

CIN: U65100DL2012GOI246341

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### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

To,

Dear Members,

It gives me immense pleasure to present on behalf of the Board of Directors, the Ninth Annual Report of POWERGRID Unchahar Transmission Limited (PUTL) on the working of the Company together with Audited Financial Statements and Auditors' Report for the financial year ended March 31, 2021.

# State of the Company's Affairs

POWERGRID Unchahar Transmission Limited ("PUTL / Company") was acquired by Power Grid Corporation of India Limited ("POWERGRID") on March 24, 2014 under tariff based competitive bidding from REC Transmission Projects Company Limited (the bid process co-ordinator) for establishment of transmission system for Associated Transmission System ("ATS") of Unchahar Thermal Power Station ("TPS") on a build-own-operate-maintain (BOOM) basis. The transmission system comprising Unchahar - Fatehpur 400kV Double Circuit (D/C) line (about 106.74 circuit kilometer) traverses the state of Uttar Pradesh. PUTL was granted transmission license by Central Electricity Regulatory Commission on July 21, 2014 and the project has been commissioned on October 1, 2016.

On the operational front, the availability of the transmission system of your Company was higher than the target availability of 98%. During the year, your Company entered into an Operations & Maintenance Agreement with POWERGRID for operation and maintenance of the transmission system owned by your Company.

During the year, your Company forayed into the business of providing investment management services and was appointed as the Investment Manager to POWERGRID Infrastructure Investment Trust ("PGInvIT"/ "Trust"), an infrastructure investment trust ("InvIT"), set up by its holding company, POWERGRID as the Sponsor, under the SEBI(InvIT) Regulations, 2014, as amended or supplemented ("the InvIT Regulations"). IDBI Trusteeship

Services Limited("ITSL") is the Trustee and POWERGRID is also the Project Manager to PGInvIT.

Your Company entered into an Investment Management Agreement ("the IMA") on December 18, 2020 with ITSL and five erstwhile subsidiaries of POWERGRID viz. POWERGRID Vizag Transmission Limited; POWERGRID Kala Amb Transmission Limited; POWERGRID Jabalpur Transmission Limited; POWERGRID Parli Transmission Limited; and POWERGRID Warora Transmission Limited (collectively, initial portfolio assets, "IPAs") to manage PGInvIT & the IPAs. The responsibilities include undertaking investment decisions with respect to the underlying assets or projects of the PGInvIT, any further investment or disinvestment decisions and all activities pertaining to issue and listing of units of PGInvIT in accordance with the InvIT Regulations and other applicable laws.

Subsequently, after the end of financial year 2020-21, the initial public offer ("IPO") of PGInvIT was launched in April, 2021 and the units of the Trust were listed on the Stock Exchanges – National Stock Exchange of India Limited and BSE Limited on May 14, 2021. All activities related to the PGInvIT IPO and its subsequent listing was carried out by your Company in its capacity as Investment Manager to PGInvIT.

#### **Financial Performance**

# (₹ in lakhs)

Particulars	2020-21	2019-20
Revenue from Operations	2,137.48	2,190.87
Other Income	41.84	18.87
Total Income	2,179.32	2,209.74
Expenses	1,086.41	849.10
Profit before Tax	1,092.91	1,360.64
Profit after Tax	494.18	963.99
Earnings Per Equity Share (₹)	3.81	7.44

# **Share Capital**

The Authorized Share Capital and Paid up Share Capital of the Company as on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2021, were ₹ 14,00,00,000/- and ₹ 12,96,10,670/-, respectively.

#### Dividend

During the financial year 2020-21, your Company paid two interim dividends viz. ₹ 2 per share in November, 2020 and ₹ 3 per share in March, 2021, out of profits of the Company for the FY 2020-21 and out of previous years' profits of the Company. The total dividend payout

amounts to ₹ 648.05 lakhs for the year. The Directors of the Company do not recommend any final dividend for the financial year 2020-21.

### **Reserves**

The Company has transferred an amount of ₹ 8.75 lakh to Self Insurance Reserve. Retained Earnings as on March 31, 2021 stood at ₹ 829.91 lakhs.

# Particulars of Loans, Guarantees or Investments made under section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013

Your Company has not given any loans, provided any guarantee or security to any other entity.

# Particulars of contracts or arrangements with related parties

Particulars of contracts or arrangements with related parties referred to Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013, in the prescribed form AOC-2, are given as *Annexure-1* to the Directors' Report.

# <u>Details of Significant & Material Orders passed by the regulators, courts, tribunals impacting the going concern status and company's operation in future</u>

No significant / material orders passed by any authority during the Financial Year impacting the going concern status and Company's operation in future.

#### **Deposits**

Your Company has not accepted any deposit for the period under review.

# **Subsidiaries, Joint Ventures and Associate Companies**

Your Company does not have any subsidiaries, joint ventures and associate companies.

# **Directors' Responsibility Statement**

As required under section 134(3)(c) & 134(5) of the Companies Act,2013("the Act"), your Directors confirm that:

a. in the preparation of the Annual Accounts, the applicable accounting standards had been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures;

- b. the Directors had selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company at the end of the financial year and of the profit of the company for that period;
- c. the Directors had taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities; and
- d. the Directors had prepared the Annual Accounts on a going concern basis; and
- e. the Directors had devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

# <u>Conservation of Energy, Technology absorption, Foreign Exchange Earning and Outgo</u>

All efforts are made to conserve and optimize the use of Energy and explore new technologies. There is no Foreign Exchange Earnings and Outgo during the Financial Year 2020-21.

#### **Annual Return**

In compliance with the provisions of Section 92(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Section 134(3)(a) of the Companies Act, 2013, copy of Annual Return can be accessed at weblink- <a href="https://www.putl.in/Docs/DRAFT%20MGT%207.pdf">https://www.putl.in/Docs/DRAFT%20MGT%207.pdf</a>.

#### **Board of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel**

As on March 31, 2021, the Board comprised four Directors viz. Smt. Seema Gupta, Shri Ashok Kumar Singhal, Shri Sunil Kumar Sharma and Shri M. N. Venkatesan.

There were some changes in the Board of Directors of the Company during the financial year 2020-21.

Smt. Seema Gupta and Shri M. Taj Mukarrum were appointed as Additional Directors of the Company w.e.f. September 18, 2020. Shri Sunil Kumar Sharma and Shri M N Venkatesan were appointed as Additional Director – Independent Directors w.e.f. December 15, 2020, vide Office Order dated December 15, 2020 of the Ministry of Power, Govt. of India. Shri Ashok

Kumar Singhal was appointed as Additional Director of the Company w.e.f. December 17, 2020.

Shri D.C. Joshi & Shri Pramod Kumar and Shri Sanjai Gupta, ceased to be Directors of the Company w.e.f July 31, 2020 and September 19, 2020, respectively. Shri Ram Naresh Singh and Shri M. Taj Mukarrum ceased to be Directors of the Company w.e.f December 16, 2020 and December 17, 2020, respectively. Subsequently, after the end of the Financial Year 2020-21, Shri Sunil Kumar Sharma ceased to be an Independent Director of the Company w.e.f July 23, 2021.

The Board placed on record its appreciation for the valuable contribution, guidance & support given by Shri D.C. Joshi, Shri Pramod Kumar, Shri Sanjai Gupta, Shri Ram Naresh Singh, Shri M. Taj Mukarrum and Shri Sunil Kumar Sharma during their tenure as Directors of the Company.

Smt. Seema Gupta, Shri Ashok Kumar Singhal and Shri M.N. Venkatesan who were appointed as Additional Directors during the year hold office till the ensuing Annual General Meeting (AGM). The Company has received a notice under Section 160 of the Companies Act, 2013 from a member of the Company for appointment of Smt. Seema Gupta and Shri Ashok Kumar Singhal as Directors, liable to retire by rotation and Shri M.N. Venkatesan as Independent Director, in the ensuing AGM.

In accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Articles of Association of the Company, the resolutions w.r.t. appointment of Smt. Seema Gupta and Shri Ashok Kumar Singhal as Directors, liable to retire by rotation and Shri M.N. Venkatesan as Independent Director, have been included in the Notice of the ensuing AGM.

None of the Directors is disqualified from being appointed/re-appointed as Director.

During the year, Shri Ajay Kumar Shukla and Shri Shwetank Kumar resigned from the position of Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary, respectively of the Company with effect from November 6, 2020. As on March 31, 2021, Shri Purshottam Agarwal, Shri Amit Garg and Ms. Anjana Luthra were Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary, respectively of the Company.

# Number of Board meetings during the year

During the financial year ended March 31, 2021, twelve (12) meetings of Board of Directors were held and the dates of meetings were June 4, 2020, July 28, 2020, September 11,2020, November 6, 2020, December 10, 2020, December 17, 2020, January 4, 2021, January

21,2021, January 25,2021, March 8, 2021, March 9, 2021 and March 25, 2021. The details of number of meetings attended by each Director during the financial year 2020-21 are as under:

Name of Director	Designation	No. of Board Meetings which were entitled to attend during 2020-21	No. of Board Meetings attended during 2020-21
Shri D. C. Joshi*	Chairman	02	02
Shri R N Singh**	Director	05	05
Shri Sanjai Gupta***	Director	03	03
Shri Pramod Kumar***	Director	03	03
Smt. Seema Gupta^	Director & Chairperson	09	09
Shri M. Taj Mukarrum^^	Director	03	03
Shri Ashok Kumar Singhal#	Director	07	07
Shri Sunil Kumar Sharma##	Director	07	07
Shri M N Venkatesan###	Director	07	07

<sup>\*</sup> Ceased to be Director w.e.f. 31.07.2020

# **Committees of Board**

Your Company is not required to constitute an Audit Committee and Nomination & Remuneration Committee in terms of notifications dated July 5, 2017 and July 13, 2017 issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA). Further, as per provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, your Company is not required to constitute Stakeholders' Relationship Committee.

However, as part of the Corporate Governance Framework implemented by your Company in relation to the POWERGRID Infrastructure Investment Trust ("PGInvIT") in its capacity as Investment Manager, the Board of Directors of your company have formed the following committees of the Board during the year.

### **Audit Committee**

As on March 31, 2021, the Audit Committee comprised the following members:

1. Shri M.N. Venkatesan Independent Director : Chairman of the Committee

2. Shri Sunil Kumar Sharma Independent Director : Member

<sup>\*\*</sup> Ceased to be Director w.e.f. 16.12.2020

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Ceased to be Director w.e.f. 19.09.2020

<sup>\*\*\*\*</sup>Ceased to be Director w.e.f. 19.09.2020

<sup>^</sup> Appointed as Additional Director & Chairperson w.e.f. 18.09.2020

<sup>^^</sup> Appointed as Additional Director w.e.f. 18.09.2020 and Ceased to be Director w.e.f.17.12.2020

<sup>#</sup> Appointed as Additional Director w.e.f. 17.12.2020

<sup>##</sup>Appointed as Additional Director -Independent Director w.e.f. 15.12.2020 and ceased to be Director w.e.f. 23.07.2021

<sup>###</sup> Appointed as Additional Director -Independent Director w.e.f. 15.12.2020

3. Shri Ashok Kumar Singhal Non-Executive Director : Member

During the financial year 2020-21, one (01) meeting of Audit Committee was held on March 8, 2021.

# **Investment Committee**

As on March 31, 2021, the Investment Committee comprised the following members:

1. Shri Sunil Kumar Sharma Independent Director : Chairman of the Committee

Shri M.N. Venkatesan Independent Director : Member
 Shri Ashok Kumar Singhal Non-Executive Director : Member

During the financial year 2020-21, no meeting of the Investment Committee was held.

# **Stakeholders' Relationship Committee**

As on March 31, 2021, the Stakeholders' Relationship Committee comprised the following members:

1. Smt. Seema Gupta Non-Executive Director & : Chairperson of the Committee

Chairperson

Shri M.N. Venkatesan Independent Director : Member
 Shri Ashok Kumar Singhal Non-Executive Director : Member

During the financial year 2020-21, no meeting of the Stakeholders' Relationship Committee was held.

### **Corporate Social Responsibility Committee**

In addition to the aforementioned committees, your Company has also constituted a Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Committee in line with the requirement of the provisions of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014("CSR Rules"). As on March 31, 2021, the CSR Committee comprised the following members:

1. Smt. Seema Gupta Non-Executive Director: Chairperson of the Committee

& Chairperson

Shri Sunil Kumar Sharma Independent Director : Member
 Shri Ashok Kumar Singhal Non-Executive Director : Member

During the financial year 2020-21, one (01) meeting of CSR Committee was held on September 11, 2020.

Your Company spent the entire CSR budget of ₹ 23.92 lakhs towards contribution to 'PM CARES FUND' during the year. As per requirement of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 8(1) of the CSR Rules, the Annual Report of your Company's CSR activities is enclosed at *Annexure-II* to this report.

# **Declaration by Independent Directors**

During the financial year, the Independent Directors of your Company have met the requirements specified under Section 149(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 for holding the position of 'Independent Director' and necessary declaration from each Independent Director under Section 149 (7) was received.

### **Performance Evaluation**

Your Company, being the wholly-owned Subsidiary of POWERGRID, is a Government Company. The Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) vide Notification dated June 5, 2015 has exempted Government Companies from the provisions of Section 178 (2) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act"), which provides for manner of evaluation of performance of Board, its Committees and Directors by Nomination and Remuneration Committee. The requirement of mentioning a statement on the manner of formal evaluation of performance of directors in Boards' Report as per section 134(3) (p) of the Act has also been done away with for Government Companies, where the directors are evaluated by the Ministry or Department of the Central Government which is administratively in charge of the company, as per its own evaluation methodology. Further, MCA vide its notification dated July 5, 2017 has made an amendment in the Schedule IV of the Act, whereby it has exempted Government Companies from complying with the requirement of performance evaluation by the Independent Directors of non-independent directors and Chairman and performance evaluation of the Independent Directors by the Board, if the concerned departments or ministries have specified these requirements.

The Whole time Directors & senior officials of POWERGRID -the holding company, nominated as Directors of your Company are evaluated under a laid down procedure of the Department of Public Enterprises ("DPE") - for evaluation of CMD/ Functional Directors by the Administrative Ministry and that for senior officials by POWERGRID. The Independent Directors appointed on the Board of your Company by the Government of India are evaluated by the Administrative Ministry.

### **Statutory Auditors**

M/s. Khanna Thaker & Co., Chartered Accounts, Lucknow, were appointed by Comptroller and Auditor General (C&AG) of India as Statutory Auditors of the Company for the financial year 2020-21.

# **Statutory Auditors' Report**

M/s Khanna Thaker & Co., Chartered Accounts, Lucknow, the Statutory Auditors for the financial year 2020-21 have given an unqualified report. The report is self-explanatory and does not require any further comments by the Board.

# <u>Details in respect of frauds reported by auditors other than those which are</u> reportable to the Central Government

The Statutory Auditors of the Company have not reported any frauds to the Board of Directors under Section 143(12) of the Companies Act, 2013, including rules made thereunder.

### **Comptroller and Auditor General's (C&AG) Comments**

C&AG vide letter dated June 30, 2021 has decided not to conduct the supplementary audit under Section 143(6)(a) of the Companies Act, 2013 of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended March 31, 2021. Copy of letter dated June 30, 2021 received form C&AG is placed at *Annexure-III* to this report.

## **Cost Auditors**

Since the Turnover of your Company did not exceed the prescribed limits under Section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Cost Records and Audit) Rules, 2014, the requirement of appointing Cost Auditor was not applicable to your Company during the financial year 2020-21.

### **Development & Implementation of Risk Management Policy**

Your Company, being a wholly owned subsidiary of POWERGRID, is covered under the Risk Management Framework of POWERGRID, the holding company.

# **Particulars of Employees**

As per Notification dated June 5, 2015 issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, the provisions of Section 197 of the Companies Act, 2013 & corresponding rules of Chapter XIII are exempted for Government Companies. As your Company is a Government Company, the information has not been included as a part of Directors' report.

### Prevention of Sexual Harassment at Workplace

There was no incidence of Sexual Harassment during the Financial Year 2020-21.

**Internal Financial Control Systems and their adequacy** 

Your Company has, in all material respects, an adequate Internal Financial Controls System over Financial Reporting and such Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting were

operating effectively as at March 31, 2021.

**Right to Information** 

In compliance with Right to Information Act, 2005("RTI Act"), an appropriate mechanism is

in place for promoting transparency and accountability, wherein your Company has

nominated Central Public Information Officer / Appellate Authorities to provide required

information under the provisions of RTI Act.

**Acknowledgement** 

The Board of Directors place on record their gratitude for the support of Ministry of Power,

the Central Electricity Regulatory Commission, Securities and Exchange Board of India, the Central Electricity Authority, Power System Operation Corporation Limited, Power Grid

Corporation of India Limited, the Comptroller & Auditor General of India, Auditors of the Company, customers, and various other authorities Your directors also place on record their

appreciation for the hard work and dedication of the employees and support services of the

Company, especially during the difficult times of the pandemic.

For and on behalf of

**POWERGRID Unchahar Transmission Limited** 

Sd/-

(Seema Gupta) Chairperson

DIN: 06636330

Date: September 20, 2021

Place: Gurgaon

### FORM NO. AOC -2

# (Pursuant to clause (h) of sub-section (3) of section 134 of the Act and Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014

Form for Disclosure of particulars of contracts/arrangements entered into by the company with related parties referred to in sub section (1) of section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 including certain arm's length transaction under third proviso thereto.

1. Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions not at arm's length basis.

Sl. No.	Particulars	Details
а	Name (s) of the related party & nature of	-
	relationship	
b	Nature of contracts/arrangements/transaction	-
С	Duration of the contracts/arrangements/transaction	-
d	Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or	-
	transaction including the value, if any	
е	Justification for entering into such contracts or	-
	arrangements or transactions'	
f	Date of approval by the Board	-
g	Amount paid as advances, if any	-
h	Date on which the special resolution was passed in	-
	General meeting as required under first proviso to	
	section 188	

2. Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions at arm's length basis.

SI.	Particulars	Details
No.		
1.	(a) Name (s) of the	Power Grid Corporation of India Limited (POWERGRID) [holding company
	related party & nature	w.e.f. 24.03.2014].
	of relationship	
	(b) Nature of	Part (A) to take any security(ies) / guarantee(s) in connection with loan(s)
	contracts/	and / or any form of debt including ECBs and/or to avail Inter corporate
	arrangements/transac	loan(s) on cost to cost basis, or a combination thereof, upto an amount
	tion	of Rs. 90 crore from POWERGRID.
		Part (B) to avail all inputs and services as may be required by the
		Company from POWERGRID.
		Part (C) to avail services of POWERGRID for undertaking all post CoD
		activities including O&M consultancy as may be required by the Company.

		Part (D) Availing of services from POWERGRID being the Project Manager appointed by IDBI Trusteeship Services Ltd (Trustee) and your Company for implementation, development, maintenance, operation and management of the assets of POWERGRID Infrastructure Investment Trust (PGInvIT) which initially comprises POWERGRID Vizag Transmission Limited("PVTL"); POWERGRID Kala Amb Transmission Limited("PKATL"); POWERGRID Jabalpur Transmission Limited("PJTL"); POWERGRID Warora Transmission Limited("PWTL"); and POWERGRID Parli Transmission Limited ("PPTL").  Part (E) to use the Trademarks i.e. POWERGRID Logo throughout India and rest of the world.
	(c) Duration of the contracts/arrangemen ts/transaction	Part (A) As mutually agreed Part (B) As mutually agreed Part (C) As mutually agreed Part (D) As mutually agreed
	(d)Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transaction including the value, if any	Part (E) As mutually agreed  Refer (b)
	(e)Date of approval by the Board	13.08.2014 [for Part (A)], 04.04.2016 [for Part (B)], 21.01.2021[for Part (C)], 04.01.2021 for Part (D) and 21.01.2021 for Part (E).
	(f)Amount paid as advances, if any	-
2.	(a) Name (s) of the related party & nature of relationship	Sister concerns (Wholly owned subsidiaries of POWERGRID)  • POWERGRID Vizag Transmission Limited(PVTL)  • POWERGRID Kala Amb Transmission Limited(PKATL)  • POWERGRID Jabalpur Transmission Limited(PJTL)  • POWERGRID Warora Transmission Limited(PWTL)  • POWERGRID Parli Transmission Limited (PPTL)
b	(b) Nature of contracts/ arrangements/transac tion	Part (A) to render investment management services as Investment Manager to POWERGRID Infrastructure Investment Trust("PGInvIT") including management & administration of its assets which initially comprise PVTL, PKATL, PJTL, PWTL and PPTL.  Part (B) Availing of services from POWERGRID being the Project Manager appointed by IDBI Trusteeship Services Ltd ("Trustee") and your Company for implementation, development, maintenance, operation and management of the assets of POWERGRID Infrastructure Investment Trust ("PGInvIT") which initially comprises PVTL, PKATL, PJTL, PWTL and PPTL.

(c) Duration of the	Part (A) As mutually agreed
contracts/arrangemen	Part (B) As mutually agreed
ts/transaction	
(d) Salient terms of the	Refer (b)
contracts or	
arrangements or	
transaction including	
the value, if any	
(e)Date of approval by	17.12.2020 for Part (A) and 04.01.2021for Part (B).
the Board	
(f) Amount paid as	-
advances, if any	

For and on behalf of **POWERGRID Unchahar Transmission Limited** 

Sd/-(Seema Gupta) Chairperson DIN: 06636330

Date: September 20, 2021

Place: Gurgaon

# Annual Report on CSR Activities to be Included in the Board's Report for Financial Year 2020 - 2021

# 1. Brief outline on CSR Policy of the Company.

Your Company has adopted the CSR policy of its holding company viz. POWERGRID and is undertaking CSR activities through POWERGRID. CSR Policy of POWERGRID is formulated keeping in view the requirements of the Companies Act, 2013("the Act") and the Department of Public Enterprises guidelines. The activities proposed to be undertaken under CSR shall include all the activities mentioned in Schedule VII of Section 135 (3) (a) of the Act.

The Policy is available on:-

https://www.powergrid.in/sites/default/files/CSR Policy 2015 0.pdf

# 2. Composition of CSR Committee:

Composition of CSR Committee and meeting(s) attended by members of the Committee were as under:

At the beginning of the year, CSR Committee comprised the following members:

SI. No.	Name of Director	Designation / Nature of Directorship	Number of meetings of CSR Committee held during the year	Number of meetings of CSR Committee attended during the year
1	Shri D. C. Joshi*	Non-Executive Director & Chairman	01**	Not Applicable
2	Shri R. N. Singh	Non-Executive Director	01**	01
3	Shri Pramod Kumar	Non-Executive Director	01**	01

<sup>\*</sup>Ceased to be Director and member of CSR Committee w.e.f. 31.07.2020.

The CSR Committee was reconstituted on December 4, 2020 to comprise the following members:

SI. No.	Name of Director	Designation / Nature of Directorship	Number of meetings of CSR Committee held during the year	Number of meetings of CSR Committee attended during the year
1	Smt. Seema Gupta	Non-Executive Director & Chairperson	01^	Not Applicable

<sup>\*\*</sup>Meeting held on 11.09.2020.

2	Mr. M. Taj Mukarrum^^	Non-Executive Director	01^	Not Applicable
3	Shri R.N. Singh^^^	Non-Executive Director	01^	Not Applicable

<sup>^</sup>Meeting held on 11.09.2020.

The CSR Committee was further reconstituted on January 21, 2021 to comprise the following members:

SI. No.	Name of Director	Designation / Nature of Directorship	Number of meetings of CSR Committee held during the year	Number of meetings of CSR Committee attended during the year
1	Smt. Seema Gupta	Non-Executive Director & Chairperson	01#	Not Applicable
2	Shri Sunil Kumar Sharma	Independent Director	01#	Not Applicable
3	Shri Ashok Kumar Singhal	Non-Executive Director	01#	Not Applicable

<sup>#</sup> Meeting held on 11.09.2020.

3. Provide the web-link where Composition of CSR committee, CSR Policy and CSR projects approved by the board are disclosed on the website of the company.

The requisite information can be accessed at https://www.putl.in/csr

4. Provide the details of Impact assessment of CSR projects carried out in pursuance of sub-rule (3) of rule 8 of the Companies (Corporate Social responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014, if applicable (attach the report).

Not Applicable.

5. Details of the amount available for set off in pursuance of sub-rule (3) of rule 7 of the Companies (Corporate Social responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014 and amount required for set off for the financial year, if any

SI. No.	Financial Year		Amount required to be set-off for the financial year, if any (in ₹)
1	2018-19	NIL	NIL
2	2019-20	NIL	NIL
3	2020-21	NIL	NIL

<sup>^^</sup> Ceased to be Director and member of CSR Committee w.e.f. 17.12.2020.

<sup>^^^</sup> Ceased to be Director and member of CSR Committee w.e.f. 16.12.2020.

Total NIL NIL	
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- 6. Average net profit of the company as per section 135(5): ₹ 1196.02 lakhs
- 7. (a) Two percent of average net profit of the company as per section 135(5) ₹ 23.92 lakhs (b)Surplus arising out of the CSR projects or programmes or activities of the previous financial years NIL
  - (c)Amount required to be set off for the financial year, if any -NIL
  - (d) Total CSR obligation for the financial year (7a+7b-7c) ₹ 23.92 lakhs
- 8. (a) CSR amount spent or unspent for the financial year: FY 2020-21

Total Amount Spent for the Financial Year	Total Amount	transferred to Account as per	Amount transfo under Schedule section 135(5).	erred to any f	und specified and proviso to
			Name of the Fund		Date of transfer.
23.92	Nil	NA	-	Nil	NA

(b) Details of CSR amount spent against ongoing projects for the financial year: Not Applicable

							-		•		•
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)		(11)
No.	Project	the list of activities in	area (Yes/ No).	Location of the project.  State. District.		allocated for the project	the current financial Year (in ₹)	transferred to Unspent CSR Account	Implementation - Direct (Yes/No).	Through Impler Agency Name	gh menting Y
1.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

(c) Details of CSR amount spent against other than ongoing projects for the financial year:

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)		(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	
No.	the	list of activities t in schedule VII		the project.		(in ₹ Lakhs).	implementation - Direct	Mode of implementation - Through implementing agency.	
			No). State. District.		(Yes/No).		CSR registration number.		
1.		"Healthcare" under item no.(i) of Schedule VII of Companies Act,2013	Yes	Various parts of the country		23.92	Direct*	POWERGRID*	Not Applicable
	Total					23.92			

<sup>\*</sup>Your Company is undertaking CSR activities through its holding company viz., Power Grid Corporation of India Limited (POWERGRID).

- (d) Amount spent in Administrative Overheads: NIL
- (e) Amount spent on Impact Assessment, if applicable: Not Applicable
- (f) Total amount spent for the Financial Year (8b+8c+8d+8e): ₹ 23.92 lakhs
- (g) Excess amount for set off, if any: NIL

SI. No.	Particular	Amount (in ₹ Lakhs)
	Two percent of average net profit of the company as per section 135(5)	23.92
(ii)	Total amount spent for the Financial Year	23.92
(iii)	Excess amount spent for the financial year [(ii)-(i)]	NIL
(iv)	Surplus arising out of the CSR projects or programmes or activities of the previous financial years, if any	Not Applicable
(v)	Amount available for set off in succeeding financial years [(iii)-(iv)]	NIL

9. (a) Details of Unspent CSR amount for the preceding three financial years: Not Applicable

SI. No.	Financial Year	transferred to Unspent CSR Account under	reporting Financial Year	fund spec VII as pe	ified unde	r Schedule 135(6), if	remaining to be spent in succeeding
		section 135 (6) (in ₹ lakhs)				Date of	financial years. (in ₹ Lakhs)
1.	2017-18	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
2.	2018-19	Nil	4.96	NA	Nil	NA	Nil
3.	2019-20	Nil	14.79	NA	Nil	NA	Nil
	Total	Nil	19.75	NA	Nil	NA	Nil

(b) Details of CSR amount spent in the financial year for ongoing projects of the preceding financial year(s): Not Applicable

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
1	ID.	the Project.	Financial Year in which the project was commenced.	duration.	amount allocated for the project (in ₹).	spent on the project in the reporting	amount spent at the end of	• •
1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

- 10. In case of creation or acquisition of capital asset, furnish the details relating to the asset so created or acquired through CSR spent in the financial year (asset-wise details).
- (a)Date of creation or acquisition of the capital asset(s) Not Applicable.
- (b)Amount of CSR spent for creation or acquisition of capital asset Not Applicable.
- (c) Details of the entity or public authority or beneficiary under whose name such capital asset is registered, their address etc. Not Applicable.
- (d)Provide details of the capital asset(s) created or acquired (including complete address and location of the capital asset) Not Applicable.
- 11. Specify the reason(s), if the company has failed to spend two per cent of the average net profit as per section 135(5).

Not Applicable.

Sd/Purshottam Agarwal
Chief Executive Officer

Sd/-Seema Gupta Chairman – CSR Committee

Date: September 20, 2021

Place: Gurgaon

COMMENTS OF THE COMPTROLLER AND AUDITOR GENERAL OF INDIA UNDER SECTION 143(6)(B) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013 ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF POWERGRID UNCHAHAR TRANSMISSION LIMITED FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

The preparation of financial statements of POWERGRID Unchahar Transmission Limited for the year ended 31 March 2021 in accordance with the financial reporting framework prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013 (Act) is the responsibility of the management of the company. The statutory auditor appointed by the Comptroller and Auditor General of India under section 139(5) of the Act is responsible for expressing opinion on the financial statements under section 143 of the Act based on independent audit in accordance with the standards on auditing prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act. This is stated to have been done by them vide their Audit Report dated 27 May 2021.

I, on behalf of the Comptroller and Auditor General of India, have decided not to conduct the supplementary audit of the financial statements of POWERGRID Unchahar Transmission Limited for the year ended 31 March 2021 under Section 143(6)(a) of the Act.

For and on behalf of the Comptroller & Auditor General of India

(D. K. Sekar)

Director General of Audit (Energy),

Delhi

Place: New Delhi Dated: 30.06.2021



# KHANNA THAKER & COMPANY

# **Chartered Accountants**

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

TO,
THE MEMBERS OF
POWERGRID UNCHAHAR TRANSMISSION LIMITED

# Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

# **Opinion**

We have audited the accompanying Ind AS Financial Statements of M/s POWERGRID UNCHAHAR TRANSMISSION LIMITED ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2021, the Statement of Profit and Loss, Statement of Changes in Equity, the Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with IND AS and the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of state of affairs of the Company as at 31st March 2021, its profit including other comprehensive income, its Changes in Equity and its cashflows for the year ended on that date.

### **Key Audit Matters**

We have determined that there are no key audit matters to communicate in our report.

## **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act"). Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

# Responsibility of Managements and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with IND AS and the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind AS") prescribed under Section 133 of the Act read with the relevant rules there under. This responsibility also includes the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provision of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting the frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the company's financial reporting process.

# Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

# Report on other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016, issued by the Central Government of India in term of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Companies Act,2013, we give in the 'Annexure A' a statement on the matters specified in the paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- 2. As required by section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
- a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
- b) In our opinion proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as appears from our examination of those books.

c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss, Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.

d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with IND AS and the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the

Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.

e) As the Government Companies have been exempted from applicability of the provision of section 164(2) of the Companies Act, 2013, reporting on disqualification of Directors

not required.

f) With respect to the adequacy of internal financial controls over financial reporting of the company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate

Report in 'Annexure - B'

g) With respect to the other matters included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules 2014, in our opinion and to our

best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:

i. The company disclosed the impact of pending litigations on the Financial position in its financial statements of the Company-Refer Note 33

financial statements

ii. The company did not have any long-term contracts including derivatives

contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses;

iii. There has been no Delay in Transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to

the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

In terms of Section 143 (5) of the Companies Act 2013, we give in the "Annexure C"

statement on the directions issued by the Comptroller and Auditor General of India.

For Khanna Thaker & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Firm Reg. No. 001265C

ABHINAV Digitally signed by ABHINAV KHANNA KHANNA Date: 2021.05.27 18:20:07 +05'30'

CA Abhinav Khanna

Partner

Membership No: 405987

Place: Lucknow Date: 27.05.2021

# ANNEXURE 'A' TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph 2 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report to the Members of POWERGRID Unchahar Transmission Limited of even date)

S. No.	Particulars	Auditors Remark
(i)	(a) whether the company is maintaining proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets;	The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets.
	b) whether these fixed assets have been physically verified by the management at reasonable intervals; whether any material discrepancies were noticed on such verification and if so, whether the same have been properly dealt with in the books of account;	The Company has a program of verification to cover all the items of tangible fixed assets which, in our opinion, is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. Pursuant to the program, all tangible fixed assets were physically verified by the management during the year. According to the information and explanations given to us, no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
	(c) Whether the title deeds of immovable properties are held in the name of the company. If not, provide the details thereof;	The transmission line towers erected by the company on the farmers land are treated as immovable property based on the provisions of the Indian Telegraph Act, which permits public utility undertakings to erect such towers without acquiring the land by paying adequate tree/crop compensation by the company to the owners of the said property
(ii)	Whether physical verification of inventory has been conducted at reasonable intervals by the management and whether any material discrepancies were noticed and if so, whether they have been properly dealt with in the books of account;	The company does not have any inventory. Accordingly, this clause of the order is not applicable to the company.
(iii)	Whether the company has granted any loans, secured or unsecured to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or other parties covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013. If so,	According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not granted unsecured loans to Companies, Firms, Limited Liability Partnerships and other parties covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013. Accordingly clauses 3(iii) are not not applicable to the company.
	(a) Whether the terms and conditions of the grant of such loans are not prejudicial to the company's interest;	Not Applicable
	(b) Whether the schedule of repayment of principal and payment of interest has been stipulated and whether the repayments or receipts are regular;	Not Applicable

	(c) If the amount is overdue, state the total amount overdue for more than ninety days, and whether reasonable steps have been taken by the company for recovery of the principal and interest;	Not Applicable
(iv)	In respect of loans, investments, guarantees, and security whether provisions of section 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 have been complied with. If not, provide the details thereof.	In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company does not have loans, Investments, guarantees and security covered under Sections 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 and accordingly clause 3(iv) of the order is not applicable to the company.
(v)	In case, the company has accepted deposits, whether the directives issued by the Reserve Bank of India and the provisions of sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules framed thereunder, where applicable, have been complied with? If not, the nature of such contraventions be stated; If an order has been passed by Company Law Board or National Company Law Tribunal or Reserve Bank of India or any court or any other tribunal, whether the same has been complied with or not?	The Company has not accepted deposits during the year and does not have any unclaimed deposits as at March 31, 2021 and accordingly clause 3(v) of the order is not applicable to the company.
(vi)	Whether maintenance of cost records has been specified by the Central Government under sub-section (1) of section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013 and whether such accounts and records have been so made and maintained.	The maintenance of cost records has not been specified by the Central Government under section 148(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 in respect of Transmission and Telecom Operations. However, the company has not crossed the threshold limits of requirements of maintaining the Cost Records and hence the same has not been maintained.
(vii)	(a) whether the company is regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, sales-tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and any other statutory dues to the appropriate authorities and if not, the extent of the arrears of outstanding statutory dues as on the last day of the financial year concerned for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable, shall be indicated;	The Company has been regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues, including Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income Tax, Goods and Service Tax, and other material statutory dues applicable to it with the appropriate authorities.
	(b) where dues of income tax or sales tax or service tax or duty of customs or duty of excise or value added tax have not been deposited on account of any dispute, then the amounts involved and the forum where	There were no undisputed amounts payable in respect of Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income Tax, Goods and Service Tax, and other material statutory dues in arrears as at March 31, 2021 for a period of more than six

	dispute is pending shall be mentioned. (A mere representation to the concerned Department shall not be treated as a dispute).	months from the date they became payable.
(viii)	Whether the company has defaulted in repayment of loans or borrowing to a financial institution, bank, Government or dues to debenture holders? If yes, the period and the amount of default to be reported (in case of defaults to banks, financial institutions, and Government, lender wise details to be provided).	The Company has not taken any loans or borrowings from financial institutions, banks and government or has not issued any debentures. Hence reporting under clause 3 (viii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
(ix)	Whether moneys raised by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) and term loans were applied for the purposes for which those are raised. If not, the details together with delays or default and subsequent rectification, if any, as may be applicable, be reported;	Based on the specified audit procedures followed by us and as per the information and explanations given by the management, Company has not raised any monies by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments). Holding Company provided Inter corporate loan. We report that the amounts received were applied for the purposes for which they were received.
(x)	whether any fraud by the company or any fraud on the Company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the year; If yes, the nature and the amount involved is to be indicated;	To the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanations given to us, no fraud by the Company or no material fraud on the Company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the year.
(xi)	Whether managerial remuneration has been paid or provided in accordance with the requisite approvals mandated by the provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V to the Companies Act? If not, state the amount involved and steps taken by the company for securing refund of the same;	In view of exemption given vide notification no. G. S. R. 463(E) dated June 5, 2015, issued by Ministry of Corporate Affairs, provisions of Section 197 read with Schedule V of the Act regarding managerial remuneration are not applicable to the Company. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xi) of the order is not applicable to the company
(xii)	whether the Nidhi Company has complied with the Net Owned Funds to Deposits in the ratio of 1: 20 to meet out the liability and whether the Nidhi Company is maintaining ten per cent unencumbered term deposits as specified in the Nidhi Rules, 2014 to meet out the liability;	The Company is not a Nidhi Company and hence reporting under clause 3 (xii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
(xiii)	Whether all transactions with the related parties are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of Companies Act, 2013 where applicable and the details have been disclosed in the Financial Statements etc., as required by the applicable accounting standards;	In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is in compliance with Section 177 and 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 where applicable, for all transactions with the related parties and the details of related party transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.

(xiv)	Whether the company has made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year under review and if so, as to whether the requirement of section 42 of the Companies Act, 2013 have been complied with and the amount raised have been used for the purposes for which the funds were raised. If not, provide the details in respect of the amount involved and nature of non-compliance;	During the year, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly paid convertible debentures and hence reporting under clause (xiv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
(xv)	Whether the company has entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him and if so, whether the provisions of section 192 of Companies Act, 2013 have been complied with	In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, during the year the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its Directors or persons connected to its directors and hence provisions of section 192 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to the Company.
(xvi)	Whether the company is required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 and if so, whether the registration has been obtained.	The Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.

For Khanna Thaker & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Reg. No. 001265C

ABHINAV ABHINAV KHANNA Date: 2021.05.27 18:20:31 +05'30'

CA Abhinav Khanna

Partner

Membership No: 405987

Place: Lucknow Date: 27.05.2021

# 'Annexure B' to the Independent Auditor's report of Even Date in the Financial Statements of

# POWERGRID UNCHAHAR TRANSMISSION LIMITED

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **POWERGRID UNCHAHAR TRANSMISSION LIMITED** ("the Company") as of March 31, 2021 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

### Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Board of Directors of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

# Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India and the Standards on Auditing prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

# Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that,

- (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company;
- (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and
- (3) Provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

# Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

# Opinion

In our opinion, the Company, which is company incorporated in India, have, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2021, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI).

For Khanna Thaker & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Reg. No. 001265C

ABHINAV Digitally signed by ABHINAV KHANNA

Control Date: 2021.05.27
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CA Abhinav Khanna Partner

Membership No: 405987

Place: Lucknow Date: 27.05.2021

# "Annexure C" to the Independent Auditor's report of Even Date in the Financial Statements of POWERGRID UNCHAHAR TRANSMISSION LIMITED

Statement on the directions issued by the Comptroller and Auditor General of India

We have verified various documents and other relevant records and also on the basis of information and explanations provided to us, by the management of POWERGRID Unchahar **Transmission Limited** to ascertain whether the company has complied with the section 143(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 and give our report against each specific direction as under.

SI. No.	Directions u/s 143(5) of the Companies Act, 2013	Auditor's reply on action taken on the directions	Impact on financial statement
1	Whether the Company has system in place to process all the accounting transactions through IT system? If yes, the implications of processing of accounting transactions outside IT system on the integrity of the accounts along with the financial implications, if any, may be stated.	The company is having ERP system (SAP) in place for processing all accounting transactions. No accounting transaction is being recorded/processed otherwise than the ERP system in place.	NIL
2	Whether there is any restructuring of an existing loan or cases of waiver/write off of debts/loans/interest etc. made by a lender to the company due to the company's inability to repay the loan? If yes, the financial impact may be stated. Whether such cases are properly accounted for? (In case, lender is a Government Company, then this direction is also applicable for statutory auditor of lender company).	As explained to us, there are no cases of restructuring of an existing loan or cases of waiver/ write off of debts/ loans/ interest etc. made by a lender to the company due to the company's inability to repay the loan.	NIL
3	Whether funds (grants/subsidy etc.) received/receivable for specific schemes from Central/State Government or its agencies were properly accounted for/utilized as per its term and conditions? List the cases of deviation	As per the information and explanation given to us, no funds has been received / receivable for specific schemes from Central/ State agencies.	NIL

For Khanna Thaker & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Reg. No. 001265C

Digitally signed by ABHINAV KHANNA Date: 2021.05.27 18:21:21 +05'30' ABHINAV KHANNA

CA Abhinav Khanna Partner

Membership No: 405987

Place: Lucknow Date: 27.05.2021



# KHANNA THAKER & COMPANY

# **Chartered Accountants**

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# **Compliance Certificate**

We have conducted the audit of annual standalone accounts of POWERGRID UNCHAHAR TRANSMISSION LIMITED for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2021 in accordance with the Directions/ Sub Directions issued by C&AG of India under Section 143(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 and certify that we have complied with all the Direction/ Sub-directions issued to us.

Date: 27.05.2021 Place: Lucknow For Khanna Thaker & Co. Chartered Accountants FRN No. 001265C

ABHINAV KHANNA Digitally signed by ABHINAV KHANNA Date: 2021.05.27 18:21:46 +05'30'

(CA Abhinav Khanna) Membership No. 405987

# CIN: U65100DL2012GOI246341

#### Balance Sheet As at 31st March 2021

(₹ in Lakh)

			(₹ in Lakh)
Particulars	Note No.	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
ASSETS			
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Property, Plant And Equipment	4	5768.37	5945.54
Intangible Assets	5	6.78	7.00
Other Non-Current Assets	6	22.13	20.21
		5797.28	5972.75
CURRENT ASSETS			
Financial Assets			
Trade Receivables	7	203.80	291.55
Cash And Cash Equivalents	8	107.20	39.82
Other Current Financial Assets	9	233.56	278.44
		544.56	609.81
TOTAL ADDITO		2011.01	2502.50
TOTAL ASSETS	1	6341.84	6582.56
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
EQUITY	4.0	4000 44	1000 11
Equity Share Capital	10	1296.11	1296.11
Other Equity	11	864.91	1148.39
		2161.02	2444.50
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Financial Liabilities	40	0404.47	2024.04
Borrowings	12	3481.47	3631.94
Deferred Tax Liabilities (Net)	13	433.74	26.04
Deletted Tax Clabilities (Net)	13	3915.21	3657.98
		3913.21	3037.30
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Financial Liabilities			
Trade Payables	14		
(i) total outstanding dues of Micro Enterprises & Small Enterprises		0.00	0.00
(ii) total outstanding dues of creditors other than Micro Enterprises & Small Enterprises		139.68	73.19
(w) the same and g and a same and a same and p and a same and p			
Other Current Financial Liability	15	125.50	400.00
Other Current Liabilities	16	0.43	6.89
Current Tax Liabilities (Net)	17	0.00	0.00
		265.61	480.08
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		6341.84	6582.56

The accompanying Notes 1 to 40 form an integral part of Financial Statements

In terms of our Report of even date For Khanna Thaker & Co Chartered Accountants

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

ABHINAV Digitally signed by ABHINAV KHANNA
KHANNA Date: 2021.05.27
18:11:23 +05'30'

(Abhinav Khanna) Partner Membership No.- 405987 FRN:- 001265C Place: Lucknow 
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 Date: 2021.05.27 17.30.51 + 053.0°

 Seema Gupta
 Ashok Kumar Singhal Director

 Chairperson
 Director

 DIN:- 06636330
 DIN:- 08578420

Place: New Delhi

Purshotta Digitally igned by Purshotta Marian Digitally igned by AMIT Digitally igned by AMIT Oligitally igned by AMIT Ol

Place: Gurugram

Purshottam Agarwal Amit Garg Anjana Luthra
CEO CFO Company Secretary
PAN: ABWPA7859E PAN: ACSPG1833F PAN: ABYPL2312H

Place: Gurugram Place: Gurugram Place: New Delhi

CIN: U65100DL2012GOI246341

# Statement of Profit and Loss For the year ended 31st March 2021

(₹ in Lakh)

	Particulars	Note No	For the Year ended 31	For the Year ended	
			March 2021	31 March 2020	
	Income				
1	Revenue from operations	18	2,137.48	2,190.87	
II	Other income	19	41.84	18.87	
III	Total Income (I+II)		2,179.32	2,209.74	
IV	Expenses				
	Employee benefits expense	20	347.91	28.07	
	Finance costs	21	315.68	362.04	
	Depreciation and amortization expenses	22	177.39	386.64	
	Other expenses	23	245.43	72.35	
	Total Expenses (IV)		1,086.41	849.10	
V	Profit before Tax (III-IV)		1,092.91	1,360.64	
VI	Tax Expense				
	Current tax		191.03	237.73	
	Deferred Tax		407.70	158.92	
	Tax Expense (VI)		598.73	396.65	
VII	Profit for the period (V-VI)		494.18	963.99	
VIII	Other comprehensive income		-	-	
IX	Total comprehensive income for the period (VII+VIII)		494.18	963.99	
X	Earning Per Equity Share (Par Value ₹ 10/- each)				
	Basic (in ₹)		3.81	7.44	
	Diluted (in ₹)		3.81	7.44	

The accompanying Notes 1 to 40 form an integral part of Financial Statements

In terms of our Report of even date For Khanna Thaker & Co **Chartered Accountants** 

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

ABHINAV Digitally signed by ABHINAV KHANNA Date: 2021.05.27 18:13:27 +05'30'

(Abhinav Khanna)

Partner

Membership No.- 405987

FRN:- 001265C

Place: Lucknow

Seema Digitally signed by Seema Gupta
Date: 2021.05.27
17:29:26 +05'30'

Seema Gupta

Chairperson DIN:- 06636330

DIN:- 08578420

Director

A K Digitally signed by A K SINGHAL Date: 2021.05.27 17:29:49 +05'30'

Ashok Kumar Singhal

Place: Gurugram

Place: New Delhi

Purshotta Digitally signed by Purshottam Agarwal Date: 2021.05.27 Tr.15:11 +05'30'

AMIT Digitally signed by AMIT GARG Date: 2021.05.27 17:26:40 +05'30'

Aniana Luthra

Purshottam Agarwal CEO PAN: ABWPA7859E

**Amit Garg** CFO PAN: ACSPG1833F Anjana Luthra **Company Secretary** PAN: ABYPL2312H

Place: Gurugram

Place: Gurugram

Place: New Delhi

#### CIN: U65100DL2012GOI246341

#### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

(₹ in Lakh)

Book's along	For the ye	For the year ended			
Particulars	31.03.2021	31.03.2020			
A. Cash Flow from Operating Activities:					
Net profit before Tax	1,092.91	1,360.64			
Add: Depreciation	177.39	386.64			
Add: interest expense	315.68	362.04			
Opertating Profit before Working Capital Changes	1,585.98	2,109.32			
Adjsutments for Increase/Decrease in:					
(Increase)/Decrease in Trade Receivables	87.75	13.05			
(Increase)/Decrease in Other Current Financial Assets	44.88	20.00			
(Increase)/Decrease in other non Current Assets	5.83	-			
Increase/(Decrease) in Trade Payables	66.49	63.09			
Increase/(Decrease) in Other Current Financial Liability	0.50	-			
Increase/(Decrease) in Other Current Liabilities	(6.46)	6.89			
Cash Generated from Operations	1,784.97	2,212.35			
-Tax Paid	(200.00)	(250.00)			
-Tax Refund Received	1.22	-			
Net Cash (used in)/from Operating Activities	1,586.19	1,962.35			
B. Cash Flow from investing Activities:					
Property, Plant & Equipments and CWIP	-	(8.59)			
Net Cash (used in)/from Investing Activities	-	(8.59)			
C. Cash Flow from Financing Activities:					
Repayment of Loans Borrowings	(425.47)	(600.07)			
Interest paid during the year	(315.68)	(362.04)			
Final Dividend paid	(129.61)	(259.22)			
Tax on Final Dividend	-	(53.28)			
Interim Dividend Paid	(648.05)	(550.85)			
Tax on interim Dividend	-	(113.23)			
Cash Flow (used in)/from Financing Activities:	(1,518.81)	(1,938.69)			
D. Net change in Cash and Cash equivalents(A+B+C)	67.38	15.07			
E. Cash and Cash equivalents(opening balance)	39.82	24.75			
F. Cash and Cash equivalents(closing balance)(Note no 8)	107.20	39.82			

The accompanying Notes 1 to 40 form an integral part of Financial Statements

#### Note:

- i) Cash and Cash equivalents consist of balances with banks.
- ii) Previous year figures have been re-grouped/re-arranged wherever necessary

In terms of our Report of even date For Khanna Thaker & Co Chartered Accountants

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

ABHINAV Digitally signed by ABHINAV KHANNA

CHANNA Date: 2021.05.27
18:14:53 +05'30'

(Abhinav Khanna) Partner Membership No.- 405987 FRN:- 001265C

FRN:- 001265C Place: Lucknow

Purshottam biplish speatby
Agarwal biplish speatby
Agramal biplish speatby
Agr

Place: Gurugram Place: Gurugram Place: New Delhi

CIN: U65100DL2012GOI246341

# Statement of Changes in Equity for the Year ended 31st March 2021

A. Equity Share Capital	(₹ in Lakh)
As at 1st April,2020	1296.11
Changes in equity share capital	0
Balance at 31st March, 2021	1296.11
As at 1st April,2019	1296.11
Changes in equity share capital	0
Balance at 31st March, 2020	1296.11

(₹ in Lakh) **B.** Other Equity

Particulars	Reserves ar	Reserves and Surplus			
			Total		
	Self Insurance Reserve	Retained Earnings			
Balance at 1st April,2020	26.25	1,122.14	1,148.39		
Total Comprehensive Income for the year	-	494.18	494.18		
Final Dividend paid (FY 2019-20)	-	(129.61)	(129.61)		
Interim Dividend paid (FY 2020-21)	-	(648.05)	(648.05)		
Transfer to/from retained earnings	8.75	(8.75)	-		
Balance at 31st March, 2021	35.00	829.91	864.91		
Balance at 1st April,2019	17.50	1,143.48	1,160.98		
Total Comprehensive Income for the year	-	963.99	963.99		
Final Dividend paid (FY 2018-19)	-	(259.22)	(259.22)		
Tax on Final Dividend (FY 2018-19)	-	(53.28)	(53.28)		
Interim Dividend paid (FY 2019-20)	-	(550.85)	(550.85)		
Tax on Interim Dividend (FY 2019-20)	-	(113.23)	(113.23)		
Transfer to/from retained earnings	8.75	(8.75)	-		
Balance at 31st March, 2020	26.25	1,122.14	1,148.39		

The accompanying Notes 1 to 40 form an integral part of Financial Statements Refer to Note No. 11 for nature and movement of reserve and surplus

In terms of our Report of even date For Khanna Thaker & Co **Chartered Accountants** 

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

ABHINAV Digitally signed by ABHINAV KHANNA Date: 2021.05.27 KHANNA Date: 2021.03.27 18:16:35 +05'30'

(Abhinav Khanna)

Membership No.- 405987 FRN:- 001265C

Place: Lucknow

Seema Digitally signed by Seema Gupta Gupta Date: 2021.05.27

Seema Gupta

Chairperson DIN:- 06636330

Place: Gurugram

Digitally signed by A K SINGHAL SINGHAL Date: 2021.05.27

**Ashok Kumar Singhal** 

Director DIN:- 08578420

Place: New Delhi

Purshotta Digi m Agarwal Date: 2021.05.27

**Purshottam Agarwal** 

CEO PAN: ABWPA7859E **AMIT** GARG

Digitally signed by AMIT GARG Date: 2021.05.27 17:27:22 +05'30'

Anjana Luthra

Anjana Digitally signed by Anjana Luthra Date: 2021.05.27 17:20:37 +05'30'

Amit Garg CFO

PAN: ACSPG1833F

Company Secretary PAN: ABYPL2312H

Place: Gurugram

Place: Gurugram

Place: New Delhi

Note 4/Property, Plant and Equipment

(₹ in Lakh)

Particulars	iculars Cost Accumulated depreciation						Net Book Value				
	As at 1st April,2020	Additions during the year	Disposal	Adjustment during the year	As at 31st March 2021	As at 1st April,2020	Additions during the year	Disposal	Adjustment during the year	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2021
Plant & Equipment											
Transmission Line	7292.70	0.00	0.00	0.00	7292.70	1347.16	177.17	0.00	0.00	1524.33	5768.37
Total	7292.70	0.00	0.00	0.00	7292.70	1347.16	177.17	0.00	0.00	1524.33	5768.37
											(₹ in Lakh)
Particulars	As at 1st April,2019	Additions during the year	Disposal	Adjustment during the year	As at 31st March 2020	As at 1st April,2019	Additions during the year	Disposal	Adjustment during the year	As at 31st March 2020	As at 31st March 2020
Plant & Equipment											
Transmission Line	7292.70	0.00	0.00	0.00	7292.70	962.11	385.05	0.00	0.00	1347.16	5945.54
Previous Year Total	7292.70	0.00	0.00	0.00	7292.70	962.11	385.05	0.00	0.00	1347.16	5945.54

Note 5/Intangible Assets

(₹ in Lakh)

Particulars			Cost				Accum	ulated de	preciation		Net Book Value
	As at 1st April,2020	Additions during the year	Disposal	Adjustment during the year	As at 31st March 2021	As at 1st April,2020	Additions during the year	Disposal	Adjustment during the year	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2021
Right of Way-Afforestation Expenses	8.59	0.00	0.00	0.00	8.59	1.59	0.22	0.00	0.00	1.81	6.78
Total	8.59	0.00	0.00	0.00	8.59	1.59	0.22	0.00	0.00	1.81	6.78
											(₹ in Lakh)
Particulars	As at 1st April,2019	Additions during the year	Disposal	Adjustment during the year	As at 31st March 2020	As at 1st April,2019	Additions during the year	Disposal	Adjustment during the year	As at 31st March 2020	As at 31st March 2020
Right of Way-Afforestation Expenses	0.00	8.59	0.00	0.00	8.59	0.00	1.59	0.00	0.00	1.59	7.00
Previous Year Total	0.00	8.59	0.00	0.00	8.59	0.00	1.59	0.00	0.00	1.59	7.00

# Note 6/Other non-current Assets

\_(Unsecured considered good unless otherwise stated) (₹ in Lakh)

	As at 31st	As at 31st
Particulars	March 2021	March 2020
Others		
Advance tax and TDS	450.00	729.27
Deposit made with CDSL	0.90	0.90
TOTAL	450.90	730.17
Net off against Current Tax Liabilities	428.77	709.96
Closing Balance	22.13	20.21

# Note 7/Trade receivables

(₹ in Lakh)

		As at 31st March	As at 31st March
Particulars		2021	2020
Trade Receivable-Unsecured			
-Considered Good	203.80		291.55
-Credit Impaired	4.20		4.02
		208.00	295.57
Less: Loss Allowance		4.20	4.02
Total		203.80	291.55

Refer Note 38 for disclosure as per Ind AS 115 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers"

Note 8/Cash and Cash Equivalents

(₹ in Lakh)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
Balance with banks-		
-In Current accounts	107.20	39.82
Total	107.20	39.82

#### **Note 9/Other Current Financial Assets**

(Unsecured considered good unless otherwise stated)

(₹ in Lakh)

	As at 31st March	As at 31st March
Particulars	2021	2020
Unbilled Revenue*	233.56	278.44
Total	233.56	278.44

#### Further notes:

\*Unbilled revenue represent transmission charges and surcharge for the month of March 2021 amounting to ₹ 174.16 Lakhs and ₹ 4.78 Lakhs respectively (Previous year ₹ 183.63 lakhs and 3.86 lakhs) billed to beneficiaries in the subsequent month i.e. April 2021 and transmission incentive of ₹ 54.62 Lakhs to be billed in FY 2021-22 (previous year ₹ 90.95 lakhs). Further Refer Note no. 38 for disclosure as per Ind AS 115"Revenue From Contract With Customers"

Note 10/Equity Share capital

(₹ in Lakh)

Particulars	As at 31st March,2021	As at 31st March,2020
Equity Share Capital		
Authorised		
14000000 (Previous year 14000000) equity share of ₹ 10/- each	1400.00	1400.00
Issued, subscribed and paid up		
12961067 (Previous Year 12961067) equity shares of ₹ 10/-each at par fully paid up	1296.11	1296.11
Total	1296.11	1296.11

#### **Further Notes:**

1) Reconciliation of Number and amount of share capital outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting period

	For the year ended 31st March, 2021		For the year	ended 31st
Particulars			March, 2020	
		Amount		Amount
	No.of Shares	(₹ in Lakh)	No.of Shares	(₹ in Lakh)
Shares outstanding at the beginning of the year	12961067	1,296.11	12961067	1,296.11
Addition during the year	-	-	-	-
Deletion during the year	-	-	-	-
Shares outstanding at the end of the year	12961067	1,296.11	12961067	1,296.11

<sup>2)</sup> The Company has only one class of equity shares having a per value of ₹10/- per share.

4) Shareholders holding more than 5% equity shares of the Company

Particulars	As at 31st March,2021		As at 31st I	March,2020
	No.of Shares	% of holding	No.of Shares	% of holding
Power Grid Corporation of India Limited #	12961067	100%	12961067	100%

<sup>#</sup> Out of 12961067 Equity Shares (Previous Year 12961067 Equity Shares), 6 Equity Shares are held by Nominees of M/s Power Grid Corporation of India Limited on its behalf.

<sup>3)</sup> The holders of equity shares are entitled to receive dividends as declared from time to time and are entitled to voting rights proportionate to their shareholding at meetings of the Shareholders.

Note 11/Other Equity

(₹ in Lakh)

		As at 31st	As at 31st
Particulars		March,2021	March,2020
Self Insurance Reserve*			
As per last balance sheet	26.25		17.50
Addition during the year	8.75		8.75
Deduction during the year	-		-
Closing Balance		35.00	26.25
Retained Earnings			
Balance at the beginning of the year	1,122.14		1,143.48
Add : Net Profit for the period	494.18		963.99
Less: Self Insurance Reserve	8.75		8.75
Less: Final Dividend paid	129.61		259.22
Less: Tax on Final Dividend	-		53.28
Less: Interim Dividend paid	648.05		550.85
Less: Tax on Interim Dividend	_		113.23
Closing Balance		829.91	1,122.14
Total		864.91	1,148.39

\*Self-insurance reserve is created @ 0.12% p.a. on Original Gross Block of Property, Plant and Equipment and value of inventory except ROU assets and assets covered under insurance as at the end of the year by appropriation of current year profit to mitigate future losses from un-insured risks and for taking care of contingencies in future by procurement of towers and other transmission line materials including strengthening of towers and equipment of AC substation. The Reserve created as above is shown as "Self Insurance Reserve" under 'Other Equity'.

## Note 12/ Borrowings

(₹ in Lakh)

Description	As at 31st March,2021	As at 31st March,2020
Unsecured Loan from Power Grid Corporation of India Limited (Holding Company) Less: Current Maturities of Long Term Loan	3606.47 125.00	4031.94 400.00
TOTAL	3481.47	3631.94

Note: i) The Inter Corporate loan is provided by the Holding company on cost to cost basis. The various sources of Loans being extended to the company by Holding Company are Fixed Interest and floating interest rate which get reset periodically.

- ii) There has been no default in repayment of loan or payment of interest thereon during the year.
- iii) Based on availability of funds after considering working capital requirement for following two months, retention payment against CAPEX, if any and projected Dividend (including Dividend Distribution Tax), company is making monthly repayments of ICL.
- iv) Disclosure with regard to Loans to/from related parties is given in note 31.

Note 13/Deferred tax Liability (Net)

(₹ in Lakh)

	As at 31st	
Particulars	March,2021	March,2020
Deferred Tax Assets (A)		
Unused Tax Credits (MAT Credit Entitlement)	444.22	484.69
Credit Impaired	1.22	0.00
Deferred Tax Liability (B)		
Depreciation difference in Property Plant and Equpment (Net)	879.18	510.73
Net Deferred Tax (Asset)/Liability (B-A)	433.74	26.04

#### Movement in Deferred Tax Asset

(₹ in Lakhs)

	Credit	Accumulated	MAT Credit	Total
Particulars	Impaired	Losses	Entitlement	Total
As at 1st April 2019	-	197.92	407.94	605.86
Charged/ (Credited) to Profit or Loss	-	197.92	(76.75)	121.17
As at 31st March,2020	-	•	484.69	484.69
Charged/ (Credited) to Profit or Loss	-1.22	1	40.47	39.25
As at 31st March,2021	1.22	-	444.22	445.44

## Movement in Deferred Tax Liability

(₹ in Lakhs)

Movement in Deferred Tax Liability		(K III Lakiis)
	Depreciation	
	Difference in	
	Property Plant	Total
	and	
Particulars	Equipment	
As at 1st April 2019	(472.98)	(472.98)
Charged/ (Credited) to Profit or Loss	37.75	37.75
As at 31st March,2020	(510.73)	-510.73
Charged/ (Credited) to Profit or Loss	368.45	368.45
As at 31st March,2021	(879.18)	(879.18)

# Amount taken to Statement of Profit and Loss

(₹ in Lakhs)

		( * =
Particulars	For the year ended 31st March,2021	For the year ended 31st March,2020
Increase/(Decrease) in Deferred Tax Liabilities	368.45	37.75
(Increase)/Decrease in Deferred Tax Assets	39.25	121.17
Net Amount taken to Statement of Profit and Loss	407.70	158.92

# Note 14/Trade Payables

(₹ in Lakh)

Particulars	As at 31st March,2021	As at 31st March,2020
(i) total outstanding dues of Micro & Small Enterprises	0.00	0.00
(ii) total outstanding dues of other than Micro & Small Enterprises		
a. For Goods and Services	0.78	0.86
b. Payable to POWERGRID (Related Party)	138.90	72.33
Total	139.68	73.19

# **Further Notes:**

- i) Disclosure with regard to Micro and Small enterprises as required under "The Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006" is given in Note No 29.
- ii) Disclosure with regard to Outstanding balances arising from sales/purchases of goods and services with related parties is given in note 31.

**Note 15/Other Current Financial Liability** 

(₹ in Lakh)

Particulars	As at 31st March,2021	As at 31st March,2020
Current Maturities of Long term Borrowings		
Unsecured Loan from Power Grid Corporation of India Ltd., (Holding		
Company)	125.00	400.00
Others	0.50	0.00
Total	125.50	400.00

# **Further Note:**

- 1. There has been no default in repayment of loan or payment of interest thereon during the year.
- 2. Current maturity of long term borrowings have been taken from the repayment schedule as agreed by Power Grid Corporation of India Ltd. (Holding Company) and Powergrid Unchahar Transmission Limited 3) Disclosure with regard to Loans to/from related parties is given in note 31.

Note 16/Other current liabilities

(₹ in Lakh)

	As at 31st	As at 31st
Particulars	March,2021	March,2020
Statutory dues	0.43	6.89
Total	0.43	6.89

Note 17/Current Tax Liabilities (Net)

(₹ in Lakh)

	As at 31st	As at 31st
Particulars	March,2021	March,2020
Taxation (Including interest on tax )		
As per last balance sheet	709.96	472.23
Addition during the year	191.03	237.73
Amount adjusted during the year	472.22	0.00
Total	428.77	709.96
Net off against Advance tax and TDS	428.77	709.96
Closing Balance	0.00	0.00

Note 18/Revenue from operations

(₹ in Lakh)

		(XIII Lakii)
		For the Year
	For the Year ended	ended 31 March
Particulars	31 March 2021	2020
Sale of Services		
Transmission Charges	2137.48	2190.87
Total	2137.48	2190.87

Refer Note 38 for disclosure as per Ind AS 115 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers"

# Note 19/Other income

(₹ in Lakh)

		For the Year
Particulars	For the Year ended	ended 31 March
	31 March 2021	2020
Surcharge	41.09	18.87
Provisions written back	0.75	0.00
Total	41.84	18.87

Note 20/ Employee benefits expense

(₹ in Lakh)

		For the Year
Particulars	For the Year ended	ended 31 March
	31 March 2021	2020
Payment by Power Grid Corporation of India Ltd.		
Salaries wages allowances and benefits	303.59	24.46
Contribution to provident and other funds	32.72	2.81
Staff Welfare expenses (Inc.defered emp.cost)	11.60	0.80
Total	347.91	28.07

# **Further Notes:**

- i) Refer Note 26 for further disclosure regarding employee benefit expense.
- ii) Disclosure with regard to Transactions with related parties is given in note 31.

# Note 21/Finance costs

(₹ in Lakh)

		( \
	For the Year	For the Year
	ended 31	ended 31
Particulars	March 2021	March 2020
Interest and finance charges on financial liabilities at amortised cost		
Interest on Loan from Power Grid Corporation of India Limited (Holding		
Company)	313.92	361.45
Interest Others	0.29	0.00
Other Finance charges (Custody Fees)	1.47	0.59
Total	315.68	362.04

# **Further Notes:**

i) Disclosure with regard to interest on loan from related parties is given in note 31.

Note 22/Depreciation and amortization expense

(₹ in Lakh)

	For the Year	For the Year
	ended 31 March	ended 31 March
Particulars	2021	2020
Depreciation on Property, Plant and Equipment	177.17	385.05
Amortiztion of Intangible assets	0.22	1.59
Total	177.39	386.64

Up to year ended 31st March 2020, the Company has been charging depreciation as per the rates and methodology notified by CERC Tariff Regulations. During the year ended 31st March 2021, the Company has conducted operational efficiency review of its plant and based on the technical evaluation performed, the Company has reassessed the useful life, residual value and methodology of depreciation of items of Property, Plant & Equipment (PP&E) and Intangible Assets. As per the technical evaluation, the pattern of consumption of economic benefits is assessed as straight line basis over the period of respective useful life; and estimated residual value of items of Property, Plant & Equipment (PP&E) is assessed as 5% in line with the Companies Act, 2013.

The above change in useful lives, residual value and method of depreciation is considered as change in accounting estimate and accordingly, the Company has charged the depreciation in the year ended 31st March 2021, based on revised useful lives on straight line basis prospectively. This has resulted in decrease in depreciation for the year ended 31 March 2021 by an amount of Rs. 208.12 Lakhs with corresponding increase in Profit Before Tax and also lead to overall increase in depreciation by an amount of Rs. 364.64 Lakhs over the remaining useful life of assets due to reduction in residual value

Note 23/Other expenses

(₹ in Lakh)

	For the Year	For the Year
	ended 31	ended 31 March
Particulars	March 2021	2020
Repair & Maintenance		
Plant & Machinery		
Transmission lines (Power Grid Corporation of India Ltd.)	149.44	42.48
System & Market Op. Charges	3.17	3.07
Training Expenses (Power Grid Corporation of India Ltd.)	0.31	0.00
Professional charges(Including TA/DA)	0.14	0.28
Communication expenses (Power Grid Corporation of India Ltd.)	0.73	0.06
A Travel & conv.exp. (Power Grid Corporation of India Ltd.)	6.43	1.41
Payments to Statutory Auditors		
Audit Fees including GST/Service Tax	0.94	0.94
Tax Audit Fees	0.12	0.12
Short Term Lease (Power Grid Corporation of India Ltd.)	33.48	3.24
CERC petition & Other charges	5.00	5.00
Miscellenous expenses	0.01	0.01
Meeting expenses (Power Grid Corporation of India Ltd.)	15.39	0.95
Directors Sitting Fees	5.43	0.00
Exp on Corporate Social Responsibility	23.92	14.79
Bad and Doubtful Debts	0.92	0.00
Total	245.43	72.35

# **Further Notes:**

i) Disclosure with regard to Transactions with related parties is given in note 31.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### 1. Corporate and General Information

POWERGRID Unchahar Transmission Limited ("the Company") is a public company domiciled and incorporated in India under the provisions of Companies Act and a wholly owned subsidiary of Power Grid Corporation of India Limited. The registered office of the Company is situated at B-9, Qutab Institutional Area, Katwaria Sarai, New Delhi-110 016, India.

The company is engaged in business of Power Systems Network, construction, operation and maintenance of transmission lines and other related allied activities.

The Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2021 were approved for issue by the Board of Directors on 27 May, 2021.

# 2. Significant Accounting Policies

A summary of the significant accounting policies applied in the preparation of the financial statements are as given below. These accounting policies have been applied consistently to all periods presented in the financial statements

# 2.1 Basis of Preparation

### i) Compliance with Ind AS

The financial statements are prepared in compliance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act), Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 (to the extent notified), The Companies Act, 1956 and the provisions of Electricity Act, 2003, in each case, to the extent applicable and as amended thereafter.

#### ii) Basis of Measurement

The financial statements have been prepared on accrual basis and under the historical cost convention except certain financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value (Refer Note no. 2.11 for accounting policy regarding financial instruments).

#### iii) Functional and presentation currency

The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (Rupees or ₹), which is the Company's functional and presentation currency and all amounts are rounded to the nearest lakhs and two decimals thereof, except as stated otherwise.

#### iv) Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements requires estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Although, such estimates and assumptions are made on a reasonable and prudent basis taking into account all available information, actual results could differ from these estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision effects only that period or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future years (refer Note no. 3 on critical accounting estimates, assumptions and judgments).

#### v) Current and non-current classification

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/non-current classification.

An asset is current when it is:

- Expected to be realized or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle;
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- Expected to be realized within twelve months after the reporting period; or
- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is current when:

- It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle;
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period; or
- There is no unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

Deferred tax assets/liabilities are classified as non-current.

The Company recognizes twelve months period as its operating cycle.

#### 2.2 Property, Plant and Equipment

#### **Initial Recognition and Measurement**

Property, Plant and Equipment is initially measured at cost of acquisition/construction including any costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management. After initial recognition, Property, Plant and Equipment is carried at cost less accumulated depreciation / amortisation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Property, Plant and Equipment acquired as replacement of the existing assets are capitalized and its corresponding replaced assets removed/ retired from active use are derecognized.

If the cost of the replaced part or earlier inspection component is not available, the estimated cost of similar new parts/inspection component is used as an indication of what the cost of the existing part/ inspection component was when the item was acquired or inspection was carried out.

In the case of commissioned assets, where final settlement of bills with contractors is yet to be effected, capitalization is done on provisional basis subject to necessary adjustments in the year of final settlement.

Transmission system assets are considered as ready for intended use after meeting the conditions for commercial operation as stipulated in Transmission Service Agreement (TSA) and capitalized accordingly.

The cost of land includes provisional deposits, payments/liabilities towards compensation, rehabilitation and other expenses wherever possession of land is taken.

Expenditure on leveling, clearing and grading of land is capitalized as part of cost of the related buildings.

Spares parts whose cost is ₹5,00,000/- and above, standby equipment and servicing equipment which meets the recognition criteria of Property, Plant and Equipment are capitalized.

# Subsequent costs

Subsequent expenditure is recognized as an increase in carrying amount of assets when it is probable that future economic benefits deriving from the cost incurred will flow to the company and cost of the item can be measured reliably.

The cost of replacing part of an item of Property, Plant and Equipment is recognized in the carrying amount of the item if it is probable that future economic benefit embodied within the part will flow to the company and its cost can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognized. The costs of the day-to-day servicing of property, plant and equipment are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss as incurred.

# Derecognition

An item of Property, Plant and Equipment is derecognized when no future economic benefits are expected from their use or upon disposal.

The gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss on the date of disposal or retirement.

#### 2.3 Capital Work-In-Progress (CWIP)

Cost of material, erection charges and other expenses incurred for the construction of Property, Plant and Equipment are shown as CWIP based on progress of erection work till the date of capitalization.

Expenditure of office and Projects, directly attributable to construction of property, plant and equipment are identified and allocated on a systematic basis to the cost of the related assets.

Interest during construction and expenditure (net) allocated to construction as per policy above are kept as a separate item under CWIP and apportioned to the assets being capitalized in proportion to the closing balance of CWIP.

Unsettled liability for price variation/exchange rate variation in case of contracts is accounted for on estimated basis as per terms of the contracts.

#### 2.4 Intangible Assets and Intangible Assets under development

Intangible assets are measured on initial recognition at cost. After initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses.

Subsequent expenditure on already capitalized Intangible assets is capitalised when it increases the future economic benefits embodied in an existing asset and is amortised prospectively.

The cost of software(which is not an integral part of the related hardware) acquired for internal use and resulting in significant future economic benefits is recognized as an intangible asset when the same is ready for its use.

Afforestation charges for acquiring right-of-way for laying transmission lines are accounted for as intangible assets on the date of capitalization of related transmission lines.

Expenditure on development shall be recognised as Intangible asset if it meets the eligibility criteria as per Ind AS 38 'Intangible Assets', otherwise it shall be recognised as an expense.

Expenditure incurred, eligible for capitalization under the head Intangible Assets, are carried as "Intangible Assets under Development" till such assets are ready for their intended use.

An item of Intangible asset is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss when the asset is derecognised.

# 2.5 Depreciation / Amortisation

#### Property, Plant and Equipment

Depreciation/Amortisation on the items of Property, Plant and Equipment related to transmission business is provided on straight line method based on the useful life specified in Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013 except for the following items of property, plant and equipment on which depreciation is provided based on estimated useful life as per technical assessment and considering the terms of Transmission Service Agreement entered with Long Term Transmission Customers.

Particulars		Useful life
a.	Computers and Peripherals	3 Years
b.	Servers and Network Components	5 years
c.	Buildings (RCC frame structure)	35 years
d.	Transmission line	35 years
e.	Substation Equipment	35 years

Depreciation on spares parts, standby equipment and servicing equipment which are capitalized, is provided on straight line method from the date they are available for use over the remaining useful life of the related assets of transmission business.

Mobile phones are charged off in the year of purchase.

Residual value is considered as 5% of the Original Cost for all items of Property, Plant and Equipment in line with Companies Act, 2013 except for Computers and Peripherals and Servers and Network Components for which residual value is considered as Nil.

Property, plant and equipment costing ₹5,000/- or less, are fully depreciated in the year of acquisition.

Where the cost of depreciable property, plant and equipment has undergone a change due to increase/decrease in long term monetary items on account of exchange rate fluctuation, price adjustment, change in duties or similar factors, the unamortized balance of such asset is depreciated prospectively.

Depreciation on additions to/deductions from Property, Plant and Equipment during the year is charged on pro-rata basis from/up to the date on which the asset is available for use/disposed.

The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation for items of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year-end and adjusted prospectively, wherever required.

#### **Right of Use Assets:**

Right of Use assets are fully depreciated from the lease commencement date on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Leasehold land is fully amortized over lease period or life of the related plant whichever is lower. Leasehold land acquired on perpetual lease is not amortized.

## **Intangible Assets**

Cost of software capitalized as intangible asset is amortized over the period of legal right to use or 3 years, whichever is less with Nil residual value.

Afforestation charges are amortized over thirty-five years from the date of capitalization of related transmission assets following the straight line method, with Nil Residual Value.

Amortisation on additions to/deductions from Intangible Assets during the year is charged on pro-rata basis from/up to the date on which the asset is available for use/disposed.

The amortization period and the amortization method for intangible assets is reviewed at each financial year-end and are accounted for as change in accounting estimates in accordance with Ind AS 8 "Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors".

# 2.6 **Borrowing Costs**

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition or construction of qualifying assets are capitalized (net of income on temporary deployment of funds) as part of the cost of such assets till the assets are ready for the intended use. Qualifying assets are assets which take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which they are incurred.

#### 2.7 Impairment of non-financial assets

The carrying amounts of the Company's non-financial assets are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment considering the provisions of Ind AS 36 'Impairment of Assets'. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated.

The recoverable amount of an asset or cash-generating unit is the higher of its fair value less costs to disposal and its value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted. For the purpose of impairment testing, assets that cannot be tested individually are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or groups of assets (the "cash-generating unit", or "CGU").

An impairment loss is recognized if the carrying amount of an asset or its CGU exceeds its estimated recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognized in the statement of profit and loss. Impairment losses recognized in respect of CGUs are reduced from the carrying amounts of the assets of the CGU.

Impairment losses recognized in prior periods are assessed at each reporting date for any indications that the loss has decreased or no longer exists. An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortization, if no impairment loss had been recognized.

#### 2.8 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand and at bank, and deposits held at call with banks having a maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

#### 2.9 Inventories

Inventories are valued at lower of the cost, determined on weighted average basis or net realizable value.

Steel scrap and conductor scrap are valued at estimated realizable value or book value, whichever is less.

Spares which do not meet the recognition criteria as Property, Plant and Equipment, including spare parts whose cost is less than ₹5,00,000/- are recorded as inventories.

Surplus materials as determined by the management are held for intended use and are included in the inventory.

The diminution in the value of obsolete, unserviceable and surplus stores and spares is ascertained on review and provided for.

#### 2.10 Leases

Lease is a contract that conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Company assesses whether: (i) the contract involves use of an identified assets, (ii) the customer has substantially all the economic benefits from the use of the asset through the period of the lease and (iii) the customer has the right to direct the use of the asset.

#### i) As a Lessee

At the date of commencement of the lease, the Company recognises a right-of-use asset (ROU) and a corresponding lease liability for all lease arrangements in which it is a lessee, except for lease with a term of twelve months or less (i.e. short term leases) and leases for which the underlying asset is of low value. For these short-term and leases for which the underlying asset is of low value, the Company recognizes the lease payments on straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

Certain lease arrangements includes the options to extend or terminate the lease before the end of the lease term. ROU assets and lease liabilities includes these options when it is reasonably certain that they will be exercised.

The right-of-use assets are initially recognized at cost, which comprises the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the inception date of the lease along with any initial direct costs, restoration obligations and lease incentives received.

Subsequently, the right-of-use assets is measured at cost less any accumulated depreciation, accumulated impairment losses, if any and adjusted for any remeasurement of the lease liability. The Company applies Ind AS 36 to determine whether a ROU asset is impaired and accounts for any identified impairment loss as described in the accounting policy 2.7 on "Impairment of non-financial assets".

The lease liability is initially measured at present value of the lease payments that are not paid at that date.

The interest cost on lease liability is expensed in the Statement of Profit and Loss, unless eligible for capitalization as per accounting policy 2.6 on "Borrowing costs".

Lease liability and ROU asset have been separately presented in the financial statements and lease payments have been classified as financing cash flows.

#### ii) As a Lessor

A lease is classified at the inception date as a finance lease or an operating lease.

#### a) Finance leases

A lease that transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset is classified as a finance lease.

Net investment in leased assets is recorded at the lower of the fair value of the leased property and the present value of the minimum lease payments as Lease Receivables under current and non-current other financial assets.

The interest element of lease is accounted in the Statement of Profit and Loss over the lease period based on a pattern reflecting a constant periodic rate of return on the net investment.

#### b) Operating leases

An operating lease is a lease other than a finance lease. Leases in which a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases.

For operating leases, the asset is capitalized as property, plant and equipment and depreciated over its economic life. Rental income from operating lease is recognized over the term of the arrangement.

#### 2.11 Financial instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

#### **Financial Assets**

Financial assets of the Company comprise cash and cash equivalents, bank balances, security deposit, claims recoverable etc.

#### Classification

The Company classifies its financial assets in the following categories:

- at amortised cost,
- at fair value through other comprehensive income

The classification depends on the following:

- the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and
- the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset

#### Initial recognition and measurement

All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value plus, in the case of financial assets not recorded at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs, if any, that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset.

### Subsequent measurement

**Debt Instruments at Amortised cost:** Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortised cost. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at amortised cost is recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised or impaired. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest rate method.

**Debt Instruments at Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI):** Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows and for selling the financial assets, where the assets' cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest, are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI). On derecognition of the asset, cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in OCI is reclassified from the equity to profit and loss. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest rate method.

#### De-recognition of financial assets

A financial asset is derecognized only when

i) The right to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or

- ii) a) The company has transferred the rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset (or) retains the contractual rights to receive the cash flows of the financial assets, but assumes a contractual obligation to pay the cash flows to one or more recipients and
  - b) the company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset (or) the company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

The difference between the carrying amount and the amount of consideration received/receivable is recognised in the statement of Profit and Loss.

## Impairment of financial assets:

For trade receivables and unbilled revenue, the company applies the simplified approach required by Ind AS 109 Financial Instruments, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised from initial recognition of the receivables.

For recognition of impairment loss on other financial assets and risk exposure, the company determines whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition. If credit risk has not increased significantly, 12-month Expected Credit Loss (ECL) is used to provide for impairment loss. However, if credit risk has increased significantly, lifetime ECL is used. If, in a subsequent period, credit quality of the instrument improves such that there is no longer a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, then the entity reverts to recognizing impairment loss allowance based on 12 -month ECL.

#### Financial Liabilities

Financial liabilities of the Company are contractual obligation to deliver cash or another financial asset to another entity or to exchange financial assets or financial liabilities with another entity under conditions that are potentially unfavorable to the Company.

The Company's financial liabilities include loans and borrowings, trade and other payables.

#### Classification, initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value minus, in the case of financial liabilities not recorded at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the issue of financial liabilities.

#### Subsequent measurement

After initial recognition, financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate (EIR). Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption amount is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss over the period of the borrowings using the EIR. Gains and losses are recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss when the liabilities are derecognized.

The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

#### De-recognition of financial liability

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference between the carrying amount of a financial liability that has been extinguished or transferred to another party and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss as other income or finance cost.

#### Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the Balance Sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

# 2.12 Foreign Currency Translation

## (a) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of the Company are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates ('the functional currency'). The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (Rupees or ₹), which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

#### (b) Transactions and balances

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded at the exchange rates prevailing on the date of the transaction. Foreign currency monetary items are translated with reference to the rates of exchange ruling on the date of the Balance Sheet. Non-Monetary items denominated in foreign currency are reported at the exchange rate ruling on the date of initial recognition of the non-monetary prepayment asset or deferred income liability, or the date that related item is recognized in the financial statements, whichever is earlier. In case the transaction is recognized in stages, then transaction date is established for each stage. Exchange differences arising from foreign currency translation are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

#### 2.13 Income Tax

Income tax expense represents the sum of current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in equity or other comprehensive income. In this case the tax is also recognised directly in equity or in other comprehensive income.

#### Current income tax

The Current Tax is based on taxable profit for the year under the tax laws enacted and applicable to the reporting period in the country where the company operates and generates taxable income and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

#### Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the company's financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit and is accounted for using the Balance Sheet method. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and unused tax credits to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and unused tax credits can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each Balance Sheet date

and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the Balance Sheet date.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax liabilities and assets, and they relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority.

Deferred tax assets include Minimum Alternative Tax (MAT) paid in accordance with the tax laws in India, which is likely to give future economic benefits in the form of availability of set off against future income tax liability. MAT is recognised as deferred tax asset in the balance sheet when the asset can be measured reliably and it is probable that the future economic benefit associated with the asset will be realised.

#### 2.14 Revenue

Revenue is measured based on the consideration specified in a contract with a customer and excludes amounts collected on behalf of third parties. The Company recognizes revenue when it transfers control over a product or service to a customer.

Amounts disclosed as revenue are net of returns, trade allowances, rebates.

# 2.14.1 Revenue from Operations

Transmission Income is accounted for based on orders issued by CERC u/s 63 of Electricity Act 2003 for adoption of transmission charges. As at each reporting date, transmission income includes an accrual for services rendered to the customers but not yet billed i.e. Unbilled Revenue.

Rebates allowed to beneficiaries as early payment incentives are deducted from the amount of revenue.

The Transmission system incentive / disincentive is accounted for based on certification of availability by the respective Regional Power Committees (RPC) and in accordance with the Transmission Service Agreement (TSA) entered between the Transmission Service Provider and long term Transmission Customers. Where certification by RPCs is not available, incentive/disincentive is accounted for on provisional basis as per estimate of availability by the company and differences, if any, is accounted upon certification by RPCs.

#### 2.14.2 Other Income

Interest income is recognized, when no significant uncertainty as to measurability or collectability exists, on a time proportion basis taking into account the amount outstanding and the applicable interest rate, using the effective interest rate method (EIR).

Surcharge recoverable from trade receivables, liquidated damages, warranty claims and interest on advances to suppliers are recognized when no significant uncertainty as to measurability and collectability exists.

Scrap other than steel scrap and conductor scrap are accounted for as and when sold.

Insurance claims are accounted for based on certainty of realization.

Revenue from rentals and operating leases is recognized on an accrual basis in accordance with the substance of the relevant agreement.

#### 2.15 Dividends

Annual dividend distribution to the shareholders is recognised as a liability in the period in which the dividends are approved by the shareholders. Any interim dividend paid is recognised on approval by Board of Directors. Dividend payable and corresponding tax on dividend distribution is recognised directly in equity.

# 2.16 Provisions and Contingencies

#### a) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted. Unwinding of the discount is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss as a finance cost. Provisions are reviewed at each Balance Sheet date and are adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

# b) Contingencies

Contingent liabilities are disclosed on the basis of judgment of the management/independent experts. These are reviewed at each balance sheet date and are adjusted to reflect the current management estimate.

Contingent liabilities are disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made. Information on contingent liability is disclosed in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

Contingent assets are possible assets that arise from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company. Contingent assets are disclosed in the financial statements when inflow of economic benefits is probable on the basis of judgment of management. These are assessed continually to ensure that developments are appropriately reflected in the financial statements.

#### 2.17 Share capital and Other Equity

Ordinary shares are classified as equity.

Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

Self-insurance reserve is created @ 0.12% p.a. on Original Gross Block of Property, Plant and Equipment and value of inventory except ROU assets and assets covered under insurance as at the end of the year by appropriation of current year profit to mitigate future losses from uninsured risks and for taking care of contingencies in future by procurement of towers and other transmission line materials including strengthening of towers and equipment of AC substation. The Reserve created as above is shown as "Self Insurance Reserve" under 'Other Equity'.

#### 2.18 Prior Period Items

Material prior period errors are corrected retrospectively by restating the comparative amounts for prior period presented in which the error occurred or if the error occurred before the earliest period presented, by restating the opening statement of financial position.

#### 2.19 Earnings per Share

Basic earnings per share is computed using the net profit or loss for the year attributable to the shareholders and weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted earnings per share is computed using the net profit or loss for the year attributable to the shareholders and weighted average number of equity and potential equity shares outstanding during the year, except where the result would be anti-dilutive.

#### 2.20 Statement of Cash Flows

Statement of Cash Flows is prepared as per indirect method prescribed in the Ind AS 7 'Statement of Cash Flows'.

# 3 <u>Critical Estimates and Judgments</u>

The preparation of financial statements requires the use of accounting estimates which may significantly vary from the actual results. Management also needs to exercise judgment while applying the company's accounting policies.

This note provides an overview of the areas that involved a higher degree of judgment or complexity, and of items which are more likely to be materially adjusted due to estimates and assumptions turning out to be different than those originally assessed.

#### The areas involving critical estimates or judgments are:

#### Useful life of property, plant and equipment

The estimated useful life of property, plant and equipment is based on a number of factors including the effects of obsolescence, demand, competition and other economic factors (such as the stability of the industry and known technological advances) and the level of maintenance expenditures required to obtain the expected future cash flows from the asset.

The Company reviews at the end of each reporting date the useful life of plant and equipment and are adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

#### Provisions and contingencies

The assessments undertaken in recognizing provisions and contingencies have been made in accordance with Ind AS 37, 'Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets'. The evaluation of the likelihood of the contingent events has required best judgment by management regarding the probability of exposure to potential loss. Should circumstances change following unforeseeable developments, this likelihood could alter.

Estimates and judgments are periodically evaluated. They are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that may have a financial impact on the company and that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

# Estimation of uncertainties relating to the global health pandemic from COVID-19:

In assessing the recoverability of trade receivables and unbilled revenue, the company has considered internal and external information up to the date of approval of these financial statements including credit reports and economic forecasts. As the company's revenue is based on CERC tariff order and falls under essential services and based on the current indicators of future economic conditions, the company expects to recover the carrying amount of these assets.

# **Income Taxes:**

Significant estimates are involved in determining the provision for current and deferred tax, including amount expected to be paid/recovered for uncertain tax positions.

## 24. Party Balances and Confirmations

Balances of Trade Receivables and recoverable shown under Assets and Trade and Other Payables shown under Liabilities include balances subject to confirmation/reconciliation and consequential adjustments if any. However reconciliations are carried out on ongoing basis.

#### 25. Auditors Remuneration

(₹ in Lakhs)

S. No.	Particulars	For the year ended 31st March, 2021	For the year ended 31st March, 2020
1	Audit Fees	0.59	0.59
2	Tax Audit	0.12	0.12
3	Other Matters	0.35	0.35
	Total	1.06	1.06

## 26. Employee Benefits

The Company does not have any permanent employees. The personnel working for the company are from holding company on secondment basis and are working on time share basis. The employee cost (including retirement benefits such as Gratuity, Leave encashment, post-retirement benefits etc.) in respect of personnel working for the company are paid by holding company and holding company is raising the invoice to the Subsidiary company towards Consultancy charges.

Recently, PUTL has been appointed as Investment Manager for POWERGRID Infrastructure Investment Trust sponsored by holding company and personnels have been engaged in PUTL on secondment basis to look after the functions of Investment Manager.

Since there are no permannent employees in the company, the obligation as per Ind AS 19 does not arise. Accordingly, no provision is considered necessary for any retirement benefit like gratuity, leave salary, pension etc., in the books of the company.

#### 27. Leases

The company has taken on lease office space admeasuring approx. 800 square feet and information technology system including hardware and software with firewalls and security features and telecommunication systems from its Holding Company Power Grid Corporation of India Ltd. which has been assessed and accounted as short term lease as per the requirements of Ind AS 116 – "Leases".

Short term and low value leases: As part of transition, the Company has availed the practical expedient of not to apply the recognition requirements of Ind AS 116 to short term and low value leases for recognition of assets and liabilities related to leases.

#### As a Lessee:-

The company only has Short Term Lease for Office building which has been assessed and accounted as per the requirements of Ind AS 116 - "Leases" and required disclosures as per the said Ind AS are as follows:

The company has incurred ₹33.48 Lakh (Previous Year ₹3.24 Lakh) with respect to short term leases. The company's short term leases commitment at the end of financial year is ₹8.84 Lakh (Previous Year ₹6.03 Lakh).

#### As a Lessor:-

The company does not have any lease arrangements as a lessor

# 28. Corporate Social Responsibilities (CSR):

As per section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013, along with Companies (Corporate Social responsibility Policy) Rules, 2021 read with DPE guidelines no F.No.15 (13)/2013-DPE (GM), the Company is required to spend, in every financial year, at least two per cent of the average net profits of the company made during the three immediately preceding financial years in accordance with its Corporate Social Responsibility Policy.

The details of CSR expenses for the year are as under :-

(₹ in Lakhs)

(VIII EURIS)		
Particulars	For the year ended 31st March, 2021	For the year ended 31st March, 2020
Amount required to be spent during the year	23.92	14.79
Amount spent on CSR -		
Construction or acquisition of any asset	-	-
On purpose other than (i) above	23.92	14.79
Shortfall / (Excess) amount appropriated from CSR reserve	-	-
Break-up of the amount spent on CSR	-	-
Education and Skill development expenses	-	14.79
Health and Sanitation expenses	23.92	-
Total Amount spent on CSR	23.92	14.79
Amount spent in Cash out of above	23.92	14.79
Amount yet to be spent in Cash	-	-
	Amount required to be spent during the year Amount spent on CSR - Construction or acquisition of any asset On purpose other than (i) above Shortfall / (Excess) amount appropriated from CSR reserve Break-up of the amount spent on CSR Education and Skill development expenses Health and Sanitation expenses Total Amount spent on CSR Amount spent in Cash out of above	Particulars  For the year ended 31st March, 2021  Amount required to be spent during the year 23.92  Amount spent on CSR -  Construction or acquisition of any asset -  On purpose other than (i) above 23.92  Shortfall / (Excess) amount appropriated from CSR reserve  Break-up of the amount spent on CSR -  Education and Skill development expenses -  Health and Sanitation expenses 23.92  Total Amount spent on CSR 23.92  Amount spent in Cash out of above 23.92

#### 29. MSME Payments:

Based on information available with the company, there are few suppliers/service providers who are registered as micro, small or medium enterprise under The Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act,2006 (MSMED Act, 2006). Information in respect of micro and small enterprises as required by MSMED Act, 2006 is given as under:

(₹ in Lakhs)

Sr. No	Particulars	For the year ended 31st March, 2021	For the year ended 31st March, 2020
	Principal amount and interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier as at end of each		
1	accounting year:		
	Principal	Nil	Nil
	Interest	Nil	Nil

2	The amount of Interest paid by the buyer in terms of section 16 of the MSMED Act, 2006 along with the amount of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during each accounting year	Nil	Nil
3	The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under MSMED Act, 2006	Nil	Nil
4	The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year.	Nil	Nil
5	The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the MSMED Act 2006	Nil	Nil

#### 30. Fair Value Measurements

# Assets and Liabilities which are measured at amortised cost for which Fair values are disclosed

(₹ in Lakhs)

	As on 31st March 2021	As on 31st March, 2020
Financial Instruments by category	Amortised Cost	Amortised Cost
<u>Financial Assets</u>		
Trade Receivables Cash & cash Equivalents Other Current Financial Assets	203.80 107.20 233.56	291.55 39.82 278.44
Total Financial assets	544.56	609.81
Financial Liabilities Trade Payables Borrowings (including current maturity of long term borrowings) Other Current Financial Liabilities	139.68 3606.47 0.50	73.19 4031.94
Total financial liabilities	3746.65	4105.13

# (i) Fair Value Heirarchy

This section explains the judgements and estimates made in determining the fair values of the financial instruments that are (a) recognised and measured at fair value and (b) measured at amortised cost and for which fair values are disclosed in the financial statements. To provide an indication about the reliability of the inputs used in determining fair value, the Company has classified its financial instruments into the three levels prescribed under the accounting standard. An Explanation of each level follows underneath the table.

(₹ in Lakhs)

Assets and liabilities which are measured at amortised cost for which fair values are disclosed	Level	As on 31st March 2021	As on 31st March, 2020
Financial Assets		-	-
Total Financial Assets			
Financial Liabilities Borrowings	2	3794.71	4063.60
Total financial liabilities	-	3794.71	4063.60

**Level 1:** Level 1 hierarchy includes financial instruments measured using quoted prices. This includes listed equity Instruments, traded bonds and mutual funds that have quoted price. The fair value of all equity instruments (includingbonds) which are traded in the stock exchanges is valued using the closing price as at the reporting period. The mutual funds are valued using the closing NAV.

**Level 2:** The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market (for example, traded bonds, over-the-counter derivatives) is determined using valuation techniques which maximise the use of observable market data and rely as little as possible on entity-specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in level 2.

**Level 3:** If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3. This is the case for unlisted equity securities, contingent consideration and indemnification asset included in level 3.

There are no transfers between levels 1 and 2 during the year.

The company's policy is to recognise transfers into and transfers out of fair value hierarchy levels as at the end of the reporting period.

#### (ii) Valuation technique used to determine fair value

Specific valuation techniques used to value financial instruments include:

- the use of quoted market prices or dealer quotes for similar instruments
- the fair value of the remaining financial instruments is determined using discounted cash flow analysis.

All of the resulting fair value estimates are included in level 2

#### (iii) Fair value of financial assets and liabilities measured at amortized cost

	As on 31st March 2021		As on 31st March, 2020	
Particulars	Carrying Amount Fair value		Carrying Amount	Fair value
Financial Assets				
<b>Total Financial Assets</b>				

Financial Liabilities				
Borrowings (including current maturity of long term borrowings)	3606.47	3794.71	4031.94	4063.60
Total financial liabilities	3606.47	3794.71	4031.94	4063.60

The carrying amounts of trade receivables, trade payables, cash and cash equivalents, other current financial assets and other current financial liabilities are considered to be the same as their fair values, due to their short-term nature.

For financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value, the carrying amounts are equal to the fair values.

## 31. Related party Transactions

### (a) Holding Company

	Place of	Proportion of Ownership Interest	
Name of entity	business / country of incorporation	As on 31st March 2021	As on 31st March, 2020
Power Grid Corporation of India Limited	India	100%	100%

#### (b) Subsidiaries of Holding Company

	Place of	Proportion of Ownership Interest	
Name of entity	business / Country of incorporation	As on 31st March 2021	As on 31st March, 2020
POWERGRID NM Transmission Limited	India	NA	NA
POWERGRID Kala Amb Transmission Limited	India	NA	NA
Powergrid Vizag Transmission Limited	India	NA	NA
POWERGRID Warora Transmission Limited	India	NA	NA
POWERGRID Parli Transmission Limited	India	NA	NA
POWERGRID Jabalpur Transmission Limited	India	NA	NA
POWERGRID Southern Interconnector Transmission Limited	India	NA	NA
POWERGRID Vemagiri Transmission Limited	India	NA	NA
POWERGRID Medinipur Jeerat Transmission Limited	India	NA	NA
POWERGRID Mithilanchal Transmission Limited (erstwhile ERSS XXI Transmission Limited)	India	NA	NA
POWERGRID Varanasi Transmission System Limited (erstwhile WR-NR Transmission Limited)	India	NA	NA
POWERGRID Jawaharpur Firozabad Transmission Limited (erstwhile Jawaharpur Firozabad Transmission Limited)	India	NA	NA

POWERGRID Khetri Transmission System Limited (Erstwhile Khetri Transco Limited)	India	NA	NA
POWERGRID Bhind Guna Transmission Limited (Erstwhile Bhind Guna Transmission	India	NA	NA
Limited)			
POWERGRID Ajmer Phagi Transmission		NA	NA
Limited (Erstwhile Ajmer Phagi Transco	India		
Limited)		NT A	NT A
POWERGRID Fatehgarh Transmission Limited (Erstwhile Fatehgarh-II Transco Limited)	India	NA	NA
POWERGRID Bhuj Transmission Limited	India	NA	NA
(Erstwhile Bhuj-II Transmission Limited)	IIIdid		
POWERGRID Rampur Sambhal Transmission	_	NA	NA
Limited (Erstwhile Rampur Sambhal Transco	India		
Limited)			
POWERGRID Meerut Simbhavali		NA	NA
Transmission Limited (Erstwhile Meerut-	India		
Simbhavali Transmission Limited)			
Cental Transmission Utility of India Limited <sup>1</sup>	India	NA	NA
POWERGRID Ramgarh Transmission Limited		NA	NA
(Erstwhile Ramgarh New	India		
Transmission Limited) <sup>2</sup>			
Jaypee POWERGRID Limited 3	India	NA	NA
Bikaner-II Bhiwadi Transco Limited <sup>4</sup>	India	NA	NA

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Incorporated on 28.12.2020.

## (c) Joint Ventures of Holding Company -

Name of outiles	Place of business/	Proportion of Ownership Interest	
Name of entity	Country of incorporation	As on 31st March 2021	As on 31st March, 2020
Powerlinks Transmission Limited	India	NA	NA
Torrent Power Grid Limited	India	NA	NA
Jaypee Powergrid Limited <sup>1</sup>	India	NA	NA
Parbati Koldam Transmission Company Limited	India	NA	NA
Teestavalley Power Transmission Limited <sup>2</sup>	India	NA	NA
North East Transmission Company Limited	India	NA	NA
National High Power Test Laboratory Private Limited	India	NA	NA
Bihar Grid Company Limited	India	NA	NA

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>100% equity acquired from REC Power Distribution Company Limited on 09.03.2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Wholly owned subsidiary from 25.03.2021 (Joint venture till 24.03.2021).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>100% equity acquired from PFC Consulting Limited on 25.03.2021.

Kalinga Bidyut Prasaran Nigam Private Limited <sup>3</sup>	India	NA	NA
Cross Border Power Transmission Company Limited	India	NA	NA
RINL POWERGRID TLT Private Limited <sup>4</sup>	India	NA	NA
Power Transmission Company Nepal Ltd	Nepal	NA	NA

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Joint venture till 24.03.2021 (Wholly owned subsidiary from 25.03.2021).

- <sup>2</sup> POWERGRID & Teesta Urja Ltd are the Joint venture partners in Teestavalley Power Transmission Limited & holds 26% & 74 % equity, respectively as per Shareholding agreement. On call of additional equity by Teestavalley Power Transmission limited, POWERGRID contributed their share while the other JV partner has not yet contributed their share of money. Consequently, the holding of POWERGRID increased to 30.92% against 26% provided in shareholding agreement.
- <sup>3</sup> The present status of the Company (M/s KBPNL) as per MCA website is "Strike Off".
- <sup>4</sup> POWERGRID's Board of Directors in its meeting held on 01.05.2018 accorded in principle approval to close RINL Powergrid TLT Private Limited (RPTPL) and seek consent of other JV Partner Rashtriya Ispat Nigam Limited (RINL). RINL's Board of Directors in its meeting held on 01.03.2019 has agreed in principle for winding up proceedings of RPTPL & to seek the approval from Ministry of Steel, Government of India, for closure of RPTPL. RINL's Board of Directors in its meeting held on 05.11.2019 has advised to put up the closure proposal again to Ministry of steel for onward submission to NITI Ayog. The Approval from Government is awaited.

#### (d) Key Management Personnel

Name	Designation	Date of Appointment	Date of Separation
Shri Deep Chandra Joshi	Director/ Chairman	07/05/2018 / Chairman w.e.f. 22/01/2019	31/07/2020
Shri Sanjai Gupta	Director	01/07/2019	19/09/2020
Shri Pramod Kumar	Director	11/05/2018	19/09/2020
Shri Ram Naresh Singh	Director	22/01/2019	16/12/2020
Shri Pankaj Sharma*	CEO	18/03/2019	17/09/2020
*head of trans	mission division of PUTL w.e.	f. 17/09/2020	
Shri Ajay Kumar Shukla	CFO	25/05/2017	06/11/2020
Shri Shwetank Kumar	Company Secretary	25/05/2017	06/11/2020
Smt. Seema Gupta	Additional Director & Chairperson (Non-Executive Director)	18/09/2020	Continuing
M. Taj Mukarrum	Additional Director (Non-Executive Director)	18/09/2020	17/12/2020
Shri Ashok Kumar Singhal	Additional Director (Non-Executive Director)	17/12/2020	Continuing
Shri Sunil Kumar Sharma	Additional Director (Independent Director)	15/12/2020	Continuing

Shri M N Venkatesan	Additional Director (Independent Director)	15/12/2020	Continuing
Shri Purshottam Agarwal	CEO	06/11/2020	Continuing
Shri Amit Garg	CFO	06/11/2020	Continuing
Ms. Anjana Luthra	Company Secretary	06/11/2020	Continuing

#### (e) Transactions with related parties

The following transactions occurred with related parties:

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As on 31st March 2021	As on 31st March, 2020
Power Grid Corporation of India Ltd. ( <u>Holding Company</u> )		
Consultancy Charges (excluding Taxes)	127.30	36.00
Short Term Lease (excluding Taxes)	28.37	3.24
Other Expenses (Communication, Travel & Meeting)	22.55	2.42
Payment of Employee Cost	347.91	28.07
Repayment of Loan	425.47	600.07
Interest on Loan	313.92	361.45
Dividend Paid	777.66	810.07
Independent Directors		
Payment of Sitting Fees	5.43	0.00

#### (f) Outstanding balances of Related Parties

The following balances are outstanding at the end of the reporting period in relation to transactions with related parties:

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As on 31st March 2021	As on 31st March, 2020
Power Grid Corporation of India Ltd. ( <u>Holding</u> <u>Company</u> )		
Purchases of goods and services	138.90	72.33
Loans from Holding Company	3606.47	4031.94

#### 32. Segment Information

#### **Business Segment**

The Board of Directors is the company's Chief operating decision maker who monitors the operating results of its business segments separately for the purpose of making decisions about resource allocation and performance assessment. One reportable segments have been identified on the basis of product/services. The company has a single reportable segment i.e., Power transmission network for transmission system.

The operations of the company are mainly carried out within the country and therefore there is no reportable geographical segment.

#### 33. Contingent Liabilities and contingent assets

#### **Contingent Liabilities**

There is no Contingent Liability/Assets as on 31st March 2021(Nil as on 31st March 2020)

#### 34. Capital and Other Commitments

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As on 31st March 2021	As on 31st March, 2020
Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account and not provided for (Net of Advances)	Nil	Nil

#### 35. Capital management

#### a) Risk Management

The company's objectives when managing capital are to

- maximize the shareholder value;
- safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern;
- maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

For the purpose of the company's capital management, equity capital includes issued equity capital, and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity holders of the company. The company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in light of changes in economic conditions. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the company may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, regulate investments in new projects, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares.

The debt – equity ratio of the Company was as follows:

Particulars	As on 31st March 2021	As on 31st March, 2020
Long term debt (₹ in lakhs)*	3606.47	4031.94
Equity (₹ in lakhs)	2161.02	2444.50
Long term debt to Equity ratio	1.67:1	1.65 : 1

<sup>\*</sup> Long term debt includes current maturities of long term debt.

No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the year ended 31st March, 2021 and 31st March, 2020.

#### b) Dividends

Particulars	As on 31st March 2021	As on 31st March, 2020
Final dividend for the year ended 31st March, 2020 of ₹ 1.00		
(31st March, 2019 – ₹ 2.00) per fully paid share	129.61	259.22
Interim dividend for the year ended 31st March, 2021 of ₹		
5.00 (31st March, 2020 – ₹ 4.25) per fully paid share	648.05	550.85

#### c) Earnings per share

(Amount in ₹)

(a) Basic and diluted earnings per share attributable to the equity holders of the company	As on 31st March 2021	As on 31st March, 2020
Basic and diluted earnings per share attributable to the equity holders of the company from Continuing operations	3.81	7.44

(₹ in Lakhs)

(b) Reconciliation of earnings used as numerator in calculating earnings per share	As on 31st March 2021	As on 31st March, 2020
Total Earnings attributable to the equity holders of the company	494.18	963.99

(No. of Shares)

(c) Weighted average number of shares used as the denominator	As on 31st March 2021	As on 31st March, 2020
Total weighted average number of equity shares used as the denominator in calculating basic earnings per share	1,29,61,067	1,29,61,067

#### 36. Financial Risk Management:

The Company's principal financial liabilities comprise loans and borrowings denominated in Indian rupees, trade payables and other payables. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance the Company's capital investments and operations.

The Company's principal financial assets include trade and other receivables, and cash and cash equivalents that are generated from its operations.

The Company's activities expose it to the following financial risks, namely,

- a) Credit risk,
- b) Liquidity risk,
- c) Market risk.

This note presents information regarding the company's exposure, objectives, policies and processes for measuring and managing these risks.

The management of financial risks by the Company is summarized below:-

#### A) Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that counterparty will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss. The Company is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities on account of trade receivables.

A default on a financial asset is when the counterparty fails to make contractual payments within 3 years of when they fall due. This definition of default is determined considering the business environment in which the Company operates and other macro-economic factors.

Assets are written-off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery, such as a debtor declaring bankruptcy or failing to engage in a repayment plan with the Company. Where loans or receivables have been written off, the Company continues to engage in enforcement activity to attempt to recover the receivable due. Where recoveries are made, these are recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

#### (i) Trade Receivables and Unbilled Revenue

The Company primarily provides transmission facilities to inter-state transmission service customers (DICs) comprising mainly state utilities owned by State Governments. CERC tariff regulations allows payment against monthly bills towards transmission charges within a period of 45 days from the date of the bill and levy of charge on delayed payment beyond 45 days. A graded rebate is provided by the company for payment made within 45 days.

Trade receivables consist of receivables relating to transmission services of ₹ 203.80 Lakhs as on 31st March, 2021 (₹ 291.55 Lakhs as on 31st March, 2020).

Unbilled revenue primarily relates to companies right to consideration for work completed but not billed at the reporting date and have substantially same risk characteristics as the trade receivables for the same type of contract.

#### (ii) Other Financial Assets (excluding trade receivables and unbilled revenue)

#### Cash and cash equivalents

The Company held cash and cash equivalents of ₹ 107.20 Lakhs as on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2021 (₹ 39.82 Lakhs as on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2020). The cash and cash equivalents are held with public sector banks and high rated private sector banks and do not have any significant credit risk.

#### Exposure to credit risk

		(X III Lakiis
Particulars	As on 31st March 2021	As on 31st March, 2020
Financial assets for which loss allowance is measured using 12 months Expected Credit Losses (ECL)		
Cash and cash equivalents	107.20	39.82
Total	107.20	39.82
Financial assets for which loss allowance is measured using Life time Expected Credit Losses (ECL)		
Trade Receivables	203.80	291.55
Unbilled Revenue	233.56	278.44
Total	437.36	569.99

#### Provision for expected credit losses

## (a) Financial assets for which loss allowance is measured using 12 month expected credit losses

The Company has assets where the counter-parties have sufficient capacity to meet the obligations and where the risk of default is very low. At initial recognition, financial assets (excluding trade receivables and unbilled revenue) are considered as having negligible credit risk and the risk has not increased from initial recognition. Therefore expected credit loss provision is not required.

# (b) Financial assets for which loss allowance is measured using life time expected credit losses

The Company has customers most of whom are state government utilities with capacity to meet the obligations and therefore the risk of default is negligible. Further, management believes that the unimpaired amounts that are 30 days past due date are still collectible in full, based on the payment security mechanism in place and historical payment behavior. Considering the above factors and the prevalent regulations, the trade receivables continue to have a negligible credit risk on initial recognition and thereafter on each reporting date.

#### (c) Ageing analysis of trade receivables

i) The ageing analysis of the trade receivables is as below:

(₹ in Lakhs)

Ageing	Not due	0-30 days past due	31-60 days past due	61-90 days past due	91-120 days past due	More than 120 days past due	Total
Gross carrying amount as on 31st March, 2021	-	82.24	73.97	9.76	3.77	38.26	208.00
Gross carrying amount as on 31st March, 2020	-	291.47	0.00	0.00	0.00	4.10	295.57

#### ii)Reconciliation of impairment loss provision

Particulars	Trade	Unbilled	Total
	Receivables	Debtors	
Balance as on 01.04.2019	4.02	0.00	4.02
Impairment loss recognized/ (reversed)	0.00	0.00	0.00
Amounts written off	0.00	0.00	0.00
Balance as at 31.03.2020	4.02	0.00	4.02
Impairment loss recognized/ (reversed)	0.18	0.00	0.18
Amounts written off	0.00	0.00	0.00
Balance as at 31.03.2021	4.20	0.00	4.20

#### B) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities to meet obligations when due. The Company has entered into Inter-Corporate Loan Agreement for Funding of its obligations. For this, Company provided quarterly cashflows in advance to Holding Company with Monthly requirement.

#### (i) <u>Financing Arrangements</u>

The company had access to the borrowing facilities with the Parent Company as per Agreement at the end of the reporting period.

#### (ii) Maturities of financial liabilities

The tables below analyses the company's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on their contractual maturities for all non-derivative financial liabilities.

The amount disclosed in the table is the contractual undiscounted cash flows

(₹ in Lakhs)

Contractual maturities of financial liabilities	Within a year	Between 1-5 years	Beyond 5 years	Total
As on 31st March 2021				
Borrowings (including interest outflows)	419.51	1575.96	6007.44	8002.91
Trade Payables	139.68			139.68
Other Current Financial Liabilities	0.50	-	-	0.50
Total	559.69	1575.96	6007.44	8143.09

As on 31st March 2020				
Borrowings (including interest outflows)	714.23	2528.90	2456.35	5699.48
Trade Payables	73.19			73.19
Total	787.42	2528.90	2456.35	5772.67

#### C) Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises two types of risk:

- i. Currency risk
- ii. Interest rate risk

#### i) Currency risk

As on Reporting date the Company does not have any exposure to currency risk in respect of foreign currency denominated loans and borrowings and procurement of goods and services whose purchase consideration foreign currency.

#### ii) Interest rate risk

The company has taken borrowings from Parent Company on cost to cost basis. The Company is exposed to interest rate risk because the cash flows associated with floating rate borrowings. The various sources of loans being extended to the company by parent company are Fixed interest and floating interest rate which get reset periodically. The Company manages the interest rate risks by maintaining a debt portfolio of fixed and floating rate borrowings.

#### 37. Income Tax expense

This note provides an analysis of the company's income tax expense, and how the tax expense is affected by non-assessable and non-deductible items. It also explains significant estimates made in relation to The Company's tax positions.

#### (a) Income tax expense -

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As on 31st March 2021	As on 31st March, 2020
<u>Current Tax</u>		
Current tax on profits for the year	191.03	237.73
Total current tax expense	191.03	237.73
<u>Deferred Tax</u>		
Origination and reversal of temporary differences	407.70	158.92
Total deferred tax expense/(benefit)	407.70	158.92
Income tax expense	598.73	396.65

Current tax is reckoned based on the current year's income and tax payable thereon in accordance with the applicable tax rates as per the prevailing tax laws.

The company had made a tax provision of ₹ 191.03 Lakh (Previous Year ₹ 237.73 Lakhs) for the year towards current Tax (Minimum Alternate Tax). In accordance with Ind-AS 12 on Accounting for Taxes on Income, the Company has computed Deferred Tax liability amounting to ₹ 434.96 Lakh at the year ended 31st March, 2021 (Previous Year ₹ 26.04 Lakh) on account of timing difference in relation to depreciation and MAT Credit Entitlement carried forward.

## (b) Reconciliation of tax expense and the accounting profit multiplied by India's tax rate: -

Posti sulam	As on 31st	As on 31st
Particulars	March 2021	March, 2020
Profit before income tax expense	1092.91	1360.64
Tax at the Indian tax rate of 27.82% (Previous Year	304.04	396.22
29.12%)		

Tax effect of:	(0.21)	0.00
Non Taxable Tax items @ 27.82% on 0.75 Lakh	0.34	0.00
Non Deductible Tax items @ 27.82% on 0.1.21 Lakh	407.70	158.92
Deferred Tax expense/(income)	(113.14)	(158.49)
MAT Adjustment @ 10.348% (27.82-17.472) on 1093.37		
Lakh (1092.91-0.75+1.21)		
Tax Expenses recognized in statement of Profit & Loss	598.73	396.65

#### (c) MAT Credit

As company have option to avail MAT credit in future against Income Tax payable and hence MAT paid during earlier and in current year are carried forward to the extent expected to avail the MAT credit in future.

#### 38. Disclosure on Ind AS 115 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers

(a) The following table discloses the movement in unbilled revenue during the period ended 31st March, 2021 and 31st March 2020.

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March, 2021	For the Year ended 31st March, 2020	
Balance at the beginning	278.44	298.44	
Add: Revenue recognised during the period	233.56	2209.74	
Less: Invoiced during the period	278.44	2229.74	
Less: Impairment/reversal during the period	-	-	
Add: Translation gain/(Loss)	-	-	
Balance at the end	233.56	278.44	

- (b) The Company does not have any contract liability during the period ended 31st March, 2021 and 31st March 2020.
- (c) The entity determines transaction price based on expected value method considering its past experiences of refunds or significant reversals in amount of revenue. In estimating significant financing component, management considers the financing element inbuilt in the transaction price based on imputed rate of return. Reconciliation of revenue recognized vis-a-vis revenue recognized in profit or loss statement is as follows:

(₹ in Lakhs)

	For the year	For the Year
Particulars	ended 31st	ended 31st
	March, 2021	March, 2020
Contracted price	2078.70	2129.80
Add/ (Less)- Discounts/ rebates provided to customer	(10.61)	(8.67)
Add/ (Less)- Performance bonus	72.75	69.33
Add/ (Less)- Adjustment for significant financing component	-	-
Add/ (Less)- Other adjustments	(3.36)	0.41
Revenue recognized in profit or loss statement	2137.48	2190.87

#### 39. A) Disclosure on Covid-19 Impact

The company is mainly engaed in the business of transmission of electricity and the tariffs for the transmission services are regulated in terms of the CERC Tariff Regulations which provide for recovery of the annual transmission charges based on system availability. As per the Government of India guidelines, transmission units and services fall under the catogery of essential services and exempted from lockdown.

The company has considered various internal and external information available up to the date of approval of Financial Results and there has been no material impact on the operations of the company for the year ended 31st March 2021. The company will continue to monitor any material changes to future economic conditions.

#### B) Recent Pronouncements

The Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") through a notification dated March 24, 2021, has amended Division II of Schedule III of the Companies Act, 2013 w.e.f. April 1, 2021. The Company will assess and implement the amendments to Division II in FY 2021-22, as applicable.

- a) Figures have been rounded off to nearest rupee in lakhs up to two decimal.
  - b) The previous year figures have been reclassified/re-grouped to confirm to the current year's classification.

As per our report of even date attached.

For Khanna Thaker & Co. For and on behalf of Powergrid Unchahar **Chartered Accountants Transmission Limited** 

ABHINAV Digitally signed by ABHINAV KHANNA KHANNA Date: 2021.05.27 Date: 2021.05.27

(Abhinav Khanna) **Partner** Membership No. 405987

ICAI FRN: 001265C Place: Lucknow

Seema Digitally signed by Seema Gupta ΑK Gupta Date: 2021.05.27 SINGHAL / Seema Gupta

**Ashok Kumar Singhal** Chairperson Director DIN: 06636330 DIN: 08578420

Place: Gurugram Place: New Delhi

Purshottam Agarwal Date: 2021.05.27 17:17:18 Agarwal

**Purshottam Agarwal** CEO

PAN: ABWPA7859E Place: Gurugram

AMIT GARG/ Anjana Luthra

Digitally signed by A K

SINGHAL Date: 2021.05.27

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**Amit Garg** Anjana Luthra **CFO** Company Secretary PAN: ACSPG1833F PAN: ABYPL2312H Place: New Delhi Place: Gurugram

Date: 27.05.2021