(A Wholly Owned Subsidiary of Power Grid Corporation of India Limited)

(CIN: U42202DL2023GOI421344)

Directors' Report (2023-24)

Rajasthan IV E Power Transmission Limited

(A Wholly Owned Subsidiary of Power Grid Corporation of India Limited) CIN: U42202DL2023GOI421344 Regd. Office: B-9, Qutab Institutional Area, Katwaria Sarai, New Delhi-110016 Tel: 011-26560112 Email: <u>companysecretary@powerrrid.in</u>

DIRECTORS' REPORT

Dear Members,

It gives me immense pleasure to present on behalf of the Board of Directors, the 1st (First) Annual Report of Rajasthan IV E Power Transmission Limited on the working of the Company together with Audited Financial Statements and Auditors' Report for the Financial Year starting from 14th October, 2023 till 31st March, 2024 ("period under review").

1. State of the Company's Affairs & Project implementation

Rajasthan IV E Power Transmission Limited was incorporated as wholly owned subsidiary of REC Power Development Consulting Limited (RECPDCL) on 14th October, 2023 and acquired by Power Grid Corporation of India Limited (POWERGRID) on 19th August, 2024 under Tariff based competitive bidding to establish "Transmission System for Evacuation of Power from Rajasthan REZ Ph-IV (Part-2: 5.5 GW)(Jaisalmer/ Barmer Complex): Part E". Pursuant to such acquisition, your Company became wholly owned subsidiary of POWERGRID. The transmission system comprises of establishment of following elements:

<u>Transmission System for Evacuation of Power from Rajasthan REZ Ph-IV (Part-2:</u> <u>5.5 GW)(Jaisalmer/ Barmer Complex): Part E</u>

- Establishment of 765 kV Substation at suitable location near Rishabdeo (Distt. Udaipur) along with 2x240 MVAR (765 kV) Bus Reactor
- Sirohi PS- Rishabdeo 765 kV D/c line along with 330 MVAR switchable line reactor for each circuit at Sirohi end.
- 2 No. of 765 kV line bays at Sirohi PS for Sirohi PS Rishabdeo 765kV D/c line
- Rishabdeo Mandsaur PS 765 kV D/c line along with 240 MVAR switchable line reactor for each circuit at Rishabdeo end.
- 2 No. of 765 kV line bays at Mandsaur PS for Rishabdeo Mandsaur PS 765 kV D/c line
- LILO of one circuit of 765 kV Chittorgarh-Banaskanta D/c line at Rishabdeo S/s

Your Company has filed a petition with CERC for grant of transmission license. The Project of your company is under implementation.

2. Financial Performance

(₹ in Thousands)

Particulars	For the period from 14 th October, 2023 till 31 st March, 2024
Revenue from Operations	-
Other Income	-
Total Income	-
Expenses	3853.80
Profit / Loss before Tax	(3853.80)
Profit / Loss after Tax	(3853.80)
Earnings Per Equity Share (₹)	(77.08)

3. Share Capital

As on 31st March 2024, share capital of the Company is as follows:

Particulars	Amount (In Rs.)
Authorized Share Capital	5,00,000
(divided into 50,000 equity shares of Rs. 10 each)	
Paid up Share Capital	5,00,000
(divided into 50,000 equity shares of Rs. 10 each)	

4. Dividend and Reserves

Your Company's Project is under implementation and there is no operational income/profit. Therefore, your Company has not declared/recommended dividend or transferred any amount to reserves for the period under review.

5. Deposits

Your Company has not accepted any deposit as per Chapter V of Companies Act, 2013, for the period under review.

6. <u>Particulars of Loans, Guarantees or Investments made under section 186 of the</u> <u>Companies Act, 2013</u>

Your Company has not given any loans, provided any guarantee or security or made any investment in any other entity as per Section 186 of Companies Act, 2013.

7. Particulars of contracts or arrangements with related parties

The Company has not entered into any contracts or arrangements with related parties referred to Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013, for the period under review.

8. Material Changes & Commitments

There has been no material changes & commitments affecting the financial position of the Company, which have occurred between the end of the financial year and date of this report.

9. Subsidiaries, Joint Ventures and Associate Companies

Your Company does not have any subsidiaries, joint ventures and associate companies.

10. Directors' Responsibility Statement

As required under section 134(3)(c) & 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013, your Directors confirm that:

- a) in the preparation of the Annual Accounts, the applicable accounting standards had been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures;
- b) the Directors had selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company at the end of the financial year and of the loss of the Company for that period;
- c) the Directors had taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of this Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- d) the Directors had prepared the Annual Accounts on a going concern basis; and
- e) the Directors had devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

11. <u>Conservation of Energy, Technology absorption, Foreign Exchange Earning and</u> <u>Out Go</u>

There is no Conservation of Energy, Technology absorption and Foreign Exchange Earnings and out go under section 134(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 for the period under review.

12. Annual Return

The Annual Return in Form MGT-7 as required under Section 92(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 can be accessed in the Subsidiaries section under the Investor Relations Tab on the POWERGRID website i.e. <u>www.powergrid.in</u>.

13. Board of Directors

As on 31st March, 2024, the Board of Directors of your Company comprised of Three Directors viz. Shri Awanish Kumar Bharati, Shri Debasis Mitra, and Shri Kuntala Venu Gopal. There was no change in the composition of Board of Directors during the period under review.

Subsequently, the following changes took place during the current FY 2024-25 till the date of the Directors' report:

- a) Dr. Yatindra Dwivedi, Shri Pankaj Pandey, Shri B.K. Sahoo were appointed as an Additional Director on the board of the Company w.e.f. 19th August, 2024, who holds office up to the date of ensuing Annual General Meeting.
- b) Shri G.P. Payasi was appointed as an Additional Director on the board of the Company w.e.f. 19th August, 2024 and who ceased to be the Additional Director w.e.f 1st November, 2024.
- c) Shri Awanish Kumar Bharati, Shri Debasis Mitra and Shri Kuntala Venu Gopal ceased to be the Director of the Company w.e.f. 19th August, 2024.
- d) Shri Abhinav Verma was appointed as an Additional Director on the board of the Company w.e.f. 4th November, 2024, who holds office up to the date of ensuing Annual General Meeting.

The Board places on record its appreciation for the valuable contribution, guidance & support given by Shri Awanish Kumar Bharati, Shri Debasis Mitra, Shri Kuntala Venu Gopal (nominated by RECPDCL) and Shri G.P. Payasi (nominated by POWERGRID) during their tenure as Directors of the Company.

The Company has received a notice under Section 160 of the Companies Act, 2013 from a member of the Company for appointment of Dr. Yatindra Dwivedi, Shri Pankaj Pandey, Shri B.K. Sahoo and Shri Abhinav Verma as Director, liable to retire by rotation, in the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

None of the Directors is disqualified from being appointed/re-appointed as Director.

14. Number of Board meetings during the year

During the period under review, Three (3) meetings of Board of Directors were held on different dates i.e. 13th November, 2023, 11th December, 2023 and 15th January, 2024. The detail of number of meetings attended by each Director during the period under review are as under:

Name of Director	Designation	No. of Board Meetings entitled to attend	No. of Board Meetings attended
Shri Kuntala Venu Gopal	Director	03	03
Shri Debasis Mitra, Director	Director	03	03
Shri Awanish Kumar Bharati	Director	03	03

15. Committees of the Board

Audit Committee & Nomination & Remuneration Committee

Being the wholly owned subsidiary during the period under review, your Company is not required to constitute an Audit Committee and Nomination & Remuneration Committee in terms of notifications dated 5th July, 2017 and 13th July, 2017 issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA).

Corporate Social Responsibility Committee

The provision of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 5 the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014 were not applicable to the Company during the period under review.

16. Declaration by Independent Directors

Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) vide notification dated 5th July, 2017 had amended the Rule 4 of Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Rules, 2014 as per which, the unlisted public companies in the nature of wholly owned subsidiaries are not required to appoint Independent Directors on their Board. Accordingly, your Company, being the wholly owned subsidiary during the period under review, is not required to appoint Independent Directors on their Board.

17. Performance Evaluation

The provisions of Section 134(3)(p) of the Companies Act, 2013 is not applicable to your Company since the paid-up share capital of the Company does not exceed the threshold limit of ₹25 Crore as prescribed under Rule 8(4) of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.

18. Statutory Auditors

Pursuant to section 139(7) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 4(2) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, M/s H. K. Dua & Co., was appointed by Comptroller and Auditor General of India as Statutory Auditors of the Company for the period ended 31st March, 2024.

19. Statutory Auditors' Report

M/s H. K. Dua & Co., Statutory Auditors for the period under review, have given an unqualified report. The report is self-explanatory and does not require any further comments by the Board.

20. Comments of Comptroller and Auditor General of India

Comptroller and Auditor General of India (C&AG) vide letter dated 16th July 2024, placed at **Annexure-I** to this report, has informed that they have decided not to conduct supplementary audit of financial statements for the financial year ended 31st March, 2024 under Section 143(6)(a) of the Companies Act, 2013.

21. <u>Details in respect of frauds reported by auditors other than those which are</u> reportable to the Central Government

During the period under review, the Statutory Auditor of the Company have not reported any frauds to the Board of Directors under section 143(12) of the Companies Act, 2013, including rules made thereunder.

22. <u>Secretarial Audit Report</u>

The requirement of obtaining a Secretarial Audit Report from the Practicing Company Secretary under Section 204 of the Companies Act, 2013, is not applicable to the Company for the financial year ended 31st March, 2024.

23. Maintenance of Cost Records of the Company

Maintenance of cost records as specified by the Central Government under sub-section (1) of Section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013, is not applicable to your Company during the period under review.

24. Development & Implementation of Risk Management Policy

Pursuant to acquisition of your Company by POWERGRID from RECPDCL, your Company became wholly owned subsidiary of POWERGRID and, it is covered under the Risk Management Framework of POWERGRID.

25. Particulars of Employees

As per Notification dated 5th June, 2015 issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, the provisions of Section 197 of the Companies Act, 2013 & corresponding rules of Chapter XIII are exempted for Government Companies. As, your Company is a Government Company, 'the information has not been included as a part of Directors' report.

26. Compliance with Secretarial Standards

Your Company has generally followed the Secretarial Standards (SS) 1 & 2 issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India.

27. Prevention of Sexual Harassment Policy

POWERGRID the holding company has Internal Committee (IC) in place to redress the complaints of sexual harassment. There was no incidence of sexual harassment during the period under review.

28. <u>Details of Significant & Material Orders passed by the regulators, courts, tribunals</u> <u>impacting the going concern status and company's operation in future:</u>

No significant / material orders were passed by any authority during the period under review impacting the going concern status and Company's operation in future.

29. Internal Financial Control Systems and their adequacy

Your Company has, in all material respects, an adequate Internal Financial Controls System over Financial Reporting and such Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting were operating effectively during the period under review.

30. Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016

During the period under review, no application has been made under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code 2016; hence the requirement to disclose the details of application made or any proceeding pending under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016 during the period under review along with their status as at the end of the financial year is not applicable.

31. Right to Information

In compliance with 'Right to Information Act, 2005' (RTI Act), an appropriate mechanism is in place for promoting transparency and accountability, wherein POWERGRID the holding company has nominated Central Public Information Officer & Appellate Authority for your Company to provide required information under the provisions of RTI Act.

32. Acknowledgement

The Board of Directors place on record their gratitude for the support of the Ministry of Power, the Central Electricity Regulatory Commission, the Central Electricity Authority, Central Transmission Utility of India Limited, Grid Controller of India Limited, the Department of Public Enterprises, Power Grid Corporation of India Limited, REC Power Development Consulting Limited, the Comptroller & Auditor General of India, the Auditors and various other authorities.

For and on behalf of **Rajasthan IV E Power Transmission Limited**

(Dr. Yatindra Dwivedi) Chairman DIN: 10301390

Date: 30th December, 2024 Place: Gurgaon

No. Dan (E)/Rep/01-135/ M(cs-Ra). DE 5/2024-257 P/S-1850452



भारतीय लेखापरीक्षा और लेखा विभाग कार्यालय महा निदेशक लेखापरीक्षा (ऊर्जा) नई दिल्ली



INDIAN AUDIT & ACCOUNTS DEPARTMENT Office of the Director General of Audit (Energy) New Delhi

सेवा में

Dated: 16:07.2024

निदेशक, राजस्थान IV E पॉवर ट्रांसमिशन लिमिटेड, नई दिल्ली ।

विषय: 31 मार्च 2024 को समाप्त अवधि के लिए राजस्थान IV E पॉवर ट्रांसमिशन लिमिटेड, नई दिल्ली के वर्ष 2023-24 के वार्षिक लेखाओं पर कम्पनी अधिनियम, 2013 की धारा 143(6)(b) के अन्तर्गत भारत के नियन्त्रक एवं महालेखापरीक्षक की टिप्पणियाँ।

महोदय,

मैं, राजस्थान IV E पॉवर ट्रांसमिशन लिमिटेड, नई दिल्ली के 31 मार्च 2024 को समाप्त अवधि के लेखाओं पर कम्पनी अधिनियम, 2013 की धारा 143(6)(b) के अन्तर्गत भारत के नियन्त्रक एवं महालेखापरीक्षक की टिप्पणियाँ अग्रेषित कर रही हँ।

कृपया इस पत्र की संलग्नकों सहित प्राप्ति की पावती भेजी जाए।

भवदीया,

संलग्नक:- यथोपरि।

र्रुस र्र पॅंडी (एस. आह्वादिनी पंडा) महानिदेशक

COMMENTS OF THE COMPTROLLER AND AUDITOR GENERAL OF INDIA UNDER SECTION 143(6)(b) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013 ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF RAJASTHAN IV E POWER TRANSMISSION LIMITED FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

The preparation of financial statements of Rajasthan IV E Power Transmission Limited for the period ended 31 March 2024 in accordance with the financial reporting framework prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013(Act) is the responsibility of the management of the company. The statutory auditor appointed by the Comptroller and Auditor General of India under section 139(7) of the Act is responsible for expressing opinion on the financial statements under section 143 of the Act based on independent audit in accordance with the standards on auditing prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act. This is stated to have been done by them vide their Audit Report dated 25 April 2024.

I, on behalf of the Comptroller and Auditor General of India, have decided not to conduct the supplementary audit of the financial statements of Rajasthan IV E Power Transmission Limited for the period ended 31 March 2024 under Section 143(6)(a) of the Act.

For and on behalf of the Comptroller & Auditor General of India

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Place: New Delhi Dated: /6-07-2024 (S. Ahlladini Panda)-Director General of Audit (Energy)

H.K. DUA & CO. CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

309, Jyoti Shikhar 8, District Centre, Janakpuri, New Delhi-110058 Ph.: 011-25511883, 011-45530162 Email: harshdua@hotmail.com, harshduaca@hotmail.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of RAJASTHAN IV E POWER TRANSMISSION LIMITED.

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the Financial Statements of RAJASTHAN IV E POWER TRANSMISSION LIMITED ("the Company"), which comprise the balance sheet as at 31st March 2024, and the statement of profit and loss, and the Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended and notes to the Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information [hereinafter referred to as "the Financial Statements"].

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Financial Statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2024, and its loss, and cash flow for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the Financial Statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the *Code of Ethics* issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Financial Statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on the financial statements.

Information Other than the Standalone Financial Statements and Auditor's Report thereon

The Company's Board of Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Directors' report, Corporate Governance report, Business responsibility report and Management Discussion and Analysis etc. in the Annual report but does not include the financial statements and our report thereon. Such other information is expected to be made available to us after the date of this Auditor's Report.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein; we are required to communicate the matter to those charged with governance. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Company's management and Board of Directors are responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these Financial Statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, (changes in equity) and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the provention and presentation of the Financial Statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Financial Statements, management and Board of Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Financial Statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- a. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- b. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the

company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls

- c. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- d. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- e. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Financial Statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the Financial Statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the Financial Statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative

- Planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (i)
- to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the Financial Statements. (ii)

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the Financial Statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the order"), issued by the 1. Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, and on the basis of such checks of the books and records of the company as we considered appropriate and according to the information and explanation given to us, we give in the Annexure-A, a statement on the matters specified in paragraph 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- On the basis of information and explanations given to us by the company we are enclosing our 2. report in Annexure-B on the directions/sub-directions issued by Comptroller and Auditor General of India in terms of Section 143(5) of the Act.

- 3. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss, and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
 - (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid Financial Statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
 - (e) Vide Notification No. G.S.R. 463(E) dated 5 June, 2015 issued by Ministry of Corporate Affairs, Government Companies have been exempted from applicability of the provisions of Section 164(2) of the Companies Act, 2013.
 - (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the company and operative effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in "Annexure-C;"
 - (g) Pursuant to Notification no. GSR463(E) dated 5th June 2015 issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, provisions of Section 197 of the Act are not applicable to the government companies.
 - (h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position.
 - The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
 - iv. Based on our examination carried out in accordance with the Implementation Guidance on Reporting on Audit Trail under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules,2014 (Revised 2024 Edition) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India, which included test checks, we report that the company has used an accounting software for maintaining its books of account which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software. Further, during the course of our audit we did not come across any instance of audit trail feature being tampered with. Our examination of the audit trail was in the context of an audit of financial statements carried out in accordance with the Standard of Auditing and only to the extent required by Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules,2014. We have not carried out any audit or

examination of the audit trail beyond the matters required by the aforesaid Rule 11(g) nor have we carried out any standalone audit or examination of the audit trail.

For H.K. DUA AND CO. Chartered Accountants

NEW

ARUN KUMAR DUA (Partner) M. No.082623 309, JYOTI SHIKHAR BUILDING, JANAK PURI, NEW DELHI-110058 DELHI FRN: 0000581N UDIN: 24082623BKETHT3552.

Place: NEW DELHI Date: 25.04.2024 Annexure A to the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of Rajasthan IV E Power Transmission Limited, on the financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2024

Based on the audit procedures performed for the purpose of reporting a true and fair view on the financial statements of the Company and taking into consideration the information and explanations given to us and the books of account and other records examined by us in the normal course of audit, we report that:

(i) (A) (a) The Company has no Property, Plant and Equipment. Accordingly, the provisions of this clause of the Order are not applicable.

(b) The Company has no Intangible Assets. Accordingly, the provisions of this clause of the Order are not applicable.

(B) The Company has no Property, Plant and Equipment. Accordingly, the provisions of this clause of the Order are not applicable.

(C) Company has no immovable properties. Accordingly, the provisions of this clause of the Order are not applicable.

(D) The Company has no Property, Plant and Equipment. Accordingly, the provisions of this clause of the Order are not applicable.

(E) According to the information and explanation given to us, no proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made thereunder during the year.

(ii) (A) The Company does not have any inventory. Accordingly, the provisions of this clause of the Order are not applicable.

(B) The Company does not have any working capital limits in excess of five crore rupees (at any point of time during the year), in aggregate, from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets. Accordingly, the provisions of this clause of the Order are not applicable.

(iii) During the year the company has not made investments in, provided any guarantee or security granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured to companies, firms, LLPs, or any other parties.

(iv) The company has not given any loans or guarantees/made any investments within the meaning of sections 185 & 186 of The Companies Act, 2013.

(v) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposits from public to which the directives issued by Reserve Bank of India and the provisions of Sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules framed thereunder are applicable.

(vi) The Central Government has not prescribed the maintenance of cost records under Section 148(1) of the Act.

(vii) (A) On the basis of our checks and audit procedures we are of the opinion that the Company is generally regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including Goods and Services tax, Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income Tax, Sales Tax, Service Tax, duty of Custom, duty of Excise, Value Added Tax, Cess and other material statutory dues applicable to it with the appropriate authorities. There were no undisputed statutory dues in arrears as at 31st March, 2024 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.

(B) According to records of the company, there are no statutory dues which have not been deposited on account of any dispute.

(viii) As per Information and explanation given to us, there were no transactions relating to previously unrecorded income that have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961)

(ix) (A) In our opinion, the company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or other borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender during the year;

(B) Company is not declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender;

(C) According to the information and explanation given to us, no term a loan was raised accordingly this clause is not applicable.

(D) According to the information and explanation given to us, no short term funds have been raised accordingly this clause is not applicable.

(E) According to the information and explanation given to us, the company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures;

(F) According to the information and explanation given to us, the company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries, joint ventures or associate companies;

(x) (A) The Company has not raised moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year;

(B) According to the information and explanation given to us, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully, partially or optionally convertible) during the year. (xi) (A) According to the information and explanation given to us, any fraud by the company or any fraud on the company has not been noticed or reported during the year;

(B) According to the information and explanation given to us, no report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed by the auditors in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government;

(C) According to the information and explanation given to us, no whistle-blower complaints, received during the year by the company;

(xii) Company is not a Nidhi company, accordingly provisions of the Clause 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable to the company:

(xiii) According to the information and explanations given to us, we are of the opinion that all transactions with related parties are in compliance with Section 177 and 188 of Companies Act, 2013 where applicable and the details have been disclosed in the Financial Statements etc., as required by the Accounting Standards and the Companies Act, 2013.

(xiv) According to the information and explanation given to us the company is not required to have internal audit system under section 138 of the company's act 2013 and consequently does not have internal audit system. Accordingly reporting under clause 3 sub section clause 14 of the order is not applicable.

(xv) According to the information and explanations given to us, we are of the opinion that the company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him and accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(xv) of the Order is not applicable.

(xvi) According to the information and explanations given to us, we are of the opinion that the company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 and the company is not a Core Investment Company (CIC) as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India, accordingly the provisions of clause 3(xvi) of the Order are not applicable;

(xvii) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the audit procedures conducted we are of opinion that the company has not incurred any cash losses in the financial year and the immediately preceding financial year;

(xviii) There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year and accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(xviii) of the Order is not applicable;

(xix) On the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report indicating that company is incapable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the

balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the company as and when they fall due.

(xx) We have been informed that there are no unspent amounts towards Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) on ongoing projects or other than ongoing projects. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xx)(a) and (b) of the Order is not applicable for the year.

(xxi) The reporting under clause (xxi) is not applicable in respect of audit of standalone financial statements of the Company. Accordingly, no comment has been included in respect of said clause under this report.

ARUN KUMAR DUA (Partner) M. No.082623 309, JYOTI SHIKHAR BUILDING, JANAK PURI, NEW DELHI-110058 DELHI FRN: 0000581N UDIN: 24062623 BKETHT 3552.

For H.K. DUA AND CO. Chartered Accountants

Place: NEW DELHI Date: 25.04.2024

Annexure-B to the Independent Auditor's Report

Referred to in Paragraph 2 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' Section of Our Report of Even Date on the Accounts of Rajasthan IV E Power Transmission Limited for the Year ended on 31st March 2024.

S.No.	Directions	Action Taken	Impact on Standalone Financial Statements
1.	Whether the Company has system in place to process all the accounting transactions through IT system? If yes, the implications of processing of accounting transactions outside IT system on the integrity of the accounts along with the financial implications, if any, may be stated.	The Company has Tally Prime version to process all the accounting transactions through IT system.	No impact on the standalone Financial Statements
2.	Whether there is any restructuring of an existing loan or cases of waiver/write off of debts /loans/interest etc. made by a lender to the Company due to the Company's inability to repay the loan? If yes, the financial impact may be stated. Whether such cases are properly accounted for? (In case, lender is a Government Company, then this direction is also applicable for Statutory Auditor of lender company).	There has been no such case.	No impact on the standalone Financial Statements
	Whether funds (grant/subsidy etc.) received/receivable for specific schemes from Central/State Government or its agencies were properly accounted for/ utilized as per its term and conditions? List the cases of deviation.	The Company has not received any funds for specific schemes from central/ state agencies for utilization	No impact on the standalone Financial Statements

For H.K. DUA AND CO. Chartered Accountants

Place: NEW DELHI Date: 25.04.2024

ARUN KUMAR DUA (Partner) M. No.082623 309, JYOTI SHIKHAR BUILDING, JANAK PURI, NEW DELHI-110058 DELHI FRN: 0000581N

UDIN: 24082623BKETHT3552.

Compliance Certificate

We have conducted the audit of annual accounts of Rajasthan IV E Power Transmission Limited for the year ended 31st March 2024 in accordance with direction/sub directions issued by the C&AG of India under section 143(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 and certify that we have complied with all the Direction/sub-directions issued to us.

Place: NEW DELHI Date: 25.04.2024

For H.K. DUA AND CO. Chartered Accountants

NE

ARUN KUMAR DUA (Partner) M. No.082623 309, JYOTI SHIKHAR BUILDING, JANAK PURI, NEW DELHI-110058 DELHI FRN: 0000581N UDIN: ՀԿԵՑՀՅՀՅ BK ᲜՇҢՇՋ552,

Annexure-C to the Independent Auditor's Report

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Rajasthan IV E Power Transmission Limited the Company as of 31st March 2024 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Control and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the standalone Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A Company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of standalone financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted

accounting principles. A Company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that:

a. pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company;

b. provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of standalone financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the Company; and

c. provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the standalone financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material aspects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as of 31st March 2024, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For H.K. DUA AND CO. Chartered Accountants

ARUN KUMAR DUA (Partner) M. No.082623 309, JYOTI SHIKHAR BUILDING, JANAK PURI, NEW DELHI-110058 DELHI FRN: 0000581N UDIN: 24082623 BKET4T3552.

Place: NEW DELHI Date: 25.04.2024

RAJASTHAN IV E POWER TRANSMISSION LIMITED CIN U42202DL2023GOI421344 Balance Sheet as at 31 March, 2024

(All amounts in ₹ thousands, unless stated otherwise)

Particulars	Notes	As at 31 March, 2024
ASSETS		
Non-current assets		
Total non current assets	5	10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 -
Current assets		
Financial assets		
- Cash and cash equivalents	4	499.88
Total current assets		499.88
TOTAL ASSETS		499.88
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		
Equity		
Equity share capital	5	500.00
Other equity	6	(3,853.80)
Total equity		(3,353.80)
Current liabilities		
(a)Financial liabilities		
Other financial liabilities	7	3,713.54
(b) Other current liabilities	8	140.14
Total current liabilities		3,853.68
Total liabilities		3,853.68
TOTAL EQUITY & LIABILITIES		499.88

Summary of significant accounting policies & other information 1 to 3 The accompanying notes from 4 to 17 are integral part of the financial statements. These are the financial statements referred to in our report of even date.

For H K Dua & Co.

Chartered Accountants

NEW

Arun Kumar Dua Partner Membership no: 082623 Date: 2504-24 Place: MEH DEWI

UPIN: 24082623BKETHT3552

For and on behalf of Board of Directors of RAJASTHAN IV E POWER TRANSMISSION LIMITED

V.V.

KUNTALA VENU GOPAL Director DIN: 10350619 Date: 2569 2524

3 Danily

DEBASIS MITRA Director DIN: 10350620 Date: 2564 2:24

RAJASTHAN IV E POWER TRANSMISSION LIMITED CIN U42202DL2023GOI415540 Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended from 31 March, 2024 (All amounts in ₹ thousands, unless stated otherwise) For the year ended Particulars Notes 31 March, 2024 Revenue from operations T П Other income III Total Revenue (I+II) . Expenses Other expenses 9 3,853.80 IV Total expenses 3,853.80 V Profit/(loss) before exceptional items and tax (III-IV) (3,853.80)VI Exceptional items VII Profit/(Loss) before tax (V-VI) (3,853.80)VIII Tax expense 10 Current tax Deferred tax expense/(credit) Earlier year taxes/(refunds) Total tax expenses IX Profit/(Loss) for the period (VII-VIII) (3,853.80)Other comprehensive Income Х - Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss Re-measurement gains/(losses) on defined benefit plans Tax impact on re-measurement gains/(losses) on defined benefit plans XI Total Comprehensive Income for the period (IX+X) (Comprising Profit (Loss) and Other Comprehensive Income for the period) (3,853.80) XII Earnings per equity share (in ₹): (1) Basic (77.08)(2) Diluted 11 (77.08)Summary of significant accounting policies & other information 1 to 3 The accompanying notes from 4 to 17 are integral part of the financial statements. These are the financial statements referred to in our report of even date. For H K Dua & Co. For and on behalf of Board of Directors of Chartered Accountants **RAJASTHAN IV E POWER TRANSMISSION LIMITED** FRN: 190058144 NEW N.VN

KUNTALA VENU GOPAL Director DIN: 10350619 Date: 25/04 2024

of Srivi

DEBASIS MITRA Director DIN: 10350620 Date: 25/04/2024

Arun Kuntar B Partner Membership no: 082623 Date: 25-04-24 Place: NEW DELMA

CIN	ASTHAN IV E POWER TRANSMISSION LIMITED U42202DL2023GO1421344 ment of Cash Flows for the year ended 31 March, 2024 (All amounts in ₹ lhous	ands, unless stated otherwise)
	Particulars	For the year ended 31 March, 2024
Α.	CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(2.052.02)
	Profit / (Loss) before tax	(3,853.80)
	Operating profit before working capital changes	(3,053.00
	Changes in working capital: Adjustments for (increase) / decrease in operating assets:	
	Adjustments for increase/(decrease) in operating liabilities:	
	Other financial liabilities (current)	3,713,54
	Other current liabilities	140.14
	Cash generated from operations Less: Tax paid	(0.12
	Net cash used in operating activities (A)	(0.12
B.	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Sale/(Purchase) of property, plant and equipment (including capital work-in- progress and intangibles)	
	Net cash flow from investing activities (B)	
C.	CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Issue of share capital	500,00
	Net cash flow from financing activities (C)	500.00
	Net increase/decrease in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	499.8
	Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year / period	
	Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year / period	499.88
	Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents as per the cash flow statement	499.88
The	statement mary of significant accounting policies & other information 1 to 3 accompanying notes from 4 to 17 are integral part of the financial statements. is are the financial statements referred to in our report of even date.	

For H K Dua & Co. Chartered Accountants FRN: '00058 MUA

Arun Bamar Dua Partnet Membershill (AC62-023 Date: 25-9-12-9 Place: NEW DECM For and on behalf of Board of Directors of RAJASTHAN IV E POWER TRANSMISSION LIMITED

W.VM

KUNTALA VENU GOPAL Director DIN: 10350619 Date: 25(4) 2c24

DEBASIS MITRA

Director DIN: 10350620 Date: 25 4 2624

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Balance as at 31 March, 2024 50 B Other equity Retained Earnings Balance as at 14 October, 2023	RAJASTHAN IV E POWER TRANSMISSION L	IMITED		
A Equity share capital (All amounts in * thousands, unless stated otherwise states stated otherwise states stated otherwise states statestatex states states states st				
A Equity share capital Particular Amount Balance as at 14 October, 2023 50 Add: Issued during the year 50 Balance as at 31 March, 2024 50 B Other equity Balance as at 14 October, 2023 Retained Earnings Changes in accounting policy or prior period period error 8 Balance as at 14 October, 2023 1 Changes in accounting policy or prior period period error 1 Balance as at 31 March, 2024 3,853.80) Profit / Loss) for they year 3,853.80) Add: Other comprehensive Income 3,853.80) Balance as at 31 March, 2024 3,853.80) With a construction of the financial statements. 3,853.80) hese are the financial statements referred to in our report of even date. 50 For and on behalf of Board of Directors of RAJASTHAN IV E POWER TRANSMISSION LIMITED New York Accountants KUNTALA VENU GOPAL New York Accountants For and on behalf of Board of Directors of RAJASTHAN IV E POWER TRANSMISSION LIMITED Director Director Director Director DIN: 10350619 Din: 10350620	Statement of changes in equity for the year ended	d 31 March, 2024	(All amounts in 7th successed	walana atata di atha an Al S
Balance as at 14 October, 2023 50 Add: Issued during the year 50 Balance as at 31 March, 2024 50 Balance as at 31 March, 2024 50 Balance as at 14 October, 2023 Retained Earnings Changes in accounting policy or prior period period error 8 Balance as at 31 March, 2024 - Profit / (Loss) for theyeser (3,853.80) Add: Other comprehensive Income 3 Balance as at 31 March, 2024 - profit / (Loss) for theyeser (3,853.80) Add: Other comprehensive Income 3(3,853.80) Balance as at 31 March, 2024 - the accompanying notes from 4 to 17 are integral part of the financial statements. hese are the financial statements referred to in our report of even date. For and on behalf of Board of Directors of RAJASTHAN IV E POWER TRANSMISSION LIMITED Nummary of significant accounting Ruthered Accountants Ruthered Accountants RUTAL VENU GOPAL Director Director Director Director Director Director Director<	A Equity share capital		(All amounts in < thousands,	unless stated otherwise)
Add: Issued during the year 50 Balance as at 31 March, 2024 50 B Other equity Retained Earnings Balance as at 14 October, 2023 Retained Earnings Balance as at 31 March, 2024 (3,853.80) Profit / (Loss) for theyear (3,853.80) Add: Other comprehensive Income (3,853.80) Balance as at 31 March, 2024 (3,853.80) Profit / (Loss) for theyear (3,853.80) Add: Other comprehensive Income (3,853.80) Balance as at 31 March, 2024 (3,853.80) With K Dula & Co. (3,853.80) Charges the financial statements referred to in our report of even date. For and on behalf of Board of Directors of RAJASTHAN IV E POWER TRANSMISSION LIMITED RAJASTHAN IV E POWER TRANSMISSION LIMITED With K Dula & Co. For and on behalf of Board of Directors of RAJASTHAN IV E POWER TRANSMISSION LIMITED Director With With A Bulance Director Martner Director Director Director Director Director Director Director Director Director Director Director	Particular			Amount
Balance as at 31 March, 2024 50 B Other equity Retained Earnings Balance as at 14 October, 2023				-
B Other equity Balance as at 14 October, 2023 Changes in accounting policy or prior period period error Balance as at 31 March, 2024 Profit / (Loss) for the year Add: Other comprehensive Income Balance as at 31 March, 2024 (3,853.80) (3,853.80) (3,853.80) (500.00
Retained Earnings Balance as at 14 October, 2023 Changes in accounting policy or prior period period error Balance as at 31 March, 2024 Profit / (Loss) for the year Add: Other comprehensive Income Balance as at 31 March, 2024 isummary of significant accounting policies & other information 1 to 3 The accompanying notes from 4 to 17 are integral part of the financial statements. hese are the financial statements referred to in our report of even date. For and on behalf of Board of Directors of RAJASTHAN IV E POWER TRANSMISSION LIMITED Wirth Kumar Dun arther Ambership no: 082623 bate: 2 504 12:24	Balance as at 31 March, 2024			500.00
Balance as at 14 October, 2023	B Other equity			
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Profit / (Loss) for the year (3,853.80) (3,853.80) Add: Other comprehensive Income Balance as at 31 March, 2024 (3,853.80) (3,853.80) Summary of significant accounting policies & other information 1 to 3 (3,853.80) (3,853.80) (3,853.80) Summary of significant accounting policies & other information 1 to 3 (3,853.80) (3,853.80) (3,853.80) Summary of significant accounting policies & other information 1 to 3 (3,853.80) (3,853.80) (3,853.80) Summary of significant accounting policies & other information 1 to 3 (3,853.80) (3,853.80) (3,853.80) Summary of significant accounting policies & other information 1 to 3 (3,853.80) (3,853.80) (3,853.80) Summary of significant accounting policies & other information 1 to 3 (3,853.80) (3,853.80) (3,853.80) For and on behalf of Board of Directors of RAJASTHAN IV E POWER TRANSMISSION LIMITED RAJASTHAN IV E POWER TRANSMISSION LIMITED Wum Author New York Number Ship no: 082623 Director Director Director Date: 25/94 [2:24]		riod error	-	*
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Balance as at 31 March, 2024 (3,853.80) (3,853.80) Summary of significant accounting policies & other information 1 to 3 The accompanying notes from 4 to 17 are integral part of the financial statements. hese are the financial statements referred to in our report of even date. For H K Dua & Co. Chartered Accountants TRN: 000581D FRN: 000581D KUNTALA VENU GOPAL Director Director DIN: 10350619 Date: 2.504 Date: 2.504			(3,853.80)) (3,853.80
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Che accompanying notes from 4 to 17 are integral part of the financial statements. These are the financial statements referred to in our report of even date. For H K Dua & Co. Chartered Accountants TRN: '00058UX For and on behalf of Board of Directors of RAJASTHAN IV E POWER TRANSMISSION LIMITED NEW Addatas Very NEW Addatas Partner Membership no: 082623 Date: 2 5 64 12 524		p#	(elocoto)	(2)055100
Chartered Accountants RN: '00058UN Arun Kumar Dua Partner Membership no: 082623 Date: 25/04/2024 RAJASTHAN IV E POWER 'TRANSMISSION LIMITED RAJASTHAN IV E POWER 'TRANSMISSION LIMITED MEM ALLA VENU GOPAL Director DIN: 10350619 Date: 25/04/2024	These are the financial statements referred to in our re	part of the financial statements. eport of even date.		
RN: '000580A FRN: '000580A Arun Kumar Dua artner Membership no: 082623 Date: 2504 2524 Date: 2504 2524		For and on beh	half of Board of Directors of	
Director Director Director Membership no: 082623 DIN: 10350619 DIN: 10350620 Date: 25/04/2*24 Date: 25/04/2*24 Date: 25/04/2*24	RN: 000580A & Co. *	RAJASTHAN	NIVE POWER TRANSMISSIO	N LIMITED
Partner Director Director Membership no: 082623 DIN: 10350619 DIN: 10350620 Date: 25/04/2+24 Date: 25/04/2+24 Date: 25/04/2+24	run Kumat Dua	KUNTALA	VENU GOPAL DEBASIS MI	TRA
Date: 25/04/2024 Date: 25/04/2024	artner			
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Tace: MENDEUM		Date: 25/94	2:24 Date: 2504	2029
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Summary of Significant accounting policies & other information for the period ending 31st March 2024 (All amounts in Rupees Thousands, unless stated otherwise)

1. COMPANY OVERVIEW

RAJASTHAN IV E POWER TRANSMISSION LIMITED ("the Company") having CIN U42202DL2023GOI421344 was incorporated on 14.10.2023 at New Delhi. The Company is a wholly owned associate of REC Power Development & Consultancy Limited (RECPDCL). The Company is a Special Purpose Vehicle incorporated for "Transmission System for Evacuation of Power from Rajasthan REZ Ph-IV (Part-2 :5.5 GW) (Jaisalmer/Barmer Complex): Part E". The Government of India has appointed RECPDCL as Bid Process Co-coordinator for selection of the developer for the project through tariff based competitive bidding process. On completion of the bid process, the successful bidder is to acquire one hundred percent (100%) of the equity shares of the company along with all its related assets and liabilities.

2. BASIS OF PREPERATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

2.1 Basis of preparation and measurement

(i) Statement of compliance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS)

The Company prepared its Standalone Financial Statements in accordance with the requirements of Indian Accounting Standards (referred to as "Ind AS") notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 (as amended). These Standalone Financial Statements comply with Ind AS notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 (as amended), applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and other applicable regulatory norms / guidelines.

The financial statements for the period ended 31st March, 2024 were authorized and approved by the Board of Directors on 25th April, 2024.

Accounting policies have been consistently applied except where a newly issued accounting standard is initially adopted or a revision to an existing accounting standard requires a change in accounting policy hitherto in use.

2.2 Significant accounting policies

(i) Going concern and basis of measurement

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis under the historical cost convention on accrual basis except for certain financial assets and financial liabilities are measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period.

All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per the criteria set out in the Companies Act, 2013. The Company has ascertained its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of current/non-current classification of assets and liabilities.

(ii) Functional and presentation currency:

These financials have been presented in Indian Rupees (INR), which is also the Company's functional currency, all amounts have been rounded off to the nearest thousands (up to two digits), unless otherwise indicated.



Summary of Significant accounting policies & other information for the period ending 31st March 2024 (All amounts in Rupees Thousands, unless stated otherwise)

(iii) Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognized (as per the five step model laid down under Ind AS 115) to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured.

- (i) Identify the contract(s) with customer;
- (ii) Identify separate performance obligations in the contract;
- (iii) Determine the transaction price;
- (iv) Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations; and
- (v) Recognize revenue when a performance obligation is satisfied.

Sale proceeds of Request for Proposal (RFP) has been recognized as other income in the books of the holding company i.e., RECPDCL.

(iv) Property, Plant and Equipment

Property Plant and Equipment are carried at cost less accumulated amortization and impairment losses, if any. Cost includes all expenses, direct and indirect, specifically attributable to its acquisition and bringing it to its working condition for its intended use. Incidental expenditure pending allocation and attributable to the acquisition of fixed assets is allocated/capitalized with the related assets. Subsequent expenditure is capitalized to the asset's carrying amount only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance costs are expensed when incurred.

(v) Financial instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

Financial assets:

Initial recognition and measurement All financial assets are recognized initially at fair value plus, in the case of financial assets not recorded at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in profit or loss. Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place (regular way trades) are recognized on the trade date, i.e., the date that the Company commits to purchase or sell the asset.

Subsequent measurement

Financial assets carried at amortized cost – a financial asset is measured at the amortized cost if both the following conditions are met:

• The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows, and

• Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding.

After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortization is included in interest income in the Statement of Profit and Loss.



Summary of Significant accounting policies & other information for the period ending 31st March 2024 (All amounts in Rupees Thousands, unless stated otherwise)

De-recognition of financial assets

Financial assets (or where applicable, a part of financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) are derecognized (i.e. removed from the Company's balance sheet) when the contractual rights to receive the cash flows from the financial asset have expired, or when the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards are transferred. Further, if the Company has not retained control, it shall also derecognize the financial asset and recognize separately as assets or liabilities any rights and obligations created or retained in the transfer.

Impairment of financial assets

In accordance with Ind AS 109, the Company applies Expected Credit Loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on the following financial assets and credit risk exposure: a) Financial assets that are debt instruments, and are measured at amortized cost e.g., loans, debt securities, deposits, trade receivables and bank balance b) Financial guarantee contracts which are not measured at Fair value through profit & loss account. (FVTPL).

Financial liabilities:

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, loans and borrowings, payables, as appropriate.

All financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Company's financial liabilities include trade and other payables, loans and borrowings including financial guarantee contracts and derivative financial instruments.

Subsequent measurement

Subsequent to initial recognition, financial liabilities are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

De-recognition

A financial liability is de-recognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the de-recognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognized in the statement of profit or loss.

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

(vi) Fair value measurement

The Company measures financial instruments at fair value which is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants



Summary of Significant accounting policies & other information for the period ending 31st March 2024 (All amounts in Rupees Thousands, unless stated otherwise)

at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

Level 1 - Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities; Level 2 - Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value

measurement is directly or indirectly observable; and Level 3 - Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value

measurement is unobservable.

The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizing the use of unobservable inputs. For assets and liabilities that are recognized in the balance sheet on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorization (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Company has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

(vii) Taxation

Tax expense recognized in profit or loss comprises the sum of deferred tax and current tax. It is recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss, except when it relates to an item that is recognized in Other comprehensive income (OCI) or directly in equity, in which case, the tax is also recognized in Other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current tax is determined as the tax payable in respect of taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted and as applicable at the reporting date, and any adjustments to tax payable in respect of previous years.

Deferred tax is recognized on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable income. Deferred tax on temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and joint ventures is not provided if reversal of these temporary differences can be controlled by the Company and it is probable that reversal will not occur in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are calculated, without discounting, at tax rates that are expected to apply to their respective period of realization, provided those rates are enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax liabilities and assets, and they relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority.

Deferred tax liability is recognized for all taxable temporary differences. A deferred tax asset is recognized for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the deductible temporary difference can be utilized.



Summary of Significant accounting policies & other information for the period ending 31st March 2024 (All amounts in Rupees Thousands, unless stated otherwise)

Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized.

Changes in deferred tax assets or liabilities are recognized as a component of tax income or expense in profit or loss, except where they relate to items that are recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case the related deferred tax is also recognized in other comprehensive income or equity, respectively.

(viii) Provisions, Contingent Liabilities, and Contingent Assets

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event; it is probable that an outflow of economic resources will be required from the Company and amounts can be estimated reliably. Timing or amount of the outflow may still be uncertain. Provisions are measured at the estimated expenditure required to settle the present obligation, based on the most reliable evidence available at the reporting date, including the risks and uncertainties associated with the present obligation. Provisions are discounted to their present values, where the time value of money is material.

A contingent liability is disclosed for:

• Possible obligations which will be confirmed only by future events not wholly within the control of the Company or

• Present obligations arising from past events where it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation or a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation cannot be made.

In those cases, where the outflow of economic resources as a result of present obligations is considered improbable or remote, no liability is recognized or disclosure is made.

Any reimbursement that the Company can be virtually certain to collect from a third party concerning the obligation (such as from insurance) is recognized as a separate asset. However, this asset may not exceed the amount of the related provision.

Contingent assets are not recognized. However, when the inflow of economic benefits is probable, the related asset is disclosed.

(ix) Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders (after deducting attributable taxes) by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period.

To calculate diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

(x) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash comprises cash on hand and demand deposits with banks. Cash equivalents are short-term balances (with an original maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition), highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value.



Summary of Significant accounting policies & other information for the period ending 31st March 2024 (All amounts in Rupees Thousands, unless stated otherwise)

(xi) Impairment of assets

At the end of each reporting period, the Company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets or cash generating units to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. When a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, corporate assets are also allocated to individual cash-generating units, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of cash generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be identified.

(xii) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition and/ or construction of a qualifying asset, till the time such a qualifying asset becomes ready for its intended use sale, are capitalized. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that the Company incurred in connection with the borrowing of funds. A qualifying asset is one that necessarily takes a substantial period to get ready for its intended use. All other borrowing costs are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss on an accrual basis as per the effective interest rate method.

(xiii) Material prior period errors

Material prior period errors are corrected retrospectively by restating the comparative amounts for the prior periods presented in which the error occurred. If the error occurred before the earliest period presented, the opening balances of assets, liabilities and equity for the earliest period presented, are restated.

(xiv) Rates and taxes

Overseas taxes on foreign assignments, indirect taxes, including Goods & Service Tax, professional tax, property tax, entry tax, labour cess, octroi and any other applicable taxes etc. paid/accrued in India or abroad for which credit are not available to the company are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss.

(xv) Expenditure incurred by Holding Company

All the direct expenses incurred by holding company for SPV has been booked to the SPV as per invoicing done by the holding company. All Indirect / Common Expenses are allocated and invoiced to SPV on the proportionate basis from the month of issue of RFP or incorporation of SPV, whichever is earlier, till the month in which tenth day from the date of issue of Letter of Intent (LOI) for the transfer of the SPV falls. Part of the month, if any, is considered as full month for cost allocation. The holding company charges interest on the funds deployed by it based on the REC interest rate circular for T & D loans for ungraded organizations, as on the beginning of the period. If bid process activity relating to any SPV is kept in abeyance, due to any reason, no cost allocation for such period of abeyance is made to such SPV and no interest is charged. For direct/indirect expenses, interest is charged from the month in which the expenditure is incurred. Such interest is calculated on monthly basis but recognized at the end of the period.

In accordance to the applicable guidelines of TBCB process as issued by Ministry of Power, Govt. of India, all the direct & indirect expenses, interest incurred by the holding company on behalf of SPV are debited to SPV and recoverable from transmission service provider / successful bidder. Further, the Board of Directors of SPV has approved the allocation/booking of all direct and



Summary of Significant accounting policies & other information for the period ending 31st March 2024 (All amounts in Rupees Thousands, unless stated otherwise)

indirect expenses including interest charge and correspondence invoice by the holding company to the SPV

Expenditure incurred for the SPV by Holding Company on behalf of the Company is considered as "other financial liabilities" (Current). Also, interest is charged on such expenditure incurred by Holding Company and such interest is also included in other financial liabilities.

The major stages of TBCB (Tariff Based Competitive Bidding) process done by holding co. RECPDCL includes issue of RFP (Request for proposal) documents, Pre Bid Meeting, opening of technical bid, shortlisting of qualified bidders, opening of financial bid and e – Reverse auction for qualified bidders, final selection of successful bidder and issue of LOI to successful bidder. The certainty on the construction of the project arises only after the issuance of LOI and transfer of SPV to the successful bidder. Hence expenditure incurred from incorporation till transfer of SPV to the successful bidder is charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Further, wherever, payments relating to the Company are made by the Holding Company and the ultimate Holding Company, procedural and statutory requirements with regard to deduction of Tax at Source and deposit thereof as applicable are also complied with by the Holding Company and the ultimate Holding Company against payments released on their account.

2.3 Significant management judgment in applying accounting policies and estimation of uncertainty

The preparation of the Company's financial statements requires management to make judgment's, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the related disclosures. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Such estimates & assumptions are based on management evaluation of relevant facts & circumstances as on date of financial statements. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period; they are recognised in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

3. Significant estimates and judgment's

The preparation of the Company's financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates, and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the related disclosures. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Significant management judgments

Recognition of deferred tax assets/ liability – The extent to which deferred tax assets can be recognized is based on an assessment of the probability of the future taxable income against which the deferred tax assets can be utilized.

Evaluation of indicators for impairment of assets – The evaluation of the applicability of indicators of impairment of assets requires assessment of several external and internal factors which could result in deterioration of recoverable amount of the assets.



Summary of Significant accounting policies & other information for the period ending 31st March 2024 (All amounts in Rupees Thousands, unless stated otherwise)

Allocation of indirect / common expenses - Indirect/Common Expenses of the company has been allocated in proportionate basis by the holding company. The allocation percentage has been reviewed based on the prevailing business activates of the holding company during the financial year.

Significant estimates

Useful lives of depreciable/amortizable assets – Management reviews its estimate of the useful lives of depreciable/amortizable assets at each reporting date, based on the expected utility of the assets. Uncertainties in these estimates relate to technical and economic obsolescence that may change the utility of assets.

Fair value measurements – Management applies valuation techniques to determine the fair value of financial instruments (where active market quotes are not available). This involves developing estimates and assumptions consistent with how market participants would price the instrument. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Company uses market-observable data to the extent it is available. In case of non-availability of market-observable data, Level 2 & Level 3 hierarchy is used for fair valuation.

Income Taxes – Significant estimates are involved in determining the provision for income taxes, including amount expected to be paid/recovered for uncertain tax positions and also in respect of expected future profitability to assess deferred tax asset.



- Cash and cash equivalents			
Particulars			
Balances with banks:			31 March
- with bank in current accounts			4
		-	4
······································			
Equity share capital			
Particulars		에는 사람 네가지?	31 March
Authorized equity share capital			
50,000 Equity shares of Rs 10 each			5
Issued, subscribed and paid up equity share capital			5
50,000 Equity shares of Rs 10 each		-	5
		-	5
i) Terms & Right attached to equity shares: The Company has only one class of equity shares having par value o			
	No. of shares	As at 31 March, 1	2024
Equity share capital of ₹ 10 each fully paid up Balance at the beginning of the year			
Add: Issued during the year	50,000		5
	50,000 50,000		
Add: Issued during the year Balance at the end of the period	50,000		
Add: Issued during the year	50,000		
Add: Issued during the year Balance at the end of the period iii) Shareholders holding more than 5% of shares of the Company	50,000	: As at 31 March,	5 5 2024 % h
Add: Issued during the year Balance at the end of the period	50,000 as at balance sheet date		£ 2024
 Add: Issued during the year Balance at the end of the period iii) Shareholders holding more than 5% of shares of the Company 49,994 Equity Shares held by REC Power Development & Consultancy Limited (RECPDCL) and Balance 6 Equity 	50,000 as at balance sheet date No. of shares		5 2024 % h
 Add: Issued during the year Balance at the end of the period iii) Shareholders holding more than 5% of shares of the Company 49,994 Equity Shares held by REC Power Development & Consultancy Limited (RECPDCL) and Balance 6 Equity 	50,000 as at balance sheet date No. of shares		5 2024 % h
 Add: Issued during the year Balance at the end of the period iii) Shareholders holding more than 5% of shares of the Company 49,994 Equity Shares held by REC Power Development & Consultancy Limited (RECPDCL) and Balance 6 Equity Shares through other nominee of RECPDCL. iv) Shares held by Promotor: 	50,000 as at balance sheet date No. of shares	As at 31 March,	5 2024 % h
 Add: Issued during the year Balance at the end of the period iii) Shareholders holding more than 5% of shares of the Company 49,994 Equity Shares held by REC Power Development & Consultancy Limited (RECPDCL) and Balance 6 Equity Shares through other nominee of RECPDCL. 	50,000 as at balance sheet date No. of shares 50,000	As at 31 March,	2024 % h 2024 % h
 Add: Issued during the year Balance at the end of the period iii) Shareholders holding more than 5% of shares of the Company 49,994 Equity Shares held by REC Power Development & Consultancy Limited (RECPDCL) and Balance 6 Equity Shares through other nominee of RECPDCL. iv) Shares held by Promotor: 49,994 Equity Shares held by REC Power Development & Consultancy Limited (RECPDCL) and Balance 6 Equity Shares held by Promotor: 	50,000 as at balance sheet date No. of shares 50,000 No. of shares	As at 31 March,	2024 % h 10 2024 % h
 Add: Issued during the year Balance at the end of the period iii) Shareholders holding more than 5% of shares of the Company 49,994 Equity Shares held by REC Power Development & Consultancy Limited (RECPDCL) and Balance 6 Equity Shares through other nominee of RECPDCL. iv) Shares held by Promotor: 49,994 Equity Shares held by REC Power Development & Consultancy Limited (RECPDCL) and Balance 6 Equity Shares held by REC Power Development & Consultancy Limited (RECPDCL) and Balance 6 Equity 	50,000 as at balance sheet date No. of shares 50,000 No. of shares 50,000	As at 31 March,	2024 % h 10 2024 % h
 Add: Issued during the year Balance at the end of the period iii) Shareholders holding more than 5% of shares of the Company 49,994 Equity Shares held by REC Power Development & Consultancy Limited (RECPDCL) and Balance 6 Equity Shares through other nominee of RECPDCL. iv) Shares held by Promotor: 49,994 Equity Shares held by REC Power Development & Consultancy Limited (RECPDCL) and Balance 6 Equity Shares through other nominee of RECPDCL. iv) Shares held by Promotor: 49,994 Equity Shares held by REC Power Development & Consultancy Limited (RECPDCL) and Balance 6 Equity Shares through other nominee of RECPDCL. v) The Company has neither issued equity shares pursuant to contract 	50,000 as at balance sheet date No. of shares 50,000 No. of shares 50,000	As at 31 March,	2024 % h 10 2024 % h
 Add: Issued during the year Balance at the end of the period iii) Shareholders holding more than 5% of shares of the Company 49,994 Equity Shares held by REC Power Development & Consultancy Limited (RECPDCL) and Balance 6 Equity Shares through other nominee of RECPDCL. iv) Shares held by Promotor: 49,994 Equity Shares held by REC Power Development & Consultancy Limited (RECPDCL) and Balance 6 Equity Shares through other nominee of RECPDCL. v) Shares held by Promotor: 49,994 Equity Shares held by REC Power Development & Consultancy Limited (RECPDCL) and Balance 6 Equity Shares through other nominee of RECPDCL. v) The Company has neither issued equity shares pursuant to contract 	50,000 as at balance sheet date No. of shares 50,000 No. of shares 50,000	As at 31 March,	2024 % h 10 2024 % h 10



	amounts in ₹ thousands, unless stated otherw
Other equity	
Particulars	A 31 March, 2
Retained earnings	or match, s
Balance at the beginning of the period / year	
Add: Changes due to Accounting Policy	
Add : Transferred from statement of profit and loss	(3,853
Closing Balalnce at the end of the period / year	(3,853
Total other confits	(2.050
Total other equity	(3,853
Other financial liabilities (Current) Particulars Payable to holding company*	31 March,
Particulars Payable to holding company* Audit fees payable	31 March, 3,66
Particulars Payable to holding company* Audit fees payable	31 March, 3,66 4
Particulars Payable to holding company* Audit fees payable	31 March, 3,66 4
Particulars Payable to holding company* Audit fees payable * Refer note 12 on related party transactions Other current liabilities	31 March, 3,661 4: 3,713
Particulars Payable to holding company* Audit fees payable * Refer note 12 on related party transactions	31 March, 3 3,664 4
Particulars Payable to holding company* Audit fees payable * Refer note 12 on related party transactions Other current liabilities	31 March, 3,66 4: 3,71:
Particulars Payable to holding company* Audit fees payable * Refer note 12 on related party transactions Other current liabilities Particulars	31 March, 3,66 4 3,71
Particulars Payable to holding company* Audit fees payable * Refer note 12 on related party transactions Other current liabilities Particulars Statutory dues Payable	31 March, 3,66 4 3,71 3,71 31 March,



(All amounts in Cit	nousands, unless stated otherwise
Other expenses	
Particulars	For the year ende 31 March, 202
Auditor Remuneration	50.00
Advertisement	537.1
Consultancy	265.5
Survey	438.9
Legal & Professional Expenses/MCA & ROC Filings Expenses Allocated by Holding Company	24.7
Miscellaneous Expenses	2,521.6
Bank Charges	0.1
Dank Olar Eos	0.1.
	3,853.8
*Comprises of following:	
As auditors- statutory audit	50.0
	50.0
Tax expense	-05
Particulars	For the year ender 31 March, 202
	ST March, 202
Current tax Tax pertaining to current period	
Tax pertaining to earlier years	•
Deferred tax expense/(credit)	-
	1.523
•:	For the year end 31 March, 20
Tax expense	
(i) Current tax	
Tax pertaining to current year	
Tax pertaining to earlier years	07.
(ii) Deferred tax expense/(credit)	
The major components of income tax expense and the reconciliation of expense based on the 25.168% .	domestic effective tax rate of a
Accounting Loss before income tax	(3,853.8
At country's statutory income tax rate of 25.168%	
Adjustments in respect of taxes earlier years	
(i) Non-deductible expenses for tax purposes	-
(ii) Non-taxable incomes	-
(iii) Earlier year taxes	
(iv) Deferred tax on allowable provisional expenditure of earlier year	
(v) Deferred tax change due to rate change	
In accordance with the notified Indian Accounting Standard 12, "Income Taxes", deferred tay unabsorbed depreciation and other timing differences have not been accounted in the books, certainity as to its realisation of deferred tax assets (DTA), DTA has not been created.	
Basic/diluted earnings/ loss per share Net profit/(loss) for the year	(3,853,8
	(0,000,0
	50.00
Weighted average number of equity shares for EPS (in numbers) Par value per share (in ₹)	50,0



Notes forming part of Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March, 2024

(All amounts in ₹ thousands, unless stated otherwise)

12 Related party transactions

In accordance with the requirements of Indian Accounting Standard -24 the names of the related parties where control/ability to exercise significant influence exists, along with the aggregate amount of transactions and year end balances with them as identified and certified by the management are given below:

a. Details of related parties:

Description of relationship	Names of related parties
Holding company	REC Power Development & Consultancy Limited (RECPDCL)
Parent's Holding company	REC Limited

Key management personnel (KMP)

The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of REC Power Development & Consultancy Limited, which is further wholly owned by REC Limited. The Key Managerial Personnel of the Company are employees of REC Limited, deployed on part time basis. No managerial remuneration is paid to them by the Company. The details of such Key Managerial Personnel are as below.

Name	Designation	Date of Appointment	Date of resignation
KUNTALA VENU GOPAL	Chairman and Director	14 October, 2023	
DEBASIS MITRA	Director	14 October, 2023	
AWANISH KUMAR BHARATI	Director	14 October, 2023	-

KMP;s / Directors Remuneration	For the year ended		
	31 March, 2024		
Remuneration to KMP's	0.00		

b. Transactions with Holding Company (RECPDCL) are as under:

Name of Related Party	For period ended 31 March, 2024
Holding Company (RECPDCL)	3,803_68
Holding Company (RECPDCL)	3,808.68
	Holding Company (RECPDCL)

13 Capital management policies and procedures

The Company's capital includes issued share capital and all other distributable reserves (except for specific restricted reserves). The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to maximise shareholder value and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital. The Company does not have any non-current borrowings and all its capital needs are met by capital or shareholders only.



14		
i)	Financial instruments by category measured at amortized cost:	
	Particulars 31 N	As at March, 2024
	Financial assets Cash and eash equivalents	499.88
	Total	499.88
	Financial liabilities	
	Other financial liabilities (Current)	3,713.54
	Total	3,713.54
	The carrying amounts of financial assets and liabilities are considered a reasonable approximation of their fair values-	
ii)	Fair values hierarchy	
,	The Company does not have any financial assets or Imancial liabilities carried at fair value. The carrying amounts of other financial assets and financial liabilities measured at amortised cost in the financial statement reasonable approximation of their fair values.	ts are a
15	5 Financial riek management	
i)	Risk management	
.,	The main types of tisks to which the Company is exposed in relation to financial instruments are as follows:	
A)	Credit risk The Company only possess cash and cash equivalents as financial asset as on closing dates, hence and credit risk relating cash equivalents is considered to be negligible as counterparties are banks. The management considers the cred deposits/balances with such banks to be good and reviews the banking relationships on an on-going basis.	
B)) Liquidity risk	
	Ultimate responsibility for liquidity risk management rests with the Board of Directors. The Company manages liquimaintaining adequate reserves and by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows, and by anticipating the mai of financial liabilities. Management monitors rolling forecasts of the Company's liquidity position and cash and cash end	turity profile
	the basis of expected cash flows. Further the Holding Company also incurs all the expenses on behalf of the Company and unconditional liquidity support as an ongoing mechanism basis.	and provides
	and unconditional liquidity support as an ongoing mechanism basis,	and provides
	and unconditional liquidity support as an ongoing mechanism basis. Maturities of financial liabilities The Financial liabilities of the Company comprises of : - Audit Fees payable - which is paid by Holding Co. on behalf of this Co. and - Liabilities payable to Holding Co The same is discharged by the selected bidder(through TBCB process conducte	d by Holding
	and unconditional liquidity support as an ongoing mechanism basis. Maturities of financial liabilities The Financial liabilities of the Company comprises of : - Audit Fees payable - which is paid by Holding Co. on behalf of this Co. and	d by Holding
C)	and unconditional liquidity support as an ongoing mechanism basis. Maturities of financial liabilities The Financial liabilities of the Company comprises of : - Audit Fees payable - which is paid by Holding Co. on behalf of this Co. and - Liabilities payable to Holding Co The same is discharged by the selected bidder(through TBCB process conducte Co) which purchases the company by taking over all assets and liabilities of the company .However expected date of th determinable.	d by Holding
C)	and unconditional liquidity support as an ongoing mechanism basis. Maturities of financial liabilities The Financial liabilities of the Company comprises of : - Audit Fees payable - which is paid by Holding Co. on behalf of this Co. and - Liabilities payable to Holding Co The same is discharged by the selected bidder(through TBCB process conducte Co) which purchases the company by taking over all assets and liabilities of the company .However expected date of th determinable.	d by Holdinj e same is no
C)	 and unconditional liquidity support as an ongoing mechanism basis. Maturities of financial liabilities The Financial liabilities of the Company comprises of : Audit Fees payable - which is paid by Holding Co. on behalf of this Co. and Liabilities payable to Holding Co The same is discharged by the selected bidder(through TBCB process conducte Co) which purchases the company by taking over all assets and liabilities of the company. However expected date of the determinable. Market risk Market risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in	d by Holding e same is no
C)	 and unconditional liquidity support as an ongoing mechanism basis. Maturities of financial liabilities The Financial liabilities of the Company comprises of: Audit Fees payable - which is paid by Holding Co. on behalf of this Co. and Liabilities payable to Holding Co The same is discharged by the selected bidder(through TBCB process conducte Co) which purchases the company by taking over all assets and liabilities of the company. However expected date of the determinable. Market risk Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in prices. It comprises of currency risk, interest rate risk and price risk. 	d by Holding e same is no
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RAJASTHAN IV E POWER TRANSMISSION LIMITED Notes forming part of Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March, 2024

(Ail amounts in ₹ (housands, unless stated otherwise)

16 Ratios Analysi

	31 March, 2024			PY Not Applicable			Analysis	
Ratio	Numerator	Denominator	Ratios	Numerator	Denominator	Ratios	1 % Variance	Reason for Variance
Current Ratio	499.88	3,853.68	0.13	NA	NA	NA	NA	
Return on Equity Ratio	(3,853,80)	(3,353.80)	1.15	NA	NA	NA	NA	
Return on Capital employed	(3,853,80)	(3,353.80)	1.15	NA	NA	NA	NA	

1. Current ratio - Numerator includes current assets and Denominator includes current liabilities

3. Return on Equity ratio - Numerator includes Net profit after taxes and Denominator includes average shareholders equity.

8. Return on capital employed - Numerator includes earning before interest and (axes and Denominator includes capital employed (Tangible networth plus total debt 9. As the other ratios are NIL or NA, hence the same are not presented

Reasons for variation more than 25%

17 Other notes to accounts

- 17.1 There is no employee in the roll of the Company. Employees working for the Company are in the roll of the holding company i.e. RECPDCL and ultimate holding company. Holding company is in the roll of the holding company and ultimate holding company. Hence, disclosure requirements under Ind AS 19 is not applicable.
- 17.2 The code on social security 2020 (Code) relating to employee benefit during employment and post employment benefit received presidential accent in September 2029. The code has been published in the Gazette of India. However, the date on which the code will come in to effect has not been notified. However, there are no employees on roll of company.
- 17.3 The company is incorporated on 14,10,2023. This is the first year of the incorporation of company. Hence previous years comparative figures are not available.
- 17.4 The Company is operating in a single segment and therefore disclosure requirements under Ind AS 108 is not applicable.
- 17.5 There has no transaction under section 248 of the companies Act,2013 with stuck off companies during the year.
- 17.6 The Companies does not have more than 2 layers as specified in sub rule (2) of companies (Restriction on number of layers) Rules, 2017.
- 17.7 The capital commitments, contingent liabilities and claims against the company not acknowleged as debt is Nil.
- 17.8 The company has no non material adjustment event after reporting period.
- 17.9 As per the provision of the companies Act, 2013, the figures have been rounded off to the nearest of Thousand and decimal thereof.
- 17.10 There are no foreign currency transactions during the year. Therefore no disclosures are required under Schedule III of the Companies Act. 2013
- 17.11 The figures have been regrouped / rearranged / recast, wherever necessary, for better presentation to make them comparable.
- 17.12 Negative figures have been shown in bracket.
- 17.13 Other additional regulatory information are either NIL or not applicable to the Company
- 17.14 The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of REC Power Development & Consultancy Limited. The Company is a special purpose vehicle incorporated for "Transmission System for Evacuation of Power from Rajasthan REZ Ph-IV (Part-2: 5,5 GW) (Jaisalmer/Barmer Complex): Part E". The Government of India has appointed RECPDCL as Bid Process Co-coordinator for selection of the developer for the project through tariff based competitive bidding process. On completion of the bid process, the successful bidder is to acquire one hundred percent (100%) of the equity shares of the company along with all its related assets and liabilities.

For H K Dua & Co. Chartered Accountants FRN: 0005841 U.A. a

NEW CHED P Arun Dus Partner Membership Date: Place

For and on behalf of Board of Directors of RAJASTHAN IV E POWER TRANSMISSION LIMITED

KUNTALA VENU GOPAL Director DIN: 10350619 Date: 25/04/2024

DEBASIS MITRA Director DIN: 10350620 Date: 25/64/2024