 |
| Trade Payables | - | - | - | - |
| Other Current financial liabilities | 2659.13 | - | - | 2659.13 |
| Total | 2659.13 | 3009.47 | 11669.45 | 17338.05 |

C) Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises two types of risk:

- i. Currency risk
- ii. Interest rate risk

i) Currency risk

As on Reporting date the Company does not have any exposure to currency risk in respect of foreign currency denominated loans and borrowings and procurement of goods and services whose purchase consideration foreign currency.

ii) **Interest rate risk**

The company has taken borrowings from Parent Company on cost to cost basis. The Company is exposed to interest rate risk because the cash flows associated with floating rate borrowings. The various sources of loans being extended to the company by parent company are Fixed interest and floating interest rate which get reset periodically. The Company manages the interest rate risks by maintaining a debt portfolio of fixed and floating rate borrowings.

35. Income Tax expense

This note provides an analysis of the company's income tax expense, and how the tax expense is affected by non-assessable and non-deductible items. It also explains significant estimates made in relation to The Company's tax positions.

(a) Income tax expense -

| (₹ in Lakh) | | |
|---|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| Particulars | As on 31st March, 2021 | As on 31st March, 2020 |
| <u>Current Tax</u> | | |
| Current tax on profits for the year | - | - |
| Earlier year Tax | - | - |
| Adjustments for current tax of prior periods | - | - |
| Total current tax expense (A) | - | - |
| <u>Deferred tax expense</u> | | |
| Originating and reversal of temporary differences | - | (0.04) |
| Previously unrecognized tax credit recognized as Deferred tax Asset this year | - | - |
| Total deferred tax expense /(benefit) (B) | - | (0.04) |
| Income tax expense (A+B) | - | (0.04) |

Current tax is reckoned based on the current year's income and tax payable thereon in accordance with the applicable tax rates as per the prevailing tax laws.

The company had made a tax provision of ₹ Nil for year ended 31st March, 2021 (for the Year FY 2019-20 ₹ NIL) towards current tax. Last year tax provision amounting to ₹ NIL is reversed during Financial Year 2020-21 due to adoption of new tax regime u/s Sec. 115BAA of Income tax.

In accordance with Ind-AS 12 on Accounting for Taxes on Income, the Company has computed Deferred Tax Asset /(Liability) amounting to ₹ 0.04 Lakh for year ended 31st March, 2021 (for the year FY 2019-20 ₹ 0.04 Lakh) on account of timing difference in relation to depreciation as per books vis.a.vis Tax Laws and unused tax losses.

(b) Reconciliation of tax expense and the accounting profit multiplied by India's tax rate: -

(₹ in Lakh)

| Particulars | As on 31st March, 2021 | As on 31st March, 2020 |
|--|------------------------|------------------------|
| Profit before income tax expense | - | (0.13) |
| Tax using Company's Domestic Tax rate @ 25.168% | - | - |
| TAX EFFECT OF: | | |
| Non Deductible Tax Expenses | - | - |
| Tax Exempt Income | - | - |
| Deferred Assets for Deferred tax liability | - | - |
| Previous years tax liability | - | - |
| Unabsorbed tax loss | - | - |
| Deferred Tax expense / (income) | - | (0.04) |
| MAT Adjustments | - | - |
| Tax Expenses recognized in statement of Profit & Loss | - | (0.04) |

36. Disclosure on Ind AS 115 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers"

The Company's Accounting Policies for its revenue streams are disclosed in Note 2.14. The Transmission Assets of the Company are under-construction and Company is yet to commence its operation, therefore Ind AS 115 is not applicable.

37. A) Disclosure on Covid-19 Impact

The Company is mainly engaged in the business of transmission of electricity and the tariffs for the transmission services are regulated in terms of the CERC Tariff Regulations which provide for recovery of the annual transmission charges based on system availability. As per the Government of India guidelines, transmission units and services fall under the category of essential services and exempted from the lockdown.

The Company has considered various internal and external information available up to the date of approval of Financial Results and there has been no material impact on the operations of the company for the year ended 31 March 2021. The company will continue to monitor any material changes to future economic conditions.

B) Recent Pronouncements

The Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") through a notification dated [March 24, 2021](#), has amended Division II of Schedule III of the Companies Act, 2013 w.e.f. [April 1, 2021](#). The Company will assess and implement the amendments to Division II in FY 2021-22, as applicable.

38. a) Figures have been rounded off to nearest rupee in lakh up to two decimal.
- b) The previous year figures have been reclassified/re-grouped to confirm to the current year's classification.

As per our report of even date attached.

For and on behalf of Board of Directors

For Krishan Karan & Associates
Chartered Accountants,
Firm Regn No. 000821N

**KARAN
AGGAR
WAL** Digitally signed
by KARAN
AGGARWAL
Date: 2021.06.03
16:11:35 +05'30'

KARAN AGGARWAL
Partner
Mem. No. 501310
Place: New Delhi
Date: 03/06/21

**Abhay
Choudhary** Digitally signed by
Abhay Choudhary
Date: 2021.06.03
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ABHAY CHOUDHARY
(Chairman)
DIN: 7388432
Place: Gurugram
Date: 03/06/21

**AWADHES
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AWADHESH
KUMAR MISHRA
Date: 2021.06.03 15:22:48
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A.K.MISHRA
(Director)
DIN: 9054314
Place: Faridabad
Date: 03/06/21

**VIMLA
BHANDARI** Digitally signed by
VIMLA BHANDARI
Date: 2021.06.03
15:19:58 +05'30'

VIMLA BHANDARI
(Chief Financial Officer)
Place: Gurugram
Date: 03/06/21